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SALT LAKE CITY, - JUNE 4, 1903.

BRING OUT THE FACTS!

The people of this city will be glad to learn that the City Council has decided to build an isolation hospital at a suitable point, and that it will be a decent house instead of a public nuisance. Particulars will be found in our report of the council's proceedings.

When it becomes necessary to remove persons afflicted with a contagious disorder from public contact, a proper building or buildings ought to be provided for them, where they can receive such treatment as their condition requires. The movable pesthouse heretofore in use ought to be and will be abolished. We hope the name of the old shanty will not be carried to the new institution. "Pesthouse" has an abominable sound, and ought to go with the place that bore it.

An investigation has been ordered into the charges against the management of the smallpox concern at the mouth of Parley's canyon. We hope it will be made thorough and to extend back of the immediate present. Also that it will not be conducted merely to relieve the council, or any city official or employee, of just censure. The public want facts not excuses. Whitewashing may be in season for fences and out-houses, but it will not be satisfactory in such matters as are now to be inquired into.

That patients have been allowed to roam around from the "pesthouse" while under treatment for smallpox, has been a common report from disinterested persons traveling to and from the canyon, and from people living in its neighborhood. Probably those who have made the complaint will not volunteer statements now, and it may require some diligence to get at the facts. But they ought to be obtained if this investigation is to mean anything more than material for apology or justification. We believe the residents of Sugar ward have had a real grievance, and that their present condition is largely traceable to the causes which they set forth. Let the facts come to light, no matter who has been to blame!

EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS.

The closing exercises for the season, of the universities, colleges and high schools, which are still commonly but absurdly called "commencement" exercises, must be highly gratifying to the parents and friends of the graduates, and also to the people of Utah generally. Our educational establishments are justly a source of pride to this State. They are under the management of thoroughly competent officers and preceptors whose hearts are in their work, and the progress that has been made by the pupils shows that they, too, have loved their labors and are anxious to advance in learning, so as to be fully equipped for the living present and the pregnant future.

To see the ardor and intelligence of the hosts of bright youths and blooming, beautiful and intellectual girls, exhibiting talents and culture that rank them with the best, is to receive an inspiration of hope and faith in the generation to come, and the assurance that that growth and advancement that every lover of the race desires.

This year's developments in educational circles are full of promise and of joy, and we congratulate the workers therein on their excellent achievements and their evident success. We also join in the general rejoicing over the effects of sound scholastic training in so many of our young people, and trust that it will be put to good and practical uses, the benefits of which shall be permanent and for the welfare of society as well as the individual home.

WAS IT ONLY A "JOKE"?

Secretary Moody of the Department of the Navy made a brief but happy speech in this city on the occasion of President Roosevelt's visit. He was cheered to the echo. The remarks that called forth the greatest enthusiasm were as follows:

"Governor Wells has expressed a wish that one of our large warships be named after this State. (Applause) And I see you want it, too. Well, in so far as I have a right to, I will say that if, by the help of your representatives at Washington we get, next winter, as was given us last winter, five powerful battleships, one of them shall be named the Utah."

On reaching Washington, Secretary Moody was interviewed by an agent of the Associated Press, and the report of his alleged utterance was published throughout the country. Here is the paragraph that referred to his speech in this city:

"Secretary Moody declines to say whether he would recommend the construction of five battleships by the next session of Congress, an inference deduced in some quarters, as a result of his speech at Salt Lake, when he told the Governor that if the next Congress treated the navy as well as the last, he would name one of the battleships in honor of the State of Utah, nor was he prepared to say whether the construction had in contemplation a general naval program with a view to the construction of five ships a year."

From that statement inferences have

been drawn that are scarcely justified by the secretary's words. We see nothing in it that in any way conflicts with his speech in this city or conveys the idea that he was poking fun at the audience in the Tabernacle. His promise was predicated upon "ifs" then, and was not withdrawn because of the "ifs" mentioned to the press reporter. But the matter has been treated in a humorous way by some of the papers and the impression is being created that Mr. Moody was dealing out "tally" to the people of Utah. This has arisen no doubt from the annexed sentence in the Associated Press report:

While his remarks at Salt Lake were made in a facetious way, yet there is no doubt the secretary heartily favors the gradual addition of ships to the navy, so that it may be adequate to what in his opinion are the needs of the nation within a few years.

It should be understood that this sentence was the reporter's comment and not the language of the secretary. We do not believe he was merely joking when he talked to the people here, or said he was simply in fun, when he spoke to the reporter in Washington. There is nothing particularly humorous in the subject. "If" the representatives of Utah in Congress favor the construction of five more new battleships, and "if" that body votes this year an appropriation for that purpose, then Secretary Moody, so far as he has the right to say it, promises that one of those vessels shall be named after this State. He has not withdrawn the promise or intimated that it was a jest, so far as the press dispatch relating his conversation discloses.

"The whole foundation for the 'joke' idea seems to be the inference of a reporter, and there is nothing really 'facetious' in the alleged wit of the newspaper writers who have dilated on the subject."

Utah is entitled to national consideration for the reasons set forth by the Secretary of the Navy, and "if" the conditions are complied with we may look for the fulfillment of the promise predicated thereupon, and expect that some day a great United States battleship will be named the "Utah." And there will be nothing particularly funny in that.

THE HEBREW QUESTION.

EX-PRESIDENT Cleveland, in his recent address on the Russian atrocities, cautioned the public not to blame the Russian government for what had occurred, unless indisputable proofs were had that the government was implicated. This is good, conservative advice, especially as it is true that we, ourselves, have not been able to prevent mob violence and atrocities on both Americans and aliens, at sundry times.

But the stand taken by the Russian government after the event is not satisfactory. For instance, the correspondent of the London Times has been expelled from Russia, because he gave an account of what had taken place. He received notice that he was to leave immediately, and it was only through the good offices of the British ambassador that he obtained three days in which to make the necessary preparations for departure. This, more than anything else, will be taken as proof that the government is implicated, indirectly at least.

But that is really not the important question. There is every reason to believe, the even if no massacre occurs soon, the prejudices against the Jews will remain, and the race will be the object of persecutions in the future as in the past. This must be remedied. The Russian government, no matter how enlightened it may be, or how much it may be inspired by sentiments of paternal benevolence toward all its subjects, is up against a problem it cannot solve without the friendly cooperation of the rest of the civilized world. This fact must be recognized, if the intention is to find a remedy against the conditions in which anti-Semitism has its rise. Until the governments make up their minds to come together and solve the Jewish problem, it will remain, and persecution of that race will be a curse and a menace to our boasted civilization.

LARGEST BATTLESHIP EXTANT.

What is said to be the largest battleship in the world was floated on the 18th of last month when the British vessel, the Commonwealth, was launched from the Fairfield yard, Glasgow. The length of that ship is 428 feet; breadth, 78 feet, depth, 24 feet, 9 inches, and displacement 16,250 tons. To appreciate these dimensions, it should be remembered that the largest battleship previously existing is the Japanese ship Asahi, which has a displacement of 15,200 tons. The Commonwealth is therefore 1,050 tons larger than the Asahi. The largest ship in this country is the Georgia, still building. This has a displacement of 14,920 tons. The largest German vessel has only 13,200 tons displacement.

From Glasgow papers it is learned that the Commonwealth is the first ship in the British service to have the 6-inch guns protected by an extended battery with traverses (the side armor being spiculated out in way of the gun positions) instead of in isolated casemates. The coming tower is oval in shape and very much more roomy than former conning towers. The shields for the 12-inch guns are considerably thicker armor than on previous battleships, and those for the 6-inch guns are of a new and heavy type specially adapted for this calibre. The armament consists of four 12-inch guns, in pairs in barbette forward and aft; four 6-inch guns, singly in barbette, one at each corner of the central citadel on either side of but nearer midships than the 12-inch and two 6-inch can be fired ahead or astern, and on either broadside four 12-inch and two 6-inch. There are also ten 6-inch guns, fourteen 12-pounders, fourteen 3-pounders, two machine guns, and four torpedo tubes. The ship's complement will be about 775 officers and men, and special consideration has been given to the accommodation with a view to improving the condition under which the "handy man" has to live.

The great nations of the world are

preparing themselves for a struggle for

supremacy upon the sea. Navies seem

to be destined, in the future, to play a

bigger role than armies. We may expect

to see, for some time, rivalry between

the nations in the matter of ship-

building. The question is of protect-

ing the trade routes already estab-

lished, and to find new fields for trade

and commerce. Without powerful fleets

this cannot be done. It is a question,

though, whether huge monsters will

become popular. It is more probable

that a greater number of swift vessels,

and floating batteries will be required.

The graduates all get there, get their

diplomas.

In the German army familiarity

breeds death.

The Kaw is falling. This is Kaw's

for rejoicing.

The daughters of Kansas sat down by

the waters of Topeka and wept.

Mr. Cleveland has rented Sweet

House. It is next door to "Home,

Sweet Home."

Americans are said to have gone di-

amond mad. Then the diamond is the

Americans' madstone.

The late Benjamin F. Jones left an

estate valued at sixty million dollars.

Jones pays the inheritance tax freight.

New York has just celebrated her

two hundred and fiftieth birthday. And

she was never so bright and beautiful

as today.

The shooting of "nigger heads" shows

that Young America still lives and that

the glorious Fourth is fast approach-

ing.

The ideal statesman can only exist

in the ideal state," says Colonel Henry

Watterson. That is, in a state of ex-

pectancy.

The Venezuelans will petition the

United States for recognition. Already

they are recognized as a good deal of

a nuisance.

The ordering of all advertisements

out of Liberty Park is a splendid thing.

They always have been an eyesore and

have detracted from the beauty and

pleasure of that beautiful place.

Kansas City proposes to out Herod

Herod in the matter of cleanliness. It

not only demands that the street sweepers be dressed in white, but the street department insists that its mules be white. Now let the dump carts be painted white and all will be well.

The party of distinguished German agriculturists who have been touring the country have turned their faces homeward. They have visited many cities and many courtesies have been extended to them. Few will have a better idea of how American agriculture is carried on in the cities than they.

According to the Chicago News the seven ambitions of man are:

1. To be a street railway conductor.
2. To be a professional ball player.
3. To be able to lick the school principal.
4. To marry the smartest girl in the class.
5. To be made president of the United States.
6. To make a decent living.
7. To make out of the poor house.

NEW YORK'S CELEBRATION.

The Buffalo Times.

Taken for all in all, New York is the most remarkable, the most stupendous city of history. If there be another within the records of man which in one-quarter of a millennium has from a newly discovered site achieved a population of three and a half millions, covering an area of 368 square miles, with an assessed valuation (representing about two-thirds of the real value) of \$2,579,773, the probabilities of history do not disclose the fact.

The Philadelphia Ledger.

There was a time, it may not be improper to recall, when Philadelphia had points of superiority over New York, and when there was a possibility that in the future the principal American metropolis might be located on the banks of the Delaware. To what one circumstance New York owes its more rapid relative gains is a question it may not be easy to decide. It is likely that its splendid harbor has done more than any other one factor to establish its pre-eminence.

The Springfield Republican.

The New World village at the mouth of the Hudson, speaking 18 different languages at that early day (1624), gave promise of a linguistic future that has been splendidly fulfilled. The number of languages now spoken there almost defies enumeration or description.

The Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Americans are proud of New York, its growth and its influence, which, after all, are merely the reflection of the growth and influence of the country as a whole. When the city by the Hudson becomes the world's metropolis it will be because the United States has become the undisputed leader of the nations.

The Philadelphia Press.

But the best thing in the celebration is New York's success in a reform city government. It had two years ago the worst and most rotten municipal administration in the country. This is no longer. The police has been cleansed of blackmailers, Devery himself is on the sidewalk, "Al" Adams, the police king, is in Sing Sing. Canfield, the city's boss gambler, awaits trial. The Charities Department has been reformed. The Board of Health has been made efficient. Corrupt, scandalous leases have been routed out of the Dock Department. The streets are cleaned as never before. Public works are honest and efficient. The schools have been improved. Teachers' salaries have been raised. Honesty is to the front. Tammany machine has for the present lost all its power. The death-rate is lower. Systematic levies on all licensees have been stopped. City promotions are by merit. The Civil Service Reform law is enforced. A civic triumph like this for sound, honest administration closes 250 years with glory.

TOM TOM TOM

AS NEVER BEFORE AGAIN.
Seat Sale Begins at 10 a. m. Saturday.

Tuesday Even'g, June 9

At the

SALT LAKE THEATRE

The Press Club of Salt Lake Presents

Mr. Jno. D. Spencer as Uncle Tom

-in-

Uncle TOM'S Cabin

Supported by the following extraordinary cast:

Little Eva John S. Critchlow
Topsy Tod Goodwin
Aunt Ophelia R. S. Young
Ellen A. L. Levey
Eliza's Baby George E. Carpenter
Thomas Fletcher C. E. Phipps
Simon Legree Arthur W. Copp
Auctioneer Capt. L. M. Barratt
Coon song, local hits, pickaninny band and mandolin club, and other specialties.
Prices—Stalls, boxes and boxes, \$2; first two rows of dress circle, \$1.50; remainder of dress circle and all of balcony, \$1; first balcony, 75 cents; second balcony, 50 cents; gallery, 25 cents.

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GRAND THEATRE

JONES & HAMMER, M.

PRICES: Night, \$20, \$10, 5c.

Matinee, 25c.

LAST WEEK OF

The Warde Company

Tonight AND ALL WEEK.

Matinee Saturday at 2:15 p. m.

In the Great Comedy Drama.

Hazel Kirke.

A Story of Intense Heart Interest.

Seats now on sale.

Saltair Beach

TOMORROW.

EDISON'S ELECTRIC THEATRE

gives continuous performances of.

"JACK AND THE BEANSTALK."

DANCING AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

Prof. Clark's Famous Dog Show

Afternoon and Evening.

FREE!

THE UNIVERSITY OF UTAH FIELD DAY—

Friday, June 5.

REGULAR SATURDAY NIGHT BALL

Grand Concert Every Sunday

Afternoon.

SALT LAKE BEACH

Salt Lake & Los Angeles Ry.

In Effect May 31.

Leave Salt Lake:

No. 1, 1:30 p. m.

No. 2, 2:45 p. m.

No. 3, 3:45 p. m.

No. 4, 4:45 p. m.

No. 5, 5:45 p. m.

No. 6, 6:45 p. m.

No. 7, 7:45 p. m.

No. 8, 8:45 p. m.

No. 9, 9:45 p. m.

No. 10, 10:45 p. m.

No. 11, 11:45 p. m.

No. 12, 12:45 p. m.

No. 13, 1:45 p. m.

No. 14, 2:45 p. m.

No. 15, 3:45 p. m.

No. 16, 4:45 p. m.

No. 17, 5:45 p. m.

No. 18, 6:45 p. m.

No. 19, 7:45 p. m.

No. 20, 8:45 p. m.

No. 21, 9:45 p. m.

No. 22, 10:45 p. m.

No. 23, 11:45 p. m.

No. 24, 12:45 p. m.

No. 25, 1:45 p. m.

No. 26, 2:45 p. m.

No. 27, 3:45 p. m.

No. 28, 4:45 p. m.

No. 29, 5:45 p. m.

No. 30, 6:45 p. m.

No. 31, 7:45 p. m.

No. 32, 8:45 p. m.

No. 33, 9:45 p. m.

No. 34, 10:45 p. m.

No. 35, 11:45 p. m.

No. 36, 12:45 p. m.

No. 37, 1:45 p. m.

No. 38, 2:45 p. m.

No. 39, 3:45 p. m.

No. 40, 4:45 p. m.

No. 41, 5:45 p. m.

No. 42, 6:45 p. m.

No. 43, 7:45 p. m.

No. 44, 8:45 p. m.

No. 45, 9:45 p. m.

No. 46, 10:45 p. m.

No. 47, 11:45 p. m.

No. 48, 12:45 p. m.

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