May 21

THE DESERET NEWS

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thing for a Federal official to permit, made, who could have held over, ad- 25, 1881. That was my understanding put on foot an investigation by which THE MURRAY INVESTIGATION. and of course I had to complain about mitted to bail, or discharged the party in 1875, and I was trying to stop that to establish what I have stated, but I it. At that time I had never met Mr. arrested. TESTIMONY BEFORE THE SPRINGER will, if an investigation is desired, unto ventures. Murray nor Mr. Wharton. I did com- Whether persons arrested must be By the Chairman: COMMITTEE. give the names of persons and refer to plain to the Attorney General, and ask- taken before the officer issuing the Q. You state that you called attenpapers that will establish what I have REPRESENTATIVE WHITE'S APPENDIX. ed for an investigation of that whole warrant for examination, regardless of tion to these abuses in a speech in the stated. matter. expense, inconvenience, and hardship House of Representatives? Very respectfully, your obedient ser-Q. Have you a copy of the letter attending such a course. A. Yes; these remarks were made vant, [CONTINUED.] which you sent to the Attorney-Gen- This, I understand, is the ruling of by me at the last session of Congress. H. F. FINLEY, WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 30, 1884. eral? and at that time you called at-United States Attorney, Kentucky A. I do not know that I have: but I for Kentucky, and I desire to know by tention to these abuses in your capa- District. posed of Al S. Huven, pres John D. White, a Representative suppose it is on file in the Department what authority he makes such ruling. | city as Representative? from the State of Kentucky, appeared of Justice. I am quite sure that I Require a statement from the United A. Yes. His excellency R. B. Hayes. before the committee, and was examwrote to the Attorney-General; or, if States district attorney for Kentucky, Q. The abuses had then been going The Witness. Mr. Finley was dis ined as follows: not, I talked to him very freely, urging giving the names, county of residence, on for a number of years, but had been frict attorney for a very short while. By the Chairman : . . . buomania By the Chairman: Q. What district of Kentucky do you and saying that doubtless there was warrant was issued, before whom ex- Wharton's removal than afterward? Was reappointed by Mr. Hayes on the A. I represent the tenth district not know who was responsible, but I of the person arrested, for what ar- provement since Mr. Chase's investi- ex-Secretary Bristow. I do not know represent in this Congress? now. It is a part of the district which I represented in the Forty-fourth Con- when men could be arrested in Letcher short, have the district attorney and the matter of treating prisoners. When By the Chairman concerne and County and taken to Louisville, a dis- the marshal done no more than their Mr. Chase returned to Washington and . Q. How long did Mr. Wharton then gress, informed me that he had investigated remain in office? Q. How long have you served in tance of over two hundred miles, go- duty? JOHN D. WHITE, stoner, for there was a commissioner Member of Congress, Ninth time that he had while out in Kentucky come here last session of Congress to COLUMN TO A STUDY Congress. A. This is my third term. In my at that time at London, which is District, Kentucky. and that things were a great deal worse lobby for the whisky bill. of salt of other terms I represented the ninth about one hundred and fifty miles from Mr. G. K. Chase, than I had represented to the Depart- Q. What became of Marshall Mur-ment of Justice, in a little while Presi- ray? Hotesto district. Q. In what part of the State of Ken- Louisville. Department of Justice. A. In the southeastern portion of place of arrest? tucky is that district located? place of arrest?letter?and Murray.A. It must be two hundred and fiftyA. There was no response necessary.and Murray.Miles from Louisville to where thatI had been complaining for someand Murray.I had the State. Q. Is it remote from Louisville?? was removed? bluos yout this monthly A Rather, In the Forty-fourth Con- man was arrested in Letcher County : months to the Department of Justice, was removed? know on whose recommendation. gress I had twenty-three counties in my district, I believe, beginning with Montgomery, which is about twenty-five miles (the nearest line of it) from Lexington, Montgomery being a blue-grass county. The rest of the ordinary course of travel grass county. The rest of the count-trave district were moved for montgomery being a blue-grass county. The rest of the count-trave district were moved for montgomery being a blue-grass county. The rest of the count-trave district were moved for montgomery being a blue-grass county. The rest of the count-trave district were moved for montgomery being a blue-grass county of the rest of the count-trave district were moved being a blue-grass county of the rest of the count-trave district were moved being a blue-grass county of the rest of the count-trave district were moved being a blue-grass county of the count-trave district were moved being a blue-grass county of the count-trave district were moved being a blue-grass county of the count-trave district were moved for montgomery being a blue-grass county of the count-trave district were moved being a blue-grass county of the count-trave district were moved being a blue-grass county of the count-trave district were moved being a blue-grass county of the count-trave district were moved being a blue-grass county of the count-trave district were moved being a blue-grass count of the count-trave district were moved being a blue-grass count of the count-trave district were moved being a blue-grass count of the count-trave district were moved being district were moved being distributed being a blue-grass count of the count-trave distributed being distributed gress I had twenty-three counties in He would have to ride on horseback but no action had been taken until ties in my district were mountainous. a United States commissioner there at could give him some points, so he call-At present I represent that blue-grass that time. The deputies would not ed upon inc, and these were the best I done wrong, but that he did not be- A. So I understand from the Depart-

snals?

A. That was in 1875, I think. These I went to the President. He referred and could find a witness or two who I make the following statement. complaints were so numerous, and the me, as I say, to the Attorney-General, wanted to go to Louisville at the gov- First. That my predecessor in office viction: I to do not to do not him to Louisville, stopping on the way and putting him over night in jail. And that, too, was being done by such the one that I had asked for. that, too, was being done by such the one that I had asked for. that, too, was being done by such the one that I had asked for. Wharton. I had never met Mr. Whar- him this letter; ton, but he had written me such a flattering letter when I was elected to Congress that I presumed, perhaps, a sistently, recommend such annesty. your mission. You should go to Lon-I never received any reply to that let-don, Ky., and after consulting with warrant at the time of his arrest?

county and Clark County, which was stop there to have the preliminary ex- could give him. I had no prejudice in lieve that Murray had done so, and he ment of Justice at the time a lo seas added the year before last from Mr. amination of a man, but would take the case, and had no desire to injure urged me to appeal to the President in Q. Who is district attorney of Ken-Blackburn's district; and five of the him to Louisville to have him examin- the marshal or the district attorney, Marray's behalf. I declined to do so, tucky now? sold does allow and mesone mountainous counties were cut off; ed there. The commissioner at Lon-four of them being attached to Mr. don could have bound the man over, Blackburn's district; and five of the or, if he were found not guilty, could blank warrants to arrest men for no and that if on the investigation Mur-Blackburn's district; and five of the or, if he were found not guilty, could blank warrants to arrest men for no mountainous counties were cut off, have discharged him and let the man other purpose seemingly than to run ray and Wharton were found guilty I A. I think not: still there is some four of them being attached to Mr. go back home. The man himself would up costs against the Government.

scarcely anyone in Washington. But very soon I began to get letters com-plaining of the conduct of deputy mar-shals as they were executing the law in my district. D. In what rear weet they to the fountain-head when D. In what rear weet they could arrest a

Thompson's district and one to Mr. have the benefit of being able to have Q. You spoke of drunken deputies They were removed. The President cant report: Wolford's district. And one to Mr. his witnesses there and of being able coming to your district. Asked me to name a man for district Report made by the United States at-Q. Since you have been a represent to give bond. Of course the farther A. Yes. This man Wyatt I never attorney. I named Mr. Wood, but he torney for the district of Kentneky for formed of the existence of any abuses low away from home the worse off he the marshal's right hand man for the who had been elected to Congress in 1887, in the following particulars: or irregularaties in the administration was in the way of procuring witnesses mountains) was frequently in my dis-of the office of United States Marshal or giving bond. The same thing hapand of United States deputy mar- pened if a man was arrested in Floyd drunk nearly everywhere I heard of Adams was seated. Mr. Finley was a Louisville circuit, and and 434 hals? A. When I was first elected to Con- County. The marshals would take him Q. You speak of blank warrants. of Kentucky and I thought he would he would be gress 1 was a mere boy; I had never through Mount Sterling, where there What do you mean by that? held any public office before, and was a commissioner, and would bring A. I never saw any of the blank war- chance to communicate with him be- Number of cases impored by grand not acquainted with the manner of him to Louisville, which is perhaps one rants; but my understanding of the fore naming him. He was appointed. Number of cases ignored by grand conducting public business. I knew hundred and twenty-five miles beyond way that arrests were made was this: However, when Mr. Hayes came in he jury: (No record kept.) scarcely anyone in Washington. But Mount Sterling, and would charge They had warrants that were issued in removed Mr. Finley, and Mr. Finley,

cluded to take the matter to some of names and residences and offenses of arrest him. That is my understanding to issue warrants and put on foot an and offenses of arrest him. my friends. I do not know but that I persons charged with these petty vio- of the way it has been done for years, prosecutions against the citizens of the went to the President with it first (not lations of law. But nothing was done and I can assure you that it has not State without consulting him, his asknowing that I ought to have gone to At the national convention which met done the executive department of this sistants, in the collection of internal the Department of Justice), and told at Cincinnati in 1876 (when Mr. Hayes Government any credit, without re- revenue for the district. The result him of the arrests that had been made for such little offenses, as, for in-stance, selling a few pounds of tobacco which a man had raised on his Mr. Murray complained to me particu- as I am informed. Of course, I heard fruitless and unnecessary prosecutions own farm. They would arrest that larly about this investigation, saying more complaints from my district than against the citizens of the State, and man in Pike County, as far as they that it was calculated to do him harm. from elsewhere; but my understand- by which they were harassed and imcould get from Louisville, and take Q. What investigation-one which ing is that that is the rule throughout bittered against the Government and ing.

drunken deputies as one man of the He led me to believe that there was no matter in what part of the State commissioners in the city of Louis- tucky is a large State, and a good many name of Wyatt, who figured conspicu-ously in that section of the country. I tinued complaints that I received, and they were arrested, although there were a good many United States com-recommended a general parties charged with of borhood of Louisville. recommended a general pardon for the fact that I had already asked an in- missioners holding office throughout fenses against the Government to A. Yes; a good many of them may such petty offenses where, for in- vestigation, led me to stand my ground. the State before whom they might have Louisville for preliminary investiga- have Louisville for preliminary investigastance, a man had been arrested on a I told him I had nothing against him been brought. The cases tried before United States commission. Q. You do not mean to say that they warrant for an offense that was two or personally, but that there was some- these other commissioners were very ers, in disregard of the rights of the all came from your district? of whisky, or a few pounds of tobacco, in my district unquestionably, and that or small offenses of that character. I could not ask to have the investigaor small offenses of that character. I I could not ask to have the investiga-thought that if a general method, and witnesses from my district. thought that if a general pardon could tion stopped. I said that I had asked A. Yes; I might show you that the distant parts of the State, forcing the Q. Of course you do not pretend to distant parts of the state, forcing the for the investigation, and that, so far Commissioner of Internal Revenue re- citizens past competent United States say that they were all taken long disstarted in Kentucky it would give sat- as I was concerned, it should go on. cognizes this fact now, even if he did commissioners near their homes, be- tances. You can not tell what proporisfaction to the people at large. I said A short while after that Mr. George K. not then. In his report to the Secre-that these men were being harassed in Chase, as I understand, was appointed the Treasury, November 25, thereby enlarging the fees of the tances? a way that was liable to lead to a seri-ous trouble. The President very po-lited way is made the district attorney is made the guards and witnesses. litely suggested that I should get the formed me of his mission, saying that judge of the propriety of commencing Third. My predecessor allowed and would lead an inquisitive mind to want names of the parties, and he referred he was the man appointed to go, and he a criminal prosecution against a citizen permitted the Government to be to know the bottom facts. I refer to it me to the Attorney General. The At- asked me to make some suggestions. I on account of which he and the mar- wronged out of thousands of dollars for that only. torney General heard me patiently and told him that all that I knew was what shal will receive pay from the Govern- in money by reason of unneccessary I read from the same report: referred me to the district attorney of I had heard from my constituents in ment whether the party be guilty or guards and false and fictitious charges Total amount of fees for self and sal-Kentucky, who was at that time Mr. the form of complaints, but I wrote to innocent. These officers may prefer for guards, when it was his duty to aries of assistants: complaints against citizens, cause prevent it and when he must have had G. C. Wharton, or mining. United States commissioners to issue knowledge of these frauds. G. M. Thomas, warrants, may arrest and examine the It was in consequence of this and i one for hib I donte w parties before the commissioner, and other irregularities and failure of duty Total, and in the deter 6,667 10 little on his auxiefy, as well as my own Sir: In compliance with your re- the district attorney, marshal, guard, that he was discharged from office af- I certify the foregoing statement to to allay any trouble that might be quest that I should give you the names witnesses, and the commissioner will ter investigation had. An investigation had. An investigation had be correct and true. brewing in Kentucky from these an- of some persons in my district who all get their fees from the government tion now will, if put on foot, show Witness my hand this 15th day of Ocnoyances. So I unbosomed myself to could aid you in discovering what ir- even though the party arrested be dis- these abuses, and will exhibit the fact tober, assisted and on any indiscovering what irhim. I told him that I would like to regularities, if any, have been prac-know the names and residences and ticed where parties were charged with That is just the way I have mentioned that prosecutions of a similar charac-ter do not cost the Government one-United States District Attorney. offenses of persons clarged with these infractions of the United States inter; about the man Adams who was arrest - half what they did under his manage- By the Chairman; 7 of the petty offenses, and that I was seeking nal-revenue laws, I have to say that I ed in Letcher County, when the war-a general amnesty for them. I said I can only name a few persons, who will entreme arrest of his bro-tion will develop the further fact that cover? hoped that he would furnish that in-formation, and if he could do so con-tion desired concerning the object of The Chairman. And he protested that there are a greater number of convictor A. From July 1, 1880, to June 30, The Chairman. And he protested that tions had in proportion to the number 1881. You asked me if there had been

tative in Congress have you been in- these deputy marshals got a poor fel- saw him, but I understood that he was declined. I then named Mr. Finley; the period from July 1, 1880; to June 30,

number of cases prosecuted to con-

Total, aster, souther store 253 .

There were four hundred and thirtyeight cases returned, and only two hundred and fifty-eight convictions. When you consider the distances which these men are taken, and the disadvantages under which they labor to prove anything in their own defense, their trial is almost a star-chamber proceed-

By Mr. Stewart: 1111 and Indy

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, Washington, D. C., July 15, 1876.

different parts of my district. For in- he may name. stance, I remember a case of this kind: You should see Maj. A. T. Wood, of "Instances have been brought to my of the Attorney-General, in which I Q. You were born in Kentucky, I be-A man named Adams, living in Letcher Mount Sterling, Ky., (who was then a attention where numerous prosecu- specially point out frauds, and suggest Hevedmon and moon the approxim most from Louisville), was arrested on result of your investigation of the mat- trivial violations of law (it was a gen- others. I desire this investigation very Q. You have been a citizen of Kena warrant in which he was not named ter referred to in this letter. He doubt- eral amnesty for these trivial violations much, as it will enable your excellency tacky all your life? - m. go. at all, but which contained his bro- less can name persons whom you of law that I was seeking, and, as I and the Attorney-General to understand Togeneral togenera ther's name. He protested that he was should examine. not the person named in the warrant, I suggest that your investigation inv and that he could identify himself by should cover the following points, as gia and some other Southern States), officers in Kentucky? If of in Kentucky? If of in Kentucky? his neighbors, but he was not allowed well as others which may possibly and the arrested parties taken long I then and now urged that an investi-to do so. He was taken all the way suggest themselves to you, namely: distances and subjected to great in-gation was not had, or it would have well acquainted throughout the State. from his home to the city of Louisville, Whether persons arrested have been conveniences and expense, not in the given me aid in my efforts to correct Q. What do you say as to the characand, of course, as soon as he identified imprisoned (in jail) before their cases interest of the Government, but appar- the abuses referred to. Nevertheless I ter of the people of the State as lawhimself there he was dismissed and al- were examined into or tried. _____ ently for no other reason than to make hope at a proper time an investigation abiding citizens as compared with lowed to go home at his own expense. I suppose that if you were to look through the accounts of the marshal you would find that the fees were the that are been that the fees were the that are been that the fees were the that are been that to make on the have been examined into by a United the that are been that to make on the have been examined into by a United the that are been to conter reason that to make on the these quotations from the report of the this position has been so earnestly the position has been so earnestly charged for that arrest. A case of that States commissioner who may have re- Commissioner of Internal Revente to and persistently sought. officers and deputy marshals in a way kind was considered a very annoying sided near to where the arrest was the Secretary of Nov. I am not at this time proposing to (Continued on page 286.) pression and the instant instant of the notes or Is settling down to its accussomed their Y truly, Elen & HATCH, Hapsed benk. steadiness. Commission hoase orders

ter. The thing went on for some time. Mr. C. B. Fairs, United States court, The Witness. So I am informed. frauds in the custom-house in Louis- Mr. Wharton's latter administration These letters still came in to me from call such persons for examination as The commissioner of internal revenue ville be investigated. My letters upon of the office of district attorney, there

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