

he the autocrat and tyrant over the people, as represented by the press?"

A. "No! I found that he was loved, obeyed, and respected with the reverential feelings with which the Israelites accepted Moses for their leader. He is a wonderful man, no doubt raised up of God for a special purpose, having the gifts of a statesman, the qualities of a ruler, and the wisdom of a seer."

This testimony coming from so eminent an authority, from one standing high in his profession in New York, given so impartially, caused me to thank him for his manly, unbiased judgment. We then had a long conversation on the subject of polygamy, and I found the doctor's opinions on this delicate subject not opposed to my own. Though I am not at liberty to mention names or circumstances, I was most pleased to hear from him that he saw nothing objectionable, but, on the contrary, much that was most excellent, in the domestic habits and life of those to whom he was introduced, and he would only contrast the happiness, purity, and peace of the Salt Lake homes, with the misery, sin, and confusion of many New York families within his knowledge.

Yours truly, W. I. IRONS.

## LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

### FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY

**LACKS BACKBONE.**—A man who acknowledges a thing to be morally right, yet, when an unjust law requires him to violate his conscience, he squirms and twists around and shrinks down to the size and shape of the unrighteous law, demonstrates beyond the possibility of cavil that his spinal column is composed not of bone, but at the best of nothing firmer than gristle. The world's heroes have bone in their backs, law or no law.

**SALE AT CAMP DOUGLAS.**—According to the advertisement the sale of ammunition which was to take place at Camp Douglas, came off yesterday at 10 o'clock. There were a number of persons in attendance and the guns and ammunition were disposed of. General Clawson, Adjutant General of the Territory, secured about a thousand stand of arms, part of which he purchased from parties who had bid them off, and about two hundred thousand rounds of ammunition.

**WHO WILL PAY IT?**—We understand the per diem of grand jurors, according to enactment of the Territorial Legislature, is 75 cents. In answer to a question, asked yesterday, as to whether it was understood that was what they were to receive, Judge McKean ordered that they be paid three dollars per day. If the Judge does invest himself with the powers of the Legislature and consequently constitutes himself the people, the question still arises as to who will pay the three dollars per day. Echo answers, who?

**JEWISH RELIGIOUS EXERCISES.**—The Jews of this City will hold public meeting in room 17 of the City Hall, commencing about sundown on Sunday evening, the 24th, for the performance of devotional exercises. From sundown of the 24th till the evening of the following day is kept by the Jews all over the world as a day of atonement for their sin of idolatry in making and worshipping a golden calf in the wilderness, and is honored by them in commemoration of the extension of the Lord's forgiveness to them for that crime. It is the custom on the occasion to neither eat nor drink for twenty-four hours. The services at the above mentioned meeting will be continued until Monday evening, and persons, not of the Jewish faith, desirous of witnessing the exercises will be permitted to do so, free entrance to the public being allowed.

According to Jewish chronological reckoning, who date their calculations from Adam, the year 5632 was entered upon on Friday, the 15th inst.

**RAILROAD MASS MEETING AT OGDEN.**—We learn from the Junction, of Wednesday, that on Saturday last, a mass meeting was held in the Ogden Tabernacle, at which representatives were present from all the districts in Weber County, the object of the meeting being to take into consideration the building of the U. N. Railroad.

Hon. F. D. Richards delivered an address explanatory of the benefits that would accrue to the Territory from the building of the road, and the obligations resting upon the people of Weber County to perform promptly their portion of the work.

John W. Young, Esq., President of the Company, stated that he had for sometime past seen the importance of building a railroad from Ogden to Soda Springs, and had introduced the matter to gentlemen of capital in the East, who had, after personal inspection of the route, undertaken to furnish means for the iron and rolling stock, if the people would do the grading and furnish the ties. A company had been organized, work had commenced, and four miles of the road was ready for the rails, and five miles of rails would be here in a few days. Mr. Young then showed the

advantages of building the line on the narrow gauge principle, proving that it would be a saving of over 40 per cent., taking its construction and running expenses into consideration.

Hon. L. Farr and L. J. Herrick each made appropriate remarks, and, on motion of the former gentleman, it was unanimously resolved that the people of Weber County build the road between Ogden and Willard.

The meeting is described as having been an animated, earnest and enthusiastic assemblage.

**A PLEASANT CALL.**—We had the pleasure of a call, three days ago, from Mrs. Margaret Lucas, sister of the great English reformer and statesman Hon. John Bright M.P. Mrs. Lucas has been in this country for a year past, visiting American branches of the family, and brought a letter of introduction from Mr. Joseph Bancroft, of Wilmington, Del., who visited this city during the summer. Mr. Bancroft is related by marriage to the family of Mr. Robert Pierce of this city. Mr. Bancroft, who is a member of the denomination of Quakers, says:

Respected Friend, Angus Cannon;

The remembrance of the interest manifested by thee in speaking of the profession and practices of the Mormon church so called, when I was at thy house in Salt Lake City a short time since, and of thy politeness in offering to shew myself and wife what was interesting in the neighborhood, induces me to introduce to thee my English cousin Margaret Lucas, the widow of the late Samuel Lucas, who, until his death (on the same day as our lamented President Abraham Lincoln) was the principal editor of the London Star, a paper more efficient perhaps than any other English paper in promoting the interest of the Union.

She is also a sister of John Bright, to whom Americans are under as much obligation as to any Englishman for his advocacy of the true interests of both nations during the rebellion. She takes much interest in subjects which are thought to concern the welfare of our fellow-creatures; amongst which the profession and practices of thy people have a conspicuous part.

Mrs. Lucas, in company with relatives from the East, left on Wednesday afternoon for the Pacific Coast, on a short visit prior to her return to the East and thence to England.

### MORE PECULIAR COURT PROCEEDINGS AT BEAVER.

BEAVER, Sept. 22.

*Deseret News.*—Yesterday Judge Hawley indicated an opinion that the probate court had not got, and that the Legislative Assembly could not give it, jurisdiction in the land cases arising out of the town site law, and dismissed an appeal, with the understanding that the case would be taken to the Supreme Court.

Eliza Lee was sent for by the Judge, who wanted to see her in relation to her petition against John P. Lee, for divorce. She came into court, when the Judge explained to her what he understood to be her right. She, with firmness, which is characteristic of the lady, gave the court to understand that she wished her petition withdrawn, which was done, the court ordering Mr. Lee to pay the costs and a one hundred dollar attorney bill. He also ordered the clerk to withhold certificates of naturalization from the sixty persons to whom the oath had been administered on Wednesday, stating that he had heard of frauds having been committed. I am informed the frauds consist of two or three individuals having two wives, and acknowledging to his Honor their belief in the law of 1862. It appears to your correspondent that a Judge transcends his bounds in propounding such questions to applicants for naturalization. Last evening the Grand Jury came into court and presented one bill of indictment, so I am informed.

With all the judicial gusts blowing upon Beaver there are no necks broken, no limbs fractured, and the water still flows from the mountains; and the only persons who have been afraid to visit Beaver during the judicial sitting is Jack Frost; he has generally visited us in years past two weeks earlier than this. But "Snow" has been seen on the streets.

### FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY.

**ABOUT TROUBLE.**—Ever and anon men of the baser sort make an effort to stir up trouble in the community. They do not seek peace, do not want it. Neither do they want trouble, only so far as they imagine they can put money in their purse thereby. We do not apprehend trouble. Peace prevails, the sun shines, and the atmosphere is tranquil. If seekers of trouble were to succeed in making trouble, they might chance to get hurt at their own little business, and they would not like it a bit if they did. Not that anybody is anxious to hurt them, but then awkward accidents might happen.

**NOT ON THE MARRY.**—The Reese River Reveille says—

The Silver State says that the young people of Unionville, Humboldt county, are not a bit on the marry. A large amount of female loveliness in Austin is running to

seed also. If the young ones don't wake up and pop the question a little more briskly, there will be a good opening for one of Brigham Young's missionaries. The unmarried ladies may conclude that half a loaf is better than no bread.

Why Austin and Unionville would be perfect paradises for certain sticklers for the anti-marriage act of 1862. They ought to emigrate this afternoon to the Humboldt, or to Reese River, and be happy, for they are manifestly and confessedly and unmitigably unhappy here. Our citizens won't go a dollar on their anti-marriage notions. As for the female loveliness that is wasting its sweetness on the desert air of Nevada, send it to Utah and it will be certain to be properly and promptly appreciated.

### A CHILD LOST, AND FOUND IN A FAMISHING CONDITION.

FILLMORE, Sep. 23, 1871.

On Thursday, 10 a. m., a little boy, son of Brother Duels, of Corn Creek, two and a half years old, attempted to follow a man with a team and was lost. The little fellow was not found until yesterday afternoon, about four o'clock. He was in a famishing condition. Men from Corn Creek, Meadow Creek and Fillmore were out in force seeking him. When found he was some five miles south of this city, lying in the sage brush. He had traveled about sixteen miles.

Later.

FILLMORE, Sept. 23.

The little boy who was lost from Corn Creek, on the 21st and found yesterday evening, died within an hour from the time he was found.

**A SEVERE ACCIDENT.**—Yesterday, at 10 a. m., a lad, named James Du Fresno, fifteen years old, met with a very severe accident, by having his hand terribly crushed and torn in the molasses mill of Mr. Edward Stevenson, on Big Cottonwood. It appears that the mill had just been set in motion and the lad was amusing himself putting sunflowers between the rollers, and while doing so his hand was caught and drawn in, tearing and stripping the flesh from the limb to a distance of about two inches above the wrist, and laying the tendons of the hand, in places completely bare. Fortunately the mill was not keyed up tight or the bones would have been crushed to pieces; as it was they were not broken. On hearing the screams of the poor boy, a man who was near by, immediately turned off the water and then seized the water wheel and exerted all his strength to stop it from revolving while Brother Stevenson quickly loosened the keys of the mill with an axe, and extricated the lad from his fearful situation. Brother Stevenson brought the sufferer to town in his carriage at once, and the assistance of Dr. Anderson being procured, the wounds were immediately dressed and, yesterday evening, the lad was doing as well as could be expected. If inflammation does not set in, it is anticipated that amputation will not have to be resorted to.

### FROM MONDAY'S DAILY.

**EMIGRANTS ON THE WAY.**—We are enabled to publish the following telegram, received on Saturday evening, too late to appear in that day's News:

OMAHA, Neb., Sep. 23, 1871.

*Pres. Brigham Young.* Two hundred of your people leave here to-night.

W. C. Staines leaves to-morrow for Salt Lake.

W. C. THOMAS.

**NEWS FROM ENGLAND.**—We regret to learn, from the *Millennial Star* of Sep. 5th, that Elder Brigham W. Carrington had scarcely recovered from the smallpox when Elder George Reynolds was taken with the same disease, he being attacked with it on the 27th ult.; strong hopes were entertained, however, that his recovery would be speedy.

The same issue of the *Star* says:

Elder James Gale arrived in Liverpool on the 3rd inst., on the steamship *Wyoming*, after a speedy and pleasant trip from his home in Ogden. He left here on the 4th to visit his relatives, the purpose of his journey to England, and expects to return with the company that will go on the 18th of October.

**FOR EUROPE.**—Dr. Park, President of the University of Deseret, and Professor Bellerive left this morning on missions to Europe. Before crossing the Atlantic they will visit the principal schools and colleges in the United States. They will then proceed to Germany and Switzerland, and will visit all the best educational institutions of those countries. They will, during their absence, doubtless be enabled to accumulate an amount of valuable information on educational matters that will enable them, on their return, to re-model matters here in that direction.

**LAYING THE FOUNDATION.** The ceremony of laying the foundation of the New Catholic Church, in the 13th Ward of this City, was performed yesterday afternoon. The dedicatory prayer was offered up and an appropriate address delivered by Rev. Patrick Walsh, Pastor; after which Mr. O'Reilly read the following:

In the name of our Lord Jesus Christ, we lay the corner-stone of this church to

be dedicated to the honor and glory of God, and under the patronage and name of Mary Magdalene, the chair of St. Peter being filled by our holy father, Pius the Ninth, sovereign pontiff, by the grace of God and favor of the Holy See; Joseph S. Alemany, Archbishop of San Francisco and Vicar Apostolic of Utah Territory; Rev. Patrick Walsh, Pastor; Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States; Schuyler Colfax, Vice President; General W. T. Sherman, Commander-in-chief of the U. S. forces; Brigham Young, President of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints; D. H. Wells, Mayor of Salt Lake City; W. H. Hooper, Delegate to Congress for Utah; Wm. Clayton, Auditor of Public Accounts; George L. Woods, Governor; G. A. Black, Secretary; J. B. McKean, Chief Justice; M. T. Patrick, U. S. Marshal; Frank Culbertson and E. Devoe, Contractors and Builders of brick and stone work; Henry Moorehead, Carpenter and Builder of wood work.

Documents and copies of the *DESERET NEWS*, *Salt Lake Herald*, *Tribune* and *Review*, a copy of the *New York Freeman's Journal* and of the *Irish World*, a portrait of Pius Ninth, a copy of the Declaration of Independence of the United States, and the Jeffersonian grand seal of the United States; a list of the names of all the Popes from St. Peter to Pius, dating from the year 33 to 1871, were then deposited in the box in the stone by Rev. Mr. Walsh. Quite a number of people were present and witnessed the proceedings.

### ROCKY MOUNTAIN ITEMS.

The *Territorial Enterprise* says the clay walls of the Comstock lode are found to be a fire clay not excelled by that of any country on the face of the globe. The *White Pine News* says:

"At Shermantown, in this mining district, two kinds of fire clay are found. When combined, it makes a superior fire brick, and at Pancake mountain, a few miles from here, there is stone enough to supply all the furnaces on the Pacific Coast."

The recent catastrophe at Pioche has alarmed the inhabitants of Hamilton, in the White Pine mining district, and the *White Pine News* says a public meeting of the citizens was held last Tuesday evening, "to consider the necessity of providing against a similar affliction to that which has just befallen our neighboring town Pioche."

Last Monday was the 51st anniversary of Chilean independence, and it was celebrated by Chileans and Mexicans in Nevada, and in various parts of the Rocky Mountain Territories. At Virginia city, says the *Enterprise*, a severe accident befel G. Canesco, S. Barcelona and J. Murray, who were observing the anniversary by firing off an improvised cannon, made of a section of a pump, fastened to a piece of timber planted in the ground at an angle of forty-five degrees. They were reloading their cannon, Canesco's left thumb being over the touch hole, Barcelona was holding a tamping bar, and Murray had a sledge hammer pounding in sand upon the charge. Canesco requested them to stop tamping, the piece being so hot that his thumb was getting badly scorched, but they continued and the gun went off with the following results: Canesco had the end of his thumb torn off, Murray had his face and hands blown full of powder, Barcelona's neck and face were badly burnt, and his left hand terribly shattered. The little finger was blown off, the third finger hung by a piece of ligament and had to be amputated, and the back of his hand was laid bare, the flesh being torn away. It was thought his fore and middle fingers might be saved.

The *Carson Register* says that chills and fever have prevailed extensively along the Carson River this season, owing, the *Register* thinks, to the low water in that stream. The same paper, of last Saturday, says that an insane man named Bennett, was picked up, two days before at Winnemucca, by the passenger train bound westward.

The Reese River *Reveille* of last Monday says an apparatus called a vulcanizer, used by dentists for vulcanizing rubber plates, exploded that forenoon in Dr. Child's office, blowing out the window sash and scattering things around. Fortunately no one was in the office at the time.

The *Denver Tribune* of last Tuesday says the physicians and surgeons of that city and of Colorado Territory met at the district Court room that morning, for the purpose of organizing a Territorial Medical Association. All regular graduates of medicine, residents of the Territory, who acknowledge fealty to the rule of ethics of the American Medical Association, and who were not objected to, were deemed eligible for membership. Twenty-one members were enrolled. Dr. Buckingham, of Denver, delivered an appropriate address, characterized by the *Tribune* as both sensible and scholarly. The afternoon was devoted to permanent organization, adoption of constitution and by-laws and the installation of officers. The following were elected permanent officers for 1871-72:

President—Dr. Buckingham, Denver.  
1st Vice President—Dr. McMurtrie, Central.