

THE DESERT WEEKLY

PIONEER PUBLICATION ROCKY MOUNTAIN REGION.

ESTABLISHED TRUTH AND LIBERTY. JUNE, 1850.

NO. 4.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1892.

VOL. XLIV.

VOICE OF THE PINE TREE.

Thou'rt haunted; it is not thyself
Breathing such plaint of woe;
It must be some unhappy elf,
Whose heart broke long ago

Now it revisits thee alway,
And stirs thy hap of sorrow;
We hear its tiny fingers play
And shudder for the morrow.

It seems to presage grief unborn,
That trembling sigh of sadness;
We fear to hail the rosy morn,
Lest we should miss its gladness

It is as it from earliest time
No joy thou hadst felt,
But caught the echoes of a clime
Where only trouble dwelt.

A mystery hovers overhead
And shrouds thee all thy days;
We glance around for presence dread
When that strange music plays.

It cannot be thy dirge of woe,
Thy secret grief unfurled;
There is so deep an overflow
It saddens all the world.

It moves us on the windy height,
It haunts us in the starshine;
It follows through the noonday light—
The sighing of the pine.

MRS. N. B. MORANGE.

A UTAH BILL.

Following is the bill introduced in both Houses of Congress January 5:

AN ACT FOR THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT OF UTAH TERRITORY AND TO PROVIDE FOR THE ELECTION OF CERTAIN OFFICERS IN SAID TERRITORY.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled:

Section 1. On Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1892, and biennially thereafter, an election shall be held in the Territory of Utah, in the several election precincts thereof. At said election the following officers shall be elected, to-wit: One delegate to Congress, from the territory at large; one governor; one lieutenant-governor; one secretary; one auditor; one treasurer; one attorney-general, and one superintendent of public instruction for the territory at large; three judges of the supreme court of said territory from the territory at large, and seven judges of the district courts, one to be elected in and be a resident of each of the seven districts hereinafter

provided, and seven district attorneys, one to be elected in and be a resident of each of the seven districts as hereinafter provided; and one probate judge; one county recorder; one county clerk, who shall be ex-officio clerk of the district court, while sitting in his county, and of the probate court; one sheriff; one assessor and collector; one treasurer; three selectmen; and one superintendent of schools, and one surveyor and one coroner for each county in said Territory; one constable and one justice of the peace in each election precinct in said Territory.

Sec. 2. The officers elected at such election shall qualify and enter upon the duties of their respective offices on the 1st day of January, 1893, and the term of office of the present incumbents of each and all of said offices which are now elective or appointive shall expire on that day and no sooner. And said officers so elected shall hold their offices for two years and until their successors are elected and qualified.

Sec. 3. There shall also be elected at said election twelve members of the Legislative Council, and twenty-four members of the Legislative Assembly, to be apportioned to and elected from the several districts as now provided by the board of commissioners, known as the Utah Commission in said Territory. But the representatives in the Legislature may be re-apportioned by the Legislature elected as herein provided.

Sec. 4. The Legislature so called shall meet upon the first Monday in January, 1893.

Sec. 5. The salary of the several officers elected as herein provided shall be as follows: The governor, \$4000 per annum; the lieutenant-governor, \$2000 per annum; the secretary, \$3000 per annum; treasurer, \$2,000 per annum; the attorney-general, \$3,000 per annum; the superintendent of public instruction, \$2,500 per annum; the judges of the supreme court, each, \$4,000 per annum; the judges of the district courts, each, \$3,500 per annum; the district attorneys, each, \$2,500 per annum. All to be paid out of the territorial treasury of said Territory. The members of the legislature shall each receive \$6 per day, for a term not exceeding sixty days in any two years, and 25 cents per mile for each mile necessary to be traveled in going from their respective places of residences to the capital of said Terri-

tory, to be paid out of the territorial treasury. The salaries, except the compensation of the members of the legislature, may be changed by the legislature, but such change shall not take effect until after the next regular election.

Sec. 6. The executive power and authority of the Territory shall be vested in the governor. The governor shall be an elector of said Territory, over twenty-five years of age. He shall be commander-in-chief of the militia of the Territory. He may grant reprieves and pardons, and remit fines and forfeitures for offenses against the laws of the Territory. He shall commission all officers who are appointed under the laws of said Territory, and shall take care that the laws thereof be faithfully executed. Every bill which has passed the legislative assembly of the Territory shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the governor. If he approves it he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it with his objections to that house in which it originated, and that house shall enter the objections at large on its journal and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for or against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house. If any bill is not returned by the governor within five days, Sundays excluded, after it is presented to him, it shall become a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the legislative assembly by adjournment shall prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Sec. 7. The lieutenant governor shall be ex-officio president of the legislative council; he shall not vote upon any measure pending before it, except when the council is equally divided. He shall perform the duties of governor, in case of the disqualification, absence or death of the governor, and in case the lieutenant governor shall from any cause be absent or disqualified, or shall be engaged in performing the duties of the governor, the president pro tempore of the legislative council shall perform the duties of the lieutenant governor.