STATE SOLONS' HALF HOLIDAY.

Leave for Logan to Visit the Agricultural College.

BANQUET IN PREPARATION.

A Ball Will Also be Tendered Them This Evening. Expect to be Back Early in the Morning.

The Legislature took a half holiday this afternoon for the purpose of going to Logan to visit the Agricultural College. The trip was undertaken on the strength of a resolution adopted by the House a few days ago. The Senate, which at first refused to go, accepted, unofficially, the invitation of the lower branch and avail itself of the opportunity, thus allowing—that is, most of the members did so.

The special train bearing the members was scheduled to leave the Oregon Short Line depot promptly at 1 o'clock, but it was some time after that when it pulled out, owing to the great throng to whom tickets had been furnished by the arrangements and transportation committee. Not less than three hundred persons were on the train at the time it left for the north. On arriving at Logan carriages will convey the members to the College upon the hill two miles distant. At 5 o'clock a banquet will be given and a ball will occur in the evening. The visitors expect to return home early in the morning.

JOINT ASSEMBLY TODAY.

One Hundred and Thirty-Fourth Ballot Taken for Senator.

Result is Practically Unchanged from the Ballots Taken During the Past Week.

The joint assembly convened at noon today, President Nebeker presiding, cast one ballot for Senator, and adjourned to visit Logan on the special train at 1 p. m.

Representative Clyde announced that he was paired with Representative N. J. Harris.

Senator Benson was paired with Representative Parry.

Representative Jackson announced that the train for Logan would leave the depot at 1 p. m. or shortly after that hour.

TODAY'S BALLOT.

The 134th joint ballot for United States Senator was then taken with the following result:

Cannon—Senators Allen, McCoy, 11; Nebeker, 4; Sutherland, 2; Bennett, 1.

For Cannon—Senators Kiesel and Shurtliff; Representatives Brimhall, Ivers, Johnson, Smith and Taylor, 7.

For King—Senator Sidoni; Representatives Parker, Greenwood, Larson and Wheeler—5.

For McClune—Senators Chambers, Eccles, Robison, Sisson, Tanner, Thomas; Representatives Benson, Bernhard, Clyde, Farr, Fullmer, Hansen, Lloyd, McQuarrie, Rodeb, Robertson and Mr. Speaker—17.

For Nebeker—Senators Nebeker, Perry; Representatives Betts, Cook, Jackson, Lapish—6.

For Sutherland—Senators Alder and Howell; Representatives Calloway, Christensen, Crosby, Harris, J. F. Holmgren, Miller, Murdock, Richards, Tabbom, Swenson, Webb—12.

The joint assembly dissolved to meet at 11:30 a. m. on Monday.

SENATE.

It Was a Busy Afternoon in the Upper House Today.

The Senate convened at 11:30 a. m., Pres't Hoyt pro tem.

Communications from the House announced the passage of the following bills: Substitute for House joint memorial No. 4, by Fisher, asking that certain persons be reimbursed for losses in the war from 1861 to 1870.

House bill No. 14, by Shepard, authorizing the sale and transfer of railroad property and franchises, was signed by the president.

House bill No. 52, by Evans, relating to a State fish hatchery.

House bill No. 127, by Robertson, constituting the fish and game commissioner State warden of forests.

House bill No. 90, by Benson, to prevent the adulteration of butter and to regulate the manufacture and sale thereof.

House bill No. 65, by Shepard, foreclosure of mortgages.

Also House bills Nos. 89 and 95, by Holmgren.

Substitute for House bill No. 19, by Howell, an act to abolish the office of the board of public works in cities.

Senator W. G. Nebeker asked that the report of the committee on rules recommending the bill for the establishment of a six months' course in the agricultural college be represented. This was done and the bill is now before the Senate.

Yesterday afternoon Senate bills Nos. 81, 82, 83 and 84, by Sisson, were taken up as a special order. Senate bill No. 81 provides for the establishment of a reformatory for boys in connection with the State penitentiary. The bill authorizes reformatory purposes to sell their property in Salt Lake to the other reformatory purposes. The bill passed by a vote of 17 for and 2 against. Senate bill No. 82 makes it unlawful to furnish substituted cattle to brands belonging to others. The bill passed without opposition. By the same rule

Senate bill No. 83, relating to fencing off herder stands etc. to their cattle. The bill passed by a vote of 17 for and 2 against. Senator Tanner being excused from voting.

Senate bill No. 84 provides any person from driving cattle having infectious or other contagious diseases. The bill passed by a 2 Senator Bidwell being absent.

House bill No. 124, by Shepard, was taken up at the request of Senator Nebeker. The bill authorizes railroad corporations to sell their property or franchises to other railroad corporations. The bill passed by a vote of 18 to 2.

Mr. Sisson's bill, No. 85, providing for the expense of assessing and collecting taxes in cities of the first, second and third class, also incorporated towns, which had been reported favorably by the committee on appropriations and claims, was placed on the final passage. It passed by a vote of 11 to 8.

The substitute for House bill No. 39, relating to forms of fees necessary polls, was passed without debate, with some minor amendments. The vote was 19 yeas.

House joint memorial No. 5, by Foster, asking Congress to reimburse the veterans of the Black Hawk war for their services, came from the House, one in section of Mr. W. Nebeker. The rules were suspended and the memorial was passed without opposition.

The bill relating to the bill, which nearly twenty-five, was finally agreed upon by the joint committee, the Senate motion to insist pending on the amendment of the House members on the conference allowing the door to be replaced in the Senate. It provides a penalty for this force by assessing non-

Senate bill No. 3, providing for the equal representation of the three institutions, was passed under suspension of the rules by a unanimous vote.

The substitute for Senate bill No. 71, by Wright, making the office of county commissioner non-partisan, was passed.

Senate bill No. 26, by Sisson, strengthening the law in relation to the sale of the land of orphans in southeastern Utah, was sent back to the committee on appropriations to be reported back to the general appropriation bill.

The committee on education recommended the passage of House bill No. 112, providing for free scholarships in the Agricultural school, and the adoption of House bill No. 25, providing a winter course at the State Agricultural College.

The following bills passed by the House came to the Senate and were referred to committees:

House bill No. 16, providing for the establishment of irrigation reservoirs, and House bill No. 17, providing for the diversion of water from streams, agriculture and irrigation.

House bill No. 122, relating to tribunal protection in justice courts, was taken up and passed without debate.

House bill No. 120, for the protection of forests, Forests and forestry.

Communications from the House announcing that Speaker Hoyt pro tem had signed the following, for House bill No. 1, No. 4 and No. 18, for J. W. Alles. Both bills were signed by president Nebeker.

House bill No. 45, providing for a classification of cities, was reconsidered and referred to the committee on corporations for further consideration.

Governor Wells sent a communication announcing that he had signed Senate bill No. 1, No. 4 and No. 18.

Senate bill No. 87, was introduced by Nebeker, authorizing district judges in small counties to appoint deputy clerks of courts, and providing for the compensation of such stenographers.

Mr. Evans made an attempt to secure a night session, but the idea was not approved by Senator Perry.

The Senate at 4:20 p. m. adjourned until 10:30 this morning.

COMMENTS BY MEMBERS.

"Notwithstanding the fact that the Senate is now in session, we have adjourned to meet today at 10:30 a. m. the President was not on hand with his minutes after the Senate had been opened," said a Democratic member of the upper house to a News reporter today. "The Senate is now in session, however, and will be continued, for weeks. Members have come and gone, and on several occasions the Senate has been called to order by other members. In view of the fact that the deadlock in the senatorial election has not yet blocked the way, and has impeded the consideration of pending legislation, precedents in opening the business of the senate would appear to have been a slight necessary precaution."

"The waste of time by the disbelievers of the presiding officer is being unfavorably commented on by various members of the Senate, and is a startling matter of wonder among observers of the course of events."

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

Business Transacted in the Senate Held This Forenoon.

The House held a long session this morning before adjourning to go to Logan, where the Agricultural College will be visited. The work of the House commenced promptly at 9:30 and continued without interruption until 11 o'clock, when the House was ordered to go to take the vote for United States Senator.

BILLS PASSED.

The following bills were taken up on third reading and passed:

H. B. No. 38, by Shepard, "An act to amend section 1778 of the Revised Statutes of Utah, 1898, relating to the commencement of mortgages, trust deeds, etc., and repealing section 1779 of the Revised Statutes of Utah." H. B. No. 55, by Nebeker, "An act providing for the admission of abstracts of title, made and certified to by licensed abstracters, as evidence in any court existing, by virtue of the laws of the State of Utah." H. B. No. 56, by Benson, "An act to amend sections 1174, 1175 and 1201, title 28, of the Revised Statutes of Utah, 1898, relating to forfeitures." H. B. No. 66, by joint committee on fish and game, "An act for the protection of fish, game and birds, for aliens, for sport of state and county wardens and appointment of deputy game wardens, and prescribing a penalty for the violation of this act; and to repeal title 21, Revised Statutes of Utah, 1898, and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith." H. B. No. 126, by Robertson, "An act for the protection of fish, game and other species of game birds, relating to the State of Utah, and providing a penalty for the violation of the same."

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from the State board of Examiners regarding H. B. No. 3 for the sum of $2,000, the balance of the appropriation for the erection of the exercises and drill shed at the State Agricultural College, in the sum of $2,000.

A communication was received stating that the State board of examiners has approved, and filed in the State auditor's office, H. C. No. 11 of E. A. Wells for $11.

A communication was received stating that the State board of examiners has approved, and filed in the State auditor's office, H. C. No. 3 of Dan Tyrone for $10.75.

Messages were received from the Senate stating that it had passed the following bills:

Substitute for H. J. M. No. 5, by Fisher, "A memorial to Congress asking that certain citizens of Utah be reimbursed for losses sustained during the years from 1861 to 1870." H. B. No. 3, by Spencer, "An act to amend section 1, of the Revised Statutes of Utah, 1898, relating to the fees and compensation of county sheriffs." H. B. No. 15, by Robertson, "An act to amend section 1, of the Revised Statutes of Utah, 1898, relating to State institutions, drawing up of appropriations." H. B. No. 24, by Shepard, "An act authorizing railroad corporations owning any railroad in this State to sell their property and franchises, or any part thereof, to any other railroad corporation organized under the laws of this State or of any other State or Territory, or the United States, and defining the powers of such purchasing corporations."

Communications were received from the Senate stating that the President had signed in open session H. B. No. 1, by Calloway, "An act to amend section 266 of the Revised Statutes of Utah, 1898, relating to the time when actions shall be deemed to have been commenced against the State or its officers." H. B. No. 15, by Robertson, "An act appropriating the sum of $1,000 to J. W. Alles of Springville, Utah."

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

The committee on enrollment and engrossment reported on substitute for H. J. R. No. 5, by Fisher, "A memorial to Congress asking that certain citizens of Utah be reimbursed for military service during the years from 1861 to 1870," and on H. B. No. 3, by Spencer, "An act to amend section 1, of the Revised Statutes of Utah, 1898, relating to the fees and compensation of county sheriffs." H. B. No. 24, by Shepard, "An act authorizing any corporation owning any railroad in this State to sell their property and franchises, or any part thereof, to any other railroad corporation organized under the laws of this State or of any other State or Territory, or the United States, and defining the powers of such purchasing corporations," and that it had enrolled and engrossed H. B. No. 21 by Brewster, "An act to amend section 975 of the Revised Statutes of Utah, 1898, relating to the fees and compensation of county sheriffs." All were signed by the Speaker.

The committee on judiciary reported on H. B. No. 102, by Johnson, "An act to amend section 1759 of the Revised Statutes of Utah, 1898, relating to appeals from justices' courts and when such appeals may be dismissed," and recommended the passage thereof. On H. B. No. 108, by Jackson, "An act providing for the decent interment of any indigent soldier, sailor or marine of the Civil or marine corps, the erection of a suitable headstone over such, and to provide a burial permit, and for the necessary expense thereof," and recommended its rejection.

The committee on public health, reported on H. B. No. 6, by Evans, "An act to prohibit persons under the age of 18 years from buying or smoking tobacco and prescribing the duties of certain officers in relation thereto," and returned the same to the House for consideration.

The committee on Federal relations and memorials to Congress reported favorably on H. J. M. No. 5, by Fisher, "A memorial to Congress asking that certain citizens of Utah be reimbursed," and on H. J. M. No. 6, by Fisher, "A memorial to Congress relative to the sale of lands in Utah, and to amend section 2 of the act of Congress approved, July 16, 1894, entitled, 'An act to enable the Territory of Utah to form a constitution and State government, and to be admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States.'"

BOYS WHO STILE LIQUOR.

A crew of seven youngsters between 8 and 12 years of age, 8104 into the police court this afternoon, with expressions on their faces ranging from the sublime down to the ridiculous. The fellows had all been in the employ of a little saloon, on Rio Grande, pale face. The boys had been in the habit of coming to the place in two lots, from a house down on West Second South, and during the last few days they had made a clean sweep of the place. The case was continued till Monday next at 2 o'clock.

IN THE NINTH WARD.

The Tenth quorum of Seventy will hold its regular meeting on Monday evening at 7:30, at the Ninth ward meeting house.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS LECTURE.

On Monday, March 13, an illustrated lecture will be given in the Salt Lake Theater, on the Philippine Islands, for the benefit of the Utah Light Guard. Admission 25 and 35. Utah artillery. Prominent citizens of the State are on the committee having charge of the affair.

INFORMATION WANTED.

1276 Lincoln Avenue, West City, Iowa, Feb. 25, 1899.

To the Editor:

Anything concerning John Leech, Rock City, Iowa, desires to hear the whereabouts of Noah Hounsel, or any other person who knew the deceased in Utah from Toronto Lake, Newfoundland, about 50 years ago.

Yours truly,

NIELS HANSEN.

THE HORSELESS WAGON.

Collier's Weekly.

It is now two years to the clock since the horseless carriage woke up Fifth avenue. We were witnesses of the alarm with which horses viewed its approach, and of the wonder it aroused in the human mind. The horseless carriage, that novelty automobile was the horseless carriage of the day, was something else besides. We should like to be fanciful and say that it was an ill omen, that it was the harbinger of evil days to come. The horse, we say, is a sensitive creature, and he may have felt the dreadful premonition of the purchasers of his successor in that about to a street car, and shied at the sight of the new vehicle. The organization of a company to do the trucking of the town automobile may be a good deal more than another.

The importance of taking a good Spring Medicine is well known—in fact, its necessity is universally admitted. To argue this point is useless—take up your time and waste our space. The real question is, what to take? Of course, you want the best. For your blood you want a medicine which cures blood diseases. For your appetite, stomach weakness, and dyspepsia symptoms you want a medicine that will bring appetite, strengthen digestion, and invigorate your stomach, making digestion and dyspepsia impossible. For that tired feeling, dull headache, and languid, all run down condition, you want a true tonic. To tone nerves, brain and muscle—not a stimulant. Now we can prove, we know, beyond a doubt, that no other 100 pills can do all this for you, and every day in the year, that Hood's Sarsaparilla does. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best Spring Medicine that is sold. It cures every complaint where blood, stomach and nerves are concerned. Spring Medicine that is more very requirement of a good Spring Medicine. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the true well-tried, tested and tested. We are not in the business of selling medicines, but food, people to whom we can recommend with confidence. We believe when you have given it a fair trial you will agree that America's greatest Medicine and best Spring Medicine is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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DEMURRER IS OVERRULED.

Judge Cherry Holds that Ex-Treasurer May Was Not Insurer.

CASE WILL NOW BE TRIED.

Question to Determine is, Did He Use Reasonable Care in Selecting a Bank to Deposit Money?

Judge Cherry rendered a decision for the case of Salt Lake City against ex-Treasurer J. L. May and bondsmen, overruling the demurrer to the answer of defendants.

May, while treasurer for the city, deposited funds with the Bank of Salt Lake. The bank collapsed and about $13,000 of the city's money was lost. Suit was brought against May and his bondsmen to recover the money. The defense, as set out in an answer, was that May was not an insurer of the funds entrusted to his care and therefore could not be held responsible, and that he had used reasonable care and diligence in selecting a place of safety before the defunct to a good one and secured the depository.

The case will now go to be decided by jury. The only question involved now is, did May use reasonable care in selecting the bank for the deposit of the city's money?

Title is Quieted.

Judge Hilton today entered a decree, by default, entered for the plaintiff in the case of George Hardy and N. W. Clayton vs William Burrows and Catherine Burrows.

Suit in this case was brought by plaintiffs to quiet title to several lots in the Big Field survey. Today's decree adjudges plaintiffs title to be good and that defendants have no estate or interest in the premises.

YOSEMITE MINE—SOLD AGAIN.

This Time to the Utah Title, Loan and Trust Company.

Assignee Hugh Anderson, of George Scott & Company, has sold to the Utah Title Loan and Trust company for $1,500 at the Utah Title Insurance and Trust company for a one-half interest of the Scott company in the Yosemite mining property also known as the mine is assessed. The court earned the order and set aside the sale of the same property for a week ago to E. H. Airis for $1,000.

The court also refused the assignee's bond to $2,000.

Probate Matters.

Estate of Simon H. James, deceased; order made for sale of real and personal estate and distribution of estate.

Estate of Mary Ann Perry, deceased; order made confirming sale of personal property; petition to sell real estate allowed and an order issued bond of $1,500 required of executor.

Estate of John E. Tickhoel, deceased; petition for letters of special administration under a $10 bond.

Estate of Frederick H. Auerbach, deceased; petition to sell certain real property allowed.

Estate of Robert Dellphin, deceased; order made for settlement of final account and distribution of estate.

Estate and guardianship of John W. Reed et al; order made of personal property confirmed.

Estate and guardianship of Joseph Lewis Hamilton et al; petition of Byron and Hannah Edwards for adoption allowed.

Estate of Abraham Jenkins, deceased; George Scott appointed administrator under a $100 bond.

Estate of Alexander Garrick, deceased; sale of real estate, etc., confirmed.

Estate of Thomas Bonn, deceased; executor discharged.

District Court Orders.

Judge Hilton disposed of the following motions today:

Sutherland Mining company vs Bevins Consolidated Mining company; demurrer submitted on briefs.

Taylor Brothers vs Hall; executor et al vs George E. Cassady et al; dismissed.

E. M. Cannon vs Fred Simon et al; motion to strike costs stricken and submitted.

Salt Lake County, etc., vs Wells-Farge & Company; demurrer overruled and ten days given to answer.

Salt Lake County, etc., vs John E. Dealy; same order.

Elizabeth Meade et al vs Margaret H. Williams et al; demurrer argued and overruled and fifteen days given to answer.

Standard Steam Laundry vs C. A. Dale; case argued and submitted.

Judge Cherry made the following orders today:

Taylor Brothers vs Sampling company; Dividend Silver Gold, Silver and Lead Mining and Milling company; demurrer sustained and ten days given to answer.

C. J. Rose et al vs C. M. Nelson; motion for security of costs heretofore sustained; recorded and exceptions noted to ruling.

E. L. Davis vs C. M. Nelson; same order.

The Commercial National Bank vs John G. Bingley et al; judgment for plaintiff as prayed for, by default.

HOW TO MEASURE SNOW.

To ascertain the correct amount of precipitation of snowfall or inches of water in one inch of depth. The inches of snow when melted should be taken as the amount of precipitation. This ratio is not hoodwinked, as it varies in exceptionally dry or very moist. With a fall of snow, the ratio is 10 to 1, and over the dry plateau regions of the Western States, it frequently occurs that one inch of water is required to make 30 of an inch of precipitation. Observers are requested to make careful measurements of snow with the view of furnishing correct records of precipitation, since inserted records are valueless and misleading.

BUSINESS NOTES.

There has been but little of note transpiring in commercial circles during the week, the main score of interest being the publication of the various bank statements showing the condition of Salt Lake's banking houses on Feb. 28, 1899, in accordance with the call of the Comptroller of the Currency. Men regard these statements with good interest as they show the amount of money in circulation, the amount of cash on hand, the extent of the loans and the amount lent by each bank during the month of February. Most of the statements just published—most of which appeared in the "News"—will be found quite satisfactory. The Utah National Bank is the only one to show a decrease in loans, which is quite a considerable sum, only one or two falling off, and that to only a slight degree. An estimate of the total deposits of Salt Lake's fourteen banks would be twelve million dollars, or thereabouts. Money is plentiful and with the proper security the borrower can obtain a very low rate of interest.

In an interesting article on the trade situation in 1899, the New York Herald of a late date says: New York's wholesale dealers in every line of merchandise believe that 1899 will be the most prosperous business year in the history of the country. Without disruption, business men feel that the volume of business done this year will be a record breaker.

In interviews for the Herald prominent men in various lines of trade all express the hopeful views to these effects:

The initiation of the peace treaty.

The return of business confidence, which set in as soon as the war with Spain was practically over.

Better times among farmers because of good crops in 1898.

Following these causes, New York business men believe, have come these effects:

Manufacturers and other classes who have been operating at a loss have begun again to spending money freely with the local merchants.

Merchants have carried only small stocks, waiting for affairs to settle down, yet have replied heartily and cordially to requests for their goods to the condition in which they were before the Spanish war commenced.

All classes of buyers who have been in New York recently are adopting a better quality of goods than formerly.

Local stocks continue stiff with advancing tendency, over 50 shares of P.C. Dalton Sugar at 101.50; Atlantic Bank stands 100 bid; Chicago Wagon 111 Nassau 140 bid. Utah Sugar is very scarce, 13.50 to 14.25 per share may be said to represent the condition of the market. Though no transfers have taken place.

ONE DAILY CALL ENOUGH.

The governing board of the Salt Lake Exchange was called for a meeting at a late hour this afternoon, for the purpose, it is said, of considering the advisability of adopting the plan of one call, call. Some its members, it has been a source of continual complaint for a long time, that business has been accomplished, that need to accompany the regular morning call, so it is said that some members are urging its discontinuance, and doubtless this will be done. It is understood that the board will meet again today to do its work in the morning, so that the afternoon will be given to only business which, for some time past, has been given a back seat.

CLEARING HOUSE REPORT.

March 4, 1899.	
Today's clearings	$392,394.62
Same day last year	$266,978.35
Week's clearings	$1,931,407.26
Same week last year	$1,446,346.79

ORE AND BULLION REPORTS.

Following are today's ore and bullion receipts as reported by the smelters below indicated:

McCORNICK & CO.

Gold	$ 2,800
Silver and lead ores	7,400
Total	$10,200

T. R. JONES & CO.

Bullion	$ 7,000
Ores	6,200
Total	$13,200

BAMBERGER & McMILLAN.

Ores	$ 4,571

WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Bullion	$ 7,987

THE GRIP CURE THAT DOES CURE

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets remove the cause that produces La Grippe. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet. 25c.

Other dealers sell ten to fine kinds of ice. Mountain Ice Co. sells P. V. spring water ice. Tel. 45.

P. A. STEARNS, Mgr.

A STRAIGHT TRACK.

The reason we have made such a success with our U. S. baking powder is that we are on a straight track from producer to consumer, with no profits and no curves or gratuities. There's a lot of difference about our goods which those who take the best will not fail to appreciate and a decided difference in our favor. Our goods are

YOUR GROCER SELLS

U. S. Baking Powder

at following prices:

1 OUNCE CAN	5c.
4 OUNCE CAN	10c.
16 OUNCE CAN	25c.
32 OUNCE CAN	45c.

Remember, every one guaranteed to give satisfaction or money back. Cut Prices. You take no risk. Why not give it a trial?

ith of water to one inch of depth. The inches of snow when melted should be taken as the amount of precipitation. This ratio is not hoodwinked, as it varies in exceptionally dry or very moist. With a fall of snow, the ratio is 10 to 1, and over the dry plateau regions of the Western States, it frequently occurs that one inch of water is required to make 30 of an inch of precipitation. Observers are requested to make careful measurements of snow with the view of furnishing correct records of precipitation, since inserted records are valueless and misleading.

THE SNOWSLIDE AT ALTA.

Vivid and Graphic Description by a Man Who Was In It.

Snow Came Thundering Down Over the Mountains, Completely Hemming Him Up.

Deputy Sheriff John Montgomery Jr. received a communication from a friend in Alta today from which he permits the "News" to make the following extracts:

"The Prudentia,"
Alta, Utah, March 2, 1899.

Mr Dear Friend:

Received your letter of the 11th inst. on the 28th and not until now has an opportunity afforded itself to get an answer back to you.

In the beginning, before attempting to answer your letter let me give you an idea of the condition of the country hereabouts. As I write these lines my cabin is completely covered up under a [illegible] of hard packed snow. On the 5th of February, between the hours of 4 and 7 o'clock in the evening I was outside and saw three avalanches in the sudden advent of three immense snow slides, each following the other in quick succession over the Cabin mountain and down into the cabin below, making the trip thereto a very quiver and trouble. The slides were so enormous in size that it took much longer than usual to come over the top.

You can imagine how my night's rest and sleep were disturbed that night. I was in the cabin alone, and had got a peep at the outside world, which I managed to do by a supreme effort of will, and was lying in my bunk thinking about moving to the south of the Alleghany Island and which side of it, when I felt the cabin shake, and I knew I was about to be buried. Before I could move an inch, the slides occurred—what a night I had!! On reaching the door of the cabin I found it was not through the front entrance to the edge of the dump. The canvas between and full with snow and timbers and debris scattered in all directions in the wall of the slides. In front of the cabin door a large tree five feet was carried and lodged and the door was jammed, so I had to use considerable force to remove it. But it was from far that shed leaning against the cabin door, and the other of the dump. I should imagine, and might have enthusiated have had a different time in getting my belongings, but I was rooted to the spot, and I was paralyzed with fear. I had seen the Alleghany Island and the snow swept down in the last rush. Imagine, if you can, the sensations of the Cabin mountain. The slides started from the Frederick and Seven Prince mines and came over the Prudentia cliff behind the cabin. After recovering from the effects of the shock I was in a state of mind that I was actually insane. I was trying to break from the outside of the cabin the pieces of the stove which I had brought down through the roof. In vain I tried to be cool—then until I took a window frame and with a hammer knocked out a snow-tamped ten feet high and cut some three pieces to fit the slide was in the cabin. I will spare you the time I spent in trying to get it through the snow from the inside of the cabin. I thought the time I was in the cabin was the time I was in the cabin and after shoveling down for three feet at a point where, I thought the cabin was, I came to the top of the cabin and after shoveling down for three feet at a point where, I thought the cabin was, I came to the top of the cabin and after shoveling down for three feet at a point where, I thought the cabin was, I came to the top of the cabin and by shoveling down 3 feet found it.

For three long days and nights I remained in the cabin alone and frightened and will I was completely exhausted, and all of which I had lived on bread and water straight until I finally got a slice ham raised up again and got a fire started in the stove. On the 9th of February slides down Bassett or Church were of almost daily occurrence. Only one slide came down Alta so far and that came down Silver King which lets Grizzly quiet. There are a few slides down Little Cottonwood and Wasatch. Such a winter as this has been I never before experienced and I have said to the boys I never will be in this camp. Visitors are currently by every mail stage now to be decorated by a dozen inches snow in front of the doors, and in which short time a blockade of snow forms, and with the bottom of this deep hole, the visitor is not for a day which is very long, and the visitor and which slide, "turn to the west." The cabin is at a point in front of where the Kitchen Creek and Cottonwood meet. Visitors are not by another man, which goes to the right, and a few feet from there south into the Cottonwood. Yesterday a short inches again and the visitor is brought to the back-door door.

There is a great deal more I could tell you of my recent experiences, but will not say more today. It keeps me busy, I tell you, to keep up with the "underground working" from filling up on me, as the snow is constantly settling.

Such high regards to you and yours, I will close. Yours truly and sincerely,

FRITZ HOFFTUTTER.

Later, March 1, 1899.—Since writing the above time has gone by and I may say completely—not a building, except, and the wrecked buildings and debris are now buried deep in the snow. Two men working night and day in the Dunderberg tunnel, Oregon "Centennial" mine, dug themselves out of the snow this morning and would arrive at Alta today. When they got out four under the drift, they could see on the right that Alta was covered with snow. Yesterday they could see on the site that Alta two days online February and left not a trace of a building. Alta is in a hollow and for safety camped in the 4 mine at Alta at the time of the slide is a mile and a half from the working in the mine, but when they reached the surface for rather where they found the snow was so deep that the shaft they had an awful experience in digging out. The men were Jon Hickman and Chris Mines, and were stopping with me now. They lost all of their clothing and provisions and have for board on snow since yesterday morning.

I am almost worn out snow shoveling and leaving an inches in my cabin and will be thankful indeed, when the snow ceases covering me up with "snow."

FRITZ.

FUNERAL OF SUSANNAH FREECE.

Funeral services over the remains of Susannah Freece, mother of Mrs. William Langton, will be held at the Eighteenth ward meeting house on Sunday at 11 a. m. Friends invited. Remains can be viewed at residence, 455 West Second South street, from 10 a. m. to 11:15.

NEW MUSIC.

We have just received another flow lot of New Songs and Pieces, Latest and best from all our popular music half price.

D. O. CALDER'S SONS

Don't Fail

to see the grandest display of

$3.50

SHOES FOR MEN AND WOMEN.

Our window crammed full of the cheapest values for your inspection.

ALWAYS RELIABLE Davis & Co. HONEY DROP, UNDERTAKERS

RAILWAY CHANCE OF TIME.

Preparations for a New Schedule on the Short Line, South.

No Change North—D. & R. G. to Open—Related Freight to be Rushed Through—Excursion Parties.

There will be a change of time on the southern division of the Short Line in the near future. The operating officials of the road are at work on the new schedule, but it has not been determined yet just what particular changes are necessary. At the general office of the road today it was said that the time table would be revised in the main so as to conform with that in force before the last change. It was expected at first that slight changes would be made all along the route, but at present it is not intended to affect the schedule north from this city.

Earthquake Excursionists.

The Raymond excursion party that took such chances in leaving this city for Los Angeles before the big earthquake, left Salt Lake on the way, but Grand Junction last evening and was not in Denver all right. The next large party from the coast to go over over the Rio Grande will be the Pennsylvania Golden Gate excursion, which will reach Salt Lake on the 8th of this month. The first of the Raymond Whitcomb excursions to go east will pass through Salt Lake on the following dates: March 7th, April 5th and 19th, and May 3rd and 31st.

Opened Again for Traffic.

The Denver and Rio Grande is open again. No. 1, which should have reached this city Friday morning, came in as a special from Grand Junction this morning. The through train from Denver was two hours late, and came in about 8 o'clock. Mr. Frederick Nevins, the Salt Lake general agent of the D. and R. G., received word this morning that the belated freight would be pushed through quickly.

RAILROAD NOTES.

Ed Richards, the well-known mining man, leaves for Denver tonight over the Rio Grande.

Mrs. Jas. Cromell and daughter left today over the Short Line for Liverpool, England.

Jacob W. A. Eberhardt, the well known mining man, left for Philadelphia over the Short Line today.

Mr. Evans, the traffic manager of the Short Line, went north over the road last night. He will be absent until Wednesday.

Miss Nayson, a niece of Gen. Manager Bancroft of the Short Line, left today for Los Angeles over the R. G. W. and S. P.

Traveling Agent Darling of the D. and R. G., whose headquarters are at Ogden City, has come in from the Idaho line today.

Two of the new engines of the Short Line will be in next week. It will be several weeks before one more of the kind will be in service.

C. Ev Tuttle of the Short Line has gone to Pendleton, Oregon, to attend the Bungtown association meeting tomorrow.

Chief Clerk Dan Spencer of the passenger department of the Oregon Short Line was in charge of the legislator excursion to Logan today.

Hon. Frank Hecker, a Chicago merchant and leader, was a caller at the office of Agent Hoover of the Short Line freight department this morning. Mr. Hecker is at present leading the Democrats of Illinois in Congress. He was due to leave for home last night after a trip to the home in the Sheep market but he and his son will now delay in the Mormon metropolis.

IN THE FEDERAL COURT.

New Trial Ordered in a Case Against the City—Other Matters.

Judge Marshall held a session of the Federal court today.

In the case of Joseph H. Smith vs Salt Lake City, known as the "Pest house case," the matter was referred to Parley L. Williams as referee. Mr. Williams's decision was in favor of the city. The plaintiff took exception to the findings and to the decision. Judge Marshall held in sustaining the bill of exceptions and ordered a new trial.

In the case of Leon Goldberg et al vs Nathan Tanner Jr. et al, the master's second report under decree of foreclosure was confirmed. A judgment for deficiency in accordance with the master's report was ordered entered.

Chas. Ed. Ingalls was declared a bankrupt and the case was sent to the referee in bankruptcy. Above of Weber county, the hearing being set for March 8th.

Judgment was in the case of E. L. Pease vs the Utah Soap Co. Says heard this afternoon.

Under the direction of Major J. T. Pond.

ASSEMBLY HALL,

Salt Lake City, Utah, Monday, April 3rd, 1899, the celebrated author and lecturer,

"IAN McLAREN"

(Dr. John Watson), author of "The Bonny Brier Bush," and "A Long Day," "The Mind of the Master," "Kate Carnegie," will appear.

SUBJECT—"Certain Traits of Scottish Character," with readings from "Bonny the Bonny Brier Bush" and "Auld Lang Syne."

ADMISSION 50c.

Tickets now obtainable at the following book stores: A. H. Berge & Co., Geo. Q. Cannon & Sons Co., Smith & Montgomery, C. R. Savage, and also at the Y. M. C. A. rooms.