THE EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED, AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

Tuesday, - - Dec. 9, 1873.

DAVID O. CALDER, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE *Kansas* and *Juniata* are supposed to be the U. S. vessels detailed to take charge of the *Virginius* and her surviving crew and passengers.

Congressional proceedings.

Majority of Judiciary Committee opposed to the nomination of Attorney General Williams to the Chief Justiceship, and his nomination will probably be withdrawn.

Bank robbers at Newcastle, Del., punished by pillory, whipping, fine and imprisonment.

United States Supreme Court decision in relation to Utah judicial matters.

Seth Adams the fish culturist is dead.

The Cubans are becoming calm, and willing to comply with the conditions of the protocol.

Professor Louis Agassiz, the great naturalist, is seriously ill.

The Spanish government has recently called into active military service, forty-six thousand of the reserves.

Grand Indian council at Oakamugee, seventeen nations represented.

It was so dark in the streets of London at 2 past 3 o'clock this afternoon, that traffic had to be suspended, and travelers had to be guided on their way by torch-bearers.

THE NEW CHIEF JUSTICE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL.

THE Washington *Star* speaks thus of the nomination of Judge Williams—

The designation by the President of Attorney General Williams to the Supreme Bench will, from all indications, be well received by the country. Judge Williams stands well with the lawyers, and while in the Senate he took high rank as a statesman.

Of Col. Bristow, nominated for the consequently vacant Attorney Generalship, the *Star* talks as follows—

Col. B. H. Bristow, of Kentucky, who, it is understood, will be appointed Attorney General, was the first Solicitor General under the law establishing a department of Justice, and he resigned that office about a year ago. He is recognized by all who have come in contact with him as one of the finest legal minds in the country.

It appears by the dispatches today that the probabilities are against the confirmation of Mr. Williams as Chief Justice.

UTAH JUDICIAL MATTERS.

IN the dispatches we publish today is a brief report of a decision by the Supreme Court of the United States, in a case relating to this Territory, that the Territorial Attorney General, and not the U. S. Attorney for the Territory, is the proper officer to prosecute in all Territorial cases.

This was well enough known here before, for no man of sense could doubt it, yet some of the Federal judges for the Territory, with obstinate and malignant judicial blindness, have refused to see it, furnishing further evidence of the truth of the a dage that none are so blind as those who wont see.

Now there is on record a decision from the U. S. Supreme Court that the Territorial Marshal, and not the U. S. Marshal, is the proper executive officer of the courts in Territorial cases, and another, by the same authority, that the Territorial Attorney-General, and not the U. S. Attorney, is the proper prosecuting officer, in such cases.

Will this be sufficient for the mulish portion of the federal judiciary for the Territory? Judging by analogy, the apprehension that it will not, comes first. For it is notorious that judges of this class will find some kind of a flaw in the local officials, so as to reject their services, if it be possible, and a great many things are possible to an unjust judge. Unfortunately, Utah is not unacquainted with federal judges who will not do what is just and right of their own volition, nor will they do right by compulsion, if they can help it. This induces the supposition that no matter how precise and definite and rigid the lines may be which the United States Supreme Court draws concerning this Territory, an unjust judge will find some way of overriding the law.

In the absence of more definite and detailed information concerning the decision in question, we may say that [illegible] Mr. Z. Snow was elected Attorney General of the Territory for four years.

In September, 1870, an information was filed against him in the District in the name of the United States, on the relation of Major Hempstead, Attorney of the United States for Utah. This information claimed that the United States Attorney was the lawful officer to attend to all business in the court, as well for the Territory as for the United States. Mr. Snow appeared to this information, and showed that he had been *elected*, by the *joint vote* of the Legislative Assembly, to the office of Attorney General, gave bonds, took the oath, held the commission as provided by the Territorial law, and claimed the right to attend to cases in behalf of the Territory. To this there was a general demurrer. The court here unanimously rendered judgment against Mr. Snow, and he appealed to the Supreme Court.

We understand that there was an agreement between Mr. Snow and Major Hempstead, that the United States and Territorial marshal question was to abide the decision in this case, that is, in the United States and Territorial attorney case. If so, and the agreement be respected, the Supreme Court has, in effect, reinstated the Territorial marshal by this decision.

THE SWEARING IN.

THIS is how the Washington *Evening Star*, of Dec. 1, pictures the swearing in of the Utah Delegate at the bar of the House of Representatives—

Quite a turning of heads was occasioned in the House upon the swearing in of the good-looking Bishop Cannon, of Utah, his polygamistic status having been fully ventilated previous to his taking the oath, upon an objection to his being sworn in, made by Mr. Merriam [Martin], of New York. Having been the subject of a few minutes' sharp debate, his presentation at the bar of the House to be sworn in provoked a general ripple of laughter, especially among the ladies in the gallery.

It augurs well to find the ladies in good humor over the affair.

BECOMING REASONABLE.

ACCORDING to the telegrams the last few days public feeling in Havana has been of [the most violent and excited character. The people have seemed determined to go to war with the United States rather than obey the orders of the home government and submit to the terms of the protocol recently concluded between Secretary Fish and Admiral Polo, the Spanish minister, in regard to the *Virginius* and its surviving prisoners. The Spaniards are proverbial for pride and valor, and under the circumstances there has been some excuse for the ebullitions of feeling on the part of the Spaniards of Cuba. The *Virginius* business, from first to last, has been an ugly affair, and in some respects discreditable to all parties concerned. The capture of the vessel under the circumstances was, we believe, justifiable by the Spanish authorities; their subsequent course, in so hastily and barbarously executing so many of those on board, while it may have been in accordance with the provisions of international law, was certainly lacking in the dignity which should have been manifested by the representatives and executive officers of a powerful nation.

As for the uproar that has been raised by the press and people of this country since the capture of the *Virginius* and the execution of her captain and part of her crew and passengers, we think it has been in great part uncalled for. It is a question yet undecided whether, although the vessel carried the American flag and papers, she was entitled to American protection. During the war she was a blockade runner, and since the insurrection in Cuba it is well known that she has been engaged in succoring the enemies of a power with which out government is on friendly terms. Such a vessel, regardless of the flag she carried, was liable to seizure, and those on board to capital punishment by the nation against which the offence was committed, and this is no more than the authorities of Cuba have done; and we believe that the law of nations will justify their course, even should it prove that the vessel rightfully carried the U. S. flag, seeing that the U. S. government failed to prevent a vessel fitted up in their ports, carrying their flag and owned [by one of their citizens from engaging in making war upon or succoring the foes of a friendly power.

This is undoubtedly the standpoint from which the Cuban authorities have acted, and from which the Spaniards and loyal portion of the Inhabitants of Cuba have viewed the capture and subsequent proceedings in the *Virginius* case, and they have evidently felt that they were justified, and that in the eye of the law they had committed no overt act. They have, however, also been aware of the fact that a protocol had been agreed upon between the governments of the United States and Spain, looking to an amicable settlement of the difficulty, and their violent ebullitions of temper and feeling, and avowed intention to fight rather than submit to the terms agreed upon, have, to say the least, been in bad taste. It is very gratifying to learn, however, according to today's dispatches, that discretion and good sense are again resuming their sway over the people of Cuba. This change in public sentiment is fortunate for both Spain and Cuba. War would have caused the latter scenes of unutterable sorrow and woe, and in the end would have been almost certain to result in the annexation of the island to the United States, for however well and valiantly defended the "gem of the Antilles" might be, in case of a contest, neither Spain nor Cuba could hope to successfully cope with the United States. By the proposed amicable settlement of the dispute both these contingencies may be avoided and neither spot nor stain of an unendurable character to be left upon the honor of either; and unpleasant as this Cuban business has been, one result, in the interest of humanity will be likely to flow from it, and that is, in future events similar in character to that which has led to the present rumpus, the captors will probably be induced to show more respect to the demands and usages of civilization while carrying out the decrees of law than the authorities of Cuba have done in the *Virginius* affair.

PROCEEDINGS IN CONGRESS.

The following report of the proceedings of the House of Representatives on the swearing in of the [illegible] cember 1, is from the *Congressional Record*—

SWEARING IN OF DELEGATES.

Mr. MAYNARD. I suppose it is now in order that the Delegates be sworn in.

The SPEAKER. The Chair was about to call them.

Mr. MERRIAM. Before the Delegate from Utah is sworn in, I have a resolution which I desire to offer.

The SPEAKER. If the gentleman objects to the swearing in of any Delegate, he will stand aside until those delegates who are not objected to have been sworn in.

Mr. MERRIAM. I object to the Delegate from Utah being sworn in.

The Delegates-elect from the Territories who were present, with the exception of the Delegate from Utah, then qualified, by taking the oath prescribed by the act of July 2, 1862, as follows:

New Mexico.—Stephen B. Elkins.
Washington.—Obadiah B. McFadden.
Colorado.—Jerome B. Chaffee.
Dakota.—Moses K. Armstrong.
Arizona.—Richard C. McCormick.
Idaho.—John Hailey.
Montana.—Martin Maginnis.
Wyoming.—William R. Steele.
District of Columbia.—Norton P. Chipman.

DELEGATE FROM UTAH.

Mr. MERRIAM. I offer the following preamble and resolution, upon which I demand the previous question:

"Whereas it is alleged that George Q. Cannon, of Utah, has taken oaths inconsistent with citizenship of the United States and with his obligations as Delegate in this House, and has been, and continues to be, guilty of practices in violation and defiance of the laws of the United States: Therefore,

"*Resolved*, That the credentials of said Cannon, and his right to a seat in this House as a delegate from Utah, be referred to the Committee of Elections, and that the said Cannon be not admitted to a seat in this House previous to the report from said committee."

Mr. COX. I call for the reading of the credentials of the Delegate from Utah.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the credentials.

The Clerk read as follows:

"UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
"Territory of Utah.

"I, George L. Woods, governor of Utah Territory, do hereby certify that at an election held in and for the Territory of Utah, on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1873, for Delegate to the House of Representatives of the United States, 22,913 votes were cast, of which number George Q. Cannon received 20,069, and Ferry [Geo.] R. Maxwell received 1,942, and that two votes were cast for other persons; and that the said George Q. Cannon, having received the greatest number of votes for said office at said election, is by me hereby declared duly elected Delegate to the House of Representatives of the United States from the Territory of Utah to the Forty-third Congress.

"In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Territory of Utah to be affixed.

"Done at Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, on this the 11th day of October, 1872.

"GEORGE L. WOODS,
"Governor of said Territory.

"By the governor:
"GEORGE A. BLACK,
"Secretary of said Territory."

Mr. COX. Will my colleague allow me to way a word?

Mr. MERRIAM. Having moved the previous question, I now demand a vote.

Mr. COX. I would like my colleague to yield to me for a moment only.

Mr. MERRIAM. I do not yield.

The question was put on seconding the previous question, and there were ayes 69, noes 74.

So the previous question was not seconded.

Mr. COX. I do not raise any moral questions here. I do not care any thing about Mormonism; but the point is, that this gentleman has a *prima facie* right to the seat, and we are setting a precedent that may be dangerous. I know my friend and I should agree in regard to some practices in Utah, but I hope the House will not depart from the regular, established custom, and break down the *prima facie* certificate of the governor of the Territory. Let us stand on principle. I move that the Delegate from Utah be sworn in.

Mr. KELLOG. I would inquire if there is any other certificate or credential from the governor of Utah.

The SPEAKER. The Chair is informed by the Clerk that this is the only credential that has been presented from that Territory.

Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts. Will the gentleman from New York [Mr. COX] allow me a single word?

Mr. COX. I yield to the gentleman with pleasure.

Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts. I desire to say to the House that I do not believe that when a man comes here with proper credentials from the proper authority it has ever been the custom of the House, or ever ought to be, that he shall not have *prima facie* his seat, because the moment we break away from that rule, then in high party times the House could never be organized. That is all that any of us have when we come here. While I do not mean to give any opinion or to intimate any as to the merits of this case, of which I know nothing, yet I will say that here is a case where a man holds from the governor of a Territory the proper credentials, and that Territory is entitled to be represented on this floor until something shall be shown to the House to take away that right. I trust, therefore, that my friend from New York [Mr. Merriam] who offered this resolution will withdraw it, and allow Mr. Cannon to be sworn in.

Mr. NIBLACK. I move that the pending resolution be laid upon the table.

Mr. G. F. HOAR. I ask the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. Niblack] to withdraw that motion for a moment.

Mr. NIBLACK. I will do so.

Mr. G. F. HOAR. This precise question came up in the last House in the case of Mr. Clark, of Texas. His credentials were referred to the Committee on Elections, and that committee reported that the only question for the House to consider was, whether Mr. Clark's credentials were regular in form, and whether the officer certifying them was entitled by the law of the State and the usages of the House to give him those credentials. Thereupon the House seated Mr. Clark, though, a few weeks after, the committee reported upon the whole case, and the House decided that Mr. Clark was not entitled to the seat he had been occupying, and gave it to his competitor, Mr. Giddings.

Mr. POTTER. There is no question about certificates presented in this case. As appeared by the very proper inquiry of the gentleman from Connecticut [Mr. Kellogg] this is the only certificate presented, and the only pretense that anybody has to the seat. The resolution of my colleague [Mr. Merriam] goes, by way of objection to this gentleman being sworn in, upon the ground that he is guilty of certain practices contrary to the laws of the United States. Now the difficulty with my colleague's objection is, that the statute has prescribed certain qualifications for the office of Delegate from the Territory, but among those qualifications is not innocency in respect to practices to which my friend alludes.

We had that precise question in the Forty-first Congress, when a gentleman from Virginia was charged with disloyalty and other offenses; and it was agreed, almost without a dissenting voice upon this side of the House, that the House had no power to consider or determine as a prerequisite to admission, whether or not he had been guilty of those or any other offences, provided he came here with the constitutional requirements; and provided he has the *prima-facie* evidence of a right to a seat, in a certificate from the governor. Were there two certificates here, or any contest about the office, it would then be proper to refer the question to the Committee on Elections. But when there is no question as to who was elected, we cannot now try or even consider the suggestion that this man was guilty of the offenses charged, because that has nothing whatever to do with his right to a seat here.

Mr. MAYNARD. There is another question in connection with this case to which I desire to call attention. It is that this resolution is introduced with a preamble which asserts certain propositions to be facts. We have no evidence to that effect; we have no documents presented; the power of the gentleman has made no statement upon his own authority or otherwise, and it seems to me that it would be very rash for us to assume the truth of those statements, and to act upon them, so far as to prevent the swearing in of this Delegate.

It is in that aspect of the case that I am prevented from making the motion that I first thought of making—to refer this resolution to the Committee on Elections. I think it very unsafe to adopt a resolution, or any other proceeding, in this House reflecting upon a member of the House, unless we first have some ground laid, either by documentary evidence introduced, or by statements made by the gentleman who introduced the proposition upon his own authority and responsibility.

Mr. NIBLACK. I now insist upon my motion, that the pending resolution be laid on the table.

The motion was agreed to.

There being no further objection, Mr. Cannon again presented himself and qualified by taking the oath prescribed by the law of July 2, 1862.

[illegible] Church is in the midst of [illegible] troubles, and it appears the congregation wants to teach her.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

To-Day's Dispatches.

EASTERN.

Sickles—The Chief Justiceship.

CHICAGO, 9.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says that no official notification of Sickles' resignation has yet reached the State Department, but it is expected daily. The difficulties between Fish and Sickles grew out of the officious zeal of the latter, who has chosen, it seems, in the recent complications to represent the President rather than the Secretary of State, upon the last passport arrangement, and anticipating any action that the government might be disposed to take, Minister Sickles, immediately upon receiving news of the executions at Santiago de Cuba, filed a protest with the Madrid government. He has also, since that time, and up to the time when Fish first began to conduct the negotiations with the Spanish government without Sickles' aid, insisted on pressing to Castelar more imperious demands than the instructions from the State Department permitted. On the 22nd of November it was known that his relations with Figueras were of an unfriendly character, and it was about that time that Secretary Fish decided to conduct the case without his assistance. At the same time, it is stated that Fish took Admiral Polo, the Spanish minister here, into his confidence. Sickles, very naturally, became discontented, and advised this government that the Castelar republic was a failure, and that the U. S. government should withdraw its recognition of Castelar as the head of the Spanish government. The Secretary of State declined to take the action advised by Sickles, and the latter will not come home and lay his case before the President, whose views he has reflected throughout. The President will not, however, there is reason to believe, sustain Sickles, who, unless there should be found another place for him in the diplomatic service, will be remanded to private life.

The same special says the peculiar action of the Senate Judiciary Committee in partially considering the nomination of Williams to be Chief Justice, and adjourning over without taking action, is regarded as an indication of the ultimate defeat of the nomination. The alleged reason for the postponement is that Edmunds, Chairman of the committee, is in ill health, but the true reason is the inability of the committee to agree to report favorably. The following are said to be among the senators who openly express disapproval of the appointment: Edmunds, the two Morrills, Pratt, Allison, Ferry, of Mich., Chandler, Logan, Oglesby, Buckingham, Alcorn, Cragin and Ingalls. Senators Morton, Wright, Boutwell, Frelinghuysen and Crozier look upon the appointment with great disfavor, but do not like to take any steps which will lead to a rupture with the President. It is believed that both the President and Williams have become satisfied that the nomination is regarded as at least a mistake, and that it ought to be withdrawn, as it doubtless will be before Friday, unless something unforeseen should transpire in the meantime, to weaken the opposition.

Rev. Chas. Henry, of Christ Church, in this city, has, after consultation with his congregation, which unanimously counselled this course, decided to accept a Bishoprick in the Episcopal organization recently started in New York by Bishop Cummings, of Kentucky.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Terrible Fog.

LONDON, 9.—A fog, almost unprecedented in density, overhangs the city; at this hour, half past three, it is so dark that all traffic has ceased, and the streets are filled with men and boys bearing torches to light pedestrians.

FRANCE.

Munificent.

PARIS, 9.—President MacMahon and wife, contributed five thousand francs for the survivors of the *Ville de Havre*.

Our Country Contemporaries.

The Beaver *Enterprise*, Dec. 4.—Snow in Beaver this morning eight inches on the level.

The officers' quarters, hospital and other buildings that are being erected at the Post are nearly completed.

Dr. F. W. Elbrey, U. S. surgeon at Post of Beaver, on the 26th ult, performed an operation on the arm of James Kerfew, son of Richard Kerfew, of this city, that bespoke a degree of skill and surgical ability that is rare in this western country. The operation referred to, consisted in removing about four inches of the bone of the upper part of the arm, which had become affected from white swelling. The bone was found to be in a decaying condition; so much so, that the part most affected could be indented with the finger.

The operation lasted but a few minutes, and the patient was speedily revived from the effects of the chloroform, and is feeling much improved since the operation, and will, in a short time, be so far recovered as to be around; at least, such are the present favorable indications.

Ogden *Junction*, Dec. 6.—

Petty thefts are of constant occurrence by day and by night, from a ten cents shinplaster to a pewter spoon.

The Union Pacific road has engines attached to snow plows at Grand Island, North Platte and Cheyenne, to await any emergency that may be caused by snow blockades.

Curtis, of Z. C. M. I. [illegible] are in town taking stock of the wagon and commission department, which is under the superintendence of Mr. B. White.

The Probate Court of Weber County met this morning at ten o'clock, Judge P. D. Richards presiding. A grand jury was empanelled, and after the delivery of the charge, retired. Court then adjourned.

Mr. John Peek hitched his team to a post in front of a store on Main street, last Saturday, and went in to warm himself. He was away only a few minutes, but long enough to lose a sack of wheat, which was stolen out of his wagon.

A gentleman yesterday morning, left a fine beaver overcoat in the hall of a restaurant, before entering the dining room to take breakfast. His matutinal meal did not agree with his stomach, when he discovered that some light fingered "gentleman of the Dick Turpin persuasion" had made way with it.

The City Marshal of Omaha, some time ago received from a pawn shop in that city, a valuable diamond ring, for a gentleman living in San Francisco, who lost it in a Pullman car, while on a journey to Omaha. It was a magnificent solitaire, and valued at $600. The Marshal remitted it to the owner, and by return mail was rewarded with a gift of $125.

Mr. Samuel B. Wing, long and favorably known as a messenger of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express in this city, will leave to-morrow morning for Laramie, where he enters the service of the Union Pacific Express Company. Mr. Wing has by his diligence and faithfulness to the interests of his employers, won their confidence, and in this city earned the esteem of all with whom he has had personal relations. Our best wishes attend him in the new sphere to which he is invited. Mr. Richard Dooley succeeds to the position made vacant by Mr. Wing's withdrawal.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALT LAKE THEATRE!

Salt Lake Theatre Corporation, Proprietors.
CLAWSON, CAINE & WILLIAMS.....Managers.
JAMES H. WILSON.....Stage Manager.
O. J. THOMAS.....Musical Director.
E. B. ZABRISKIE.....Prompter.
GEO. TIRRELL.....Scenic Artist.

LAST PRODUCTION
Of Mr. E. W. TULLIDGE'S New Historical Play, in Five Acts, entitled,

OLIVER CROMWELL!

Compiled by the author from the best historical authorities, illustrated with New Scenery by Mr. Geo. Tirrell, Dancing, Exercises by Reid and assistants. New Costumes, Properties, Etc., Dramatically Arranged and produced under the direction of Mr. J. H. Vinson.

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Will be presented, a new Five-Act Play, from the pen of E. W. TULLIDGE, Esq., entitled,

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Cromwell.....Mr. J. AL. SAWTELLE
Lady Fairfax.....Miss KATE DENIN

Wednesday Evening, Dec. 10,
Engagement of
THE GREAT LEOTARD,
The Celebrated
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Shakespeare's Admired Comedy of
Katherine & Petruchio.
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WANTED.—Forty Young Ladies for the Ballet, in Christmas Piece. Apply to Harry Horsley, at Stage Door, between 2 and 4 o'clock.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Parquette, Parquette Circle and First Circle	$1.00
Reserved Seats, do. do	1.25
Second Circle	50
Reserved Seats in do	75
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Private Boxes, from $7 to $12 each.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance commences at half-past 7.

☞ BOX OFFICE open for sale of tickets every morning at 10 o'clock.

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FOR many years Homeopathic Practitioner in British India. Having practiced Homopathy for nearly thirty years, and for the last four thereof closely observed the diseases incident to this climate, Dr. Meik offers to his patrons and the citizens of Salt Lake City and its vicinity a careful and faithful application of advanced homopathic treatment. The special attention of those suffering from severe Rheumatic or Neuralgic affections, whether chronic or acute, is requested to his special Circular issued with this evening's News throughout this city, which should they not obtain will, on application, be sent free to their address. Dr. Meik has also a specific powder for outward burns, or scalds, made up in $1.00 packages with directions, which on application gives immediate relief, however severe the cases may be. Every family ought to have a supply, which, in case of accidents, would save much suffering and it might be life itself. ☞ *Pure Fresh Homeopathic Medicines always on hand.*

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Salt Lake City, Dec. 1st, 1873. d15 1m

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ANTHONY GODBE.....Cashier.

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Dividend for 1871, 50 Per Cent.

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DOGGETT, BASSETT & HILLS,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS AND SHOES

29 & 32 Lake St., Cor. Wabash Av.,
Chicago.

☞ Our Goods are kept by Z. C. M. I. and all the Co-operative Stores in the Territory. d174-6m

GET THE BEST!

FOR

COOKING

AND

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BEAUTIFUL, DURABLE,

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CHEAP!

Made of the Finest Iron by the Most Experienced Eastern Workmen.

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To Merchants

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Co-operative Stores Throughout the Territory.

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CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY,

The Short and Direct Line

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Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia,

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And all points East, North-East and the Canadas.

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And all points South and South-west.

This line has cabins of unsurpassed magnificence, Palace Sleeping Cars, Elegant Day Coaches, Magnificent Dining Cars, Miller Platform and Westinghouse Safety Air Brakes.

Most Rapid, Luxurious Day and Sleeping Cars, Miller Platform and Westinghouse Safety Air Brakes.

Ask for and see that your tickets read over this road.

VIA CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

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MAKE YOUR CHILDREN HAPPY

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THEIR styles are always the latest, consisting of the largest variety made in Philadelphia. They will fit better, look prettier, wear longer and give more satisfaction than any other make, besides they will not hurt the foot. A large and complete assortment can be found, both Wholesale and Retail, at Z. C. M. I. and all its branches throughout the Territory, also at all other first-class stores. ☞ Do not fail to ask for A pair of our Shoes. See that they are stamped on the Sole, SOLLERS & CO., Philadelphia.

P.S.—We stamp every pair. None are genuine unless they have our name on them. d272 6m

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VIENNA WORLD'S FAIR, 1873,

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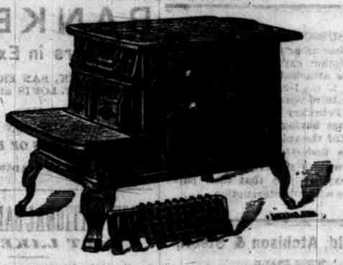

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The Best Bituminous Coal Cooking Stove in the World.

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SANTA CLAUS COOKING STOVE,

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Wm. RESOR & Co., Cincinnati, O.

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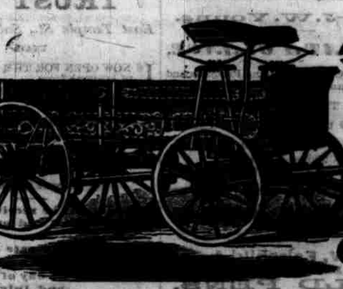

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Their Own Merits.

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SEBREE & ROBERTSON

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Sell the BAIN Wagon at Logan and Ogden, Utah.

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Fish Bros. Utah Wagon.

The OLD RELIABLE MITCHELL WAGON

THESE TWO WAGONS ARE MADE AT RACINE, WISCONSIN, AND ARE

Unrivalled and Unequalled

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BEST QUALITY OF THOROUGHLY SEASONED TIMBER.

They are the

Best Ironed and Easiest Running Wagons in the Market.

Ask any man who has run one of these Wagons and he will confirm these statements.

THEY ARE THOROUGHLY WARRANTED.

And we point with pride to the fact that no man in Utah can say that either of these firms has not done the Square Thing by their Warranty.

Thousands upon Thousands of these Wagons Sold in this Territory

Than of any other manufactory, during the past season.

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☞ We also keep on hand the Best Assortment of Wagon Stock and Shop Material in Utah.

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W. & B. DOUGLAS,

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Hydraulic Rams, Garden and Fire Engines, Pump Chains and Fixtures Iron Curbs, etc.

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Manufacturers and Jobbers of

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Brushes, Brooms, Matches, Etc.

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PROPRIETORS OF THE

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OLD TOM GIN.

We make a specialty in KENTUCKY BOURBON and PENNSYLVANIA RYE WHISKIES. All our goods are kept by the Z. C. M. I. and all its Branch Stores. d11 1y.

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SOAPS!

Universally Known as the

Purest, Best and Cheapest!

SOLD WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

N. B.—Savon Imperial Leading Soap of America.

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Manufacturers and Jobbers in

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STRAW GOODS, BUCK GLOVES, &C.

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Lamps and Lamp Fixtures,

GLASSWARE AND FRUIT JARS,

The Largest and Finest Stock on the Continent.

22 Lake Street, CHICAGO.

FAIRBANK PECK & CO.

PACKERS OF

Refined Lard,

In Caddies, in Pails, Kegs and Tierces,

Expressly for Family use. Manufacturers of

EXTRA LARD OIL, AND PURE

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MONROE and FRANKLIN Sts., CHICAGO.

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AMERICAN IRON WORKS.

JONES & LAUGHLINS

IRON and NAILS,

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OFFICE and WAREHOUSE, cor. of Canal and Jackson Sts. Chicago.

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CABINET & GENERAL HARDWARE

Upholsterers' Goods,

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MANUFACTURERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Boots & Shoes

208, 210, 207 & 209 MADISON ST.,

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