

CUBANS ACCEPT AMENDMENT.

Resolution to Adopt Carried Without Discussion.

16 IN FAVOR, 11 AGAINST.

Must Establish a Stable Government Before Americans Will Draw—Practical Evidence of This Required.

Havana, June 12.—The Cuban constitutional convention today accepted the amendment by a vote of 16 to 11. The resolution to adopt was carried without discussion.

Immediately after the opening of the session, Senors Tamayo, Villuendas and Céspedes, constituting a majority of the committee on relations, submitted a substitute for the committee's former report the Platt amendment as passed by Congress, recommending that it be made an appendix to the constitution. The vote on the resolution the two-hundred delegates present divided as follows:

In favor of acceptance: Senors Capote, Villuendas, Jose M. Gomez, Tamayo, Desaguado, Delgado, Betancourt, Gila, Lorenzo, Quesada, Sanguily, Yanez, Rodriguez, Berriel Quiles and others.

Opposed to acceptance: Senors Zayas, Echeverria, Echeverria, Juan Guzman, Gomez, Cisneros, Silveira, Portuondo, Castro and Mandu.

Senors Rivera, Correo, Genar and others were absent. The latter two voted against acceptance. The vote was 16 to 11 in favor of the amendment. The amendment was adopted by a vote of 16 to 11.

MUST ESTABLISH STABLE GOVERNMENT.

Washington, June 12.—The news of the adoption of the Platt amendment by the constitutional convention was received with general gratification here. The administration officials all along have felt confident that its ratification would be accomplished when the Cubans realized that this government was in its attitude regarding the amendment and that its acceptance would be necessary before the United States would consent to withdraw its protection from the island.

Now that the Cubans have demonstrated their good faith in the United States it is expected that a fairly speedy withdrawal of the United States troops will be accomplished. The establishment of a stable government in the island, it is felt, will be accomplished without much delay.

One cabinet officer, speaking of the matter tonight, expressed the opinion that if the other requirements are met our withdrawal might be accomplished during the summer and that Cuban independence might be a reality by next autumn.

Gen. Wood today communicated to the war department officially the fact that the amendment had been adopted.

CABINET OFFICERS' COMMENTS.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 12.—Secy. of War Taft was tonight shown the Associated Press dispatch from Havana announcing the adoption of the Platt amendment by the Cuban constitutional convention. He said:

"If the Cuban convention has adopted the amendment, it has done the most patriotic thing possible for Cuba. It means the independence of Cuba, and all that is best and freest in Cuba will be backed by all that is best in the United States."

When Secy. of State Hay read the dispatch he said: "As an old friend of Cuba, I am most gratified to learn that the Cuban convention has done what is so clearly to the advantage of the Cuban people."

GEN. MAC ARTHUR.

Expected to Sail for the United States July 1.

Manila, June 12.—Gov. Gen. MacArthur expects to leave on July 1 for the United States. He will be accompanied by his family and a small staff. He will spend two weeks there before embarking on the transport Sheridan for San Francisco.

WILL AID THE MACHINISTS.

That is What the American Federation of Labor Will Do.

New York, June 12.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, has made this announcement to the Washington correspondent of the Herald:

"The American Federation of Labor will aid the International Association of Machinists in every way within its power in its contest for the nine-hour day."

Long Journey in a Skiff.

New York, June 12.—Alvah D. James and Barton H. Nolan, two young men who left Irvington, Va., a small town in the Appalachian mountains, are expected to reach this city next Monday.

The boys believe they are now off to sea. The young men intend to make a 1000 mile journey in the skiff and to be gone a year. They are not to be seen again. They are not to be seen again. They are not to be seen again.

From there they expect to paddle down the Atlantic coast to Key West, through the Gulf of Mexico to Texas, where the journey will terminate.

American Trolley Car for Athens.

New York, June 12.—The World says: "The trolley car built in this country will be the first to go to Athens. It will be sent to Piræus in modern Greece. The contract for constructing the line has been let. In a general way the cars will resemble those used in Brooklyn."

The electric boom has struck Greece. The electric light plants are being manufactured in the United States to illuminate Calamata, Lyr.

Feeds the Hair

Have you ever thought why your hair is falling out? It is because you are starving your hair. If this starvation continues, your hair will continue to fall.

There is one good hair food. It is Ayer's Hair Vigor. It goes right to the roots of the hair and gives them just the food they need. The hair stops falling, becomes healthy, and grows thick and long.

Ayer's Hair Vigor does another thing, also: it always restores color to faded or gray hair.

One dollar a bottle.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us \$1.00 and we will express a bottle to you, all charges prepaid. Be sure and give us your nearest express office.

J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Send for our handsome book on The Hair.

MR. ROCKHILL'S PROPOSITION.

Carries With It Adjustment of the Total Indemnity.

Washington, June 12.—Mr. Rockhill's proposition to submit the indemnity question to The Hague tribunal, it is now learned, carries with it the adjustment of the total of the indemnity. Through a misunderstanding which perhaps was purposely created by some of the powers, the sum of \$50,000,000 was supposed to have been agreed to by all the powers as the total of the indemnity to be demanded from China.

As a matter of fact there is nothing official to show that the powers or indeed the majority of them actually made this a matter of formal agreement. It is true that China undertook to pay an indemnity of \$50,000,000, but it is equally true that this understanding above referred to, was at least in advance of a formal agreement among the ministers themselves.

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FOSTER MURDER SUSPECTS

They Are Held in a Frame Barn Near Shreveport, Surrounded by a Mob.

Shreveport, La., June 12.—The Foster murder suspects, with the exception of Edwards, the murderer, who is still at large, are held in a frame barn about two miles from Shreveport on the banks of the Red river. Apparently they are in the hands of officers of the law; actually they are in the custody of armed civilians. Men from every walk of life, from the farm hand to the city man, have gathered immediately after the murder and pistols, Winchester and shotguns seemed to be the walking accompaniment of the mob, so quickly did they spring up on every side. At this hour—3:15 a. m.—the mob is drawing a cordon around the temporary jail for the purpose of preventing any attempt on the part of the officials to move the men.

Numerous threats of lynching are made by the members of the mob.

WERE TAKEN FROM TEXAS.

Houston, Tex., June 12.—The negroes who are corralled at Shreveport were taken from Houston during the winter by a negro preacher, calling himself "Gullah the prophet." He is a great force among ignorant blacks by predicting dire disaster and finally persuaded about 200 of them to go to Louisiana in order to avoid death in the predicted destruction of Houston.

It was ascertained afterward that Smith, (the name of the self styled prophet) who is among those who are under arrest, was acting as an agent for planters who were short of help and had used his influence as an exhorter to get the negroes to go with him.

J. G. Foster's Brother-in-Law Shot.

Shreveport, La., June 12.—John Gray Foster, brother of the wife of Governor McMillan, of Tennessee, was shot and killed by a negro on his plantation near Shreveport today. The negro has escaped, but poses as hunting for him. Intense excitement prevails at Shreveport, and the negro probably will be lynched if caught. The Foster family is among the most prominent in the state.

POSTMASTERS' SALARIES.

229 Will Receive Less.

On July 1, 1761 Will Have More and

Washington, June 12.—The annual adjustment of postmasters' salaries has just been completed in the office of the first assistant postmaster-general, the result being that on the 1st of July 1761 postmasters will receive increased pay and 229 will receive reduced compensation. The total increase is \$25,400, and the aggregate increase \$215,800, making a net increase of \$157,200.

In only one instance, that of New Orleans, does the increase amount to as much as \$1,000. There are three increases of \$500, fourteen of \$400, forty-nine of \$300, 225 of \$200, and 1,478 of \$100.

Twelve offices of the second class will be advanced to the first class and ninety-six from the third to the second class. There will be but one relegation from the second to the third class (Mid-dletown, Pa.), and seven from the third to the fourth class.

The increase in the average salaries of postmasters noted last year has been continued, and this year it will be \$17.75, as compared with \$17.54 last year.

Two hundred and twenty-nine offices have been advanced to the president's class during the past year. Sixteen offices have been discontinued and made stations of other offices during the year.

With the exception of 1890, the showing made this year is better than for any one year since 1883, the first year in which postmasters' salaries were adjusted on the present basis.

TRANSVAAL MINES TO BE TAXED.

The British Government Will Levy \$250,000,000 on Them.

TO PAY HALF COST OF WAR.

Chamberlain's Recommendation Certain to Cause Consternation Among Kafir Stockholders.

New York, June 13.—A dispatch to the World from London says: The British government has decided to levy \$250,000,000 on the Transvaal gold mines to pay half the cost of the war.

Sir David Barbour, formerly finance minister for India, who was commissioned to report upon the taxable capacity of these mines advised Colonial Secretary Chamberlain to levy £175,000,000, but Mr. Chamberlain after consultation with Lord Milner, increased the maximum in the amount stated.

Barbour's report is awaited here with the keenest interest in political and financial circles.

This recommendation when it becomes known here is certain to cause consternation among the Kafir stockholders, who fancied that the idea of taxing the mines, which are mostly owned by England, had been abandoned.

As these very gold mines were the real underlying cause of the war, many have maintained that the British owners should be made to bear a large share, at least, of its heavy burden.

GERMAN WOOLEN GOODS.

The Industry Has Undergone a Great Change for the Worse Lately.

New York, June 13.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says: "There is probably no German enterprise which has undergone within a comparatively short time such a marked change as the woolen dress goods industry of this and neighboring districts. Until 1890 prosperity conditions prevailed, but early in that year there was a falling off in the values of wool and woolen yarns of 50 to 60 per cent. Enormous financial sacrifices followed. The high tariff of Russia and the establishment of factories on a large scale at Laidz and other places in that country, the loss of the valuable United States market and the decrease in exports to Austria, England and Scandinavia are among the cause of depression. Last year two-thirds of the looms were idle and there are no prospects of improvement. Of the many manufacturers who have been engaged in the woolen dress goods trade with our country, only seven or eight are still left and these ship less each season."

These statements are made by Charles Newer, consular agent at Genoa, in a report to the state department. He says further:

"Some of the prominent manufacturers of this and other German cities have established branch factories in Passaic and Philadelphia and it is said, with great success. I am convinced that more would follow if in possession of the necessary capital and credit. The railroad companies and private persons in all parts of the United States wishing to sell property for woolen mills, but while I may claim the merit of having been the mediator in the partial transportation of one of the largest German factories to our shores, my further endeavors were, on account of lack of capital, in vain."

"In my opinion this is an excellent opportunity for some of our large capitalists to combine with intelligent and reliable European manufacturers in the promotion of home industry. That such an investment will prove a first class business is shown by existing establishments."

MODERN WOODMEN.

Discuss Question of Admitting Cities of 200,000 Population.

St. Paul, Minn., June 12.—Election of officers and a protracted contest over the admission of cities of over 200,000 to the jurisdiction of the Modern Woodmen of America today. The proposition to take city members into the order came up on the report from the law committee. An amendment was proposed to this effect to discontinue the present limit, which keeps cities of over 200,000 from joining the order. Chicago, St. Louis, Milwaukee, Buffalo, Cleveland, San Francisco, Cincinnati, Philadelphia and Pittsburgh being named in several motions and then being up one at a time and each voted upon. The vote was 369 to 328, and the others were more quickly disposed of, all being voted down. This leaves paragraph 4 of the law committee's report with the single recommendation that cities of 200,000 and over be admitted to the jurisdiction of the order and this amendment will doubtless be carried on Friday. The action this afternoon is considered settling for some years to come the membership limitation of the Modern Woodmen.

VIRGINIA CONVENTION.

Members Decide Not to Take Oath Prescribed for Officers.

Richmond, Va., June 12.—The Virginia constitutional convention met at noon today. John Goode was made president, and in his speech of acceptance he took strong ground in favor of restricting negro suffrage.

The question of the members taking the oath prescribed for state officers was a long debate and a long floor vote. It was decided finally that no oath should be taken.

Senator Daniel was one of the leaders of the opposition to swearing in the members. The decision of the body was influenced by the fact that to take the oath of office might trammel it in dealing with the suffrage issues. Some of the members declared that they would suffer expulsion before they would be sworn in.

Smillie Print Collection.

New York, June 13.—At a recent meeting of the New York public library a letter was received from James D. Smillie announcing the gift of a collection of 923 prints, for the department of prints. These are from steel engravings, and 625 of them are by the donor's father, the late James Smillie, extending from 1825 down to the close of his life, in 1885. James Smillie was a famous engraver in his day and his work includes such subjects as Thomas Cole's "Voyage of Life" and A. Bierstadt's "Rocky Mountains."

The prints in the collection are especially valuable being "engraver's proofs," of which only two or three are struck off from the finished plate, just before it is turned over to the publisher. There are also full sets of working proofs, showing the evolution of an engraved plate. Besides the works of Smillie, the collection includes engravings by about twenty of his contemporaries.

A SPLENDID TONIC.

Is Pe-ru-na, Says Congressman Fitzpatrick.



Hon. F. Y. Fitzpatrick, Congressman from Kentucky, writes from the National Hotel, Washington, D. C., as follows:

"At the solicitation of a friend I used your Pe-ru-na and can cheerfully recommend your remedy to anyone suffering with catarrh or who needs a good tonic."—F. Y. Fitzpatrick.

Mr. Mathias Lelf, Secretary Uniform Rank, Catholic Knights of America, writes from 327 North Clark street, Chicago, Ill., as follows:

FORT WASHAKIE INDIANS.

Col. Jesse M. Lee Says the Reports of Troubles Are Unfounded.

He Was Sent by Gen. Merriam to Make an Investigation—No Indian Has Been Killed.

Denver, Colo., June 12.—Reports of troubles with the Indians near Fort Washakie, Wyo., are unfounded. Even the report of the killing of an Indian by a white shepherd is false. Col. Jesse M. Lee, commandant at Fort Leavenworth, who was sent by Gen. Merriam two weeks ago to Fort Washakie to investigate the alleged troubles with the Indians, has returned and made his report to Gen. Merriam.

Col. Lee in his report asserts that the Indians have made complaint that the agent has not given them sufficient seed grain to plant and thereby raise their crops, but this is found to be simply a complaint and to carry with it no indication whatever of trouble.

The story of the killing of an Indian by a white shepherd grew out of a shooting affray between two shepherders, both white, in which neither was hurt.

The Oregon in San Francisco.

San Francisco, June 12.—The battleship Oregon arrived late this afternoon from the Orient. Preparations had been made to make the home-coming of the famous vessel a memorable one, but they were anticipated by the arrival of the vessel twenty-four hours earlier than was expected.

Two Miners Asphyxiated.

Baker City, Or., June 12.—This morning a party of miners who were changing shift at the Baby McKee mine near Seaside, four miles from Baker City, were found dead in a mine shaft. The bodies of the two miners were found in a mine shaft. The bodies of the two miners were found in a mine shaft.

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A Noted Ex-Slave Dead.

Chicago, June 12.—William Giles, an ex-slave who cooked for Gen. U. S. Grant during the civil war, is dead. For twenty years Giles has been a resident of this city. Prior to taking up his residence here the old ex-slave had spent many years in Washington, where Gen. Grant, when President, employed him about the White House in a confidential capacity.

William Giles was born in Orange county, Va., June 24, 1827. He was born a slave, but early gained his freedom. He came into possession of considerable wealth, but according to his friends' statements, he spent it all in aiding fugitive slaves to escape to the north.

Indian Monsoon Breaks.

Bombay, India, June 12.—The monsoon has broken.

According to a dispatch to the London Daily Mail from Simla a favorable monsoon had started there on June 10, and rains were everywhere expected in India except in the northern portions of the Punjab.

NARROW ESCAPE AT SEA.

The Border Knight Has a Long and Perilous Voyage.

Halifax, N. S., June 12.—After sailing nearly 700 miles in an open boat to take relief to the ship, the Border Knight, Mr. Mathie, chief officer, and two of the crew arrived at Sheet Harbor, the end of their fifteen days' journey to find that their steamer had just been towed in, a distance of 450 miles, by the Spanish steamer Durango, from Philadelphia for Bilbao. Capt. W. F. Splatt, of the Border Knight, and his crew were landed here, while the brave little rescue party found a haven forty miles to the eastward.

When the Border Knight's tall shaft broke in latitudes 34.10 north and longitude 53 east, the crew of the Border Knight began to make her way slowly northward. Provisions were scarce, for she had made an unusually slow voyage from Africa and the situation seemed to be desperate as she was far out of the track of commerce.

Mr. Mathie and the two men volunteered to set out in the lifeboat with a flimsy bit of sail to bring assistance to the British steamer. This was on May 28, and on June 7 the Durango, outward bound, responded to the signals of distress on the Border Knight. They were sighted by the Trave on Saturday. The Border Knight was bound from Cape Verde Islands to New York.

Capt. Herlihy Held for Trial.

New York, June 12.—Police Capt. John D. Herlihy has been held for trial in the court of special sessions in \$1,500 bail by Magistrate Cornell in the Harlem police court. Bail was furnished at once. The charge is alleged neglect of duty in permitting vice to exist in the Eldridge street precinct, known as the red light district.

"I have now used Pe-ru-na off and on for over three years as a strengthening tonic and find it of inestimable value. My system gets run down and worn out at times, and I do not know what I should do without Pe-ru-na to build it up again."—Mathias Lelf.

A Summer Tonic.

Pe-ru-na is a natural and efficient nerve tonic. It strengthens and restores the activity of every nerve in the body.

Through the use of Pe-ru-na the weakened or overworked nerves resume their natural strength and the blood vessels begin at once to regulate the flow of blood according to nature's laws. Congestions immediately disappear.

Summer Catarrh.

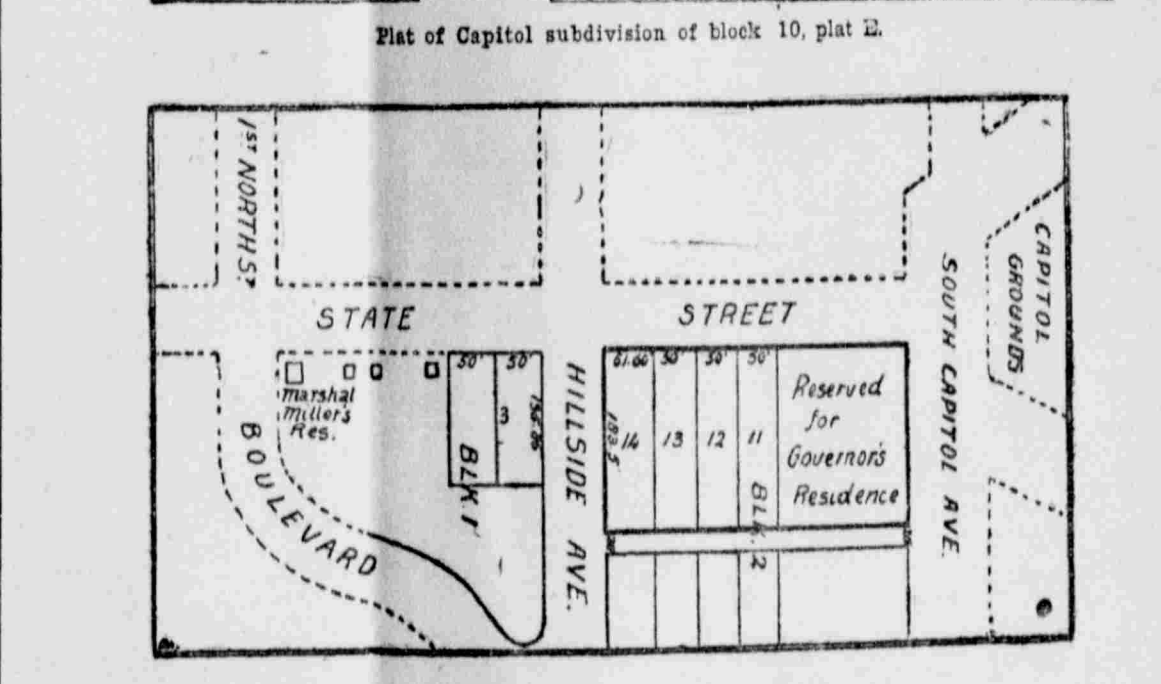
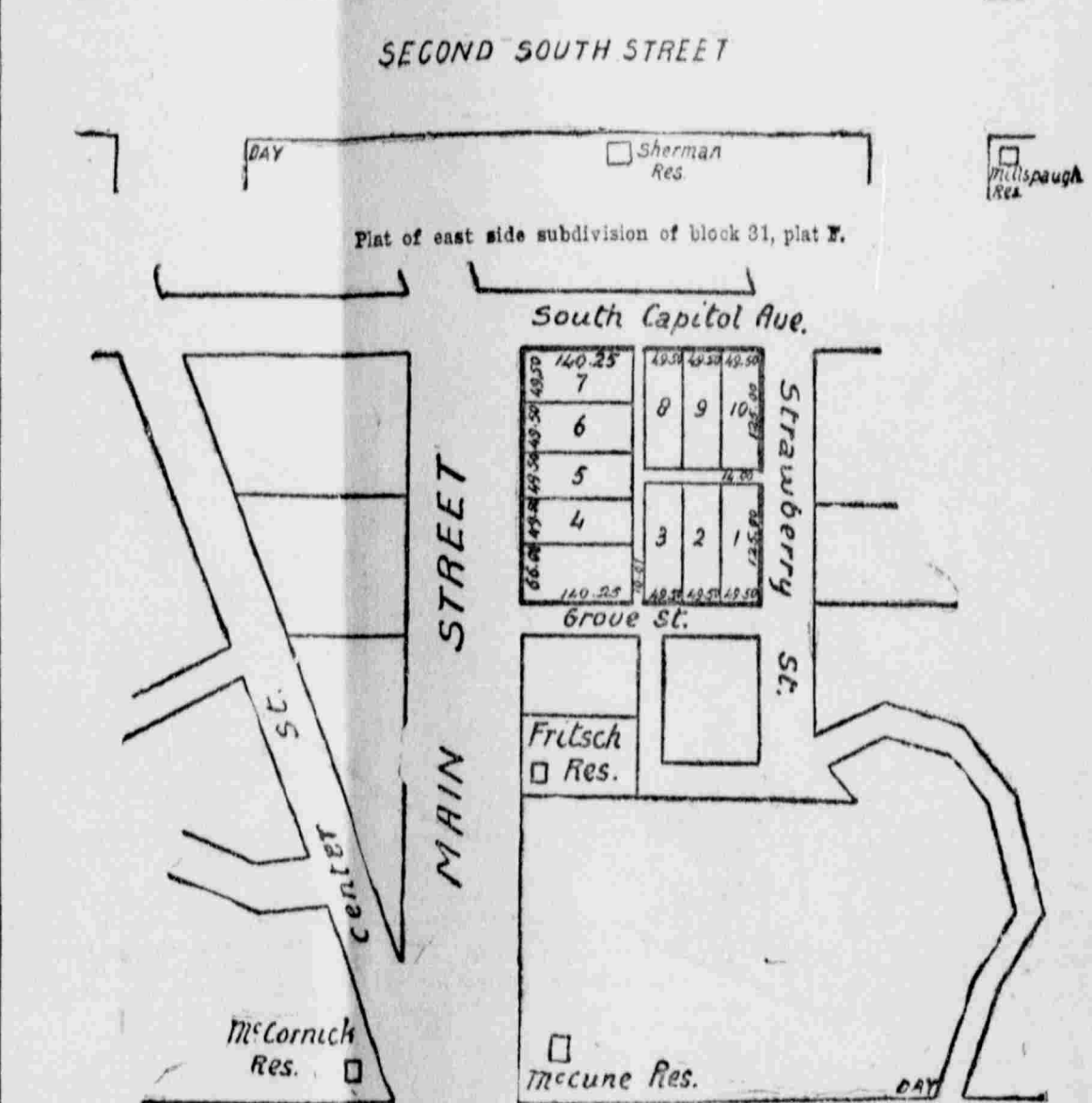
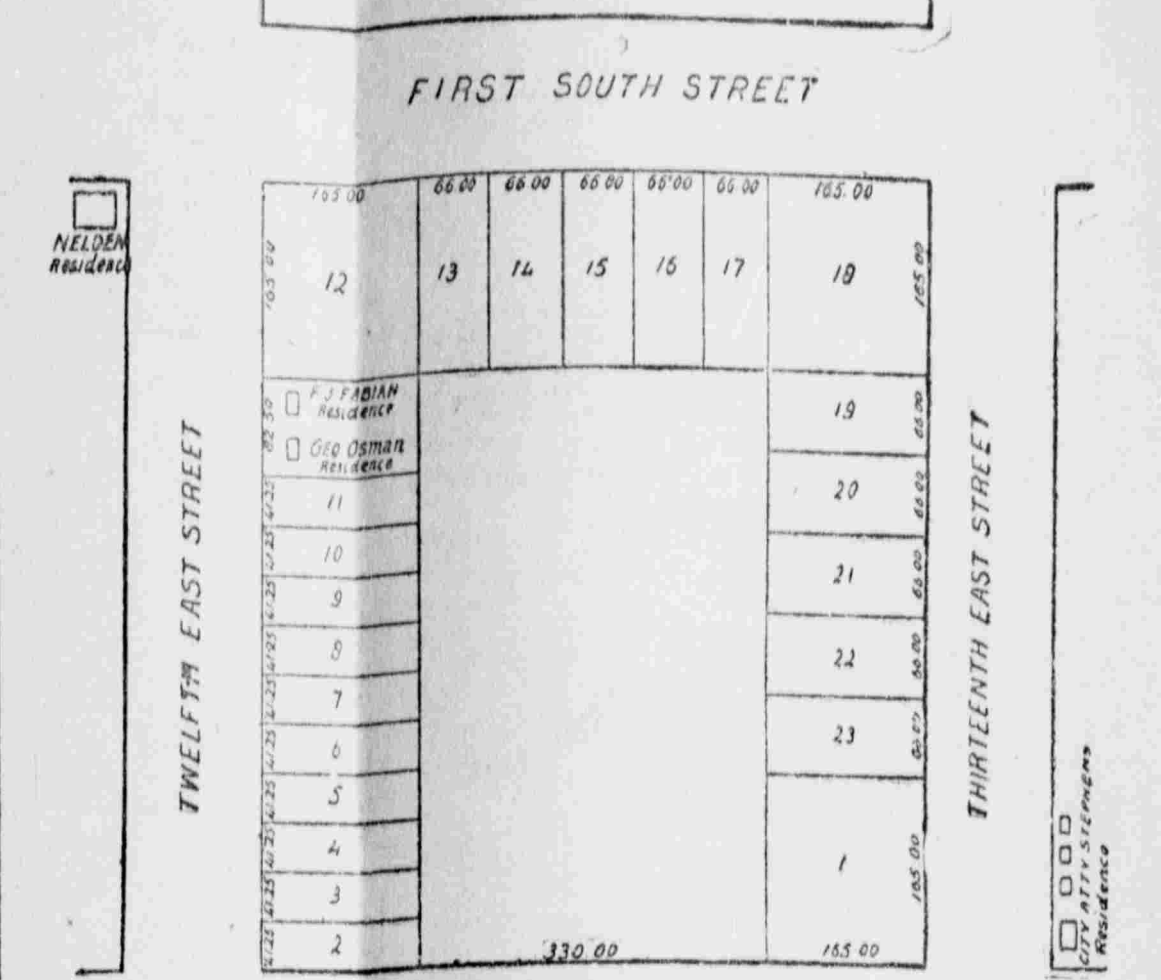
All phases of summer catarrh, acute or chronic, are promptly and permanently cured. It is through its operation upon the nervous system that Pe-ru-na has attained such a world-wide reputation as a sure and reliable remedy for all phases of catarrh wherever located.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Pe-ru-na, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

AUCTION SALE OF LOTS!

SALT LAKE CITY WILL OFFER FOR SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION, COMMENCING MONDAY, JUNE 17, 1901, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M., IN THE CITY COUNCIL CHAMBER IN THE CITY AND COUNTY BUILDING, MANY LOTS, INCLUDING THOSE SHOWN BY THE PLATS BELOW:



Plat K, subdivision between City creek and State street. South of Capitol ground.

The lots offered by the city will include business property and the best residence lots in the city. For further information call on S. B. Westerfield, Land and Water Commissioner for the city, at his office in the city and county building, between 10 and 12 o'clock a. m. of each day.

READING THE HAND.

PALMER HOUSE, Formerly St. James Hotel, 325 South Main Street, (near Third South St.)

PROFESSOR STERLING, the Celebrated Palmist and Psychologist.

who is now in the city and is recognized by press and public everywhere. All are pleased and delighted with his readings. Multitudes visit his parlors daily and are happy. Palmistry is an exact science, and it excites the wonder and admiration of the most skeptical. Professor Sterling can be consulted on all matters pertaining to the welfare of the human race. Your hands reveal all questions of life, pertaining to marriage, sickness, death, changes, travels, divorces, separations, lawsuits, business transactions, wills, debts, mortgages, lost or absent friends, mining ventures, etc. Consult Professor Sterling. He is acknowledged the greatest living authority on palmistry and all his work is done in manuscript form, and is strictly confidential.

Office hours are 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. daily and Sundays.

PALMER HOUSE (formerly St. James), 325 South Main St. Room 6.

CHARGES, 50c AND \$1.00.

SOAPS, 25c THE BOX.

We've a good pure toilet soap, three cakes in a box, as low as 25c for the box.

Soaps that will not injure the most delicate skin, cause every ingredient that enters into their making is pure.

We've soaps as good as \$2.50 the box for three cakes and they're the finest that the world's best soap makers can produce.

We've a half hundred in between.

F. C. SCHRAMM,

Prescription Druggist,
Where the cars stop, McCormick Building.

BIND YOUR MAGAZINES

Old Books, Maps and Magazines. Put them in strong new covers for preservation. Many records of value can be saved by having them bound. The News bindery can do the work in any form at any price.

MUSIC LOVERS.

All who desire information of the address, etc., of Salt Lake's music teachers, should consult the Musicians' Directory, published on the Dramatic and Musical page of the Saturday "News."

TEACHERS.

Dr. Talmace's new book, "The Great Salt Lake, Present and Past," should be in the hands of every educator. The amount of information it contains relating to the great saline sea, makes it an invaluable work for reference or study.