A VACANCY FILLED.

S. F. Walker Succeeds Ewing as Second Precinct Councilman.

CHIEF OF POLICE PAUL APPOINTED MARSHAL.

Want to Be Annexed to the City.—Disposition of Sewage.—A Short Secret Session.

The City Council met in regular session last night, President Loofbourow in the chair. The members present were: Rich, Folland, Karrick, Hardy, Horn, Wantland, Heiss, Lawson, Simondi, Beardsley, Bell, Evans and Moran.

The minutes of the previous session were read and approved.

PETITIONS.

George H. Smith and others asked for an extension of watermains. Committee on waterworks.

WANT TO COME IN.

James Moffatt and sixty-two others asked that the municipal boundaries be extended. The petition was accompanied by the following resolution:

Whereas, A petition has been presented to this Council, signed by not less than two-thirds of the property owners residing in the territory hereinafter described, asking that the boundaries of Salt Lake city be altered and the territory be included therein; be it

Resolved, That the question be submitted to the electors residing in the following described territory proposed to be annexed to this corporation at an election to be held in such territory on Thursday, the 13th day of October, 1892, whether such territory shall be annexed to the corporation and become a part thereof, to wit:

Commencing at the intersection of Fifth East and Roper streets, thence south on said Fifth East street to the intersection of Eleventh South street, thence east on said Eleventh South street to the intersection of Ninth East street, thence south on said Ninth East street to the north line of lot 7, block 1, Five-acre plat A, thence east to the intersection of Fifteenth East street, thence north on said Fifteenth East street to the present corporate limits of Salt Lake City, thence west to place of beginning, and that notice be given thereof by publication in a newspaper published in this corporation for a period not four weeks prior to such election in the manner provided by law; be it further

Resolved, That the store on the side of Eleventh East street, between Emerson and Washington avenues—a store in which no liquor is sold, and upon the premises now occupied by Thos. Langston, in the territory proposed to be annexed be designated by the Council as the place in which the polls will be opened for the said election, and that C. H. Weeks, Thomas Yardley and E. F. Crandall be chosen by this Council to act as judges of election at such election; and be it further

Resolved, That the city recorder be instructed to proceed with the publication of the notice referred to, the same to begin with issue of September 8th, 1892.

Referred to the city attorney.

BRANCH FIRE DEPARTMENTS.

The recorder announced that five petitions from different parts of the city had been sent into his office, accompanied by a resolution passed by the local board of underwriters recommending that branch fire departments be established in the municipal precincts where none such exist. Committee on public works.

PAUL APPOINTED MARSHAL.

The Mayor sent in a communication announcing the appointment of Chief of Police Paul as city marshal, to succeed Edgar M. Janney, resigned. Committee on police.

PAVING PROPOSITION.

The Culmer-Jennings Paving Company sent in this:

We, the undersigned, your petitioners, respectfully represent that we believe ourselves the lowest responsible bidders who have fully complied with the specifications and instructions to bidders for the contract about to be awarded, and believing that the best interests of the [illegible] district and of the city will be promoted thereby, hereby waive our rights and petition your honorable body to award to us the contract for curbing and asphaltum work on which items there was no question but that we were lowest. The blocking contract to be awarded to the parties who offer to do it for a less price than we do. This will effect a saving to the city on the whole job of $[illegible].

Laid on the table temporarily.

The city engineer sent in a lengthy communication on the Main and First and Second South street paving, in which he called attention to the fact that the paving was a matter of men and materials, and not a question of location. He doubted the value of any kind of materials except that of long use. Authorities agreed, he said, that a fair test of asphaltum pavement was its continued use for a period of five years. The claim that shorter tests were conclusive, he said, only showed the claimants' lack of knowledge on the subject or else a willingness to mislead. He says that men, like materials, are not equally competent. In ordinary business, he says, men purchase the articles of tried and standard value in preference to articles of doubtful worth, although the latter may be less costly. He also suggests that men do not often employ a blacksmith to do their carpenter work. Unless all other things are equal, the lowest bid is not necessarily the most acceptable. Another question to which he calls attention is the ability of the contractor to execute the work in the shortest time, and winds up by saying: "It is not material which one of the several bidders the city shall serve, but which of them will be most able to serve the city."

The report was filed.

WALKER SUCCEEDS EWING.

Evans moved that the question of appointing a successor to Mr. Ewing be considered, and nominated S. F. Walker for that position.

J. S. Durgin was nominated by Councilman Heiss.

Tellers were appointed by the chair and the vote was found to be:

Durgin	[illegible]
Walker	[illegible]

Moran moved that Mr. Walker be declared elected.

Beardsley said that he believed that the election was irregular and consequently illegal. He was of the opinion that the mayor should appoint Mr. Ewing's successor and the Council should confirm.

Wantland inquired if it did not require a two-thirds majority to make the election legal.

Horn (rising quickly)—No, it does not.

Mr. Horn was rapped to his seat by the president, whereupon Horn said sotto voce, "A man has no more right in this Council than a dog."

A VENTURESOME DOG MAN.

Galbraith sent in the following:

I herewith submit my report for the month of August as follows:

No. of dogs impounded	[illegible]
Amount collected	[illegible]
No. of dogs killed	[illegible]
Collected and deposited with treasurer	[illegible]

There should be appropriated to me the sum of $[illegible], being [illegible] cents for each dog killed or released.

On motion the sum of $422 was appropriated to Mr. Galbraith.

DISPOSAL OF THE CITY SEWAGE.

The recorder read the following:

"Your committee appointed to report recommendations concerning the disposal of the city sewage, after careful inspection of the subject are prepared to report as follows: Our present system of pipes (which are well laid and efficient) collects the sewage and conducts it by gravitation into a pump on the banks of the Jordan at the foot of Fifth South street, from where it is pumped through a 12-inch main to a higher elevation about two miles west of the river, and there discharged into an open canal and left to take care of itself. Although no serious consequences have resulted so far through this indifferent method, your committee consider it a question of but a short time when this open canal will have become foul to such a degree that its abandonment for this purpose will be necessary, when suitable and permanent means of disposal will have to be substituted. The city owns no land at or near the point of discharge into the canal and objection on the part of those who own the ground may at any time be the cause of great trouble and expense. The sump is so situated that it cannot be drained by gravitation and hence the necessity for pumps. Already the volume of sewage that flows into the sump is greater than the present pump can handle, and the excess flows into the river. This cannot be long permitted without evil results. Additional pumps would prevent this overflow into the river, but would at the same time increase to an equal extent the discharge into the canal, which is little less objectionable and would also hasten the time when the canal would have to be abandoned. The addition of more pumps from time to time would require more pipe capacity for discharging beyond the river, and each of such additions would increase correspondingly the cost of operation and maintenance until the ultimate expense would become a great burden.

For these reasons your committee conclude that the present means of disposal is insufficient to meet existing requirements and that the scheme of disposal is poorly adapted to serve the future needs.

Practically all of the area now sewered and perhaps that of nine-tenths of the entire city is so situated that the sewage can be carried off by gravitation and a failure to recognize this fact is, we think, where the mistake was made in planning the present system which contemplates the collection of all the sewage of the city at the present sump and its subsequent elevation and removal from there by means of pumps to the canal beyond, and involves what seems to us an unreasonable and unnecessary expense. It is our opinion that instead of allowing this great volume of sewage to flow down into a hole only to be pumped out again it should be arrested by the construction of a main intercepting sewer of suitable size and proper location to insure its disposal by gravitation. The sewage from a comparatively small portion of the city which lies so low as to be impossible of disposition by gravitation should be collected into one or more sumps and from them or otherwise elevated into the main intercepting sewer from where it would flow off with that from the higher lands. This would reduce the cost of pumps and of their operation to the minimum, by avoiding the expense of pumping any of the sewage which it is possible to dispose of by gravitation and which the present pump is now almost exclusively engaged in handling. At the outfall the city should own sufficient land upon which to utilize the entire ultimate sewage of the city for purposes of irrigation. A system on the plan suggested would combine the greatest possible economy in transporting and the most efficient means of utilizing our sewage and in view of that something must be done to relieve the present condition, and notwithstanding the great original cost that must attend the undertaking, your committee are of opinion that a proper regard for the health and growth of our city and of economy in the end will justify the starting of work on this plan. We therefore recommend that the city engineer be instructed to proceed at once with such surveys and other matters as may be necessary to determine the extent and cost of the work, and submit a report of the same to this Council at the earliest possible time.

Having pursued the subject further since the date of the above, we are enabled to add the following: After having gone over the general route and satisfied ourselves of its practicability we secured an option on a piece of land that will serve the present requirements, and which is most favorably situated and well adapted for a sewage farm, and we recommend that the same be purchased at once.

We also recommend, most earnestly, the necessity for executing immediately the work contemplated in this report, in order to effectually dispose of the constantly increasing sewage of the city.

HARDY,
EVANS,
HEISS,
DORENUS.

Beardsley made a strong argument in favor of the adoption of the report. Something must be done at once. He wanted the work to be pushed.

Lawson objected to giving the committee power to act. The question involved the expenditure of at least $250,000 or $300,000, and for this reason he objected to the power being given to the committee.

Beardsley—Make it $500,000.

Lawson—We do not want to do this thing as we did in the crematory business, and make a serious mistake. It is a matter that should be discussed thoroughly before any action was taken. The pump that had already been asked for would cost now not less than $8000 or $9000, and this expense would guarantee the removal of 2,500,000 of gallons of sewage daily. I move that the report be accepted and filed.

Folland seconded the motion.

Hardy said the report merely asked the city engineer to make the necessary estimates as to the cost of this complete plant. Something must be done at once. The expending of money on the present plant simply meant ducats being thrown away. The present method was all wrong and should be remedied. The city is a growing one and it would not be long ere the sewage would amount to at least 7,000,000 gallons a day.

Beardsley thought it was the duty of the City Council to adopt the report of the special committee. "You," he said to Lawson, "will have the ——ache worse in two years than you have got it now—when the cholera gets here." [Laughter.]

Moran wanted the report laid over for one week.

Wantland did not think that the rule applied to a special committee.

Horn—Oh, I suppose the gentleman would prefer to have the matter referred to the city attorney, but I want it to go over for one week. [Laughter.]

Lawson said that Beardsley had either misunderstood him or else misquoted him. He was heartily in favor of something being done, but he did not believe in giving the committee power to act.

The motion to go over for one week carried.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

The City auditor filed the following report for the month of August.

Receipts—	
Water main extension [illegible]	$[illegible]
Sprinkling tax	[illegible]
Liquor license	[illegible]
General license	[illegible]
Sewer tax	[illegible]
City tax, 1891	[illegible]
Fines	[illegible]
Dog tax	[illegible]
Fox sales	[illegible]
Poll tax	[illegible]
Engineering department	[illegible]
Waterworks	[illegible]
School department	[illegible]
Sewer tax	[illegible]
Rent	[illegible]
Sewerage	[illegible]
Interest	[illegible]
Liberty Park	[illegible]
Sidewalk tax	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]
Disbursements—	
Waterworks	$[illegible]
Police department	[illegible]
Interest [illegible] bonds	[illegible]
Main street paving	[illegible]
City and county building	[illegible]
[illegible] department	[illegible]
Public [illegible]	[illegible]
Street sprinkling	[illegible]
Fire department	[illegible]
Street lighting	[illegible]
Health department	[illegible]
Waterworks	[illegible]
Jordan & Salt Lake Canal	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Cemetery	[illegible]
Mayor's contingent fund	[illegible]
Park [illegible]	[illegible]
Printing and advertising	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Prison department	[illegible]
Sewerage	[illegible]
Expense	[illegible]
Claims and damages	[illegible]
Liberty Park	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Dog tax	[illegible]
City tax, 1891	[illegible]
Engineering department	[illegible]
Rent	[illegible]
Retaining walls	[illegible]
Hospital	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Fines	[illegible]
Surplus canal	[illegible]
Total	$[illegible]

SUMMARY.

Balance in treasury	$[illegible]
Additional receipts	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]
Deduct disbursements	[illegible]
Balance in treasury	$[illegible]

NATIVE CEMENT.

Mr. Simondi offered the following, which was referred to the Board of Public Works, with the city engineer added:

Whereas, The City Council has expressed a desire to use native materials in public construction as far as practicable; and

Whereas, The standard of tests on natural cement has been fixed at twenty pounds tensile strength per square inch for two parts sand and one part cement; and

Whereas, Ten tests have been made as follows: Neat standing per square inch, eighty-one pounds and four briquettes sand and cement as follows: Fifteen pounds, twenty-five pounds, seventeen pounds, thirteen pounds, an average of seventeen and one-half pounds. Second test—Neat seventy-three pounds, seven briquettes sand and cement, fifteen, fourteen, ten, twenty-two, twenty-three and nineteen pounds each, averaging eighteen pounds. Showing good results excepting in very few instances where perhaps the briquettes were defective. Therefore be it

Resolved, That the city engineer be permitted to use natural cement if the test does not fall more than 15 per cent. below the standard, provided the proportions of cement be increased to bring the tensile strength up to the required standard.

A BAD SEWER.

The superintendent of sewers reported that he had uncovered a block of the sewer on Fifth South street between Second and Third East streets. The sewer was paid for by the Troy Laundry Company and is used exclusively by them, while the work was performed by the city. The sewer for the block, he says, is in a very bad condition, it having been laid without regard to grade or line and that the joints are imperfectly made and he suggests the construction of a sewer with regular connections for one block between Second East and Third East streets. Referred to the committee on sewerage and superintendent of sewers with power to act.

LAID ON THE TABLE.

Heiss offered the following, which was laid on the table:

Whereas, The committee on waterworks has so far taken no action to secure pipe to complete water main extensions on which the assessments have been paid. Therefore,

Resolved, That the mayor be authorized to proceed at once to purchase pipe for said extensions.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

On motion of Wantland a recess of fifteen minutes' duration was taken. The Council went into executive session to consider the paving bids. On reconvening Simondi moved that a committee of five, one from each precinct, be appointed to wait upon the board of public works and investigate the bids and report back their findings to the Council.

Beardsley moved to amend by referring it to the board of public works. Lost.

The vote then recurred on the original motion, which carried.

WATER PIPE DISCUSSION.

The report of the committee on waterworks regarding the purchase of 850 tons of 10-inch water pipe from Rhodes Brothers, $35.50 per ton, that firm being the lowest bidder, then came up.

Heiss submitted his resolution authorizing the purchase of the pipe, owing to the inaction of the committee.

A personal tilt occurred here between Heiss and Rich, whereupon Rich was called to order by the Chair. Heiss continued to speak, whereupon Loofbourow struck the table a terrific blow with his gavel and said warmly:

"I called Mr. Rich to order, sir, and shall have to do the same with you. This personal matter has got to be stopped."

Heiss—Well, it ought to be.

Moran wanted the report referred to the Mayor with authority to make the purchase.

Wantland wanted it merely referred, but Moran's motion was carried.

ANOTHER HITCH.

Then came up the amendment to the franchise of the Great Salt Lake & Hot Springs Railway company, when Rich moved to adjourn. This failed and the amendment allowing the company to convert its road into a regular railway was read.

THE CITY PRISON.

Folland then moved to reconsider the vote by which the city recorder was authorized to advertise for bids for plans for a city jail. This was carried, when the whole matter was referred to the committee on prisons.

APPROPRIATIONS.

Geo. William [illegible]	$[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Joseph [illegible]	[illegible]
F. W. [illegible]	[illegible]
H. W. [illegible]	[illegible]
J. H. [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] & [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
H. [illegible] Hoyt	[illegible]

Adjourned until Friday night at 7:30.

HABEAS CORPUS PROCEEDINGS.

Other Matters in the Courts of a General Character.

The habeas corpus proceedings in the case of H. C. Preston, now in the penitentiary awaiting the action of the grand jury on the charge of embezzlement, came before Judge Zane yesterday afternoon. Loveday & Lear of Ogden are Preston's attorneys and they pray for his release on the following grounds: First, that the re-arrest and recommitment after a previous discharge on a writ of habeas corpus was illegal, and that the former discharge should have been final. Second, that no reasonable time was allowed the defendant to return to Wyoming, from where he was extradited, after his discharge and before his re-arrest. Third, that the commitment is insufficient in itself to warrant his detention. Judge Zane, after hearing the attorneys' side of the case and upon the suggestion of District Attorney Varian, who desired to examine some papers submitted, continued the matter until today.

The defendant was formerly in the hotel business at Ogden, and was charged with embezzling $190 from a guest. He was arrested and bound over and then released on a writ of habeas corpus. He was immediately rearrested and recommitted.

Some 899 cases are on the civil docket for the September term of the Third District Court. Of this number 500 were left over from the last term and 399 have accrued since January 1st. The criminal docket has about 275 cases.

The venire for grand jurors is returnable on next Monday, at which time the jurors will be sworn in and business proceeded with. Judge Zane will set civil cases tomorrow.

The case of R. B. Bries vs. J. T. Nilson and Frank Knox, trustees, involving the validity of the sale of some real estate, has been appealed to the Supreme Court of the Territory from the Third District.

Governor Thomas is in receipt of a petition for pardon from John Smith, who ten years ago held up a Union Pacific train. His sentence would have expired over a year ago, but a few days before that date he got into a quarrel with another prisoner and almost stabbed him to death. For this his credits, amounting to forty-four months, were rescinded.

In the case of Olive Widerborg vs. C. E. Stanton, city recorder, in which the plaintiff brings suit against the defendant to compel him to make her a deed to certain property upon which she holds a tax sale certificate, Judge Zane issued an alternative writ of mandate requiring the defendant to show cause on September 17th why said deed is not made.

William Calderhal had an examination in Commissioner Pratt's court today on the charge of having befouled the waters of Emigration Creek by herding sheep at a place where the drainage would flow into a water course. He was found guilty of a technical infraction of the law and was called upon to pay the costs.

Yesterday afternoon was set for the preliminary hearing of Captain W. L. Davis, who is charged with having killed three of the Brock gang at West Weber on August 28th. John M. Zane appeared for the prosecution and Col. Allen Miller for the defense. After a lot of talk the case was continued till next Monday.

GARFIELD REGATTA.

The Salt Lake and Provo Rowing Clubs Will Contest for the Territorial Championship.

The regatta at Garfield today and tomorrow promises to be a most interesting affair. The events will consist of two four-oared, one double and sixoared barge races. The races will be for the championship of Utah and medals are put up by Brown, Terry & Co. and others.

The contestants are the Salt Lake and Provo Boating Clubs. Both crews are in good condition.

The personnel is as follows:

Provo Crew—W. M. Wilson, bow; G. A. Graves, No. 2; N. Markham, No. 3; L. M. Smith, stroke.

Salt Lake Crew—A. H. Peabody, bow; George Westervealt, No. 2; W. W. Bailey, No. 3; J. M. Sallander, stroke.

The interest settles on these two crews. They will row for the championship of Utah.

The second crew are: A. E. Wedgwood, bow; L. King, No. 2; T. Osborn, No. 3; G. A. Graves, stroke.

Salt Lake—J. Rockledge, bow; W. Ford, No. 2; J. G. Doolittle, No. 3; F. Ramsden, stroke.

Provo double—Smith and Graves.

Salt Lake—Bailey and Sallander.

Provo pair—Smith and Wilson; Salt Lake, Ramsden and Doolittle.

Provo barge crew—Wilson, bow; Daniels, 2; Wedgewood, 3; Greaves, 4; Towle, 5; Smith, stroke. Captain, J. W. Pike, cox.

Salt Lake—Westervealt, bow; Peabody, 2; Grant, 3; Bailey, 4; Doolittle, 5; Ramsden, stroke. Captain, I. M. Barratt, cox.

The races will be called at 3 o'clock. The trains will leave Salt Lake for Garfield Beach at 2, 3, 4 and 5 p. m. Last train will leave the beach for Salt Lake at 8 p. m.

It is a custom of the Carpenters' union of San Francisco to build houses for one another without charging anything for their labor. The owner supplies the land and materials and the carpenters do the rest.

A workman is not allowed to work on the streets at New Bedford, Mass., unless he has been naturalized.

The Printer's License.

Authors sometimes suffer for the sins of the printer. It appears that a line, written by Thomas Bailey Aldrich, read: "A potent medicine for gods and men." It was misprinted "A patent medicine," etc. It is reported that the same poet's equanimity was disturbed on another occasion because in a serious mood he wrote in one of his poems: "Now the old wound breaks out afresh," and was horrified to read that he had said, "Now the old woman breaks out afresh."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A Mean Man.

The meanest man dwells in the Quaker City. He shouted from his window the other morning: "Ha, milkman! You needn't leave but a pint this morning—my wife had last night."—Yankee Blade.

SCROFULOUS BABY.

Our Family Physician Recommends Cuticura Remedies, and Says They Cured Our Child.

Father Went 25 Miles to Get Cuticura, and Feels Thankful and Wants Others to Do as He Did.

My child broke out with scrofula when ten months old, and we tried everything that the doctors could do. It took out his hair and broke out on his limbs and nose. It was then Cuticura Remedies were recommended by our doctor, who attended him, and it was sitting here. The doctor said Cuticura Remedies cured my child, and recommends them for all diseases of the skin and blood. It did not take but one set of the Cuticura Remedies. I went twenty-five miles to get them. My child is well and has a fine head of hair as can be, for which I feel thankful to you, for my wife is in bad health. I have recommended Cuticura Remedies to others. From this if you think it will cause any person to do as I did.

D. F. PENNON, Langley, [illegible] Co., [illegible].

I am the doctor that recommended Cuticura Remedies to D. F. Pennon. I have known them to cure several bad cases of skin and blood diseases, and I say they are good.

MISS MARY E. BROOKS, M. D.

Cuticura Resolvent,

The new Blood and Skin Purifier, and greatest of Humor Remedies, removes the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements, and thus removes the cause, while Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, clear the skin and scalp, and restore the hair. Thus the Cuticura Remedies cure every species of itching, burning, scaly, pimply and blotchy skin, scalp and blood diseases, from pimples to scrofula, from infancy to age, when the best physicians fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, Cuticura, 50c.; Soap, 25c.; Resolvent, $1.00. Prepared by the Potter Drug and Chemical Corporation, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

BABY'S Skin and Scalp purified and beautified by Cuticura Soap. Absolutely pure.

IT STOPS THE PAIN.

Back ache, kidney pains, weakness, rheumatism and muscular pains relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. 25c.

SALT LAKE THEATRE

Charles S. Burton, Manager.

Until further notice the Curtain will rise at 8:15 p. m.

To-Night, Last Performance,

THE A. M. PALMER

NEW YORK STOCK COMPANY

(Under the Direction of Mr. Al. Hayman) in

Alabama!

BY AUGUSTUS THOMAS.

The Success of a Decade!

The Success of Two Seasons in New York and San Francisco!

The Best American Play Ever Written.

The Greatest Galaxy of Players!

Prices—$1.50, $1.00, 75c. and 50c.

NEXT ATTRACTION!

The Junior Partner.

Under the direction of Mr. Chas. Frohman. Three Nights and Saturday Matinee, commencing Thursday, September 8th.

SALT LAKE THEATRE

CHARLES S. BURTON, MANAGER.

Until further notice the Curtain will rise at 8:15 p. m.

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY, SEPT. 8, 9, 10.

SATURDAY MATINEE.

The Comedy Triumph

After 150 Nights in New York City.

THE

JUNIOR PARTNER.

Illustrated by a GREAT COMEDY CO.

Headed by the artistic efforts of MISS [illegible] and MR. [illegible].

Miss May Irwin,	Mr. Hugh Toland,
Miss [illegible],	Mr. Thos. Burns,
Miss [illegible],	Mr. F. R. Strong,
Miss [illegible],	And Others.

Under the Direction of Mr. Chas. Frohman.

Prior to the Comedy will be presented the exquisite one-act play

FREDERIC - LEMAITRE,

With MR. HENRY MILLER in the title role.

Prices: [illegible]. Matinee Prices same as at night.

WONDERLAND

RE-OPENING THURSDAY, SEPT. 1.

MISS IDA FULLER, the Serpentine Dancer

A rare collection of novelties in the Curio Hall and a bill of surpassing strength in the Theatorium. [illegible] Days, Wednesdays, Children's [illegible], Saturdays, Afternoons, [illegible].

CAPITOL PACKING CO.,

Sacramento, Cal.,

PACKERS OF

FRUITS and SALMON

Being situated in the heart of the largest fruit section in California, our facilities for packing are with the best in the world.

W. F. BECK & CO., General Agents,

112 & 114 California St.,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

R. K. THOMAS.

"THE SILK HOUSE"

26, 28, 30 & 32 EAST, FIRST SOUTH.

2000 Dollars Worth

—OF—

LADIES'

WAISTS

At Only A LITTLE OVER HALF PRICE

They are New Goods!

We are Giving You the Benefit of a Smart Buy!

DON'T - MISS - IT!

Tea Gowns TEA Tea Gowns

GOWNS

Like the WAISTS, these GOWNS were bought Very Cheap, owing to the advanced state of the season, and in order to close them out quick, we have marked them Exceedingly Low.

You'll Be Sorry if You Miss It!

THEY ARE GOING FAST!

R. K. THOMAS.