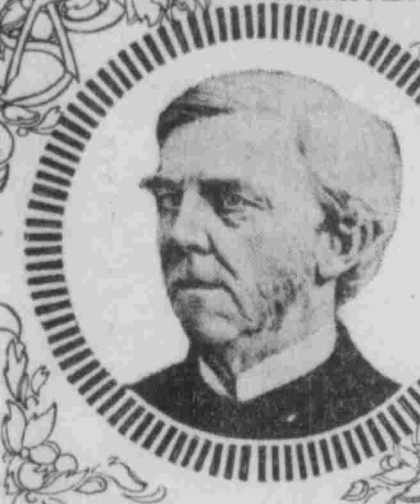




CHARLES R. DARWIN



ALFRED TENNYSON



OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES

nition at home and abroad. As a citizen he was public spirited and gentle. **Gladstone the Reformer.**

It remained for a commoner of England to leave an indelible impress on the time in which he lived. William Pitt Gladstone was that man. The centenary of his birth will occur Dec. 29, for he was born in Liverpool on that date, 1809. He deserved the title that was bestowed upon him in the afternoon of his life, "Grand Old Man of England." He was prime minister several times during the reign of Queen Victoria. He was a power so long ago, that it is almost impossible to remember him. He ruled the British empire before Balfour was born. Churchill had not opened his eyes when Gladstone was a force. Strenuous in many respects, in diplomacy Gladstone was always fair and always for peace. It was said of him when he was at the zenith of his fame that he was "the embodiment of reform." Born in a Tory home, the party he left in 1845. He held to the privilege

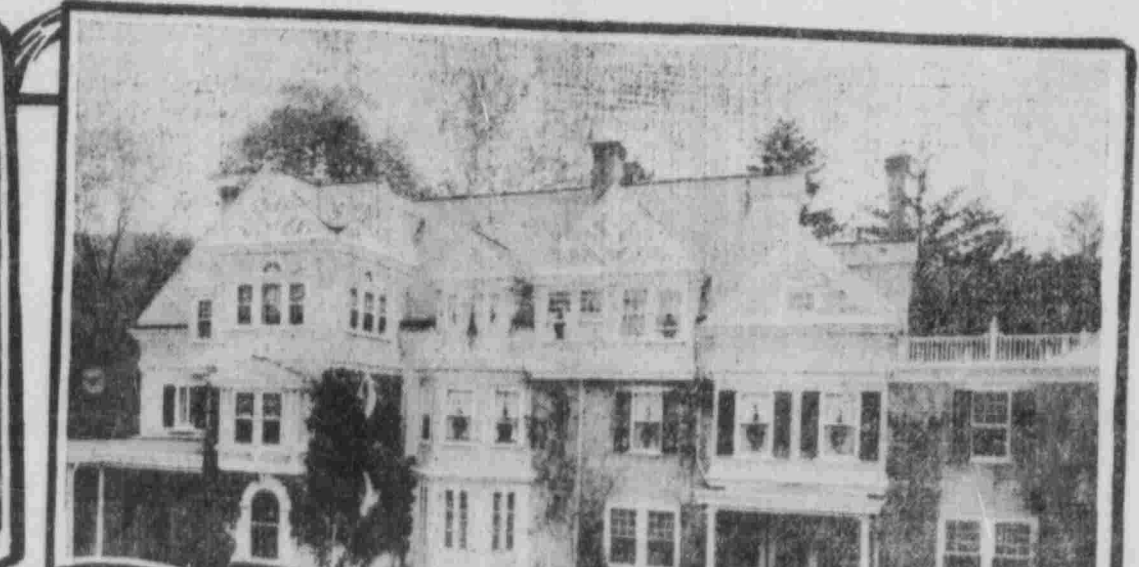
FRANK H. BROOKS

Knox, a banker in Brownsville, Fayette county, Pa. Mr. Knox was born in 1853. He was educated at Mount Union college, Ohio, and graduated the class of 1872. He was admitted to the bar in Allegheny in 1875. He was unusually successful in his profession. In 1876-7 he was assistant United States district attorney in the western Pennsylvania district. In 1877 he became one of the firm of Knox & Reed in Pittsburgh. In 1891 he became attorney general of the United States in the administration of President McKinley. In 1904 he won what is known as the Great Northern Securities merger fight.

BRUCE M'LAUREN

HOLIDAYS A MISTAKE

Dr. Toulouse, the eminent French medical writer, has just published a book in which the holiday as an institution is unreservedly condemned.



THE KNOX HOME

"We do not need long rest. We walk short ones," goes in the doctor's mind. He has not rested sixteen hours in a week, but four separate half hours. He usually adds one or two months per year after ten months of intense life and work, but divides the two months into occasional half days of delightful laziness.

"What would you say of a man who would work incessantly for six years and then spend a whole year in idleness? Yet this is exactly what we do. Another week with our Sunday

A German not long ago invented a lamination of paper, prepared by saturating with oil, turpentine and other ingredients. Thin layers of such paper are glued to the hoof till the requisite thickness is attained.