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## BY TELEGRAPH.

Farther Point, 8.

The Hibernian, from Liverpool, 28th, reports that a nine months' armistice has been agreed upon at Vienna.

Philadelphia, 8.

The Bulletin has the following from Frederick:

Col. Bird, of the 21st Pennsylvania cavalry took possession of Hagerstown yesterday.

Later news received this morning states that the rebels have retreated homewards and have again eluded the preparations for their capture.

Washington, 8.

Information from Sherman's army leaves no doubt of the capture of Gen. Stoneman, with a portion of the forces under him.

Baltimore, 8.

The American learns from a gentleman who arrived this morning from the Upper Potomac that the entire rebel force had evacuated the Maryland side of the Potomac, and were moving off in great haste. Their rear guard crossed at Shepardstown at 11 o'clock yesterday. The balance crossed at Hancock about the same time.

Washington, 8.

A Fortress Monroe dispatch says a terrific fight took place in front of Petersburg on Friday p. m. 5th, lasting from 5.30 to 7.30. It commenced by a charge from the enemy, which was repulsed with slaughter. They also exploded a mine, which did no damage to our troops or works, but killed some of the rebels.

The fighting on our side was principally done by the 9th corps, and was most desperate.

A new military division has been formed, known as the Middle Military Division. Gen. Sheridan has been assigned to its command, with headquarters at Harper's Ferry.

This division is composed of the department of Washington, the department of the Susquehanna, the Middle department, and the department of Western Va.

No change is made in the present heads of departments; but Gen. Sheridan is placed in command of the troops in the field in these departments.

Gen. Hooker has gone to New York. He has declined the proposition to recruit a new corps to be commanded by himself.

New York, 9.

The receipts from internal revenue now amount to one million of dollars per day.

Surg. Gen. Hammond has been suspended from rank and pay for three years.

The steamer Fulton arrived on Sunday with the exchanged officers from Charleston. They represent that they were well treated.

The prisoners confined to the interior of Georgia are being removed to Charleston, as the rebels do not consider them safe where they are confined. One hundred officers arrived on the 3d.

Baltimore, 8, p. m.

The steamer Fulton, from Port Royal, has arrived. She brings exchanged Union prisoners from Charleston.

Birney had made a raid into Florida, destroying several bridges and doing other damage. We hold Baldwin and Camp Milton.

A blockade-runner entered Charleston on Wednesday. Reliable officers report that, since their confinement in Charleston, five blockade-runners had come in.

Firing on Charleston and Fort Sumter continued.

Omaha, 10.

The Indians are hourly committing new depredations—stealing stock, burning trains and killing indiscriminately. They were within a hundred yards of the picket posts at Fort Kearney last night and fired an arrow at one of the pickets.

The coach arrived from Kearney this morning and reports passing several trains burned and seeing eleven dead bodies by the roadside. A party of whites was killed at Thirty-Two-Mile Creek last night. The Indians state that the stock at Cottonwood, ninety miles west of Kearney, was taken off this morning. A party of soldiers have gone in pursuit. It is well known that renegade whites—supposed from Quantrell's old party—are associated with the Indians in these depredations. Fears of an attack on Laramie are entertained.

Washington, 10.

Gen. Sherman is transmitting Logan's official report to Gen. Halleck, says:

Although the number of dead rebels seems to be excessive, he is disposed to give full credit to the report that, although our loss was only 3521, killed, wounded and missing, the enemy's dead on the field alone amounted to 3220. The total number of prisoners sent north was 1017. The number of prisoners now in our hands wounded is one thousand.

New York, 10.

The Tribune special from Harper's Ferry gives particulars of Averill's victory at Moorfield. Averill attacked the combined forces of

McCanaland, Johnson, Gilmore and McNeil on the morning of the 7th. After a spirited fight he completely routed their entire command, capturing all their artillery, four pieces, a vast quantity of small arms, 400 horses and equipments and 420 prisoners, including 6 field and 32 company officers. McCausland, with his demoralized command, fled to the mountains.

Our loss was comparatively small—7 killed and 21 wounded. Among our killed is M. J. Congress and 1st Lieut. Clarke, of the 2d Virginia Cavalry—who were struck down while gallantly leading a charge. Capt. Karr was severely wounded while penetrating the enemy's lines.

The Times special says Meade and Burnside each cast the blame of the Petersburg fiasco on the other. It appears that, owing to the modification of the order of the night previous, a misunderstanding as to who should superintend the attack occurred and neither was present to take command.

The Herald correspondent near Atlanta says, operations around the city have settled down to a regular siege. We are pounding away on every side and it is doomed to be soon reduced. The rebels have garrisoned their forts and entrenchments with militia and use the veterans to operate when required—their line running so that they can be massed with great rapidity.

Yesterday a demonstration was made along our lines, resulting in driving the rebels back to their entrenchments, gaining the rifle pits and capturing a picket reserve of 125 men.

The Herald Potomac army correspondent of the 7th says, the efficiency of the whole command is being constantly increased by the return of the convalescent wounded in this campaign.

Heavy artillery firing took place to-day.

The Post contains a detailed account showing how Boston has been engaged in importing men from Europe to go as substitutes and volunteers in the army. Three ship-loads, it appears, have been brought over—mostly from Germany—and the business has been kept much more secret than many of our most important military movements.

The Commercial says, Secretary Stanton denies having tendered his resignation, and says he has no intention of doing so.

Washington, 10.

The following official report is just furnished for publication:

Headquarters, Department Army of Tennessee, before Atlanta, 24th.

I have the honor to report the following general summary of recent operations of this army:

On the 22d, our total loss in killed, wounded and missing was 2,521, and 10 pieces of artillery.

We have buried and delivered to the enemy under flag of truce sent in by them in front of the 19th corps, 1,000 of their killed. The number of their killed in front of the 4th division, same corps, including those on the ground not now occupied by our troops, will swell the number of their dead in that front, to 2,000. The number of dead buried in front of the 15th corps, up to this hour, is 360, and the commanding officer reports at least as many more unburied. The number buried in front of the 32d corps was 422.

We have over 1,000 of their wounded in our hands. A larger number of wounded was being carried off by them during the night after the engagement.

We captured 18 stand of colors and have them now. We also captured 5,000 stand of arms.

The attack was made on our lines seven times, and was seven times repulsed. Hood's and Hardee's corps and Wheeler's cavalry engaged us. We have sent to the rear 1,005 prisoners, including 33 commissioned officers of high rank. We still occupy the field. The troops are in fine spirits. The estimated loss of the enemy was 10,000.

(Signed,)

W. J. SHERMAN.

Washington, 10.

The following report of the successes of our operations at Mobile is extracted from the Richmond Enquirer of this morning, and telegraphed from General Butler's headquarters:

Mobile, 8.

Lieut.-Col. Williams, commanding Fort Powell, evacuated and blew up the fort on Friday night. Yesterday and to-day the enemy was shelling Fort Gaines.

The people of Mobile are all ready for the fray. Great confidence prevails. The people are satisfied with the conduct of Buchanan, Maury and Barnett, of the navy.

Mobile, 9.

It is painfully humiliating to announce the shameful surrender of Fort Gaines at half-past 9 this morning, by Col. Anderson, of the 21st Alabama.

This powerful work was provisioned for six months, with a garrison of 600 men. Anderson last night communicated with the enemy's fleet by a flag of truce without the sanction of Gen. Page, who acquired by signal what his

purpose was, but received no reply. During the night Gen. Page visited the fort and found Anderson on board the Yankee fleet arranging terms of capitulation. He left peremptory orders for Anderson to return and not surrender the fort and relieved him of the command of Fort Morgan. He signalled this morning, but no answer was received except the hoisting of the Yankee flag over the ramparts of Fort Gaines.

Anderson's conduct is pronounced inexplicable and shameful.

Dispatches from Sheridan report his forces moving against the enemy up the Shenandoah. At 4 p. m. they were skirmishing about ten miles from Winchester.

Portions of Stoneman's command continue to arrive and the total loss will not exceed 1,000.

New York, 11.

On the 29th, Parliament was prorogued. The Queen's speech was read by the commissioner. It deeply regrets the continuation of the civil war in America; promises a continued and strict neutrality, but would rejoice to see a friendly reconciliation; expresses satisfaction at the influx of cotton from all parts of the world and the consequent mitigation of distress in the cotton-manufacturing districts; regrets the failure of the Dano-German conference; hopes the new negotiations at Vienna will be successful.

The rest of her Majesty's speech enumerates accomplished facts and rejoices at the continued prosperity of the country.

Nothing is known as to the peace negotiations at Vienna.

A Copenhagen journal says, the alleged armistice for nine months is premature. Prussia agrees to the entry of Federal troops into Rensburg.

London, 31.

The Paris Presse, under reserve, announces the conclusion of peace between Germany and Denmark—basis unknown. The armistice had been slightly prolonged.

Denver, 10.

The correct probable misapprehension in regard to the safety of travel on the overland route, it is proper to say that, although the Indians have been very troublesome lately, attacking unarmed trains and murdering emigrants unable to defend themselves, there has as yet been no attack by Indians, so far as known, on the mail coaches which run regularly both ways.

The mails have been ordered to be stopped at Atchison to-day, by the Superintendent of the Overland line, owing to the stock being carried off from some stations, but it is believed that our troops are being distributed along the route so as to fully protect it.

Washington, 11.

The amount of subscriptions to the 7.30 loan, as reported at the Treasury Department to-day, is half a million of dollars.

S. P. Colby, of Vermont, was to-day sworn in register of the Treasury, in place of L. E. Chittenden, resigned.

A dispatch from Grant reports the casualties by the explosion of the ammunition barge, as follows:

Killed—12 enlisted men, 3 citizens and 28 colored laborers.

Wounded—3 commissioned officers, 4 enlisted men, 15 citizens and 86 colored laborers. Eighteen others were wounded, not belonging to the wharf.

The damage to property was large. The cause of the explosion has not been ascertained.

New York, 12.

The Tribune special correspondent with Sheridan's army has the following, dated 11 h. Sheridan's army broke camp at Hattown yesterday and marched to Bertyville, on the Winchester Pike, where we arrived yesterday p. m., without much opposition.

Imboden's cavalry skirmished with our advance from Charleston, but they were easily and steadily driven.

Martinsburg has been occupied by our forces. The rebels captured and hung Serje. White, one of our scouts, at Martinsburg, yesterday.

Richmond papers of yesterday say that their loss in guns at Fort Gaines was 50. They lost 600 prisoners there—also an immense amount of stores of all sorts.

Sherman's dispatches state that all the Georgia militia are now in his front under Hood. It is understood that Beauregard has been sent to take command of the defence of Mobile. That engineer has certainly shown a high order of talent in the kind of work with which he will there be charged as his defense of Charleston and Petersburg attest. The present position of Sherman's army, however, makes the mere possession of the city of Mobile a matter of minor importance. No great satisfaction is felt in official quarters in regard to its capture.

At latest advices the situation before Petersburg remained unchanged. The interest, so far as active military operations go, now centers in the force under Sheridan, who

has brilliantly inaugurated a campaign which goes on most encouragingly.

Cairo, 12.

Salena, on the Cumberland river, 22 miles above Smithland, was attacked by 200 rebel cavalry on Sunday morning. They were repulsed with the loss of 6 killed and 20 wounded.

One thousand guerrillas are reported at Union City, Ky., under Col. Johnson; also a large number in the western part of the State, near Tennessee.

Gen. Paine has gone down there to clean them out.

New York, 12.

The Evening Star, from New Orleans on the 6th, has arrived.

Our gunboats had made an expedition up Grand Lake on the 26th, and destroyed a large number of flat boats just completed by the rebels; also destroyed two saw mills and captured a lot of valuable lumber.

Six transports had arrived at New Orleans from Brazos, probably with the troops withdrawn from Texas.

Washington, 12.

A letter from the army of the Potomac represents all quiet, except the usual picket firing in front of Burnside's corps.

Quarantine, N. Y., 12.

A rebel pirate is reported 60 miles southeast from Sandy Hook. She captured the pilot boat James Funk yesterday.

New York, 12.

The New Orleans True Delta says, Beauregard has gone to Atlanta with 20,000 men and will rank Hood in command of that place.

The Richmond Enquirer says, the rebels command Petersburg with 500 guns, which can sweep the city through and through; hence its capture by Grant would not amount to anything.

New York, 13.

The Commercial's Washington special says the government has official dispatches from Dauphin Island which say that every thing is going on at Mobile favorably, and there is every prospect of a speedy and brilliant success.

News from Sherman's department is encouraging.

Sheridan is doing excellent service.

The Richmond Examiner says that Buchanan's wound is doing well. Fort Morgan holds out. Fort Gaines is occupied by Federals. Farragut had lost one monitor and one gunboat in the action.

The Post's Washington special says it is reported that the rebel officers exchanged at Charleston were placed under rebel fire by Gen. Foster, and a large number of Federal officers have been placed under Federal fire in Charleston.

—A party with the principles of Garibaldi is forming in the Italian Chambers.

—English words are creeping gradually into the German language. At Hamburg there has just appeared "Essays, wissenschaftlichen und literarischen Inhalts, von H. Holland; aus dem Englischen von B. Althaus." We recently noticed that "stationary" had also been adopted.

—Orders have been sent to Cherbourg to change the armament of the iron-clads Magenta, Solferino and Couronne. They are henceforth to carry rifled thirty-pounders, fifty-pounders, and four rifled eight-inch howitzers.

—"Obey my orders," said the haughty English master, "if I order you to drive a nail." "An' sure an' I will, yer honor," answered Pat; "but yez must excuse me if I back yez in."

—A Mrs. Hern whipped two editors in Dubuque a few days ago. She only regretted that they were not fatter.

—While a band was recently playing before the town of Marietta, Georgia, a rebel shell killed two of their number. The others undaunted by the calamity finished playing the air, and then bore away the remains of their lamented comrades.

—The contents of a chamber pot were recently emptied upon Maximilian's head, as he went through the streets of Mexico.

—Poverty is the only load which is the heavier the more loved ones there are to assist in supporting it.

—Candy canes are the fashion in Paris just now. In the fashionable quarters many ladies and gentlemen are seen carrying these canes—the heads of which are hollow, and filled with delicious sugar-plums, which friends, when they meet, offer to each other. It is the revival of a fashion three hundred years old.

—A young gentleman from the "rural districts," who advertised for a wife through the newspapers, received answers from eighteen husbands, informing him that he could have them.