

THE growth of infidelity in Great Britain, and the crying necessity for a reformation among the people, whom the clergy have not been able to reach have called for the many enthusiastic workers into the missionary field in that land. Of this number is Lieutenant Craig, of the Royal Antrim Artillery, who is now in this city. Mr. Craig, many years ago, resolved to devote himself as an evangelist to the work of declaring the mercy and love of God to sinners. He has been associated in this capacity with Mr. S. Blackwood, Admiral Fishbourne, Mr. Sanderson, Mr. Herbert Taylor, Lord Radstock, Marquis of Cholmondeley, the Earl of Cavan and many other devoted and philanthropic gentlemen, and their labors in this direction have been earnest and unsparing. They have abandoned the fashionable pursuits in which they formerly took pleasure, and have gone among the people, addressing them in theatres, temperance halls and other places where they could collect them together, and using every exertion to convince them of the folly of sin, and the blessed results which would follow its abandonment. They have not attempted to build churches, or places of meeting, to teach any sectarian tenets, to hold controversies or to officiate in any ordinances; but, of various denominations themselves, have confined their labors to the expounding of the leading truths of Christianity, and have based all their teachings upon the love of God to man and His desire that all men should come unto Him through the merits of Jesus. In this labor Lieut. Craig has had great joy and happiness, far greater, as he expresses it, than he ever experienced when enjoying a life of fashionable pleasure. He is a firm believer in the power of faith in our Lord Jesus Christ, and has seen remarkable results follow its exercise.

The Latter-day Saints can truthfully and heartily say to all such gentlemen as Lieutenant Craig, who are engaged in the labor of benefiting their fellow-men and seeking to elevate them, to induce them to lead more pure lives and to draw nearer to our Almighty Father, God bless you in your exertions and labors to this end; and be sure and keep your own hearts open to receive the truth as it is in Jesus.

Lieutenant Craig is traveling in company with Hon. Reginald Skeffington, brother of Lord Massereene, en route for San Francisco.

THE truth of the following strange statement is vouched for by the Cambridge, Mass. Herald:

There is a family living in Dorchester county, every dark-eyed male of which, for the last fifty years, has lost his eyesight between the age of twenty and twenty-five years. The Herald says this singular fatality is accounted for by the family with a tradition that, about sixty years ago, two of the male progenitors of those now so strangely afflicted were appealed to for alms by a black-eyed young girl, who had been reduced to penury through losing her sight. Promising to take her to a place where plenty awaited her, they led her into a swamp and there left her to perish. She besought them to put her on the public road, but they heeded her not, and she, finding her prayers useless, in her despair and anguish, cursed them and prayed that all their male offspring born with black eyes, might, for seven generations, lose their eyesight when about her age. She was subsequently found dead in the swamp.

The Herald says whether this tradition be true or not, the fact that the black-eyed male members of the family do lose their sight as above stated can be attested by hundreds of people living in Dorchester County.

THE Chicago Evening Post relates an extraordinary case of detection of a mail robber through the latter's use of plug tobacco. A registered letter was forwarded to Chicago, which ought to have contained five one hundred dollar bills, the envelope was opened the money was missing. The matter was placed in the hands of an experienced and skillful detective. The envelope had arrived intact at Chicago, and to all appearances had not been tampered with in the least. There was not the slightest clue to the robber, and the detective finally abandoned the matter in despair of success. But one day, from what motive he did not himself realize at the time, the officer took the envelope, soaked it in water, and carefully removed the portion where the sealing process had been effected. By the assistance of a microscope, he found that

small particles of plug tobacco still adhered to the paper, and from this fact became convinced that whoever wet the mucilage of the envelope must have used that description of the weed. Here, then, was found a faint clue upon which the investigation might be continued. He determined, in the first place, to ascertain if any one connected with any of the offices through which the letter had passed used tobacco of that description. Office after office was visited, from Chicago to the locality where the letter was first mailed, but in not one of these was there a single person who masticated anything but "fine cut." He arrived at the last office with a faint heart, fully convinced that the last clue by which to entrap the guilty party had utterly failed in its accomplishment. The postmaster was an old acquaintance and friend of the detective. He was an upright, respectable citizen; was loud in his denunciation of the crime, and regretted, with manifest sincerity, that the culprit could not be brought to justice. The Chicago official had not the slightest suspicion in the direction of this honest country postmaster; but he had asked so many people for "a chew," that the habit had grown upon him, and, addressing the worthy P. M. by name, he said:

"Will you give me a chew of tobacco?" "Really," was the reply, "I don't think I have any tobacco that you would use. I never chew anything but plug!"

The detective was dumb-founded. That respectable man whom he had known for years, and who maintained a character among his neighbors above reproach, was the only man in all the offices through which the letter had passed who chewed plug tobacco; the person who sealed the envelope used that article; consequently the conviction unwillingly forced itself upon the officer's mind that his friend was the thief. He believed the Postmaster to be guilty, and acting upon this belief, at once informed that functionary that he was a prisoner.

His residence was then searched, and after every corner and crevice had been examined without finding any money, the officer was about to leave, when spying upon the parlor table a daguerotype case, he took it up and found carefully folded up in it five one hundred dollar bills.

That Postmaster is now in the State Prison working out the penalty assessed for the crime.

WOODSUM, TENNEY & CO.

Manufacturers of

THE GENUINE

PITT'S IMPROVED



THRESHING MACHINE,

HORSE POWERS,

GRAIN DRILLS, &c.,

DAYTON, OHIO.

It is conceded by manufacturers and threshers that the Improved Pitt's Threshing Machine has no rival as a successful and economical Thresher and Cleaner. That it is at least as good as any built, and far superior to the majority that are now being offered as the best in the world. It was awarded at the world's Fair, in France, a GOLD MEDAL OF HONOR. Also, at every exhibition, when brought into competition with other machines, its superiority has been universally acknowledged, and in nearly every instance the first premium has been awarded to it.

We say to the friends of the Pitt's Machine to be sure and get one manufactured at the Dayton Threshing Machine Works, Dayton, Ohio.

Send to Woodsum, Tenney & Co., Dayton, Ohio, for Descriptive Circular.

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No Sand!! No Rosin!! No Clay!

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No Toilet Table is complete without it

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The only Boot Polish that will produce a Brilliant and Lasting Shine, and at the same time preserve the Leather, is

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It is put up in a Patent Box, the greatest novelty of the age. The Box alone is worth more to keep than the price of Box and Polish combined.

I.L. CRAGIN & CO.

119 South Fourth St., Philadelphia.

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Gross Assets, Dec. 31, '70, nearly 45 Millions. Increase in Net Assets, for the 7 1/4 Millions. year,

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW YORK,

144 and 146 Broadway,

For its Twenty-Eighth Fiscal Year, Being for the year ending Dec. 31, 1870.

Richard Goodhind

Offices:—Opposite Salt Lake House,

Agent for Utah Territory.

Net Assets, January 1, 1870.....\$35,211,583 71

RECEIPTS:

Premiums and Policy Fees	\$12,169,717 34
INTEREST:	
On Bonds and Mortgages	1,983,308 88
Stocks and Trust Companies	886,344 57
Premium on Gold and Rents	108,029 73
	\$2,477,772 68
Total Cash Receipts	14,647,490 02

\$49,859,073 73

DISBURSEMENTS:

Claims by Death	\$1,982,724 62
Matured Endowments	27,500 00
	\$2,010,224 62
Paid to Policy-holders—Additions to Death Claims and Matured Endowments and Post Mortem Dividends	292,346 64
Cash Dividends in Reduction of Premiums and Annuities	2,564,896 87
Surrendered Policies	1,256,111 86
	4,113,355 37

Commission to Agents	\$284,609 15
Paid Agents for Purchase of Future Commissions	440,456 87
Taxes, Law Expenses and Office Expenses	224,997 39
Salaries	224,845 72
Advertising, Printing and Stationary, Exchange and Postage	132,271 69
Physicians' and Medical Examiners' Fees	45,394 66
	1,352,575 43

Total Cash Disbursements...\$7,476,656 47

Net Assets December 31, 1870...\$42,382,417 56

INVESTED AS FOLLOWS:

Cash on hand in Bank and Trust Companies, at Interest	\$2,608,910 74
Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate	33,999,421 62
United States Stocks—cost	4,208,108 75
New York Stocks—cost	570,000 00
Real Estate	945,383 07
Balances due by Agents in the course of transmission	55,593 33

Actual Cash Investments.....42,382,417 56

Add:	
Interest accrued, but not due	\$324,542 00
Interest due and unpaid	41,822 15
Premiums due, but not yet reported—chiefly for December—Quarterly and Semi-Annual Premiums	312,676 30
Deferred—Quarterly and Semi-Annual Premiums	1,119,573 77
Market value of Stocks in excess of cost	428,624 00
	2,226,738 22

I have carefully examined the foregoing statement, and find the same correct.

ISAAC F. LLOYD, Auditor.

New York, Jan. 18, 1871.

INSURANCE STATEMENTS:

Number of policies issued and restored during the year	11,463
Amount insured thereby	\$33,458,217 00
In force at the end of the year	71,271
policies, insuring	222,423,254 00

The foregoing is a statement taken from the Actuarial Records.

SHEPPARD HOMANS, Actuary.

The Board of Trustees have authorized a Dividend for the year of 1870 of two millions of dollars, CASH, which amount may be subsequently increased.

These Dividends will be paid to policy-holders as they may elect, in cash or in the purchase of additional insurance, as soon as the equitable portion of each can be determined.

THE MUTUAL

Life Insurance Co. of New York,

FREDERICK S. WINSTON.....President.

144 and 146 Broadway, Corner of Liberty St.

RICHARD GOODHIND,

Salt Lake City,

Agent for Utah Territory.

Mr. GOODHIND will visit Ogden and Corinne monthly, to receive applications.

EFFICIENT AGENTS WANTED.