

# SALUTE OF ONE HUNDRED GUNS

Will be Fired on Thursday at St. Louis Exposition.

## A THREE DAYS' PROGRAM.

President Will Dedicate the Fair—French and Spanish Ambassadors Will Make Addresses.

St. Louis, April 26.—A salute of one hundred guns will announce to the world at noon, Thursday, April 29, the close of the first century of an inland empire that Napoleon sold for a song. Seldom in the official life of a great democratic nation will the pomp and pageantry of monarchy have been so overshadowed as at the dedication of the international exposition to commemorate that event. One of the most impressive military spectacles of peaceful times will sweep through the metropolis of the Louisiana domain, a glittering display of American arms and the man at the zenith of the republic's power. Kings, emperors and potentates send their ambassadors to swell the homage of this people to the genius that, by bloodless conquest, gave to the country a territory one-third the size of all Europe. For the first time in the history of the government, the entire diplomatic corps leaves the capital on a special train to travel into the heart of the nation.

The presence of the president of the United States, his cabinet, Congress and the supreme court, at the head of the armed column, is intended to symbolize a government by the people and its achievement.

The three days' program will be crowded with incident. National day falls on April 30—the president dedicates the world's fair. International day follows on May 1. Addresses by the French and Spanish ambassadors and a reception to the diplomatic corps are the features.

State day, May 2, concludes the celebration. Gov. Benjamin B. Odell of New York, and Gov. A. M. Dockery of Missouri, make addresses; a great civic procession moves over the route of the military parade, and the corner stones of the state buildings are laid. Dedication night and the evening of May 1, the Pains will monopolize the heavens. Their display of pyrotechnics, under their contract with the exposition, calls for the expenditure of \$55,000 in burning powder. Leo Stevens, the Stanley of London, the Baldwin Brothers, will manipulate seven mammoth gas balloons at a great altitude, where the most startling fireworks exhibition is to be given.

The monitor Arkansas herald of the coming dedication, will anchor on the river front of St. Louis April 28, lying there until after the last day of the dedication. The largest war vessel that ever ascended to the world's fair city will be visited by thousands of people during the week.

President Roosevelt arrives the night preceding the dedication. He has promised to speak at the choral entertainment for raising funds to build a monument to Gen. Franz Sigel. The president will be entertained while in the city by President Francis of the exposition.

At 10 o'clock the morning of dedication day, the freedom of the city will be tendered to President Roosevelt by Mayor R. H. Wells. The military parade will be assembled under the flag of Grand Marshal Corbin and begin to march at 10:30, preceded by the president of the United States and the distinguished guests in carriages drawn by the finest residence sections of Forest park, passing in review before 50,000 school children to the triumphal castrasse, leading from the entrance of the exposition grounds to the main building. A broad assembly platform will carry the column between the finished fronts of five exhibition buildings, decorated with the flags of all nations. The president will make the parade in the grand review in the court of monuments, the principal vista of the fair.

At 1:30 p. m. a grand band concert by P. and W. will announce the prelude to the dedication ceremony. The doors of the liberal arts building will admit 35,000 persons, to be seated under the direction of guards and ushers. A grand stand, at the north side will seat 1,000 guests. Accommodations for 400 foreign correspondents are provided immediately beneath and in front of the president's rostrum. A chorus of 1,200 voices selected from the leading musical societies of St. Louis and an assemblage of 200 people will render the masters.

At 5 o'clock the vast assembly will be called to order by David R. Francis, president of the exposition. Cardinal Gibbons, in the scarlet vestments of a prince of the Roman church, will lead a procession to the brilliant scene when he advances to the front of the president's rostrum to deliver the invocation.

Then Bishop E. R. Hendricks of the world's fair national commission, will be announced as the president of the day. A choral and band rendition of "The Hymn Proclaiming" will precede the presentation of the buildings by President Francis to the president of the United States. President Roosevelt will then make the dedication address.

Immediately at the close of the president's words, the grand choral anthem, "Unfold Ye Portals." Former President Grover Cleveland, the orator of the occasion, will deliver a rousing address. Bishop E. R. Hendricks of the Methodist church, will pray, and the Rev. Henry C. Potter of New York will speak the benediction. A centennial salute of 100 guns closes the program.

At 8 o'clock the pyrotechnic display begins in front of the grand stand, near the administration building. The length of the production is suggested by the 52 numbers which it includes. About 30,000 persons can witness the spectacle from the grand stand. It is estimated that it will require three hours, from 8 o'clock to 11 o'clock, to burn tons of powder the fireworks king has piled on the grounds. Henry Paine has promised to surpass anything he has done, and the monumental character of some of his cards seems to assure a magnificent display.

The sensation of the evening will be the ascension of seven great gas balloons, controlled by experienced aeronauts. At a great altitude the operators fire a salute of aerial guns. The largest vessel drops a huge American flag in pyrotechnics, 400 feet long by 20 feet wide. An aerial salute of 21 guns greets the appearance of the Stars and Stripes. This is the signal for dropping from the six other balloons the pyrotechnic flags of the six greatest powers. Each flag is 150 feet by 100 feet. Another conspicuous number will be the festival ball and the cascade garden of the world's fair, done in fire as a set piece 600 feet long by 60 feet high, the exact vertical height of the Cascade gardens. Streams of opales-

# SAY THIS QUICKLY STANDS FOR TREE STANDS FOR TEA "TREE TEA"



cent fire will fall over the cascades. In numbers include everything that is known to the science of pyrotechnics.

## TROLLEY CARS COLLIDE.

One Passenger Killed, One Fatally Hurt, Others Injured.

St. Louis, Mo., April 26.—In a collision between two Easton avenue trolley cars this evening one person was killed, one probably fatally and 10 others injured.

## DEAD.

Unidentified woman, apparently 65 years old.

## INJURED.

Ray Hunt, conductor; internally; recovery doubtful.

Mrs. Joseph P. Wilcox.

William Gardner.

Ellis Gordon.

Mrs. Buschmeyer, internally.

Mrs. Charles Krausberg.

Buschmeyer, slightly injured.

Miss Annie Nagle.

Mrs. Annie Schurman.

Mrs. Mabel Schurman.

Mrs. Charles Krausberg, internally.

The cars contained about 100 passengers, and a panic ensued. Women fainted and every one made a frantic effort to get out of the wreck. Spectators and police officers rushed to the rescue, and the injured persons were speedily extricated. One aged woman, whose name is unknown, was unconscious when taken out, and later died in the hospital. Both motorists escaped by jumping.

The collision caused a terrific crash, as both cars were going rapidly, and persons many blocks away were attracted by the noise.

Conductor Hunt's condition is very serious, and it is not believed he can recover. The cause of the collision has not yet been explained.

## PRESIDENT'S SUNDAY.

He Spent it Quietly in Grand Island, Nebraska.

Grand Island, Neb., April 26.—President Roosevelt's day in Grand Island was quiet. His train arrived early this morning. It was run into the yards and the president and his party remained aboard. The president attended St. Stephen's Episcopal church this forenoon. The sermon was preached by the rector, Rev. Louis A. Arthur. He will reach Omaha at 3:15 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The president went for a horseback ride, accompanied by Senator Dietrich. They rode out to Taylor's sheep ranch and then around to the scattered homes, where the president greeted the veterans. The ride was about 15 miles.

The day was extremely disagreeable on account of the high wind, which blew clouds of dust in every direction. In order that the president and his party might be free from dust clouds while in the train, the fire department stretched a hose around the cars and kept the grounds sprinkled.

The president will make a short address tomorrow morning, and at 9:30 o'clock will leave for Hastings, Neb. He will reach Omaha at 3:15 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. He will spend the night in Omaha.

W. W. Heffelfinger, a Yale athlete, who was offered the place on the civil service commission made vacant by the retirement of Mr. Garfield, today informed the president that he would be unable to accept the office.

## Jewish Theological Seminary.

New York, April 26.—The dedication exercises of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America were held today. The dedication address was made by Prof. Hoffman, president of the Hebrew Union College of Cincinnati. The presentation of the building was made by Jacob H. Schiff. The acceptance on behalf of the corporation was made by Dr. Cyrus Adler.

## Seven Counterfeiters Arrested.

Berlin, April 26.—Seven counterfeiters have been arrested in a body at Posen. The men counterfeited various coins, the coupons of government bonds and foreign coins, including those of the United States. They are said to have had American connections. Direct inquiry at the court at Posen for information and details concerning their American connection brought the reply that the court could not answer the query for several days, pending examination of the prisoners.

## W. U. T. Trouble at Butte.

Butte, Mont., April 26.—The trouble between the Western Union Telegraph company and their striking messenger boys was the subject of an animated discussion at a special meeting of the Silver Bow Trades & Labor assembly held behind closed doors tonight.

The meeting adjourned at a late hour without reaching a decision looking to a settlement of the trouble, the conclusion being reached that as the telegraph company had ceased doing business in Butte there was nothing any attempt should be made to settle the difficulty.

## STRUCK HIS MOTHER.

Then John Culver, Filled with Remorse, Committed Suicide.

Great Falls, Mont., April 26.—While drunk today John Culver struck his mother during a discussion. Filled with remorse for his act, he later placed the muzzle of a rifle in his mouth and blew the top of his head off. The deed was committed in front of his home on Seventh avenue, where his wife and mother stood helpless to prevent it.

### CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

# NEGRO LYNCHED IN ILLINOIS.

Was Followed by a General Onslaught on Colored People.

## SEVERAL OF THEM SHOT.

Cause of Trouble Was Attempted Assault by the Victim Upon a Farmer's Daughter.

Thebes, Ill., April 26.—An unknown negro, aged about 17 years, was lynched by a mob near the village of Santa Fe, a short distance from Thebes, this afternoon, for attempting to assault the 10-year-old daughter of Branson Davis, a farmer. The lynching was followed by a general onslaught upon a colony of negroes living in tents in a bridge construction camp. The tents were burned and dozens of shots were exchanged between the whites and blacks. Several negroes were shot, but so far as known none was killed. No whites were hurt.

Branson Davis lives half a mile east of Santa Fe. While his daughter was in the barnyard today the negro seized her. The girl's screams brought her mother to the scene and the negro fled. Officers were soon in pursuit, and as news of the assault spread among the neighboring farmers it was not long before an angry mob had joined in the chase. The mob met the officers returning with the negro. They refused to surrender the prisoner, and a scuffle ensued with the mob, the latter finally securing possession of the negro. He confessed to the crime, but begged for mercy. The mob started with the negro toward the new bridge being constructed across the Mississippi, where he was hanged to an oak tree without ceremony. After the body had been hung a few moments it was riddled with bullets.

The officers endeavored to disperse the mob, but their efforts were unavailing. A rush was made for a colony of several hundred negroes employed on bridge construction work living in tents near the bridge. The negroes saw the mob coming and opened fire. A rapid exchange of shots followed, and the whites fired with effect. Many of the negroes were shot down. None of the mob was injured, and it is not known how seriously the negroes were wounded. The mob pressed forward notwithstanding the steady fire until the negroes turned and fled toward a nearby wood, taking their wounded with them. After accomplishing a general work of destruction the mob dispersed. Extra police were sworn in and tonight the village is under heavy guard. Great excitement prevails.

## LYNCHED FOR ASSAULTING CHILD.

Longview, Tex., April 26.—At Carthage last night a negro named Hensley Johnson was lynched for criminally assaulting a 15-year-old white girl. The place last Friday night. A mob hanged him to a telephone pole on the public square, where his body was found this morning suspended.

## WHITE CAP OUTRAGE.

Take Two Girls and Whip Them With Barbed Wire.

Bloomington, Ind., May 26.—Thirty-eight unmasked men early today broke into a house in East Ninth street and switched Misses Rebecca and Ida Stephens, 18 and 16 years old, and also Miss Josephine Shively, 50 years old. The Stephens girls lived with their mother in the same house in which Shively had a room. The negro was whipped with a barbed wire and was struck in the eyes with bare knuckles. Rebecca was whipped with barbed wire, and Ida with appleswitches, but neither was dangerously injured. Many of the white caps were recognized and warrants will be sworn out for their arrest.

## A Woman Took Laudanum.

Bridgeport, Conn., April 27.—Convicted that her death was the only means of ridding an estranged husband of his life, Miss Jane Hawley killed herself by drinking laudanum. Neighbors found her body in the old home at Easton, ten miles from this city, where she had lived. Besides the body, near her head was a vial which had contained the laudanum. She had written a letter explaining that, although innocent of any intention of suicide, she had been responsible for separating the husband and wife, and had decided that in order to prove her innocence, she had better kill herself, and by her death bring together her friends. She had not the money, she wrote, to go far away where she would cease to be a barrier to the reunion.

## A MESSENGER FROM MARS.

Startles Congregation of Calvary Episcopal Church.

New York, April 25.—The sexton of Calvary Episcopal church of this city, last finished lighting and arranging for the service last evening and a half dozen of the early arrivals were in their pews, when a man about 27 years of age, marched slowly up the aisle and, standing in front of the altar, announced solemnly, "I am a messenger from Mars. The first ever sent by our glorious ruler to the mean inhabitants of this lowly planet."

Everybody present looked up in amazement. The man bowed and, turning to the altar picked up a richly bound service book.

"Hear the message," he announced, "I will read it to you."

He started to read solemnly and not unpleasantly, and the congregation began to realize the situation. The sexton hurried up to the altar, and as he approached the reader stopped. He readily complied, when the sexton asked him if he would not read the rest of the message on the church steps, and, bowing to the worshippers, again he marched in a dignified manner out of the church and after saying goodbye, to the sexton at the door, disappeared.

## HELD FOR EXTORTION.

Prisoners Are Said to be Members of The Mafia Society.

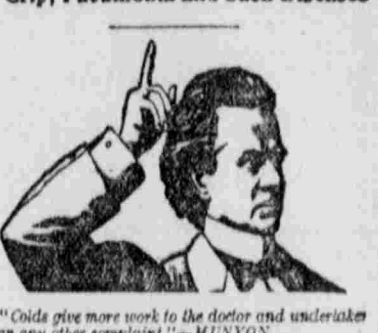
New York, April 27.—Fifty men have been held in \$500 bail each in the Morristown police court charged with extortion. The prisoners, it is said, are members of the Mafia, the society alleged to be responsible for the death of Benedetto Madoni, whose body was found recently in a barrel in this city, which is also charged with extensive blackmail operations under threats of death.

The complaint was Giovanni Bancale, a boarding house keeper. According to Bancale, the men went to him a short time ago and demanded

# MU ON GOLDS

GIVES TIMELY ADVICE

In view of the Widespread Epidemic Caused by the Changeable Weather — Emphasizes the Necessity of Prompt Action to Avoid Catarrh, Grip, Pneumonia and Such Diseases



"If I were asked which of my remedies I consider the most valuable, I should unhesitatingly say the Cold Cure—particularly at this season of the year. I regard a cold as the most dangerous of all ailments. It leads to grip, catarrh, neuralgia, sore throat, pneumonia and consumption. Colds attack the bowels and kidneys, and set the rheumatic in agony; in fact, colds may be termed the parent of nearly all pains. I know that most people look upon colds as a trifling ailment. This is a mistake, for colds give more work to the doctor and undertaker than any other complaint. Get rid of the cold to-day, to-morrow. Don't let it get two or three days the start of you. Have my Cold Cure ready to use as soon as you begin to sneeze, shiver, or feel that you are taking cold."

"You can make no better investment than in spending 25 cents with your druggist for a vial of this remedy. Get it to-day, whether you have a cold or not. It is better than a life insurance policy."

—MUNYON.

\$50, threatening his life if he did not give them the money. He paid no attention to this demand.

In a few days he received another notification that he must pay \$25 at least. Saturday night the men called again and declared that they must have \$35 tonight and there and the other matter would be considered later. Bancale told the men that he had banked all his ready money except a little change, but he would borrow the money if they would wait in a couple of hours. Waiting until the men had taken their departure and observing that no watch had been placed upon his house, Bancale hurried to the police station and told the sergeant what the men threatened that had been made against him.

Two detectives were assigned to assist Bancale in trying to ensure the men. They returned to Bancale's house and he was given a marked five dollar bill. Promptly on time the men returned. Bancale gave one of them the marked bill, but the detectives, seeing the money, followed. When the men left the house the detectives followed and arrested them in a grocery store.

When the five men were searched, three athletes, two razors, five large knives, and a revolver were found on them, and one of them had the marked five dollar bill. The money and weapons were placed on the mat outside the door in the police court when the men were arraigned, but they denied that the weapons or the money had ever been seen by any of them before.

## Disorders in French Provinces.

Paris, April 26.—In the provinces Sunday was marked by numerous disorders resulting from the dispersing of the congresses.

The most serious disorder is reported from Laroche-sur-Foron, where 500 peasants who were guarding a Capuchin convent in which the monks had been expelled, were armed and had seriously injured three magistrates who came to the convent with officers to close the convent. The peasants finally drove the magistrates away. The latest dispatches from Laroche-sur-Foron announce the arrival of two companies of infantry and 100 cavalrymen on the scene.

At Saint Nicholas-Dupont there was much rioting throughout the day owing to an attempt to expel the Redemptorists. There were several fights between the supporters and opponents of the others. Troops had to be sent to clear the streets. Many persons were injured and order has not yet been restored.

The abbey of Keerbaert, Landmaun, was invaded by peasants, who refused to permit the magistrate to approach. Similar orders are reported from Nanay and other places.

## Injured in Trolley Accident.

New York, April 27.—While running at full speed a trolley car on the New York and Queens county electric railroad, filled with passengers, left the rails at North Beth, L. I., last night. Nine persons were injured. The car reared over the curb and plunged against a tree with such force that the front of the conveyance was smashed and the passengers were thrown about. The car then turned upon its side and the passengers were thrown together so roughly that several women fainted.

It was fully ten minutes before all passengers had time to get out of the overturned car. Calls had meantime been sent to several physicians living near the scene of the accident and a squad of police was dispatched to the scene. All injured were attended by hospital surgeons.

## Porto Rican School Accommodations.

New York, April 25.—Bishop James H. Van Buren, Protestant Episcopal bishop of Porto Rico, spoke tonight at St. Mark's church upon the present condition of affairs in his diocese. He said that there are 350,000 children of school age in Porto Rico, yet at present there are accommodations in schools of all classes for only 60,000. When the first American soldiers landed there were only 25,000 children attending school.

## COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE

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FAST TRENCH LINE

GIGANTIC TWIN SCREW MAIL EXPRESS STEAMERS

Commanded by Naval Officers, strictest man-of-war discipline. Every 20th century device for comfort, speed and safety. Unrivaled cuisine. Company's Special Four Hour Parlor and Dining Car Train awaits passengers at Dock in Havre for Paris the beautiful, where convenient connections are made for all continental points. Servoni Wireless Telegraphy English-speaking attendants. For illustrated booklets and special information apply to Salt Lake City Agents, L. J. Kyes, Oregon Street Line; I. A. Benton, Rio Grande Western.

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6 DAYS TO HAVRE-PARIS

# CHINA ACCEPTS RUSSIAN PLAN

Czar's Minister Formulates Four Propositions.

## CHINESE BECOME SERVANTS

Agree to Terms Proposed—They Will Come into Force After Opening of Manchurian Railway.

London, April 27.—In a dispatch from St. Petersburg, dated Saturday, April 26, the correspondent there of the Daily Mail says he hears from an authoritative source that China has accepted the Russian proposal to modify the existing Russo-Chinese commercial treaty in so far as it regards the duties at the lake boundaries. After the negotiations with the tsung-li-yamen, the correspondent continues, the Russian minister formulated the following conditions: First—The importation of Chinese goods into Manchuria shall be taxed according to the discretion of the Russian customs authorities, and China shall agree to construct at Kalgan a manufacturing plant to supply material for the projected Russo-Chinese railroad to Peking, which will pass the vicinity of Kalgan.

Second—The Chinese shall establish in Beharid an administrative body for the purpose of settling the rights vested in the gold mines which are now being worked by Russian engineers.

Third—All Russian goods sent to central China must be free of any Chinese customs charges.

Fourth—Russia and China shall jointly agree henceforward to close the door in Manchuria to goods of all powers.

This agreement, concludes the correspondent, will come into force after the opening of the Manchurian railroad. It shows plainly, says the representative of the Daily Mail, the intention to make Manchuria a Russian province.

## EFFECT ON AMERICAN INTERESTS.

Washington, April 26.—Russia's demands in Manchuria and their effects upon American interests were the subject of a conference this afternoon between Secy. Hay and Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador. The conference lasted for nearly an hour. It is denied that the ambassador brought official advice from his government, but the fact that he is still suffering from an attack of lumbago, which has confined him to the embassy for several weeks, is evidence of the urgency of the call.

Steps already have been taken by the state department to ascertain the true inwardness of Russia's latest move. Ambassador McCormick at St. Petersburg has been instructed by cable to present to the Russian foreign office a note which, while diplomatically known as one of inquiry, is in substance a strong protest against Russia's demands. Cable instructions also have been sent to Minister Conger at Peking to express to the Chinese authorities the dissatisfaction of the United States with Russia's demands, and our hope that China will not accede to them. No answers have yet been received to either note, though unofficial assurances are still reaching the department that American interests in Manchuria can be admitted.

Russia's reason for contending for the closed door in Manchuria is the claim that the open door is not a commercial, but a political question. She continues to assure the United States that in some way this country's interests will be protected in Manchuria. The point is made that as the Manchurian door is still in question between St. Petersburg and Peking, the United States cannot expect that Russia will make concessions in the face of her policy. The door is determined. When China has acceded to all of these demands it is suggested that a trade agreement of some sort can be reached between this country and Russia which will protect our trade interests.

Appreciating the fact that the interests of this country in Manchuria are those of trade and not territory, Russia is in a position to make certain trade concessions to the United States in Manchuria at the proper time.

## MASS MEETING AT SHANGHAI.

Shanghai, April 25.—A mass meeting has been projected to be held here tomorrow. Chinese from all the provinces will be present and will urge the government to make no concessions to Russia concerning Manchuria.

It is rumored among Chinese officials here that Japan has made a formal demand upon Russia that Manchuria be evacuated forthwith. The Russian government has refused to accede to this demand.

## THE FOURTH DEMAND.

London, April 27.—The Times' correspondent at Peking says in a dispatch that he has ascertained that the fourth demand in the Russian document in the Manchurian affair, namely, the present status of the administration of Manchuria is to remain unchanged, does not apply to Manchuria, but is a demand that the administration of Mongolia shall not be changed. The object of this demand is to check the suggested alteration in the government of Mongolia by which it was contemplated to transform Mongolia into a Chinese province.

The foreign office, continues the Times' correspondent, has formally agreed that Russia is to retain 1,200,000 taels, or nearly from the New Russia customs now in the possession of the Russo-Chinese bank as an indemnity for repairing and protecting the Shantung-Newchwang railway.

## "Black Pearl" Is Dead.

St. Paul, April 26.—Harris Martin, colored, who as the "Black Pearl" achieved some fame in the prize ring a number of years ago, died here today. The "Black Pearl" in his palmy days, met and defeated many of the middleweight pugilists and is said to have once fought Fitzsimmons at San Francisco.

## The South Admires Roosevelt.

New York, April 27.—After a trip through the south for the purpose of studying the negro problem, Dr. R. S. MacArthur, of the Calvary Baptist church, has returned to New York. He visited nine southern states, and met representatives from three or four other states.

Speaking of his trip, he said last night: "It must be admitted that in my travels I found men sensitive over the Hooker T. Washington incident at the White House, but even they are recov-

ing from the effects of the first shock. They now learn that the president's act bears no more relation to the social equality of the races than the political elevation of the man in the moon.

"Given the bitterness of the Crum appointment is fast passing away, and the south has unbounded admiration for President Roosevelt and his wonderful achievements in his strenuous personality and unspotted character.

"The people of the north should trust the south more fully today in its treatment of the negro than ever before. The difficult problem of the past is fast nearing its solution. Mr. Carnegie's gift came at an opportune time. Booker T. Washington is the Moses to 9,000,000 of blacks today that Moses of old was to 2,000,000 Hebrews. He is another Washington, only to vastly greater numbers than was our general and president.

"A brighter day is coming when the mutual trust between the north and south will solve the problems of the hour. The future of the negro in the south is bright, not dark; hopeful and not despairing."

## Ziegler Expedition Starts.

New York, April 26.—Anthony Fiala, who is to head the Ziegler arctic expedition, was a passenger on the American line steamship St. Paul, which arrived today from Southampton.

Mr. Fiala went aboard about a month ago to look over the grounds and to see to the purchasing of supplies, and he now returns to consult William Ziegler, starting of his trip. Mr. Fiala said: "We expect to get off some time in June. The ice broke up early and the prospects for the expedition are good. The America was sent down from Tromsø to Tromsø under her own steam. She is being cleaned, new decks put in and other repairs being made. The America will sail as soon as she is ready, but I cannot give the date."

## Makes a Clean Sweep.

There's nothing like doing a thing thoroughly. Of all the Salves you ever heard of, Buckle's Arnica Salve is the best. It sweeps away and cures Burns, Sores, Bruises, Cuts, Boils, Ulcers, Skin Eruptions and Piles. It's only 25c, and guaranteed to give satisfaction by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

\$1.95—K-O-B—\$1.95—K-O-B.

## AUCTION SALE.

The last week of the auction sale of the McConahay Sharp Jewelry Co. stock at 41 W. Second South Street at 2:30 and 7:30 p. m. Give your bargains than ever. Come and buy the goods at your own price.

\$1.95—Excites enthusiasm.

## Nervousness and Nerve.

The more nervous a man is, the less nerve he has. That sounds paradoxical—but it isn't! For nerve is stamina. Root's Sarsaparilla gives nerve. It tones the whole system, perfects digestion and assimilation, and is therefore the best medicine a nervous person can take.

If you get tired easily, mentally or physically, take it—it will do you good.

\$1.95—Page 2.

## 90 PER CENT

of the