TELEGRAPHIC.

CUBAN WAR NEWS.

Antonio Maceo Wounded in a Sanguinary Encounter.

AMERICANS IN THE REBEL ARMY

Few Reinforcements to Be Sent from Spain in the Near Future.

HAVANA, Oct. 6.—The most bloody battle of the present war was fought recently in the country between San Antonio and San Fernando, in the Pinlgeta district of Santiago de Cuba. The insurgents were commanded by Gen. Antonio Maceo, while the Spanish troops were commanded by Gen. Castelgiac. The insurgents, who numbered 3,000 infantry and 800 cavalry, lay in wait for Gen. Castelgiac, who got in an appearance at the head of 1,200 infantry and 200 cavalry. The Spanish troops also possessed one field cannon.

The insurgents made a desperate resistance, which lasted several hours. The charges of the insurgent cavalry upon the Spanish quarter were not as effective as in other similar conflicts. The Spanish cavalry held these attacking battles at bay and it seemed as though the Spanish artillery was more deadly to the insurgents than formerly.

Finally, Gen. Antonio Maceo, seeing his men in a critical situation, rushed to the front with his staff. He had scarcely taken a position in front of the line when he fell, seriously wounded. His followers at once made him on a stretcher and succeeded in carrying him off the field.

As soon as it was known that Gen. Maceo had been wounded in the conflict, all was confusion in the ranks of the insurgents, who, according to official advices received here, were put to flight, leaving upon the field twenty killed and several wounded.

INCIPIENT WARFARE.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 6.—A special to the Bee from Sidney, Neb., says: The following letter was received here a few days ago by R. S. Overfelder. It is the first authentic and reliable information received from Cuban soil in the part of the country. Watson was formerly a private in the Twenty-first United States infantry, stationed at Fort Sidney, and a very reliable man:

In Camp, Santiago de Cuba, Sept. 16, 1895.

R. S. Oberfelder, Sidney, Neb., U. S. A.: My Dear Sir—I got my commission at Tampa, Fla., on March 1, 1895, for a captaincy in the Cuban army at $100 per month, payable in gold (and I get it). The conditions were that I was to take charge of an independent company and to have the pick of my own men. I went to New Orleans, and as luck would have it, got five ex-United States cavalrymen and a very smart German, who graduated at Leipsic, Germany, in chemistry, and is an expert in making all kinds of explosives. We started from Tampa, Fla., on a small vessel on March 12, 1895, and landed with us any quantity of munitions of war.

* * *

Now I will describe the soldiers that were sent from Spain. They are a young lot of boys, who are not accustomed, and are dying like sheep. Their boots are their bedding and a small rubber cape to cover their shoulders, and all are armed with the Mauser rifle and machete.

My commission gave me the privilege to range on the enemy and destroy all property belonging to the sympathizers of the government. Since my arrival here my company has been in several engagements. I sent out a scouting party in charge of Louis Hamilton, a former private in the Seventh United States cavalry. He returned in two hours, reporting that he came across twenty-two Spanish soldiers in camp, eating dinner, and with his company we at once approached within 300 yards of their camp.

I took seventy-five men at once, and arrived at the camp at 3:30 p. m., surrounded them, and in less minutes our arrival captured one officer, thirteen men and killed six, two getting away. We have daily encountered small bands of Spanish troops, and initiating them into the world grouse on a cold and rosy morning.

Our first defeat was on July 5th. Sergeant Wilson, formerly a private in the Fourth United States cavalry, after a two days' start, returned and reported seventy-five Spanish soldiers coming this way, escorting three government officers. We started with eighty-five men, and instead of finding seventy-five Spanish troops we ran into a force of 2,000. We retreated the best we could, but lost twelve good men, among them Sergeant Joseph L. Brands, formerly of the First United States cavalry, whose folks live at St. Louis, Mo.

Our headquarters look like a large jubilee. We have everything from a pocket knife to a German repeating cannon, without any ammunition. On August 25th we moved our headquarters miles further north, and the following day sent Lieutenant Hamilton with a detachment of twenty men to scout the country. He reported 1,500 Spanish troops encamped at a small town six miles south of us, and that they were holding a fair or festival, and were having horse races and bull fights. They had erected a large grand stand and the farmers and soldiers were in daily attendance. We held a council of war, and our cousin, Herr Dondemann, suggested that we crossed as farmers ten of our men, and blow the grand stand up with dynamite. They left camp at 8 a. m., and arrived at the camp at 12:30. He then mingled with the soldiers until 5 p. m., when he placed under the amphitheater twelve pounds of dynamite, at four locations, and exploded it by electricity. Our mine escaped but the explosion killed two of the Spanish officers, sixty-eight men and wounded 115.

Yours truly,
EDWIN C. WATSON.

SPANISH REINFORCEMENTS.

MADRID, Oct. 6.—The government will send a fresh lot of generals to Cuba, to enable Captain-General de Campos to recommence operations against the insurgents on November 15th.

Advices from Havana announce that a hurricane has ravaged the tobacco plantations in the province of Pinar del Rio, and twenty are reported killed and a number of houses destroyed.

Warships Called For.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—A cable to the World from Fo Chow, China, says: The consuls have telegraphed to the admirals for warships. Two British warships have arrived.

Spies to Be Punished.

BERLIN, Oct. 6.—The Cologne espionage affair is developing widely, important information having been obtained since the arrest of the men presented to the French officers or agents of France. Major Von Kaelth of the ministry and Captain Von Tiemmenhoff of the general staff have arrived at Cologne to investigate the matter. A number of further arrests have been made, and, in addition, a woman named Klinker has been arrested at Magdeburg, on the charge of having acted as the pole medium of communication between a French army officer and an employe of the Gruson steel works, who furnished the French officer, through her, with drawings, models of improved vessels, guns and ordnance, etc., to be used in these forts, and invaluable plans of the German defenses. The arrest of this couple is said to have been brought about through the fact that the woman and the employe of the Gruson works had been noticed spending quite a large amount of French gold. This set up suspicions, and their arrest followed. The preliminary inquiry into the case is now said to be nearly complete, and the whole matter will soon be submitted to the central military authorities in Berlin.

Some new arrests have also been made in Berlin, including that of Mme. Schwartze, the widow of a major in the Saxon army. The evidence thus far obtained seems to show beyond any doubt that the models and parts of guns and rifles of the Krupp works at Essen, as well as from the Gruson works at Magdeburg, besides drawings of different fortifications of the frontier cities, have passed through the hands of the accused to France during the past year. The case will be tried in the imperial courts at Leipsic within a week.

FRIENDS OF IRISH INDEPENDENCE

Appeal for Money Issued by the Executive Committee.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The national officers and executive committee of the Irish National alliance issued the following appeal today:

Headquarters Irish National Alliance, New York, Oct. 6th:

To all friends of Irish Independence—The convention which recently assembled at Chicago has placed the Irish National Alliance in the guidance and government to the hands of the undersigned for the ensuing two years. The purpose of the alliance has already been proclaimed—to obtain the complete independence of Ireland from England, by any means considered with the laws of nations.

Organizations, like governments, have to depend on their revenue for the successful accomplishment of their duties. "The sinews of war" are absolutely necessary, both for organization and propagation.

England, the arch-enemy of Ireland, has at her disposal immense resources for the accomplishment of centuries of conquest and plunder. She has in her power to control or mould public opinion in her own interests. Even in free America she possesses this power to an astounding extent. But side of the Irish question has filled the American mind for a quarter of a century—ever since Ireland's friends at home and abroad committed the costly fault of trusting to parliamentary agitation to achieve the liberty of their motherland.

Now, however, a totally different policy has been inaugurated. The absolute claim of Ireland to a distinct nationhood that has been placed forcibly before the world by the unanimous voice of the recent Irish National congress held in Chicago.

Parliamentarism has been cast aside, and the national demand of Ireland, which slumbered but did not die, is again in the ascendant. We are determined that it shall not remain, and that no effort of ours, no sacrifice on our part, will be left unfirled or unpersuaded until victory crowns our sacred cause.

We appeal, therefore to all friends of the independence of Ireland to aid us in this great work of placing at our disposal the means required for its accomplishment.

You are asked to subscribe in accordance with your means and to forward your subscriptions as soon as possible to the secretary of the Irish National Alliance, Hon. P. V. Fitzgerald Fitzpatrick, 154 Twenty-second street, Chicago, Ill.

God save America and Ireland. (Signed) William Lyman, president Irish National Alliance; J. J. Duncan, Massachusetts; Martin Kelly, Tennessee, J. J. Hoefly, Colorado, T. J. Loudon, Ohio; J. J. Lawler, Texas; Colin Gallagher, Minnesota; Capt. M. Mangan, Wisconsin; G. N. Kennedy, Montana; J. H. Greevy, Pennsylvania.

Plans of organization are being prepared and will be issued in a few days.

A Bomb at Berlin.

BERLIN, Oct. 6.—Fire broke out at 3:15 o'clock today on the top floor of the five-story brick block, built in 1844 Lawrence street, burning furiously for several hours. For some time the Markham hotel, on the corner of Seventeenth street, had the immense dry goods emporium of F. Hole & Fisher, extending from the burning building to Sixteenth street, close in great danger, but the fire department succeeded in confining the flames to the structure in which they started. The total loss is $75,000.

Coming Off in Indian Territory.

ARDMORE, I. T., Oct. 6.—The Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight is coming off in the Indian Territory. Of this there is not any doubt.

DEMAND AMNESTY.

Foreign Ministers in Constantinople Appeal to the Government.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 6.—On Saturday the Italian Chargé, the British ambassador, had an interview with Kiamil Pasha, the grand vizier, in which he made a strong representation and forcibly urged upon the Porte the making arrests of Armenians. Kiamil Pasha in reply expressed his anxiety to improve the situation. It is expected that he will advise the sultan to grant amnesty to all Armenians who have been arrested in connection with the riots since Monday.

The ambassadors of the powers held a conference today and drew up a collective note, which will be presented to the Porte tomorrow. Afterward they went to the Porte personally and made verbal representations on the subject of Armenia. The foreign representatives, who are acting as guardships, have been ordered to moor in the harbor for the winter, in order to protect foreigners in case of need.

U. S. MINISTER DENOUNCED.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—At a largely attended meeting of the American National union of Chicago held tonight, the actions of Mr. Terrill, United States minister to Turkey, in connection with the Armenian affairs, were hotly discussed. Finally a set of resolutions were adopted charging him with "over and over again ignoring to respond to requests for aid made by loyal missionaries and but be molested by Turkish officials," that he has in his dispatches to the state department totally misrepresented a just cause and has been against his persecuted fellow-citizens in Turkey because of a "desecration to his daughter."

A demand is made for his removal and the sending of a minister to Constantinople who shall be "the honor to the nation at large and to the interests of the missionaries and oppressed Christians."

General Miles's First Order.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—Gen. Miles arrived in Washington from New York this afternoon. He paid a formal call on Secretary Lamont, and then issued his first official order as follows:

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
Washington, D. C., Oct. 5, 1895.

General order No. 64.—By direction of the President, the undersigned hereby assumes command of the army of the United States.

NELSON MILES,
Major General.

For American Inventors.

LIMA, Peru, Oct. 6, via Galveston, 6.—Congress has approved the project of a railroad running from Lima to Pisco, traversing a rich and cultivated district. The construction of this railroad offers a grand opening for American capital.

Swallowed Diamonds.

DENVER, Oct. 6.—Edwin Clarke, the diamond broker who was arrested in San Francisco and brought here to answer charges of embezzling several thousand dollars worth of precious stones, has become very ill since his arrival here. The physicians in attendance believe that Clarke swallowed some diamonds.

Anti-Woman Suffragists.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 6.—The special state committee of anti-woman suffragists, headed by Mrs. John V. Pray of this city, has issued the following address to the electors of the state of New York:

The committee of women organized in the state of New York to oppose the amendment to the constitution striking out the word "male" in the qualifications of voters, address this appeal to the electors of the state. They are anxious to urge upon the voters of the state that they should take pains to secure the nomination and election to the legislature of men known to be opposed to the imposition upon women of the unwelcome and unsuitable responsibility of the ballot. It is not thought wise or necessary to enter into any argument in this appeal against so radical and fundamental a revolution in the system of elections.

Not Much of a Society.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—Chicago labor agitations are again in a turmoil, this time over the reception which it was proposed to be given to Eugene V. Debs on his release from Woodstock jail. At a meeting of the labor congress today, it was reported that arrangements for the reception were progressing, while at the meeting of the trade and labor assembly several delegates expressed their dissent with the entire matter, and said that they had come to the conclusion that Debs was too much of a "crazy" after all.

May Apply the Torch.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—"If the law is not allowed to take its course concerning our men involved in crime, the torch may be applied to those cities where outrages occur."

These words were uttered last night at the close of the regular evening service by Rev. J. M. Tweneboa, colored, pastor of Quinn chapel, Twenty-fourth street and Wabash avenue. An audience of a thousand colored people applauded the sentiment, and rose to their feet to further show their appreciation of their pastor's stand.

Stanley Francis Incognito.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 7.—H. M. Stanley, the explorer, left Oakland last night for Denver. In Los Angeles he remained as a guest of J. Fowler, New York, and kept very quiet.

Reader, did you ever take SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR, the "King of Vegetable Medicines?" Every body seems to know it and everybody knows it is a good medicine. If you have Dyspepsia or Sick Headache, Constipation, when the waste that should be carried off remains in the body and poisons the whole system, and dull, heavy feeling is due to a torpid liver, Biliousness, Headache, Malaria and Indigestion are all liver troubles. Keep the liver active by occasional doses of Simmons Liver Regulator and you'll get rid of these troubles, and give tone to the whole system. For a laxative Simmons Liver Regulator is better than Pills. It does not gripe, nor weaken, but greatly invigorates and strengthens.

Every package has the Red Z Stamp on the wrapper. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia.

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VANITY FAIR
CIGARETTES

NONE BUT THE FINEST VIRGINIA & TURKISH TOBACCO & THE HIGHEST SKILLED WORKMEN EMPLOYED IN MAKING THESE CIGARETTES

W. S. KIMBALL & CO.
The American Tobacco Co. Successor

DISSTONS' CELEBRATED
SAWS
Cross Cut, Drag, One Man, Upright, Mill, Hand, Rip, Panel, Tenon, Pruning, Compass, Butcher, Cook, Keyhole, Etc.
ALSO—
CIRCULAR,
Both Solid and Chief Point Teeth, and "TRIUMPH," for felling trees, are selling at lower prices than ever. Also a full stock of their Rasps and Files always on hand.
Z. C. M. I.

ESTABLISHED 1862.
JOSEPH E. TAYLOR,
PIONEER
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OF UTAH.

Manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of Metallic, Wood and Cloth Covered Coffins and Caskets.
Full line of Coffin Furnishings kept constantly on hand.
Telephone and telegraph orders promptly filled.
Open Day and Night.
Factory and Warerooms No. 255 S. 1st South, 1½ blocks east of Tabernacle.

Bargain Day
Every Day
This Week!

F. AUERBACH & BROTHER.

The Prices
Tell The Tale
Read Them and
Make Comparisons.

Our Great October Sale in Full Blast.

Never before have we had such satisfied customers. We have arranged for this week a Series of Specials that for value have never been equalled in this city. A Perfect Feast of Bargains will be offered in every department throughout the entire store this week.

SILKS.

36 inch Armure Royal Silk, a hard twisted silk excellent for wear, value $1.50 for 75c yard

36 inch Black Peau de Soie, very soft and mellow, satin finish, worth $1.25 for 89c yard

19 inch Taffeta Silks, also grec de Londres in the newest two-toned changeable effects, worth $1.00 at 75c yard

Dress Goods.

44 inch English black, blue or brown Herbert Serge, of pure worsted wool, unexpected for wear, a very special lot 65c yard

47 inch silk finished jet and blue black French Henriettas, our standard $1.00 quality at 67c yard

38 inch black all wool Cashmeres and Merges, imported makes, worth 50c and 65c 25c yard

Cloaks, Suits, Furs.

A MAMMOTH STOCK

Thousands upon Thousands of Garments at LOWER PRICES Than Ever Offered Before.

JACKETS.

Beautiful Boucle and Cheviot Jackets, lined with largest sleeves, perfect fitters, in black or navy, from $6, $8.50, $10, $12.50, $15, $20, etc

A Special
In a fine, perfect fitting, brown Jacket, large sleeves, very stylish, value $7.50 for $4.90

A Heavy Winter Jacket
Of black twilled cloth, fine style, for $3.00

AN ELEGANT BLACK BEAVER JACKET, latest cut, for $4.50

CAPES.

An Endless Variety of Cloth, Plush and Fur Capes.

500 Capes,
Over 20 different stylish Cloth Capes in black or tan color. Plain or fur or braid trim of heavy material.

Plush Cape.
A handsome Plush Cape, silk lined, with large collar, edged with Thibet Fur, for $5.00

Special $7.00 Plush Cape.
A beautiful 30 inch Plush Cape, edged with wool, seal fur round collar, down front, silk lined, value $10.00 for $7.00

FUR CAPES.

A fine 30 inch Coney Cape, all silk lined, good sweep for $7.50

Electric Seal
Capes, 30 inches long, from $12.50 to $15.00

A handsome Wolf Seal Cape, fine Marten collar and edging down front, for $20.00

Astrachan Capes
$16, $20, $22, $25 up

Boys' Clothing.

Great Specials this Week in Boys' Clothing.

A GREAT LEADER.
Boys' Knee Pants Suit in Union cassimeres, brown check, double breasted, 7 to 15 years, value $3.25 for $2.25

A GREAT OFFER.
Boys' Knee Pants Suit in the stylish Boucle materials, black or navy, beautiful in style, durable in wear, warranted to be worth $4.50, for $4.75

Boys' Long Pants Suit
In gray twilled Cheviot, well made, heavy weight, 12 to 18 years, for $3.75

BOYS' LONG PANTS SUIT in dark mixed Union cassimere, neat and durable, 12 to 18, for $4.25

SHOES.

Visit Our New Shoe Department, and save money by buying the best shoes at the lowest prices.

La Gloves Calf Button Shoes, all sizes, 2½ to 7, good value at $2.50, for $1.75

Child's and Infants Shoes, all prices, 40c to $1.00 etc

Portieres.

TWO GREAT SPECIALS.

Extra fine quality Chenille Portieres, silk finish, three yards long, fringe trimmings, 72 in. wide, the pair, value $5.84 at $2.50 Pair

Chenille Portiers.

Handsome 50 in. Dado, fringe to match heavy tassel on top and bottom, size 50, 3½ yds. long and 48 in. wide, each curtain in garnet and brown; value $5.50, at $3.95 Pair

Cream Table Damasks,

60 in. extra heavy Cream Table Damask, good serviceable linen, worth 50c, at 39c Yard

Cream Satin Double Damask, 60 in. wide, choice designs, usually sold at 65c, for 47c Yard

Towels.

Large size, 24x45, heavy unbleached Turkish Towels, soft finish, not so 20c

Neat knotted fringe, Dacombire Huck Towels (a good 25c towel) for 25c

Ladies' Hosiery.

Ladies' fast black heavy Spanish Cotton Hose, all sizes, 37½ quality, our price 12½ Pair

Ladies' fast black Cashmere Hose, seamless, 8½ to 10, value 35c pair, for 20c Pair

Children's Hosiery.

Children's fast black, seamless, all-wool Hose, spliced heel and toe, 5½ to 8½, worth 35c pair, at 15c Pair

Children's fast black extra quality fine ribbed seamless Cashmere Hose, 6 to 8½ value 40c, at 25c Pair

Infants' Hose.

Infants' all-wool, ribbed, fast black Hose, 4½ to 6½, worth 15c, at 8½c

Corsets.

Extra Long Waist Corset, good quality, drab drill, heavily boned, 19 to 30, value 65c, at 40c

Union Suits.

SPECIAL—Ladies' Tan Jersey Ribbed Union Suits, Second, 3 to 6, value $1.00, at 60c

Novelty Dress Goods,

Imported Dress Patterns, 20 to 40 inches in width, 6 to 8 yards in length, choice, new and stylish materials at $3.65, $4.65, $6.75, $7.50, $9.00, $10.50, $12.50, $15.00 up.

Broadcloths.

44 in. black and colored Flannel Suiting, strictly all-wool, a great bargain at 33 1-3c yd

54 in. all-wool Ladies' Cloth, special quality, good assortment of colors, worth 65c, at 40c yd

54 in. fine French Broadcloth in black and colored, extra fine quality, worth $2.00, at $1.40 yd