# DESERET EVENING NEWS.

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CHICAGO TRADE.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

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*Wholesale Manufacturers of*

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS,

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*Mantels, Pews, Church Finish, Stairs, Stair Railing, Balusters, Newels, Etc.*

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Our Goods are constantly kept in Stock by the largest Lumber Dealers in Salt Lake City and Ogden. Price Lists and Moulding Books sent free upon application dlm6 ly

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For Sale by Z. C. M. I. and its Branch Stores. dlm8 ly

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Best Forge Made for Light Work, $10 40lb. Anvil and Kit of Tools, $30

Farmers save time and money doing odd jobs. Blowers, Anvils, Vises and other articles. Lists Free.

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CONFECTIONERS,

28, 30, 32, & 34 MICHIGAN AVENUE,

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Our Goods are kept by Z. C. M. I., its Branch Stores and dealers generally in the Territory. d 103 1 y

**USE THE BEST!**

**Fairbank's Fine Family Soaps.**

THERE IS NO ECONOMY IN BUYING anything solely because it is CHEAP, but when you can get the BEST at the price of the poorer article it is clear gain to your advantage to purchase.

Fairbank's Fine Family

SOAPS

Are undoubtedly the very best in the market. If you have any doubt as to this fact, try the Soaps and you will be convinced. They are made of the finest materials and prepared skillfully.

WHITE STAR

is now celebrated all over the country, and is in every respect strictly first class. It is easy on the hands and lasts wonderfully when being used.

We also make the following well known brands, all of which are highly recommended:

LAKESIDE, BRILLIANT, GOLDEN WEST, STANDARD, JEWEL, OLD GERMAN, ALHAMBRA, SPANISH CASTILE, EXTRA AMERICAN FAMILY.

Samples of any of our Soaps always furnished when desired.

N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., Chicago, Ill.

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Office, 43 Pine St., New York.

Constantly on hand a complete stock of this well known and justly celebrated

GUNPOWDER!

*BLASTING, KENTUCKY RIFLE, FAIR LAWN, DUCK, ELECTRIC FUSE.*

For Sale by Z. C. M. I. and all the principal Stores in the Territory, and by

H. B. CLAWSON, Agent.

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PUMPS AND FIRE ENGINES,

Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Gas Pipes, Plumbers' and Steam Fitters' Brass Goods, Belting, Hose and Packing.

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*FENCE WIRE, BARBED WIRE, FENCING, Etc., Etc.*

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**Spool Cotton**

FOR SALE

AT WHOLESALE

BY

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J. B. KEYSOR,

Late partner of Dr. J. R. Van Arkin

Has Removed his Office to the New "HERALD" BUILDING,

Where he earnestly solicits his former patronage and guarantees satisfaction.

Give him a call.

NEW YORK TRADE

**ROYAL**

**BAKING POWDER**

**Absolutely Pure.**

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall Street, New York.

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*OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.*

No. 577 Broadway, New York.

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Manufacturers of

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CLOTHING,

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Manufacturers of and Dealers in COTTON SAIL DUCK, "Woodberry," Druid Hills, "Polhemus" and other favorite brands, all numbers—Hard, Medium and Soft.

DUCK FOR OVERALLS, BLUE, BROWN OR IN THE GREY

COTTON CANVASS of all numbers—14 to 150 inches wide, for Deck, Car, Trunk and Wagon Coverings, Machine Aprons and for other purposes, constantly in store and made to order.

Agents for U. S. Bunting Co., "Standard" and "Eagle," by the Case or less quantity.

These Goods can be obtained at Z. C. M. I.

**PECK BROTHERS & CO.,**

*Manufacturers of*

BRASS & PLATED WORK FOR WATER, GAS & STEAM

JOBBERS IN

PLUMBERS MATERIALS,

79 Beekman Street,

NEW YORK.

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**HEMPHILL, HAMLIN & CO.**

*CARPETING,*

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, DRUGGETS, MATS, ETC.

343 & 344 BROADWAY,

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Our Goods are kept by Z. C. M. I., and its Branch Stores.

**HENRY WAGNER,**

SALT LAKE CITY,

CALIFORNIA BREWERY

LAGER BEER ALE and PORTER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

*Second South Street, Three Doors East from Main Street.*

**GEO. M. SCOTT & CO**

DEALER IN

Hardware, Iron, Steel,

Stoves, Tinware,

Mill Findings,

Miners' and Blacksmith Tools,

— ETC. —

21 & 23 MAIN ST., S. L. CITY, UTAH

**HAYNES & SON,**

Steam Boiler Makers,

AND OIL TANKS, COOLERS, KETTLES, PANS, ETC.

Shop, IX Blocks East of Depot,

P. O. Box, 525, - Salt Lake City.

*General Repairing Done Promptly.*

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Refer to any Work done by us with pleasure.

**SALT LAKE CITY BREWERY**

*TO OUR PATRONS:*

We are now selling our favorite Beer in

Four and Eight Gallon Kegs,

AT

At $1.75 and $3.50 Each

TO THE FAMILY TRADE.

Orders will be promptly attended to and delivery made to any part of the City.

MORITZ & CULLEN,

PROPRIETORS.

**THE WORKINGMEN'S STORE!**

Carries a full line of Best Brands of

ROLLER MILL FLOUR,

BRAN, SHORTS,

CHOP FEED,

And a Large Assortment of

GROCERIES

Call and examine.

ELIAS MORRIS,

*No. 22 Old Constitution Building, Opposite Z. C. M. I.*

Telephone 87.


## BY TELEGRAPH.

FOR WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

### AMERICAN.

A BLOODY ENGAGEMENT AT LIMA, PERU.

THE RAILROAD WAR AGAIN RENEWED.

THE HUNDREDTH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATED.

THE WHEAT CROP OF 1884.

FIRES, ETC.

**A Peruvian Battle.**

CHABILLEO, Peru, 28.—In Lima yesterday there was a perfect storm of bullets for over six hours. Caceres entered the city with his rabble, yelling and firing. The night before all the government troops were withdrawn into the cuartel and palace, and the entry of Caceres, although not unexpected, was somewhat of a surprise. His men captured the cuartel and the Church of Es Mercede and Sea Augustine, from which they kept up a fusilade. They also attacked the Guadaloupe railroad station. About 150 persons were killed in Mercedes and Bodegones streets and near the palace square where the fire was the hottest. Finally the government troops made a sortie and drove out the mob. Caceres was accompanied by about 90 horsemen. They appeared to have been traveling all night, and were not in condition to fight with troops well fed and fresh from their beds. Three hundred prisoners were taken. Caceres escaped. The German proprietor of a cigar store was killed while looking from the balcony. All the telegraph wires were cut for miles out of the city, and no trains were run. Nothing occurred at Charelles. The cable staff is all right. Heavy guns were heard for some hours, but no news as to the locality of the firing is received up to 9.30 a. m. All is quiet this morning in Lima. The dead men and horses are being removed, and the pools of blood cleaned up. The fight in San Augustine church proceeded with closed doors. Caceres was said to have 1,300 disciplined troops, who were to have attacked Callao. These may return. Last night there were no guards in the streets, all were in the cuartel and the palace.

**Cutting Rates.**

NEW YORK, 29.—The Wall Street *News* says: It transpires that the rates to and from Texas are involved in the fight going on in the California trade. The Huntington roads in this country are cutting rates against the Gould roads, the Texas Pacific, M. K. & T. and the Iron Mountain. These roads are having a pretty rough time of it. There is an embargo against receiving Texas cattle on account of Texas fever at all the large depots north, so they are not carrying much, if any, of this, one of their best classes of tonnage, and if the Huntington war is carried into the cotton shipping season, which is very likely, the roads will be left pretty dry of money to winter on. It is well known the Huntington people are very slow to begin to fight, but wonderfully tenacious in carrying it through. They never give up without getting an advantage, and in every contest between them, Huntington has managed to throw Gould.

CHICAGO, 28.—Something of a sensation was caused to-day by the receipt of a letter from Commissioner Fink to joint agent Moore, of the eastbound freight pools, authorizing a reduction in the rate on cattle to 20 cents per hundred, the former rate being 30 cents, and on dressed beef 25, the former rate being 40. The cause assigned is that some lines in the pool have been cutting rates, and it was thought best to teach the offenders a lesson. The complaints of cutting on grain and the hog products are also frequent.

**An Old Pioneer.**

MONTEREY, Cal., 28.—The one hundredth anniversary of the death of Padre Junipero Serra, the pioneer of the Catholic missions of this State, was celebrated to-day with all the imposing ceremonial observances of the Roman Catholic Church. The illustrious churchman, born at Majolica, at the age of 19 took the vows of a Franciscan and came to Mexico in 1750, where he remained for 17 years, and was then appointed president of all the missions of Lower California. He came to Upper California in 1769, settled this place in 1770, where he founded the San Carlos mission and caused to be erected the San Carlos ministry, lately repaired in anticipation of the anniversary of his death. His burial place remained secret for ninety-eight years. The celebration to-day was attended by all prominet Roman Catholic churches, besides delegations from the California pioneer and many civil and military bodies. Archbishop Alemany blessed the Church, Archbishop Riordan delivered a religious oration, and State Senator Dewaile, the nominee for Congress from the sixth district, gave a civic oration in Spanish. Five thousand visitors were present.

**This Year's Crop.**

MILWAUKEE, 28.—S. W. Talmadge presents the following figures of the final estimate of the wheat crop of the United States for 1884. The figures are based on the official reports made within a few days by the State Agricultural Department, and statistical agents. The report shows the total production of winter wheat to be 280,000,000 bushels, and the total spring wheat 150,000,000 bushels. This makes the total yield of the country fully 25,000,000 bushels more than ever before produced; 130,000,000 more than last year's crop, and 80,000,000 more than an average crop for the past five years. The departments all agree in reporting the quality superior, and where it had been threshed the yield has more than met their calculations. This applies especially to spring wheat in sections of Iowa, Dakota, Nebraska, Minnesota and Wisconsin. The quality of spring wheat was never better. The spring wheat harvest was nearly [illegible] the weather has been favorable and grain is being cared for in excellent condition. The spring wheat crop of Iowa is 32,000,000, Nebraska [illegible]; winter wheat for California, 45,000,000; Oregon, 15,000,000; Washington Territory, 4,000,000; Utah, 2,000,000; Montana, 1,000,000; Idaho, 1,000,000; Arizona, 500,000; Nevada, 250,000; Wyoming, 200,000.

**Fires.**

NEWARK, N. J., 28.—The Bannister shoe factory burned this morning; loss, $100,000.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., 28.—The business portion of the village of Adams burned this morning; loss, $300,000.

## FOREIGN.

THE FRANCO-CHINESE WAR.

PROGRESS OF THE CHOLERA IN EUROPE.

7,000 MEN KILLED IN DEFENCE OF GORDON

THE PETROLEAL POWER OF THE WORLD.

NO WESTERN CATTLE CAN PASS THROUGH CANADA.

**The French Bombardment.**

LONDON, 28.—A Paris dispatch, dated last night, says: Since the French discomfited the rioters Chinese headed and inspired by foreigners quarters in the city. Much dissatisfaction is expressed at the action of the French in bombarding the city without landing troops for the protection of foreigners. It is reported that Germany has protested against this action. The Chinese complain that English pilots guided the French fleets during the engagements, thus committing a breach of the neutrality laws.

The Paris correspondent of the *Times* says: "Ferry, in private conversation, complained with much vehemence of the strictures of the *Times* regarding Courbet's conduct at Foo Chow. The French press, he said, showed no such spirit when the English bombarded Alexandria.

The English press, by urging China on, is aiding against Europe. The confidence it gives the Chinese may next be turned against England. Commercial nations are naturally uneasy at our action, but once resolved on redress, we must deal blows which will tell. Ferry disavowed the policy of colonial conquest. 'My whole duty,' he declared, 'is to finish the enterprise originally ill-conceived and ill-managed. We want a peaceful occupation of Tonquin, and want to enforce on China the respect she owes us. European interests need not be alarmed at this. We are acting for the civilized world.'"

The committee appointed by the merchants engaged in trade with the East, obtained a legal opinion on the right of France to prevent vessels conveying munitions of war to enter treaty ports of China. Their counsel held that until war had been formally declared, France has no right to prevent such entrances.

Baron De Courcel, French Ambassador, has returned to Berlin. It is semi officially stated that Courcel's visit to Bismarck was for the purpose of informing him that a permanent occupation of Foo Chow and Formosa was not contemplated by the French government, and Europeans there have nothing to fear.

Twenty-five hundred troops have been placed in readiness to proceed to Tonquin, if required. Admiral Peyron, Minister of Marine, has telegraphed Admiral Courbet that supplies for the French forces can be obtained at the arsenal at Saigon, Cochin China. Operations against Langson are suspended on account of the intense heat. Gen. Negrier will retire to Bacninh. It is stated the Delta is in no danger. Gen. Millot telegraphs from Tonquin he lost four men while repulsing pirates and Black Flags who pillaged the villages along Red river, and massacred the inhabitants. The French garrisons at Sonta and Houghos, with the aid of the gunboats, Millot says, succeeded in driving them into the mountains.

The papers doubt the report that the French have landed at Kelung and captured the forts. In reference to the report, *La Liberte* says the landing of the force of five hundred men was not available for the capture of Kelung.

Admiral Courbet's official report up to this evening is as follows: "Min River, 5.30 p. m., August 28.—The principal batteries on Kin Pai Channel have been destroyed, and he hoped to destroy all the other forts this evening. The line of torpedoes barring the entrance to the river is being fished up, and the explosives are being secured. The gunboats are able to leave the river by another channel. The *Oaple* was dispatched to Miard to guard the telegraph cable."

**Cholera.**

ROME, 28.—The following shows the progress of cholera in Italy in 24 hours: Bergamo, 13 fresh cases; Bologna, 2 deaths, 1 fresh case; Campobasso, 6 deaths, 17 fresh cases; Laspezia, 3 deaths, 19 fresh cases; Milan, 1 fresh case; Naples, 3 deaths; Parma, 5 deaths, 2 fresh cases; Turin, 5 deaths, 4 fresh cases; in the province of Cuno, 27 fresh cases, of which 26 are in town; Busca, 21, there cases already fatal.

Deaths from cholera in the departments of southern France to-day, 31; four deaths at Toulon, two at Laseyne, and five at Marseilles. The record in the Toulon hospitals for the 24 hours ended this evening: Admitted, 4; died, 1; under treatment, 57.

Toulon, 28.—Two deaths from cholera here last night. At Mourillon, outside the city, there were five fresh cases, one of instant death. The temperature has fallen suddenly.

Berlin, 28.—The report that Germany proposed to the powers that a quarantine of three weeks should be established at Suez for vessels from countries infected with cholera, is untrue.

**Egypt.**

LONDON, 28.—The government is expediting the departure of increasing reinforcements of the Egyptian staff. The force at Woolwich has been increased and additional hands engaged to put transports in readiness rapidly. Orders have been sent to Plymouth to hasten the fitting out of the transport *Poonah*. It has been decided to increase the expedition for the relief of Gordon to 7,000 men; 700 royal scouts will be dispatched from the West Indies. The rest of the troops go from Gibraltar, Malta and Cyprus; 400 more river boats have been ordered.

The Government has contracted with a Chicago firm to supply 500,000 pounds of compressed beef for the Gordon relief expedition.

Cairo, 28.—There is a report that the Fagallah tribes have again defeated the Mahdi.

Suakim, 28.—The rebels succeeded last night in removing two mines which had been laid near the town for the purpose of exploding when they attacked the garrison. They also captured three dhows near the harbor, and killed four sailors. The other sailors of the dhows, seven in number, escaped. The rebels took three dhows and 25 passengers they had captured 50 miles south of Suakim, where, it is reported, the rebels have collected a large force. The British man-of-war *Condor* will proceed to this port.

**Temporal Power.**

The clergy has started a monster demonstration in every church in favor of the temporal power of the Pope. Among the first signatures to the address for this object, are the cardinal prelates and nobles of Spain.

**No Cattle for Canada.**

The Canadian government, replying to a reference from the privy council of the, memorial of ranch holders of the Western United States, asking for freedom to import cattle through Canada to England, refuse to grant the request on the ground that there will be a risk of introducing disease both into Canada and Great Britain.

**Dead.**

MADRID, 28.—Cardinal Juan Moreno, Archbishop of Valladolid and Primate of Spain, died to-day of apoplexy.

## BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, 28.—The long expected trial of Jay Eye-See and Phallas to beat their records of 2.09¾ and 2.12¾, respectively, took place to-day on Prospect Park track, Brooklyn, but they failed.

Bar Harbor, Maine, 28.—Blaine leaves for Bangor and Augusta to-morrow at 10.30 a. m.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., 28.—Later developments make it certain the amount stolen by Roberts was about $100,000. In addition to speculations, it is learned Roberts has hypothecated the bonds and Mr. Easton this afternoon made a deed of assignment of Roberts' property to Charles Parrish, and filed it in the recorder's office in consideration of $1, with his interest in the Red Ash Coal Company. The property assigned by Roberts is worth $80,000.

Des Moines, Iowa, 28.—The Greenback State Convention met to-day with a small attendance, and organized and appointed the different committees. The platform arraigns both the old parties as corrupt and dishonest; denounces the National banking system; eulogizes Butler, and urges an alliance of the Greenbackers in the several States with such party as shall enable them to control the electoral vote.

Toronto, 28.—Alderman F. C. Denison, Major of the Governor General's body guard, has accepted the command of the expedition of the Canadian voyageurs to be sent to the relief of Gordon at Khartoum.

Montreal, 28.—As section E of the British Association was about beginning business to-day, Lieut. Greely entered and was immediately surrounded and welcomed in an expressive manner by Sir Henry Lafrey.

New York, 28.—At the annual meeting of the Actor's Fund trustees to-day Wm. Henderson resigned the vice-presidency and Harry Edwards, secretary, and A. M. Palmer were elected vice-presidents. Four hundred and forty-nine persons were relieved during the year and seventy-four funerals were paid for. The membership is now 386.

Chicago, 28.—The reunion of veteran soldiers and sailors of the Northwest was much interfered with to-day by rain, but in the afternoon when Gen. Logan visited the camp, there were about 6,000 persons present. Logan was generously cheered. Considerable interest was manifested in the competitive drill for local militia companies. This evening the "night attack on Fort Mulligan" took place.

Washington, 28.—J. W. Galbraith of California was to-day appointed special examiner of the pension office under the civil service act.

Commissioner Loring of the Agricultural Department has issued a circular to the collectors of customs containing the regulations for the importation of neat cattle. The rules laid down are very stringent and have for their object a strict quarantine and rigid inspection of all imported animals.

New York, 28—Coroners Levy and Robinson had another consultation to-day with Colonel Perry regarding the exhumation of private Henry's body. It was decided that the coroners shall ask Miss Dora Buck to send proof that she is Henry's sister. "If she furnishes the necessary proof," said Coroner Levy, "we will at once proceed with the exhumation."

Providence, 28.—Postmaster General Gresham arrived at Newport this morning. Exercises at the torpedo stations began at 11 a.m., when the President was received by Captain Selfridge, and given a salute of 50 torpedoes. The hull of the *Joseph Henry* was blown 12 tons by Foatsell with a torpedo electrically controlled. The *Tylana* afterward went out and fired a gun cotton torpedo.

**Trial by Battle.**

The law of trial by battle was frequently applied to as a means of determining guilt in the days of old, not only by the nobles of the land, but even by the peasant class. The following is an account of a duel of this nature, recorded by the historian D'Arleux in his "Notice sur Valenciennes," which took place between a bourgeois named Jacotin Plouvier and a certain Mahuot Cocqueiel, who had been accused by Plouvier of the murder of his cousin, which accusation he had claimed to justify by an appeal to single combat.

As the ceremony promised to be both grave and imposing, Philippe the Good, duke of Burgundy, determined to be himself present, and so on Tuesday, the 20th of March, 1443, the grand place of Valenciennes was converted into a list, around which an immense multitude of people was congregated. At 9 o'clock the champions were led in, dressed in black sheep's leather, of one entire piece, close sewed together from neck to feet, their heads naked and shaven and their nails closely cut. They were accompanied by the masters of exercises, who carried their shields and their sticks. These shields were formed of willow wood covered with sheep's leather, and wire three feet long. The sticks were of medlar wood, also three feet long, and sharpened at each end.

Jacotin Plouvier, the appellant, first entered the list, made several signs of the cross, and then seated himself on a chair. Mahuot followed immediately, knelt down, crossed himself, kissed the ground and seated himself at the other end of the list. The provost then entered the enclosure, and the champions then solemnly swore on the holy gospels that their quarrel was just. Next their dresses were greased in order that they might have less hold upon each other; spiced drinks were brought in silver cups to invigorate them, and two other cups containing ashes, with which they rubbed their hands. When everything was properly arranged according to the usages and franchises of the town, the provost threw up the glove, the gage of battle, and on his crying, "Do your duty! do your duty! do your duty!" the combatants rushed upon each other and began the combat.

The champions, after having beaten each other severely with their sticks, grappled and shook each other violently. Mahuot fell, but instantly got up again, on which Jacotin rushed upon him, threw him down again, held him firmly to the ground, thrust sand into his eyes and so tortured him for nearly three quarters of an hour to make him confess the murder.

Philippe, who watched the combat from behind a screen, sent to inquire of the magistrate if there were no means of putting an end to the horrible struggle. The magistrate replied it could not be stopped without prejudice to the privileges of the city, and that the conflict must have its course.

At last, after being for this long while so dreadfully tortured by his adversary, Mahuot, quite blind and crippled in every limb, cried, "Enough!" but being allowed to rise he endeavored to rush upon his foe, on which Jacotin again seized him and twisted his arms until they broke.

The wretched man then acknowledged himself beaten and confessed the murder, but had still strength enough to cry out so as to be heard at a distance: "My lord of Burgundy, pity, pity! I served you well in your war with Ghent." The duke was moved to tears, and again sent to the magistrate to know whether it was possible to save the life of the unfortunate wretch or at least, when dead, to afford burial in consecrated ground. The provost answered that the law must be fulfilled step by step, and that he could not interfere.

Meanwhile Jacotin had completed his terrible vengeance by repeated blows of his stick, and then seizing the bleeding corpse by one leg, he dragged it out of the list: after which he went to the church of Notre Dame to return thanks to God for having caused justice to triumph.

The magistrate gave judgment that the murderer should be dragged on a hurdle to the gallows, and be there, for form's sake, strangled and hung. The Duke of Burgundy, justly indignant and disgusted at the frightful scene which he had witnessed, and which, in spite of all his power, he had been unable to prevent, swore to abolish the barbarous custom in his dominions, and henceforward it was never practiced in the Low Countries.—*Household Words.*

**How The Guillotine Works.**

The guillotine, as now in use, has no steps; it is nearly on a level with the ground; the uprights and plank are painted a chocolate red, and as all criminals in France are executed at break of day, and only know the exact moment of their doom when, ushered to dress for death, the morning looks weirdlike. The uprights are nine feet high, and parallel, to allow the knife to fall in the groove; below these is a transverse bar fixed, with the centre in half moon; another bar, when the criminal's head is in position, is screwed a few inches above, or on his neck, through which the knife, when it falls, the head falls into a basket and drops into a flat-lined wicker-basket, and the chief executioner shows over the trunk, as it lies on an inclined plank, into a box coffin, where the head, after a few spins round in the basket, joins it.

At the edge of the scaffold is a narrow vertical plank; the condemned, when he leaves the cart, is pushed, or pushed against this plank, which falling with the body, is turned over, and under the half-moon the latter is closed, and if the patient is in position, the executioner, standing on the plank at the back of the victim, severs the head with his left a spring, when the knife falls. All these operations are the work of seconds, and the rules arranged beforehand of the assistants are perfect. Few culprits realist, though Lescure, in 1794, bit the executioners hand through and through. It is remarked that the unfortunates always instinctively try to shift their head when in the groove from the left, the side of the executioner, to the right.

The knife, or *coupeet*, is 14 inches long, oblique—a shape most essential—and 12 inches wide, tapering to a razor edge, and encased in 140 pounds of lead; it falls through a distance of 112 inches so that it strikes the neck with a total weight or force equal to 17 tons, arriving after doing its work on a layer of India-rubber, that which produces the peculiar thud, resembling what a butcher makes in the exercise of his ordinary calling. That is the instant when the timid shriek, and the brave stand still. The majority of spectators turn their backs at this moment, or, like the soldiers and police, look downwards. The van gallops off to the cemetery, and the crowd rushes in to dip handkerchiefs in the sawdust and blood.—*Exchange.*


**Sore Throat.**

Mr. M. J. Green, P. M. at North Buffalo, Pa., states his feet were badly frosted and he suffered also with pains in the head, which St. Jacobs Oil, the great pain-reliever, completely cured.

**Gentle Women**

Who want glossy, luxuriant and wavy tresses of abundant, beautiful Hair must use LYON'S KATHAIRON. This elegant, cheap article always makes the Hair grow freely and fast, keeps it from falling out, arrests and cures grayness, removes dandruff and itching, makes the Hair strong, giving it a curling tendency and keeping it in any desired position. Beautiful, healthy Hair is the sure result of using Kathairon.

**MINTON'S TILES.**

*PLAIN AND ENCAUSTIC.*

For Public Buildings and Dwellings, Glazed and Enamelled Tiles for Mantels, Hearths, Wainscoting, etc., and for Exterior Decorations.

MILLER & COATES, NEW YORK.

ELIAS MORRIS, Importer's Agent, 21 S. Temple St., West, S. L. City. dm21 eod 1y

**CATARRH HAYFEVER**

Is a type of catarrh having peculiar symptoms. It is attended by an inflamed condition of the lining membrane of the nostrils, tear-ducts and throat, affecting the lungs. An acrid mucus is secreted, the discharge is accompanied with a burning sensation. There are severe spasms of sneezing, frequent attacks of headache, watery and inflamed eyes.

Ely's Cream Balm is a remedy founded on a correct diagnosis of this disease and can be depended upon. 50 cts. at druggists; 60 cts by mail. Sample bottle by mail 10 cts.

ELY BROS., Druggists, Owego, N. Y.


**Notice of District School Meeting.**

THE PROPERTY TAX-PAYERS RESIdent in No. Eight School District, Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, are hereby notified that it is necessary to raise funds to build an addition to the School House in said district for the school year beginning July 1st, 1884, and ending June 30th, 1885.

That an approximate estimate of the cost thereof has been made by the School Trustees of said district, as follows, to wit:

| | |
|---|---|
| For the additional building | $900 00 |
| For furnishing the same | 250 00 |
| For repairing the old school house, etc. | 150 00 |
| Total | $1,300 00 |

That it is estimated by the said Trustees that one half of one per cent on the assessed value of the taxable property of said School district will be necessary to raise said amount, and the said property tax payers are notified that a meeting of said property tax payers will be held at the school house in said district, on the fifth day of September A. D., 1884, at 7.30 o'clock p. m., of said day, for the purpose of voting on the matter of the rate per cent. to be levied on the taxable property of said district to raise the said amount for the purposes herein before set forth.

S. W. ALLEY,
C. B. TUCKFIELD,
J. D. H. MCALLISTER,
School Trustees of School District No. 8.

Dated at School District No. 8, August 22, 1884.


**AYER'S**

**Cherry Pectoral.**

No other compounds are so judicious in their action as those affecting the throat and lungs. Some are tried with by the majority of sufferers. The ordinary cough or cold, resulting perhaps from a trifling or unconscious exposure, is often but the beginning of a fatal disease. AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL has all proven its efficacy in a forty years' fight with throat and lung diseases, and should be taken in all cases without delay.

**A Terrible Cough Cured.**

"In 1851 I took a severe cold, which affected my lungs. I had a terrible cough, and passed night after night without sleep. The doctors gave me up. I tried AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which relieved my lungs, induced sleep, and effected the rest necessary for the recovery of my strength. By the continued use of the PECTORAL a permanent cure was effected. I am now 67 years old, hearty, and my confidence in your CHERRY PECTORAL never fails."

HORACE FAIRBROTHER.

Rockingham, Vt., July 16, 1883.

**Croup.—A Mother's Tribute.**

"While in the country last winter my little boy, three years old, was taken ill with croup. I had never before seen a child so frightfully situated. One of the family suggested the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, a bottle of which was always kept in the house. This was tried in small and frequent doses, and to our delight, by the time half an hour the little patient was breathing easily. The doctor said that the CHERRY PECTORAL had saved my darling's life. Can you wonder at our gratitude?" MRS. JOSEPH GEBERT.

153 West 126th St., New York, May 15, 1883.

"I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL in my family for forty years, and do not hesitate to pronounce it the most effectual remedy for coughs and colds we have ever tried." A. H. CRANE.

Lake Crystal, Minn., March 18, 1882.

"I suffered for eight years from bronchitis, and after trying many remedies with no success, was cured by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL." JOSEPH WARMOUTH.

Byhalia, Miss., April 5, 1882.

"I cannot say enough in praise of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, believing as I do that but for its use I should long since have died from lung trouble." E. BRADDOCK.

Palestine, Texas, April 28, 1882.

No case of an affection of the throat or lungs arises which cannot be greatly relieved by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, and it will attempt cure where the disease is not already beyond the control of medicine.

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Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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Will leave OGDEN on the evening of

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State Fair and the Industrial Fair at Sacramento, visiting San Francisco, San Jose, Garden City, Santa Cruz, City by the Sea, the beautiful Monterey, with the most equable climate in the world!

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Low stop privileges at pleasure after reaching Sacramento. Special rates at hotels. Excursion Side Trips in the State at very Low Rates. California is the place for an Enjoyable Excursion, Rates Prices being Very Low for Everything.

Secure your Certificate of Deposit Tickets on or before SEPTEMBER 6th, so that ample accommodation may be secured of B. H. SCHETTLER, Cashier Zion's Savings Bank, Salt Lake City, or GEO. TRIBE, Merchant, Ogden.

Members of the Party paying One Fare on either U. C. R. R. or D. & R. G. Ry. as far East as Pleasant Valley Junction to Ogden, U. P. as far East as Evanston, U. & N. as far as Franklin will be returned Free on certificate of the Manager.

JOHN WM. SNELL, MANAGER.

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**PEOPLE'S IMPLEMENT CO.**

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And many styles LESS THAN COST!

DURING THE NEXT FEW DAYS OUR ENTIRE SILK STOCK WILL BE SOLD

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Everything in our DRESS GOODS Stock is marked down at Cost. Our beautiful styles of French Cotton Satteens at 25 cents.

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