The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 32. THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1896, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXIX.

NEW DREIBUND.

Turkey Enters Into an Alliance With Russia.

FRANCE TO JOIN THEM.

This Gives the Czar's Fleet Access to the Mediterranean.

TURKEY A RUSSIAN VASSAL NOW.

England Will Probably Send Her Flying Squadron in Eastern Waters.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Constantinople, dated yesterday, says an offensive and defensive alliance has been concluded between Russia and Turkey. The dispatch adds the treaty was signed at Constantinople and ratifications exchanged at St. Petersburg between Said Pasha and the Czar. The basis of the treaty is declared to be on the lines of the Unkiarskelessi agreement of 1833, by which Turkey agreed in the event of Russia going to war, to close the Dardanelles to the warships of all nations.

The Pall Mall Gazette correspondent says the treaty was soon abandoned owing to the refusal of the powers to recognize it. He also says the French ambassador, M. Cambon, worked with the sultan yesterday and it is probable France will be included in the new alliance.

Commenting on the dispatch from Constantinople announcing the signing of a treaty between Russia and Turkey for offensive and defensive purposes, the Pall Mall Gazette says:

"Assuming the news as true and the terms of the treaty to be that the Dardanelles is the southern outpost of Russia, and Turkey is Russia's vassal. We presume the British government will protest against the treaty for all it is worth.

"The information is plainly of the very gravest importance. The first intimation reached us four days ago, but we withheld it until the arrival of the strong confirmation we received this morning. This brings Russia into the Mediterranean with a vengeance and may necessitate the strengthening of our fleet in those waters. Politically the effect will be far greater. The treaty means that Turkey has realized her own impotence against disorders both from within and without, and decided to throw herself for safety into the arms of Russia. She is now Russia's vassal and Russia is entitled to station troops in any part of the sultan's dominions."

NOT INFORMED.

Officials of the foreign office said they had no information regarding the statement telegraphed the Pall Mall Gazette from Constantinople.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—Officials of the Russian embassy here deny having any knowledge of the existence of the Russo-Turkish treaty as the basis has been given by the Pall Mall Gazette.

Attention is called in well informed circles to the fact that while the preamble is inexplicitness for Russia to provide diplomacy in favor of Great Britain joining the Dreibund, it must be remembered that in 1878 Great Britain completed a similar treaty with Turkey, which she secured the island of Cyprus. Such treaty between Russia and Turkey, it is added, might open a way to the solution of the Armenian question, as under it Russia would occupy Anatolia.

Ambassador Bihourd to France.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—It was announced today that by treaty signed January 15, Madagascar is declared French possession.

YANKEE ESCAPE.

A Baltimore Engine Wrecked on Account of a Week Axle.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The passengers on the express train from New York to Elizabeth, on the Jersey Central road, had a narrow escape from being victims of a terrible accident last night. As the train started out of the Elizabeth station the engine attaching the two rear driving wheels of the engine snapped and the heavy engine was wrecked. When an investigation was made it was observed that the steel axle, which is about six inches in diameter, had snapped at one of the eight hand drivers and that the flaw was in the steel, so that the heavy engine had run, no doubt, very long, depending upon one half of the axle. A piece about six inches thick in the middle. The train consisted of from eight to ten heavily loaded passenger cars and came to Elizabeth in twenty-two minutes at a speed without stops. Railroad men, who visited the wrecked engine, were astonished at the extraordinary escape from a terrible catastrophe, for, as an old engineer said, "Hold the small piece of axle given way while the train was moving in run from Jersey City to Elizabeth drawbridge driving which it has nearly a mile a minute, there would have occurred one of the most terrible accidents that has ever occurred in this section of the country. As you can see from the condition of the engine as one has the sudden collapse of that axle and the spread of the drivers would have piled the engine and her long train in a heap before you could say Jack Robinson. I tell you what, sir, that is one of the closest things I ever saw in my experience." The axle was shipped at Allentown, Pa., and had just started out for Dunellen, the engine having passed over the Union Street bridge when the wreck occurred. The wheels and rod behind struck the point of a switch and the sudden jolt thus occasioned is supposed to have caused the weak axle to give way. The train was blocked for four hours.

Regulation of the Coal Trade.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—A local paper says:

A full attendance is expected at the meeting today of the presidents of the anthracite coal carrying railroads. The work necessary for the intended reorganization of the coal trade will require more than a single meeting. The plan is to prepare an agreement whereby there will be an effective regulation of the production and of prices, and this is received positive through the reorganization of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad. The readjustment of the affairs of the Reading is to be carried out by J. Pierpont Morgan and the stock of the new company is to be trusted for a period of years to secure a management whose policy will be in keeping with the program mapped out by the reorganization company and Mr. Morgan for the restoration of the property to solvency and prosperity.

William and Leopold Reconciled.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—A special to the Herald from Berlin says:

The German admiralty has obtained confidential replies from the leaders of the political parties to the Reichstag respecting further naval credits. All declare that no supplementary budget such as Emperor William desires can be voted.

Emperor William and Prince Leopold have become reconciled. It will be remembered that the emperor banished Prince Leopold to his country residence under Bilsen date, street on January 5. The prince used sharp language when rebuked by the emperor for his alleged indifference towards his wife, a sister of the German emperor.

CLEVELAND'S ADVICE TO CRESPO.

Venezuela Should Establish Diplomatic Connection With England.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—A Washington, D. C. special says:

President Crespo, of Venezuela, has been advised by President Cleveland to make such effort as he can to establish diplomatic relations with Great Britain and the president of the Venezuelan republic now has the subject under consideration. The suggestion was made by Secretary Olney to Venezuela's minister here, Senor Andrade, and by him communicated to his government by cable. There is a strong belief that diplomatic relations between Great Britain and Venezuela will be established and the exchange of ministers will be agreed to upon a basis which includes also an agreement to submit the boundary question to arbitration. The first intimation that such a course would be satisfactory to the British government was given by Sir Julian Pauncefote, of the British embassy, and Secretary Olney, after consultation with the president, who promptly acted upon it. Diplomatic relations between Great Britain and Venezuela have been suspended since 1887.

Want Local Option.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 23.—It is optional with Ohio townships whether they have saloons. A bill is pending in the legislature to extend local option to cities, city wards and incorporated villages. A great throng of people of Ohio, led by Bishop Watterson of the Catholic church, and of all protestant denominations are here to urge the bill. Halls and churches in which processions and meetings held were never more densely packed.

WOMAN'S CLUB AND COLOR.

After a Long Fight a Dark-complexioned Lady is Admitted.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—After fighting over a woman's complexion for fourteen months, the Chicago Woman's club has eliminated the color line and elected Mrs. Fannie Barrie B. Williams, a well known colored woman, to full membership in an executive session of the club. The great effort was made to suppress official information on the subject which had become one of popular interest on account of the prolonged opposition of the candidate's admission.

Preceding the meeting there was a lively session of the membership committee, which had the name of Mrs. Williams under consideration for the second time. Four members of the committee were prompted by racial prejudice to vote against a favorable report of her application. Another negative vote would have successfully blackballed the candidate.

Dr. Sarah Hackett Stevenson and Mrs. Catherine Waugh McCulloch championed the cause of the colored woman, and the majority of the committee reported their sentiments. The committee's report prevailed when presented to the meeting. While the majority of the club have welcomed the intellectual colored lecturer to their sisterhood, a few members have threatened to resign unless Mrs. Williams does. When the cause of the exclusion heard their threats she positively announced her intention to remain in the club regardless of the actions of a minority, whom she designated as "prejudiced, mean and hopeless."

MAZEO CAPTURES A CITY.

Report that Cuban M. has Made Prisoner Pinar del Rio.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—A dispatch from Havana says:

Despite official denials, the report was spread here that Maceo has captured the city of Pinar del Rio. A warship left Havana hurriedly at a late hour, carrying a battalion of reinforcements and several light field pieces. Reports of the big rebel defeats around Pinar del Rio are being given out from military headquarters in order to counteract an illegal news send to encourage the Spanish residents. In the town of Sabanilla on Monday, while a party of Platanos were loading stores and terrorizing the city, a company of regular Cuban cavalry dashed into the place and called upon the troops and citizens to cooperate with them, captured the marauders and promptly lynched them on the outskirts of the place.

From Cardenas comes the news that a majority of the able bodied of the outlying town of La Guinalica had joined the insurgents, have risen against the government, openly declaring for revolution. Troops have been sent from Cardenas to attack them. Five Spanish forts around the town of Macagua, Province of Matanzas, have been captured during the week by La Creta's Cuban forces.

Cutting Down School Expenses.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—By a vote of 15 to 2 the board of education last night restored the salaries of the public school teachers to the basis of those of 1893 with local increases of 1896. At the same time the board wiped out the special departments of singing, drawing and physical culture. The last section goes into effect in June, 1897, at the end of the school year. Grade teachers are to become instructors in these studies and the board will save about $100,000 a year by the action, or $5,000 more than was proposed to be saved by the reform committee.

Bills Was Not Signed.

OAKLAND, Cal., Jan. 23.—The secretary of the local branch of the American Railway union has received a letter from the private secretary of E. V. Debs in which the statement telegraphed from the east that Debs is to resign the presidency of the union is denied. He says Debs will win the fight in which he is now engaged on behalf of organized labor or die in the attempt.

KILLED IN COURT.

The Victim Received a Bullet Intended for Somebody Else.

WAUKEGAN, Ill., Jan. 23.—Daniel Core shot and killed John Dillon in Justice Hallwell's court. Core had intended to kill his enemy, Joseph Backer, but as he fired the shot Dillon jumped between them and received the fatal bullet in his left breast. All three were farmers living near Half Day. Core and Backer owned land adjoining and had long had trouble about the fences. Core had several times threatened to shoot Backer. Sunday Backer and Dillon met Core and had another quarrel about the land and fence, and again Core threatened to shoot Backer.

On Monday Backer decided to have Core arrested for threatening to kill him and was in Half Day. Core came along with a shotgun and revolver and called for Backer to come out of the store where he was, but Backer went out the rear way to avoid trouble the angry farmer. He drove to Waukegan and swore out a warrant for Core's arrest for threatening to kill. Constable Rice arrested Core and brought him to jail but neglected to search him. It seems that Core had a revolver in his pocket and when brought into court for a hearing he pointed his revolver and fired at Backer, killing Dillon.

Core was at once disarmed and taken back to jail. He said he regretted having killed the wrong man.

A coroner's inquest was held at once and Core was held to the grand jury. Dillon was a bachelor aged 50. The occurrence was so unusual that it caused much excitement here and at first there was talk of lynching. The authorities are blamed for their carelessness in allowing him to go unsearched.

Dissatisfaction in the Salvation Army.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The World today says:

Auxiliary members of the Salvation Army are vigorously protesting against the removal of Commander Ballington Booth. Notice has been received that many of them will withdraw their financial support of the army if he is not allowed to remain. The auxiliary members will send a unanimous protest to London. If that proves without effect, measures will be taken to secure the Army in America independent of all English domination. Ballington Booth will be invited to become its leader and it is asserted that he could hardly refuse.

Denied in Rome.

ROME, Jan. 23.—The government denies the story circulated by the Figaro, of Paris, that Makalle has been captured by the Abyssinians.

An Alien Liner Aground.

GLASGOW, Jan. 23.—The Allan State Line steamer Grecian, Captain Moore, from New York, Jan. 9, for Glasgow, ran aground in the river Clyde at high water during a heavy fog this morning. Two tugs have gone to her assistance.

Copp inger for Brigadier General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 23.—The Senate committee on military affairs today decided unanimously upon a favorable report upon the nomination of General Coppinger to be brigadier general.

Gen. Harrison in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 23.—Ex-President Harrison arrived here this morning and took quarters at the Arlington. He was called on by John W. Foster, secretary of state in Harrison's cabinet, and other prominent men.

General Harrison will call on President Cleveland during the day to pay his respects. He hopes to conclude his work before the Supreme Court so as to leave for Indianapolis tomorrow. This visit to Washington is his first since he retired from the presidency.

Chicago Has a Storm.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—A sleet storm last night and today resulted in cutting all Chicago from telegraphic communication with all other cities, the wires being rendered practically worthless. Between this city and the commercial centers of the East, press dispatches seemed to be practically abandoned. The embargo on telegraphic communication at 10 o'clock was almost complete except through the postal company, which then had two wires to New York.

Manufacturer's Association.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—The American Manufacturers' association today elected Theodore C. Search, of Philadelphia, president, Mr. Dolan having declined to be renominated on account of sickness.

Robert Lalslaw and E. P. Wilson, both of Cincinnati, were re-elected treasurer and secretary respectively.

Philadelphia was selected as the next place of meeting, the date to be fixed by the executive committee.

FOR FREE COINAGE.

Dubois Outlines the Position of Silver Republicans.

POPULIST LEADERSHIP REJECTED,

But Their Votes Cheerfully Greeted—A Comparison Between the East and the West.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The speech of Senator Dubois delivered in the Senate today, in addition to advocating the passage of the free coinage substitute for the bond bill outlined the position of the Republican senators in the silver states. The senator said that while he cheerfully greeted the Populist votes in the Senate for free silver, he could not accept the Populist leadership, that party being irrevocably committed to fiat money with unlimited inflation. Further, the silver Republicans favored protection generally, including the so-called raw materials and particularly lead, wool and lumber, besides the various products of the farm, plantation and ranch. Referring to the charge that western silver states each have two senators and are entitled to pass free coinage bills, he said the question of representation was brought out when the Constitution was framed.

"Notwithstanding this," he added, "I read in the press of the East almost every day that the region I represent is a rotten borough," not entitled to consideration at your hands, and the inference is that it is peopled by a class of people who are a perpetual abuse to the refined and virtuous East. The meanest and most vindictive of newspapers which attack silver men are published in New York City, where for four score years the worse elements of our foreign immigration have found assignment and where there have been more scandals in connection with their city government and elections than in any other spot in our country."

London Stock Exchange.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The report that Queen Victoria was somewhat seriously indisposed and the announcement that a treaty providing for an offensive and defensive alliance has been concluded between Russia and Turkey had a disturbing influence upon the stock exchange today. Consols receded 1-16 below yesterday. The last bulletin from Osborne House announces the queen in good health, but overwhelmed with grief at the death of Prince Henry of Battenberg.

PRES. KRUGER'S STATEMENT.

The Transvaal President Not According to Law.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—The Examiner has received the following telegram from President Kruger in reply to a message requesting information as to the status of the American men now imprisoned at Pretoria for alleged participation in the uprising of the Uitlanders:

"Everything is quiet at present. The Americans are in good hands, however. They enjoy the full protection of law like any other foreigners; therefore, there is no need of protection from the outside against any illegal or revolutionary movements. Even if such protesting against revolutionists were necessary, we have shown that Americans are capable to take care of themselves. The government regrets deeply that, while almost all of the Americans took the side of the law and order, very few of them have joined the revolutionary, so-called reform committee. Those, together with a majority, mostly British, will be tried according to law, and justice will be done all concerned without respect to nationality."

An Abundance of Rain.

MEMPHIS, Jan. 23.—An almost steady rain has been falling in the lower Mississippi valley for over a week, and as a result the creeks and rivers have been converted into inland seas. Reports from various points state that farms and plantations have been inundated, crops destroyed, bridges swept away. The damage to property will reach a considerable sum.

All Free Except Hammond.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—A special cable from Johannesburg to a local paper says: All the Americans except Hammond have been liberated on parole in Pretoria.

Cleveland Coming West.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—A local paper says President Cleveland has accepted an invitation from Attorney W. W. Foute to spend part of his vacation next summer on the Pacific coast.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Mills (Dem., Texas,) introduced a bill in the Senate today to repeal the refunding act of 1879 and the specie resumption act of 1875. Mills said he would call up the bill tomorrow and seek a vote on it.

The resolution offered by Perkins (California) was agreed to, requesting the secretary of the interior to furnish information as to the extent of the illicit traffic in liquor in Alaska and suggest remedial legislation.

Vilas (Wis.) reported favorably a bill to prevent the carrying in the mails obscene literature from one territory to another.

Call offered the following:

Resolved, That a special committee of seven senators be appointed, who shall be charged with the duty of inquiring into the imprisonment of Eugene V. Debs, for alleged contempt of court, and who shall report to the Senate and recommend such legislation as may be necessary for the enforcement of the rights and the protection of citizens from arbitrary and oppressive exercise of the judicial power.

Call said he would call up the resolution tomorrow. It was declared at this point that the Pugh resolution for silver payment of bonds had lost its parliamentary status yesterday and was at the foot of the calendar. Pugh protested that this was contrary to his understanding. Hill and Pugh had been warned of this.

"I deny that statement," said Pugh. "The senator is simply denying the record," answered Hill, pointing out how the resolution had its place of precedence before the Senate. He added: "The senator (Pugh) walked straight into the snare."

"I can easily be trapped," responded Pugh, "by such skillful means as those adopted by the senator from New York (Hill)."

Pugh sought to get his resolution restored, but Hill objected to each move, causing much amusement.

Pugh finally gave notice that he would move tomorrow to restore the resolution, adding: "The senator from New York will not be able to avoid going on record on that resolution."

Warren (Rep., Wyo.) delivered a speech on his resolution, calling attention to the shrinkage in the number and values of farm animals and requesting the finance committee to report appropriate legislation. The senator attributed the shrinkage to the Wilson bill, saying it caused in two years a loss of $564,000,000 in live stock.

The message from the President, transmitting the correspondence relating to Turkey and Armenia, was received.

At 2 o'clock the bond silver bill was taken up and Dubois (Rep., Ida.) addressed the Senate.

IN HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The House agreed to adjourn from today until Monday except that the usual Friday night private pension session will be held.

The House then took up the question of rules for the present Congress, whose consideration was postponed about ten days ago.

The House was then considering the Tucker rule in filling members to the use of the House and count them to assist of following the Reed plan of having the Speaker count a quorum.

Henderson, (Rep. Iowa) from the rules committee reported the Tucker rule with some modifications.

House Foreign Affairs Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Contrary to expectation today's meeting of the House foreign affairs committee did not deal with any of the several delicate questions before the committee, except the Armenian measures.

In response to an inquiry as to whether it would from religious and other organizations, the resolutions in some respects patterned after those before the Senate were adopted and Quigg directed to report them.

Nothing was done about Ambassador Bayard's two speeches, to come Dunmore, of the subcommittee in charge of the matter, asked for a postponement.

The committee adopted the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill which does not make any changes from last year's allowance.

Kentucky's Senatorial Election.

FRANKFORT, KY., Jan. 23.—The second ballot for United States senator resulted as follows:

Hunter 55, Blackburn 37, McGreary 3, Carlisle 4, Wilson 1, Bronner 2, Bate 1. No choice.

Populist Edrington again voted for Blackburn, while Pour changed his vote to Bate.

To Name the Gunboat.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 23.—The city council this morning appointed Agnes Bate Steele, 15, the daughter of Mayor Steele, to name the gunboat Helena, launched after this city, which will be launched at New Port News, Va., on Jan. 30.

Brazil Friendly to England.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The Brazilian legation has made public the following dispatch received from the Brazilian government:

"The Brazilian government denies officially the reports spread in Europe the past few days by telegrams from Rio de Janeiro and New York. The relations of the Brazilian government with the ministers of England are of a friendly character and the claims of Italy are in the course of settlement. The cruise of the Benjamin Constant has no connection with the Isle of Trinidad."

A TIRED TAXPAYER.

He Characterizes as Needless Some City Offices that Are and Some that Are Not So.

To the Editor:

Please republish the accompanying from the News of November 18th:

In your issue of Saturday, November 16th, is an article under the head of Public Patronage, giving the amount paid city officials and employes. In looking over this article I see some things will which I propose to find fault.

First, then, I object to the Mayor's clerk as utterly needless, and declaring his office vacant would save the city taxpayers $700 a year. The constant employment of the assistant city attorney is another luxury and a burden on the taxpayers of Salt Lake City, and his salary would save to the people $1,200 a year. Deputy auditor, per year $1,200, is another extravagance, and an outrage on the taxpayers. Deputy treasurer is even a more glaring outrage upon the taxpayers of the city, and costs them $1,200 per annum. Special collector's clerk, per year $720, is another. There we have a deputy recorder at $1,200, and a deputy recorder's clerk at $1,000. The city should dispense with one if not both of these needless employes. Superintendent of waterworks' clerk is another wave of public money, and the $1,000 should be saved. Next comes superintendent's clerk, and the policies clerk, the former at $1,200 and the latter at $720 per year; one of them could be dispensed with; both are in the same department, and one could easily do the business of both. The storekeeper's foreman and the watermaster's clerk, at salaries of $900 and $800, might, one of them, be dispensed with. Chief draughtsman, $1,200, in the same department, is supplied engineer, and two assistant chief engineers, the two latter drawing $1,200 and $1,200 a year, and each of these have time and should be capable of doing all the draughting. Inspector of sewers, per year $1,200; inspector's clerk per year $900; what is there for one of these men to do but draw his salary? Electric light and fire inspector, $1,200; this service should also be performed by the sewer inspector at a saving of $1,200 per annum.

Now, Mr. Editor, while I find no fault with those gentlemen for seeking these places which the patronage of the city offices offers to their special friends, yet the Mayor and City Council are very much to blame for thus wasting public monies to employ men whose service is only a duplication of work that the officers whom they assist are well paid for doing and should perform.

Yours truly,
A TIRED TAXPAYER.

The fixing of salaries was referred to the finance committee of the Council, Blumley chairman, whether all or a part of the above super numerary officials' assistants shall be appointed we know not, but none should receive such appointment until the finance committee has had time to name what their salaries shall be.

Respectfully yours,
A TIRED TAXPAYER.

POLICE COURT.

Serious Charge Against a Polander—Sam Egnany Fined $15 for Selling Liquor Sunday.

Otto V. Falkowsky, a Polander, who is accused of assault with intent to commit rape, appeared in the police court this morning to answer to the charge, but it was continued till tomorrow morning at ten o'clock, his bail being fixed at $1,000. The witness of the assault alleged offense are Eva and Samantha Larson, the little daughters of John Larson, who resides at the corner of Fourth and B streets.

The story as related by the little girls is to the effect that Falkowsky called at their home on Tuesday afternoon last, when their parents were both away. The man represented himself to be a teacher of painting and a fortune teller, and upon learning that the parents of the children were not at home, he began to act very free with them, so free in fact as to try to satisfy his beastly passion by making indecent advances to them. His evil designs, however, were thwarted by the screams of the little girls, and he quickly left the premises. When the parents returned home the children related the occurrence to them, but they, not wishing to give it publicity, did not notify the authorities. Last evening the girls met the man on East Temple street, and becoming frightened at him they commenced to run home, but were stopped by officers Gillespie and Pack, who inquired the cause of their alarm. Upon telling their story to the officers, the man was arrested and thrown in jail, where he now remains.

Joseph Gilbert stole some oysters from Lynberg's place of business, for which he was arrested. He pleaded guilty, but Judge Winger suspended sentence.

Sam Egnany, a Japanese, was arrested last Sunday while in the act of selling liquor. He was tried yesterday and found guilty. This morning the court imposed a fine of $15.

J. D. Clark, who is charged with forgery, will have a hearing at 10 o'clock tomorrow.

THE MINING EXCHANGE.

Sales of Centennial-Eureka, East Golden Gate, Dalton and Little Pittsburg.

Not a great deal of enthusiasm was manifest at today's mining call, but notwithstanding that the sales made were fair. Centennial-Eureka stock sold again at $85, while on other listed stocks the figures bid and asked were very close, in fact so close, that to a casual observer, sales should have been negotiated. The only reason that can be assigned for such close bidding, resulting in no sales, is that the brokers work on such a small margin of percentage that in coming to the prices asked they would receive virtually nothing for their services.

Today's closing figures were as follows:

LISTED STOCKS.

Mines	Asked	Bid
Anchor	$ 2 25	$ 2 00
Alta	50	47
Alliance	75	65
Belmont Block		
Centennial-Eureka	88 00	86 00
Daly	9 87	9 00
Daly West	8 25	
Eureka Hill		
East Golden Gate	87½	81½
Grand	1 00	1 20
Golden Gate		
Imperial		
Iron Silver	2 00	1 25
Mammoth	6 75	5 12
Maywood	1 40	1 40
Mayflower		
Colonia	8 25	8 00
Ontario		
Ophir Parrot	1 25	
Scott Commercial		
Silver King	10 25	10 00
Sunshine	1 40½	1 25
Tetro	1 85	1 75

UNLISTED STOCKS.

Name	Asked	Bid
N. A. Natural Gas	16	15
Dalton	5	4
Little Chief	9	8
Ontario and Leeds		
Mercur Gold		
Alpha		
Little Pittsburg	3½	3½
East Golden Gate		
Belle Isle	4	3
Bingo	15	12
Morgan (Park City)		
Quincy	100	
Pennsylvania (Cottonwood)		
Silver Flow		
Comstock		
Christmas (Deep Creek)		
Ontario	47	
Mount Hecla (Cardsbad)		
Wanda		
Iowa Hill		
Gold and Silver	10	
Adelaide	15	10

SALES NEGOTIATED.

Fifty shares of Centennial-Eureka at $85; 200 East Golden Gate at 37½ cents; 1,000 Dalton at 3 cents; 1,000 Little Pittsburg at 3 cents.

The Red Bird Leased.

Dr. G. W. Shores and H. M. Warren and Messrs. Clark and Tibbits secured a bond and lease on the Red Bird mine situated ten miles up City Creek canyon. The consideration is said to be $50,000 with a royalty of one-sixth of the ore taken out during the life of the bond, which will be for the period of one year.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

Twenty-Eighth Annual Convention at Washington.

BRIGHT OUTLOOK FOR THE FUTURE

A Notable Gathering of Ladies Connected With the Movement for Emancipation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The twenty-eighth annual convention of the National Woman Suffrage association will begin tomorrow at the Church of Our Father. The convention will last through next Tuesday, with a religious service at the church next Sunday, which will be conducted by a woman minister. As a rule less time will be devoted to the reading of papers on general subjects connected with the suffrage movement than heretofore, and more than will be given to the actual business of the association. Miss Anthony, Mrs. H. Taylor Upton, Mrs. Carrie Upton and a number of other women who have for years been actively identified with the suffrage movement, are already here. They speak of the coming convention in the most enthusiastic manner, and with woman suffrage steadily gaining ground, especially in the western states, they consider that the outlook for the future is brighter and more encouraging than it was ever been since the question of giving women the right of ballot was first raised in the country. Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton, the veteran honorary president of the association, will not be able to attend the session of the convention, but she has promised Miss Anthony that she will send a letter to be read to her fellow workers.

Lecture by Dr. Talmage.

On Friday evening, beginning promptly at 8 o'clock, a lecture will be delivered at the University laboratory building by Dr. J. E. Talmage, on the subject "Crystal Beauties," a demonstration of lewy and ether in the constitution of inanimate matter. A number of very interesting experiments will be performed, and a series of very excellent stereopticon views will be shown. The illustrations are of such a nature that the doors will have to be closed soon after the beginning of the address, and those who intend being present should be in the lecture hall by the time announced.

Western Botany.

Contributions to Western Botany No. vii, by Marcus E. Jones, is the last of a series of publications on the botany of Utah and adjacent regions, issued from time to time by Marcus E. Jones. It was published by the California Academy of Sciences, contains 133 pages and describes about 200 new species of plants mostly from Utah. Prof. W. H. Dudley, at Stanford university, Cal., says: "I am glad to see what a good piece of work it seems to be." Mr. L. H. Dewey, of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, says: "Please accept my thanks for Contributions to Western Botany No. vii, and also accept my congratulations upon your successful completion of the work of describing and publishing more than five score species and varieties than have been published in any American work before since the time of Pursh, except possibly in Gray's Synoptical Flora. I regard the page of your preface devoted to nomenclature as one of the best statements yet made on the subject."

Students of the flora of Utah cannot determine their species without the aid of these Contributions. Copies can be had at the book stores.

A Working Session.

Last night a working session of the Microscopical society of Utah was held in the University building, at which quite a number of members were present. Three tables were occupied by workers—the first by Dr. James E. Talmage, who is preparing several mounts of diatoms; the other two by Professors Whiting and Neal and others, who prepared and mounted sections of the locust and box elder trees besides crystals of sulphate, barium, lead, etc. Several visitors were present who watched with great interest the various processes employed by those making the slides. The mounts were then examined under microscopes, and great admiration was expressed at the rare beauties so soon revealed to view.

Visitors are welcome the meetings of this association. All those who take a deep interest in microscopy are eligible for membership, under the rules of the society.

TO DISBAND TROOP A.

General Cannon and Lieutenant Lassiter Go to Ogden To Take the Initiative in that Direction.

General John Q. Cannon, of the National Guard of Utah, and Lieutenant Lassiter went up to Ogden on the noon train today for the purpose of bringing back with them to headquarters all the equipments and property of Troop A, which, within the next few days, will be formally mustered out of service.

This step was recommended by Inspector General Tullous in his annual report and is taken on account of the inefficiency of the organization. This unsatisfactory state of affairs, however, is in no way due to Captain Barton, for he has done all in his power to bring the troop up to a proper standard.

There is a veritable scramble among some of the infantry companies to secure the equipment of the practically disbanded troop. Company H at Farmington, under Captain Saunders, is particularly desirous of being transformed into a cavalry troop. But it is not certain that its wishes in this case can be accorded to.