

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICAN.

NEW ORLEANS, 27.—An Eagle Pass special says: A Deputy United States Marshal, with detachment, left here yesterday to arrest Colonel Martinez and about 30 of his followers for violating the neutrality laws by raising forces on American soil to invade Mexico last May.

GALVESTON, 27.—A News' special from Sherman says: Henry Collins, a member of a boss gang of train robbers, was arrested this morning near Howe station, after a sharp skirmish, in which Collins' leg was badly shattered.

ST. PAUL, 27.—The loss by the tornado last night is about \$20,000. The storm did not extend more than six or eight miles in either direction, and was traveling nearly southeast.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., 27.—The removal of spikes and fish plates, a week ago, from a rail two miles east of Medicine Bow, near a deep ravine, gave rise to suspicion that it had been done with a view to wreck and rob the train. Deputy Sheriff Widdowfield and another man, named Vincent, started on what was believed to be the trail of the would-be robbers, and not returning, a large party started in search of them last Sunday. One of the party has returned, and states that the bodies of Widdowfield and Vincent were found in a narrow cañon of the Elk Mountains, where they probably met the gang of robbers and were killed, the former receiving two bullets in the neck and the latter four in the chest.

NEW ORLEANS, 27.—The death list, to-day, includes eight children under 7 years of age. Port Eads reports one death and three new cases there. One of the two Howard nurses left there by Dr. Stone is reported sick.

Collector Smith has been authorized by the Treasury department to purchase 100 gallons of carbolic acid to disinfect the custom house.

Memphis, 27.—To-day has been the worst thus far of the prevalence of the fever. The deaths aggregate 32 and the new cases 93. Major Waltham, of Mobile, who labored so faithfully in 1873, arrived last night, and will take charge of the infirmaries which the Howards purpose establishing in various parts of the city. The sick have become so numerous, and scattered all over the city, it is believed the destitute and friendless among them will fare better by being placed in the infirmaries. In North Memphis, the Market Street public school building has been selected, being large enough to accommodate several hundred sick.

Several cases of fever are reported among the refugees at Camp Joe Williams. A hospital has been improved there, to which the sick are removed.

The steamer *Belle Memphis*, which passed up this afternoon bound for St. Louis, took away about 100 refugees. The Irish Relief Association solicits aid from the Irish people of the country, and from Irish organizations and societies generally. Destitution is increasing with the disease among this nationality, and this society says to their country people: "If you can assist us, do so promptly." Contributions should be sent to ex-Mayor John Logan, Secretary.

The following telegram was forwarded to-day:

MEMPHIS, 27.

To His Excellency President Hayes:

In behalf of the yellow fever-stricken south, we respectfully request you to exercise your discretionary power in the appointment of a special committee of the ablest physicians and chemists in the country for the purpose of scientifically investigating the cause, nature, treatment and future prevention of the fearful epidemic now raging. Congress will undoubtedly make a suitable appropriation to award commissions for services so valuable to the country.

(Signed)

CASEY YOUNG, M. C., and a number of other prominent gentlemen.

Wheeling, 27.—A supposed case of yellow fever is reported in this city to-day. The sufferer had been boating on the Lower Ohio River.

New Orleans, 27.—The Howard Association, at a meeting to-night, adopted a resolution recommending the full endorsement of the Peabody Subsidence Association, and cordially approving the same. A dispatch from the Howards of

Vicksburg to the Howards of New Orleans says: "No more nurses needed."

Port Gibson, 27.—Two hundred and twenty cases of yellow fever to date and 25 deaths.

Vicksburg, 27.—Heavy showers last night and this morning. One hundred and eighteen new cases of yellow fever in the past 24 hours; 24 deaths, and among them Dr. W. Booth.

New York, 27.—The Stock Exchange has appointed a committee to collect moneys for the relief of yellow fever sufferers. The Product Exchange contributed \$1,500. The Masonic fraternity earnestly solicits contributions for suffering brethren, and the Telegraphic Mutual Aid Association has voted aid to needy members.

Indianapolis, 27.—The aggregate collections in this city for the yellow fever sufferers is \$2,000.

Washington, 27.—Secretary McCrea has ordered rations and medical stores for 2,000 people for 20 days, provided a train can be obtained to run through from Chicago to Vicksburg.

New York, 27.—Telegrams from the north, east and south, show liberal contributions for the sufferers. Charleston sends 30 nurses to Memphis and 3 to New Orleans.

Columbus, O., 27.—The subscriptions for the yellow fever sufferers have reached \$1,000. A telegram will be sent to-morrow authorizing the Howard Association to draw for the amount. The canvass for subscriptions will be continued until every house in the city is visited.

St. Louis, 27.—The Merchants' Exchange yellow fever fund now exceeds \$5,000. Secretary Morgan sent to-day an additional amount of \$500 each to Memphis and New Orleans, and \$250 to Vicksburg, to be used by the Howard association. The various societies in the city are raising money. The aggregate sum so far sent south from St. Louis is about \$15,000. A dispatch from the Western Union telegraph manager at New Orleans was received by the manager of the office here this morning, saying that several operatives there are down with fever, and asking for aid, and \$87 was immediately forwarded. A concert is being given at Snedden's Garden for the benefit of the fever sufferers and an immense crowd is present. The proceeds run into the thousands. Other gardens and several leading saloons in the city will probably give benefits. The Mexican circus now here will donate half its receipts Thursday afternoon and night to aid the good cause.

A bale of new cotton, the first from Tennessee, disposed of for the benefit of the fever stricken people of Memphis and Vicksburg, was sold this afternoon for \$370 and the amount forwarded.

Detroit, 27.—Subscriptions for the yellow fever sufferers, opened to-day by the Detroit *Free Press* and board of trade, amount to \$700, which was sent forward and divided among New Orleans, Memphis and Grenada. The above sum will be largely augmented.

Wheeling, 27.—The glass firm of Hobbs, Brockunier & Co., of this city, and their employees, to-day, donated \$500 to the suffering South.

Burlington, 27.—The *Hawkeye* and employees donated \$50 for the yellow fever sufferers.

Chicago, 27.—The citizens' general committee for the relief of the southern yellow fever sufferers has raised \$4,180. Carter H. Harrison has collected \$847. Mark Thompson collected \$240 from the ice men, and the Washington Ice Company will to-morrow forward to the Howard Association at Memphis a car load of ice as a donation. Many private individuals are sending money.

SAN FRANCISCO, 27.—A dispatch from Salinas, Monterey County, says: To-day, a farmer named Samuel T. Stephens murdered his daughter, 22 years of age, by cutting her throat, then took a dose of strychnine. He afterwards blew his brains out with a musket.

NEW ORLEANS, 28.—New cases, 220, deaths, 57.

Memphis, Tenn., 28.—Eighty new cases were reported up to noon, to-day, while the indications are that there will be quite an increase in the death rate.

The negroes this morning became clamorous for rations. About 1,000 men, women, and children, surrounded the commissary depot, and it was found necessary to station a guard from a colored military company to keep back the

crowd. Numbers of the well ones are still leaving the city, aided by the citizens committee.

The Howard's this morning, opened the market street public school building as an infirmary, or Howard Home for the reception of the pauper sick. They have also established a medical corps of ten physicians under the direction of Dr. R. W. Mitchell.

The Howard Association relief list is gradually increasing. The new applications are about 125 daily. The Young Men's Christian Association now have 100 patients on their relief list.

Seven hundred cases of fever have occurred at Vicksburg.

A dispatch to the *Picayune*, from Col. Dennett, dated Brookhaven, Miss., says: There is not a case of yellow fever in or around Brookhaven. Cannot hear of a case of yellow fever in any town between Canton and New Orleans, over 200 miles.

Reports from the coast towns along the Mobile Road show there is no fever at any point between New Orleans and Mobile.

CHICAGO, 28.—The collections, to-day, for the yellow fever sufferers, up to noon, were \$2,000.

DETROIT, 28.—The Ferguson distillery and the Windsor Vinegar Works, at Sandwich, Ont., just below this city, were destroyed by fire, this morning; loss \$25,000, covered by insurance.

Messrs. Parke, Davis & Co., manufacturing chemists of this city, announce the discovery of a new remedy for the dreadful scourge, yellow fever, which is a fluid extract of the leaves of boldo, an Alpine shrub found upon the Andes, in Chili. This firm have commenced the manufacture of the medicine, and have already shipped considerable quantities to Memphis, and offer to forward, to the physicians of the afflicted cities and of the south, free of expense, an abundant supply of the new remedy to test its efficiency in staying the ravages of the dread malady. The knowledge of the remedy was brought from Chili by Dr. Chas. W. Gearemba.

FOREIGN.

LIVERPOOL, 28.—At a meeting of influential citizens, to-day, presided over by Mayor Whitley, a resolution was adopted inviting the public to subscribe for the relief of the yellow fever sufferers of the Gulf States of America, and a committee was appointed to make collections.

VIENNA, 28.—Under the direction of General Philipovich a council has been formed at Serajevo, composed of five Mahomedans, three Catholics, six orthodox and four Jews. From this body Fazli Pasha, former civil governor, was appointed mayor. There is a momentary cessation of military operations until the four newly-mobilized divisions have arrived at their destination.

In a few days, the whole mobilized force, numbering from 120,000 to 130,000 men, will be united, and operations will be prosecuted on a large scale.

EDUCATIONAL TOUR.

BRIGHAM YOUNG ACADEMY,

Provo, August 21, 1873.

President John Taylor, Territorial Superintendent of District Schools.

Dear Brother—According to appointment, Elder John W. Taylor, your son, met me Sunday, July 7th, at Provo; the notifications of our arrivals had been sent previously to all respective Presidents of Stakes.

WASATCH STAKE.

Leaving Provo, Monday, July 8th, at 5 a.m., in a conveyance furnished by the Executive Committee of the B. Y. Academy, for the round trip through Wasatch and Summit counties, we arrived at Heber City at 2 p.m. The day schools in that county, with two exceptions, might admit of considerable improvement. The first public meeting was the same evening at 8 p.m. The main points of our addresses have been here, as almost everywhere else, as follows:

1—Comparison between the education which the world advocates and the one contemplated by the priesthood, on the passage of scripture as text, that a tree shall be known by its fruit.

2—All education must commence

at home with the parents themselves on the educational principle, that we cannot give what we do not possess.

3—Our day schools ought to be conducted by teachers that are faithful Latter-day Saints, on the principle, Latter-day Saint teachers for Latter-day Saint children.

4—The B. Y. Academy, of Provo, was quoted as an illustration, that religious instruction not only does not interfere with progress in the so-called regular studies, but facilitates them.

5—The Y. M. and Y. L. M. I. Associations were addressed on quoting the 2,000 young men of Helaman as text.

6—Exhortation to the young of both sexes to qualify themselves for corresponding to the public press in the defense of their faith and their people, as theirs would be the last human testimony to the world.

Pres. Hatch appointed meetings for us in Midway, July 9th, Wallburg, July 10th, at 2 p.m., and Charleston the same day at 8 p.m., all of which appointments were promptly filled. Visited schools in Heber and Midway, and talked with County Superintendent, trustees, bishops and teachers concerning the other schools; result as stated above.

SUMMIT STAKE.

Left Charleston, July 11th, via Heber, for Kamas, where we arrived at 3 p.m. Attended caucus meeting for county convention.

President W. W. Cluff joined us in the evening; meeting of rather slim attendance. No school in operation; they had a good teacher here, but he is discouraged by ungenerous treatment, and wants to leave.

Started July 12 for Peoa. School not in operation just now, but the teacher is a permanent resident in the place, and can be brought up to some efficiency. Meeting at 8 p.m. was crowded, and people seemed to be hungry, spiritually, and very appreciative of the little nourishment we could give them.

July 13th, reached Coalville at noon. County D. S. Superintendent called and asked for teachers for his county from the B. Y. Academy, as they knew that no certificate would be given there to any teacher that was not known to be a faithful Latter-day Saint. As this request has been made of me by the President of every Stake we have visited, I have made to all of them the same proposition as an answer, which has been cheerfully accepted. I would furnish them a teacher from the B. Y. Academy for the winter season for every normal student they would furnish us for one year.

The meeting at Coalville at 8 p.m. was largely attended; and Sunday, July 14th, we visited the Sunday school in the morning. This Sunday school recommends itself by its great order, quietness and dispatch of business, points in which the most of our Sunday schools are yet very deficient. The same day, at 8 p.m., we held a meeting at Echo City, which was also attended by the Saints from Heneferville, and a large representation of the outside element. The school here is kept by Miss Snow, but they are talking of also getting a Latter-day Saint teacher soon, if they can.

Monday, July 15, addressed, on our return trip, the Female Relief Society at Peoa, at 2 p.m., and a public meeting in Kamas at 8 p.m.

UTAH STAKE.

July 16, passed through Provo to Pleasant Grove, where we addressed a large audience in the evening, followed by a public meeting in American Fork, and July 18 in Alpine. All of these places have had large representations in the B. Y. Academy for the last two years. In Alpine the school will be conducted by one of our normals in future who is a resident of the place. This is a point which all of our communities should endeavor to reach, doing away with a great cause of complaint against those itinerant school teachers, that have no lasting interest in the communities, asking better pay than the citizens in most instances get for their work, and then not being able to collect all their bills, or preventing a great many children from attending school for want of the kind of pay, cannot settle their own obligations and leave the place with bad feelings all around. Cases of this kind even of recent occurrence have come repeatedly under my observation, and I have proposed a plan to several communi-

ties by which, in some measure, this evil might be obviated. To take up 10 or 15 acres of land for school purposes, let the trustees keep the deed, and the teachers have the use, and the people have an opportunity of working out their tuition; let the teachers take stock, and produce, and grow with the people. Returning to Provo, July 20th, addressed the congregation on Sunday, July 21st, and held a meeting in Goshen, July 22nd. Santaquin, July 23rd. Payson, July 24th, where we participated in the celebration of the pioneer's day: July 25th, started from Payson in a conveyance, kindly furnished us by Bishop Tanner, in Payson, and driven by his son, one of our students, for the whole southern trip. Held meeting in Nephi at 8 p.m.

SANTFETE STAKE.

Friday, July 26th, meeting in Fountain Green, at 2 p.m., and at Moroni at 8 p.m. July 27th, meeting at Fairview at 2 p.m., and Mount Pleasant at 8 p.m. No schools in session in those places for the summer season, except at Fairview. County District School Superintendent J. B. Maiben met us at Mount Pleasant in behalf of Prest. Peterson, and traveled with us through the Stake. Started Sunday, July 28th, in the morning for Ephraim; called on Prest. O. Hyde at Spring City, and met there Bro. Alfred, one of our normal graduates, who will conduct the school in Spring City, his place of permanent residence, and will be able, by his ability, to exercise a beneficial influence over the schools of that Stake by and by. We addressed a very large audience in the bowery at Ephraim at 11 a.m., and a still larger audience at 3 p.m., by special request of Prest. Peterson, on "The Signs of the Times." The working, spirit, and results of the Ephraim Y. M. M. I. Association are hereby recommended to your special consideration. July 30th and 31st we spent in Gunnison, holding meetings each day. Here the school is in the hands, by special request, of one of our graduates, on the permanent residence plan, and gives great satisfaction.

SEVIER STAKE.

Reached Salina August 1st, at noon, and were met by County District Superintendent Br. Miller in behalf of Prest. Franklin Spencer. In my letter of notification to every President of the various Stakes we were going to visit, I had not only stated the days of our staying with-in their respective Stakes, but had placed ourselves entirely at their disposal for the allotted time, in consequence of which some of these Presidents have worked us, as Brother F. Spencer expressed his intention. Held meeting in Salina at one p.m. Small attendance. School is in a poor condition, and the building inadequate for educational purposes. Meeting at Glenwood the same evening at eight p.m. Fine and attentive audience. School conducted by a young lady, teaching only primary grades—they want a graduate teacher here. August 2, passed through Richfield, spent a few hours in Elsingor in visiting the school, which is conducted creditably by an intelligent man. Held meeting at Monroe at eight p.m. School matters are below par, but might be improved by Brother Dennis Harris, the bishop's son, taking hold of them. I have labored with him to that effect. August 3, started for Richfield, attended general priesthood meeting at ten a.m. Special meeting for the priesthood at two p.m. and general meeting at eight p.m. Sunday, August 4, at ten a.m., Sunday schools united for the occasion, addressing them on the principles and methods of conducting Sunday schools, as taught in the normal course for Sunday school teachers every Sunday at the B. Y. Academy at Provo. Addressed public meeting at two p.m., and started immediately after close for Joseph, where we had a meeting at eight p.m. This small place has a nice, little school, conducted creditably by a young lady, whose going to Arizona this Fall; with her parents, will be a loss to that young community.

BEAVER STAKE.

August 5, after driving nearly fifty miles that day, we reached Beaver in time for meeting at eight p.m. No schools in session just now; but they have a good teacher there in the person of Brother Richard Horne, who will be able to elevate the standard of the public