

TO GUARD THE LUNGS WHILE THRESHING.—The following may be depended upon as a safe and convenient mode of guarding the lungs while threshing, as I have tested it for several years and never knew it to fail: take a piece of fine sponge, about two inches thick in the centre, and about four inches broad; cut out a little in the centre, so that it will fit the nose and mouth, leaving it about three fourths of an inch thick at the end of the nose and mouth; moisten it well and squeeze it out, so as to prevent its dripping; fasten a string to the outer edge of the face, and tie it back of the head, and one can work in a perfect smother for hours I might say days, without any of those disagreeable sensations that are always experienced without such precaution. This will not obstruct the breath one tenth part so much as a piece of gauze will when drawn over the face.—I would rather give one dollar per day for a good sponge than tend a threshing machine without one.—[American Agriculturist.]

NEW POSTAL ENTERPRISE.—We learn by private and reliable information from Washington, that a proposition will be laid, in a few days, before the Senate, emanating from a company of the highest respectability, for running a line of post coaches from Independence, Mo., to California, in 24 days, to be expressed in 12 days. The company only ask of Congress a strip of land one hundred feet in width for the whole distance, with the privilege of purchasing from government a quarter section of land, for the purpose of stations, one in every ten miles.—The company asks of government the use of this route for fifteen years, and agree to make the franchise and grants of land contingent upon their having the road in operation within six months, and undertake to place three thousand men upon the line at once.

It is said that Capt. Ericson is engaged in producing a steam carriage for use on plank roads, by which immense loads may be transported at a good speed, with small cost.

One of the most remarkable facts in the diet of mankind, is the enormous consumption of tea and coffee. Upwards of 800,000,000 pounds of these articles are annually consumed by the inhabitants of the world.

MARRIED.—On the 22nd inst., by Dr. W. Richards, Mr. Joseph Alston and Mrs. Margaret Rushton, all of this city.

As we freely partake of the excellent cake

We our jokes and our wishes express;
For those who're inclin'd to bear printers in mind,
Are sure to obtain happiness.

Much joy to our friend, and in love without end,

May he live with his dear happy bride;
For the comfort of life is a charming good wife
And in this is his time well applied.

While life we pursue, and with glory in view,
I would say to our dear friend and brother,
May he now realize he has gained a prize,
And soon may he get him another.

"D—L."

NOTICE TO BISHOPS.

The following are the days set apart for the several wards to work their labor tithing, commencing Monday, May 5, 1851.

Wards 15 & 19,	Monday,	May 5.
" 16 & 18,	Tuesday,	" 6.
" 1 & 8,	Wednesday,	" 7.
" 2 & 7,	Thursday,	" 8.
" 3 & 6,	Friday,	" 9.
" 9 & 17,	Saturday,	" 10.
" 10 & 11,	Monday,	" 12.
" 12,	Tuesday,	" 13.
" 13,	Wednesday,	" 14.
" 14,	Thursday,	" 15.
" 15 & 19,	Friday,	" 16.
" 16 & 18,	Saturday,	" 17.

Team work much needed. Laborers to bring tools to work with.

EDWARD HUNTER,
E. D. WOOLLEY.

May 3, 1851.

It is the duty of the brethren to attend to their labor tithing, in their respective times and seasons, as specified in the above notice; and it is also the duty of the bishops, to see that their respective wards come forward at the time appointed, and perform the work required of them; but how can the bishops know the facts, unless they themselves are present? How shall the Temple be built without hands? How shall those hands be had, unless by tithing? Preparations have commenced for bringing materials to wall the Temple block; but the trustee-in-trust has not funds even to bring the stone necessary, independent of the labor tithing. The wall must be built before the Temple commence. Brethren, it now remains with you to say whether you will have a Temple; to say,—not by word only, THAT YOU HAVE SAID,—but by deed; and unless you come forward with your tithing in labor and eatables, you may look for the house of the Lord in vain.

WOODVILLE M. ANDREWS, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office at Thos. S. Williams' Store.

Residence foot of East Temple Street, 1st door south of Br. Houtz's, below Emigration Street, eighth ward.

REFERENCES:—Dr. Hotchkiss, T. S. Williams, Esq., Att'y. Gen'l. S. M. Blair, Col. James Barham, Capt. Pitt, W. F. Carter, Esq.
April 28, 1851.-32tf

THE FAMILY PHYSICIAN,
THE POOR MAN'S BLISS, THE SICK MAN'S COMFORT, AND EVERY MAN HIS OWN PHYSICIAN.

By Dr. James M. Martien.

Dr. Martien's Invincible Remedy for the treatment and Cure of all Fevers.

Dr. Martien's Anti-Bilious Vegetable Universal Life Pills

Dr. Martien's Anti-Dyspeptic and Anti-Consumptive Pills.

Dr. Martien's Never failing Worm Destroying Medicine for Children.

Dr. Martien's Vegetable Snuff, for the cure of headache, and all nervous diseases of the Head. For sale by J. & E. REESE.

April 14, 1851.-31tf

SALT.—We have taken an interest in the salt works, and from this time till further notice we will keep on hand a full supply of salt of the best quality.

J. & E. REESE.

April 5, 1851.-30tf

WHEAT! WHEAT!!

WE are now prepared to store wheat; and will pay \$2.50 for all good samples.

We request that all our debtors who are to pay their accounts in wheat, will bring in their wheat forthwith, as we are obliged to close the concern immediately, by reason of the death of our partner in New York.

J. & E. REESE.

Jan. 8, 1851.-24:tf

TURNING AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Cedar, and Great Salt Lake cities, and adjoining settlements, that they now have their lathe running, and are prepared to make and finish to order in a workman-like manner, all kinds of machinery necessary to forming settlements in new countries, such as saw-mill cranks, grist-mill irons, threshing machines, fanning mills, and machinery generally.

B. FROST & S. BRINGHURST.

Cedar, Iron County, March 24, 1851.-30tf

ESTRAYS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Saturday, the 3d day of May, 1851, all Estrays which have been taken up from time to time, within Great Salt Lake and the adjoining counties, will be collected together in the Public Yard near the Bowery, where they will be kept from said Saturday till the following Tuesday morning, during which time the owners are required to prove their property, pay charges, and take away their stock they may lawfully and satisfactorily claim. And all Estrays which are not claimed on or before Tuesday, the 6th of May, will on that day be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION to defray expenses; subject, however, to final adjustment on claims properly substantiated, at any time thereafter within one year from the said 6th day of May, 1851.

ALL PERSONS who have Estrays in their possession, are also hereby notified to bring the said Estrays to the Public Yard aforesaid, on the day and date aforesaid, together with a bill of damages claimed on account of any Estray or Estrays they may have had in their possession; and any person refusing or neglecting to bring forward, as above mentioned, any Estray now in their charge, will be liable to lose all damages claimed by them. And all Justices of the Peace, Sheriffs, and Constables, are authorized to take up all Estrays which may be found in possession of any person after the 3d day of May, 1851, and bring the same to the Public Yard, to be sold and disposed of as above named.

D. H. WELLS,
E. D. WOOLLEY,
G. D. GRANT.

April 17, 1851.-31:2in

STRAYED, from the public yard, on the evening of the 11th inst., eleven head of cattle, branded L & K on the left hip.

Any person who will return or give information where said cattle can be found, will be liberally rewarded by

LIVINGSTON & KINKEAD.

April 16, 1851.-31tf