

New York, 27.—The Herald's special says General Thompson has sued Stanton for false imprisonment, with damages laid at a hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

A Havana special reports that the German Mercantile House, Keble, Laiturg, & co., of Mantanzas, are acting as agents for strong London bankers, for securing a treaty to loan the Spanish government twenty millions on account of the island of Cuba, the loan to be secured by a lien on the revenue of the island.

Chicago, 26.—The Tribune's special says, the committee upon articles of impeachment have been in session most of the day. Generals Emory and Thomas are among the most important witnesses examined. The committee has virtually agreed upon five articles; there may be seven. An article, charging violation of the law, in creating the Department of the Atlantic, was discussed, but will probably be laid aside, as the purpose is to avoid all but the plainest questionable misdemeanors, also such as would call for summoning witnesses from a distance. A proposition to frame an article upon certain features in the removal of Gen. Ord, and the appointment of Gen. Gillem, involving a direct purpose on the part of the President to defeat reconstruction was under consideration. This will probably be ruled out because it might involve bringing witnesses from Cuba, if the President desired it. The expectation is to finish their discussion in the House on Saturday, and present the bills to the Senate on Monday next.

The articles thus far agreed upon are as follows: Article 1. That Andrew Johnson, President of the United States is guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors, in that he removed from office as Secretary of the Department of War, E. M. Stanton, while the Senate was in session and without its counsel. Article 2. Said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, committed a high crime in this, that on the 21st day of February, 1868, he did, in violation of the act concerning the tenure of certain civil offices, appoint Lorenzo Thomas Secretary of War *ad interim*, the Senate being then in session, and without the consent of the same. Article 3. That said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, was guilty of a high crime in this, that on the 21st day of February, 1868, he conspired, with Lorenzo Thomas and others unknown to the House of Representatives, by force of threats and intimidation to prevent E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War, from holding said office, in violation of the act of July 31, 1867, defining conspiracies, and of the act regulating the tenure of certain civil offices. Article 4. That said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, is guilty of high crimes in office in this, that regardless of his oath and in violation of the Constitution, he did, on the 21st of February, 1868, appoint a Secretary of War *ad interim*, to wit: Lorenzo Thomas, without the consent of the Senate, no vacancy existing in the said office of the Secretary of the War Department. The fifth article is not definitely defined, but it is supposed it will charge the President with attempting to induce the officers of the army to violate the articles of war, as authorized by Congress and approved by himself. Gen. Emory testified that the President had sent for him and inquired particularly about the forces under his command, and then asked him what he thought of the law requiring all orders to the army to pass through the army headquarters. Gen. Emory, in reply, told him his understanding was, that all orders must thus come to him.

Chicago, 27.—The Iowa Democratic Convention yesterday nominated delegates to the National Convention at New York, in July, and the Presidential elections. Among the resolutions was one declaring Pendleton to be the first choice of the Democracy of Iowa, for President, which was adopted after a strong debate. Resolutions in favor of the payment of the national debt in greenbacks, were adopted, after a debate.

The Wisconsin Republican Convention yesterday nominated delegates to the National Convention and Presidential election. They re-nominated Judge Dixon for Chief Justice, and Byron Payne for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court. Resolutions were passed which favor Grant, avoid the financial question, and demand Johnson's impeachment.

Washington, D. C., 27.—Gen. Thomas lays his damages against Stanton at \$250,000. The counsel for Thomas have decided to make application for a writ of *quo warranto* before the District Court, for Stanton to show cause why

he retains possession of the War Department.

New York, 27.—The World's Buenos Ayres correspondence of Jan. 18th says, Gen. Ashboth, Minister of the United States, is lying very ill and certainly cannot survive many days. He has long been an invalid and a great sufferer. Some of the chief judges and lawyers, and many of the principal merchants of the city, have been victims to cholera. The pestilence has carried off in Buenos Ayres, in 40 days, 5,000. All work is suspended, and those who depend for food on daily labor, suffer much. Carts enough to convey the dead cannot be found, nor men to dig the graves. The churches are taken for hospitals, and many unable to be conveyed to them, die alone in their houses.

LOCAL ITEMS.

THEATRICAL.—To-night there are strong attractions offered for Mr. Hardie's Benefit, "Macbeth," the "Spectre Bridegroom," tall fencing and singing. Give him a good house.

SEVENTIES' LECTURES.—Last Night Elder W. Perry Nebeker delivered an interesting lecture in the 13th Ward Assembly Rooms, on "Incidents and travel in Switzerland." He alluded to the difficulties he had to encounter in going there as a missionary, being an entire stranger and ignorant of the language, and related incidents which must have been annoying at the time of their occurrence, but which, when told last night, were rather amusing. His descriptive remarks on the country, its people and their manners and customs, with its divisions, government, &c., were instructive and edifying.

Elder John Pack followed in a few remarks. On Wednesday evening next Joseph Woodmansee, Esq., will lecture on "The Valley of the Mississippi," and W. J. Silver, Esq., on "Mechanics."

CALLED.—We had a call to-day from H. A. Hanson, Esq., representing the house of Taylor & Wright, wholesale grocers, of Chicago. The gentleman has been in the city a few days, enjoying himself and looking after the interests of the firm. He will start north to-morrow morning, intending to spend a few weeks in Montana, when he will return here.

Seeing the stability of our business men, he is anxious that the best of feelings and increased commercial transactions, between Chicago and this city, should exist, which we cordially reciprocate, believing it would be for the benefit of both. Our trade is large and growing, the names of our merchants are held in high esteem in the East, and Chicago will not lose by holding out inducements for increased business with them.

CAVED IN.—Yesterday evening, about six o'clock, the store belonging to Walker Bro's, recently occupied as R. G. Sneath's wholesale warehouse, fell in, causing serious apprehensions for a little time that some persons were buried underneath. The law office of Strickland & Robertson was upstairs; and people were also residing in the upper story, of whom there were inside at the time three ladies and one little girl. Mrs. J. W. Jones, Mrs. Spencer and her daughter, about eight years of age, and Mrs. Spencer's sister. Judge Strickland was in his office, in the centre of the room, and hearing a rumbling noise, he stepped to the wall of the house adjoining west which protected him. The building sank on the east side, the frost having got under it so that when the thaw came it settled down; and the whole came to the ground. Fortunately no one was killed, nor seriously injured, though Judge Strickland and Mrs. Spencer were somewhat bruised. The furniture was nearly all smashed to pieces in the fall. Those who were in the building have reason to congratulate themselves on their providential escape.

IN CHICAGO.—By telegram from General H. B. Clawson, to Pres. Young, we learn that he and party reached Chicago yesterday at one o'clock in the afternoon, all well, where they will remain until Saturday.

THE WEATHER.—Last night there was a sharp frost. To-day it is beautiful with the sun shining brightly.

By Deseret Telegraph Lines:

Logan; warm, a little cloudy; froze some last night.

Provo; very warm; a few scattering clouds; very muddy.

Payson; very fine, warm and pleasant; some few scattering clouds over the valley; muddy.

Nephi; clear and warm; mud drying fast.

Mount Pleasant; cloudy.

Manti; fine and pleasant; freezes hard every night.

Chicken Creek; muddy; warm.

Round Valley; wind blowing from southeast; roads drying.

Cove Creek; beautiful; sharp frost last night.

Cedar; pleasant.

Washington; fine, clear and pleasant.

St. George; a few clouds; very pleasant; sun shining brightly. Thermometer 65.

ATTENTION.—Persons receiving Income Blanks from the Assistant Assessor of Internal Revenue, must return the same by the 1st of March, or that official will be required by law to add a penalty of fifty per cent, whether the persons have an income of more or less than \$1000. We trust our citizens will be prompt in attending to this matter, and save themselves trouble and expense by not forcing a disagreeable duty upon the Assistant Assessor, in the performance of which the law allows him no option.

HORRIBLE.—The *Alta Californian* chronicles five charges of assault to commit rape, which were preferred in San Francisco in forty-eight hours, and in every case the assaulted parties were children under twelve years of age. This is horrible, and reveals a woeful condition of society. It is too true that abusive lust and disgusting corruption are terribly on the whole increase, not only west but throughout the land. Every day reveals to us more strongly the imperative necessity that exists for our maintaining, as a people, with the sternness of justice, the inviolability of virtue and the sacredness of chastity within the limits to which our influence extends.

WANTED

WHEAT, OATS AND BARLEY.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID

MERCHANDISE.

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Opposite Salt Lake House,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY

Are appointed Agents for the Sale of the justly

CELEBRATED DESERET MILL

Cotton Yarn,

Manufactured at President YOUNG'S

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This Yarn is universally acknowledged to be the best article in the Market, and of full weight, and can be furnished to the order of Merchants and Citizens, Wholesale.

Parties residing in Sanpete and Juab Counties can obtain the Yarn at Fort Birch Mill, Nephi, for Wheat or Cash.

J. BIRCH, General Agent,
Washington, Utah.

COMMISSION PURCHASING 1868.

GEO. CRONYN & Co.

ANNOUNCE to the Public that Mr. FRED T. PERRIS, of the firm, will again start East, early this Spring, to renew our Stock of Goods and Purchase on Commission

Machinery of every description,
WAGONS,

Agricultural Implements, Stoves,
and General Family Supplies.

Information and Circulars given on application or mailed to any address.
Special attention given to procuring Labor Saving Machinery adapted to the uses of the people.

Sole Agents in Utah Territory for

Blair's Steam Saw Mills and Engines,
John A. Noyes' Improved Turbine Wheels,
Portable Grist Mills, French Burs,
Wood's Prize Medal Mowers and Reapers,
Ray & Co.'s Wood Working Machinery,
Mendenhall Looms,
Blackwood & Wilson's Hand Spinning Machine, patented September 24, 1867, spins ordinary Rolls six times faster than the common Wheel, etc., etc.
Our present Stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c., will be closed out for Cash and Produce, on an ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS AS ANY ADVERTISED. Call and enquire.
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For Sale.

ELDREDGE & CLAWSON

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES!

20,000 Pounds NAILS,

20,000 Pounds SUGAR,

30,000 Yards DOMESTICS,

40,000 Yards PRINTS,

Besides a COMPLETE ASSORTMENT of

General Merchandise!

CALL AND SEE US.

WE WANT TO SELL.

And will make it ADVANTAGEOUS to
CASH BUYERS.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

YEAR 1868.

C
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B
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WE return our sincere thanks to this People for the liberal Patronage we have received, and in view of the great scarcity of money and the decline in the value of some kinds of Goods east, we have determined to offer our Stock at a heavy Discount for

CASH!

We will allow a Discount of TEN PER CENT. on all Groceries, except Tea, Sugar, Coffee, Candles and Soap.

A Discount of TEN PER CENT. on all Dry Goods, Clothing and Hardware, except Nails, Horse and Mule Shoes.

A Discount of TWENTY PER CENT. on Hoods, Nubias, and all Goods of this description, (including Hats and Caps).

A Discount of from TEN to TWENTY PER CENT. on all kinds of Dishes, Plates, Cups and Saucers, Glassware, Castors, &c., &c.

ARGUMENT.

THIS we think better for the Customer than Enterprises on the Lottery Plan, these having been tried elsewhere and not found profitable to the investors.

The People know quite well already who sells the Cheapest and Best Goods, and when they get them, knowing them to be cheap, and then get a Discount of from Ten to Twenty per Cent., we think they will come to the conclusion that it is better to have the full benefit of what they spend at once and on the spot, than take ONE Chance in FIFTY of drawing something, some time in the future.

You are not required to purchase "Ten Dollars" worth to entitle you to the Discount, but we will allow it in all cases, whether the purchase be large or small.

This is to give the poor man or poor woman, who cannot get hold of "Ten Dollars," a chance to buy Goods Cheap.

COME AND TRY IT.

WHY DO WE OFFER THESE TERMS?

Because we are like most of our neighbors wanting money badly.

ROSS & BARRATT.

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