

## LOCAL NEWS.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY, DEC. 4

**Run Over.**—A young man by the name of Heber Andrus, who resides in Big Cottonwood Ward, while attempting to stop a span of fractious horses in their endeavor to run away, last Wednesday, was knocked down and run over by the wagon, receiving such severe injuries to his foot and leg as to temporarily disable him, though it is thought that no bones are broken.

**Home-made Lozenges.**—Dr. E. L. Plant, the herbalist, whose office is on First South Street, is the maker of a kind of lozenges that are highly recommended as a remedy for coughs, colds, sore throat and croup. They have a pleasant taste, and if they are as efficacious as those claim who have used them they ought to be patronized in preference to imported nostrums.

**The Second District.**—The Second District Court convenes on Monday next at Beaver. There are several important cases coming up, among them those of Orlick, convicted of murder in the first degree and granted a new trial; two polygamy cases, against W. G. Bickley and William Robinson respectively; and some six or eight unlawful cohabitation cases. Judge Boreman left for Beaver this morning; Mr. Denny, who defends several of the parties to be tried, goes on Sunday. It is expected that the session will last out the year, and that the docket will be cleared.

**Star Valley.**—By communication from "A. C." of Afion, Uintah Co., Wyo., we learn that the first Sabbath meeting in Star Valley was held on the 15th of last month, at which a letter from the President of the Bear Lake Stake was read, authorizing Charles D. Cazier to preside over the Latter-day Saints residing in that and the adjoining valley. The vote to sustain Brother Cazier in the position was unanimous. He then counseled the Saints to draw near to the Lord, and if any difficulty or ill-feeling existed between them to make it right immediately, so they could all partake of the sacrament worthily on the following Sunday. A good spirit prevailed throughout the meeting.

That valley is now said to be receiving a boom, as people are flocking in there from all quarters. Those who are not prepared to remain permanently go away with the determination to return as early as possible in the spring. The residents hope ere long to be favored with mail facilities.

**Third District Court Proceedings.**—In the case of H. Brisacher vs. J. K. Gillespie, yesterday, a motion to vacate and set aside judgment was allowed, on payment of all costs to date. Laura Crocker vs. Isabella Brunker; heretofore submitted; judgment for defendant for property, and in favor of plaintiff for costs.

Louis Nadle et al. vs. M. H. Lipman et al.; motion to re-tax costs overruled.

Mues Mix was sworn in as bailiff. The grand jury reported one indictment found under Territorial laws.

Mary M. Bevis vs. Charles Crow et al.; Court allowed a continuance for the term at plaintiff's cost.

In the suit of Geo. H. Knowlden et al. vs. Henry J. Hayward et al.; motion to reinstate case overruled, the Court being of opinion that the party is not entitled to an appeal.

James Thomson vs. F. Crowton et al.; plaintiff enters a motion to dismiss the action.

**No Examination.**—At the hour set for the preliminary examination in the case of Fanny Davenport, before Commissioner McKay, this afternoon, most of the witnesses were on hand. Lizzie Short, a daughter of Wm. Short, the butcher, and the witness for whom an attachment was issued yesterday, was also present. After some delay, the Commissioner remarked to the defendant's attorney, upon it being stated that the witnesses had been before the grand jury, that he did not wish to go over the same ground as that body, and held the defendant to await the result of the inquisitorial investigation.

Considerable surprise was expressed at the anxiety of the prosecution to have examination waived, after Mr. Varian's emphatic refusal, yesterday, to allow such a course. And the reason assigned by rumor for this change of heart on the part of the prosecution was that in his investigation before the grand jury, the answers of the witnesses brought to him most unwelcome news, and enlightened his mind to an extent hitherto believed almost impossible.

**A Useful Missionary.**—Among the missionaries who have recently returned from Europe was Elder Joseph A. Smith, of Providence, Cache County. He had been absent more than two years, during most of which time he labored in the Swiss and German mission. Part of that time he served as Secretary in the office at Berne, and the other part in active service in the missionary field in various parts of the European continent. He had the advantage of a good education and ample acquaintance with English literature as well as a knowledge of Greek and Latin, and he entered upon the study of the German language with a zest that secured success. He learned to speak it like a native and was often taken for a German. He was much blest in his labors and had the privilege of going down into the waters of baptism with over sixty persons. He assisted in starting

anew the work in the city of Berlin over which District he presided, and obtained in his ministry a certain testimony of the divinity of the cause in which he was engaged. He has returned to his family and friends in good health, we trust for a long career of usefulness, as he is yet a young man and blest with abilities and experience which can be made a power for good under the influences of the Gospel. We bid him welcome home.

**Help for the Needy.**—In a good many of the wards and settlements of this Territory a custom has prevailed for some years past of calling upon the young men to turn out with their teams upon a given day in the fall of the year to haul wood for the purpose of supplying their old and decrepit and poor neighbors with their winter's fuel. The alacrity with which the young men invariably respond speaks well for their goodness of heart, and the hard work involved in procuring wood from the mountains is rendered almost a pleasant pastime by the cheerful manner in which they go about it. And then after the wood has been procured another "bee" is engaged in for the purpose of cutting it up and piling it away in convenient shape for winter use, which is generally followed by a public feast for the young men, prepared by the young ladies of the Ward. A number of those wood-hauling "bees," generally under the auspices of the Young Men's Improvement Associations, have already taken place this year in the surrounding settlements, the last we have heard of being in the Big Cottonwood Ward, and we recommended the young men in other Wards to go to and follow the worthy example, and not defer it too long, as the snow upon the mountains admonishes us that what canon work remains to be done this year ought to be done in a hurry, and if the poor people are not soon supplied with the necessary fuel they are likely to suffer from the cold.

This system of the many uniting to help the few who are needy might very properly be extended to other matters than the supplying of fuel. There are a great many families in our community at the present time who have heretofore been in a position to help others rather than to require help, but who are now deprived of their chief means of support; and they should be the objects of care on the part of both young and old who have it in their power to supply their wants and extend to them assistance in various ways, and it should be done in such a way as not to make them feel that they are objects of charity. Help extended to such in a proper spirit proves a double blessing—the giver is equally blessed with those to whom it is given.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, DEC. 5

**Y. L. M. I. A.**—The Quarterly Conference of the Y. L. M. I. A. of this Stake will be held in the Salt Lake Assembly Hall on Saturday, December 19th, commencing at 10 o'clock a.m., and 2 o'clock p.m. This arrangement has been made to give the young ladies more time, as one meeting is usually occupied in the transaction of business, and leaves so little time for general instruction.

**Primary Associations.**—The Quarterly Conference of the Primary Associations of this Stake will be held in the Salt Lake Assembly Hall, on Saturday next, December 12th, commencing at 10 o'clock a.m. Special care has been taken to prepare the children in singing, and other exercises are anticipated. All are invited, especially the parents, to encourage the children and those who have charge of them in these Associations.

**Relief Society Conference.**—The Quarterly Conference of the Relief Society of this Stake will be held in the Fourteenth Ward Assembly Rooms on Friday, December 11th, commencing at 10 o'clock a.m., and at 2 o'clock p.m. It is earnestly desired that there should be a good representation from each ward. Verbal reports are expected from the respective presidents. All those interested in these organizations are cordially invited to attend.

**A Sample False Report.**—It was reported to General McCook this morning that quantities of arms were stored in the Tithing office in this city, and the General, accompanied by his assistant, called the attention of Mayor Sharp to the statement. The three gentlemen, in company with City Attorney Richards, called on Bishop John Q. Cannon, at the Tithing Office, and a thorough investigation convinced General McCook that there was nothing in the report worthy of notice.

**Honor to the Dead.**—The official announcement of Vice President Hendricks' death only reached Fort Douglas yesterday, and to-day memorial services are being held there by the soldiery, who were called out on parade at 9 a.m., to receive the announcement of the news. Military honors in the shape of salutes, etc., are being shown to the memory of the distinguished dead—13 guns having been fired early this morning and 19 at noon; to be followed by 38 more this evening.

**A Sad Death.**—Brother John A. Druce, of the 12th Ward of this city, who has suffered for two years past with a cancer on the side of his neck, which appeared to have originated from a blow accidentally received from a falling plank while working on a building, succumbed to the terrible

malady this morning at 6 o'clock. He submitted to several operations for the cure of the disease, and endured untold agony, in view of which his death can scarcely be considered otherwise than a happy release.

He was a noble-spirited young man, greatly beloved and respected by all his acquaintances, whose whole course of life was exemplary in the highest degree. He leaves a wife and two children and numerous relatives to mourn his death.

**Patronize Your Friends.**—The present crusade against the Latter-day Saints has produced a condition of things that in some respects is greatly to be deplored. However, with all its drawbacks, there are many advantages which will prove of great benefit to the people, and the old truism, "It is an ill wind that blows nobody good," finds verification in frequent fortunate occurrences which show to the people who are their true friends. The Saints have often been warned to avoid the suicidal policy of dealing with and supporting, financially, their bitterest enemies—those who aid in the effort to deprive the "Mormons" of their liberties, because of their adherence to an unpopular religious faith. Outside of the "ring" of rabid and corrupt anti-"Mormon" morality-screechers who do the howling and barking, there are a number of non-"Mormon" business men who lay claim to the title of conservative, from their non-partisan course and non-interference in matters outside of their legitimate business. It sometimes happens that persons who assume to belong to this class, after fattening upon the profits of their dealings in the community, when anything unusual occurs, turn and exhibit the true inwardness of their feelings toward the very people for whom they have pretended honorable friendship.

The present attempt on the part of the city officials to punish a number of individuals who have been guilty of gross immorality, has been the occasion of calling forth from the anti-"Mormons" torrents of vituperation and wilful falsehood, and desperate efforts have been made to bring down upon the people of Utah the wrath of the nation, and the strong arm of the government has been invoked to increase the already burdensome oppression of the inhabitants of this Territory. All classes have taken sides on the question, the majority demanding that the law be vigorously enforced, irrespective of where it strikes; while others, notably the most blatant advocates of harsh measures against the "Mormons," have frantically opposed and denounced the prosecution of debauchees and libertines.

Another of those who have assumed to be conservative Gentiles, and have been classed as such, has considered it proper to give vent to an expression of his sentiments on the present issue, and in such a manner that the people of this Territory would do well to make a special note of it, and take timely warning. The business man referred to is the manager of a wagon and carriage repository on Main Street, and is also registration officer for Salt Lake City, having received his appointment from the Utah Commission. In conversation with a gentleman regarding the city's recent action against the frequenters of brothels, he became quite denunciatory of the municipal authorities, and in his remarks, as reported by parties who heard them, he exclaimed, "If I had the money, I would make the city sweat for it!"

The other party to the argument asked, "Why don't you do it, then? You are wealthy."

"I haven't enough," was the reply; "it takes considerable money." The conversation continued further, until he finally declared, in speaking of the ferreting out of crime by the police, that it was "a d—d outrage! a d—d shame!"

A short time since, Judge Zane, in the Third District Court, said, "A man who will not obey the laws of his country, which affords him protection, does not deserve mercy, and is not fit to be a citizen." This rule is as applicable to municipal as to national government. What do you think, citizens, of a man, holding an office by government appointment, who declares the enforcement of a law against lechery is an "outrage?" One who would, if he had the power, make the corporation that protects his person and property "sweat" for performing its plain duty in behalf of the public welfare and morals? One who approves of the attempt of a corrupt ring to inflict penalties upon the peace officers because those officers have been successful in discovering deeds universally denounced as crimes, and are endeavoring to bring the perpetrators to justice? One who, having been made comparatively wealthy by the patronage of the people, turns upon them, and, when the people's representatives endeavor to check the tide of corruption by punishing those who violate every law of chastity, bitterly opposes those representatives to their injury? If "a man who will not obey the laws" "does not deserve mercy," what are the just deserts of one who declares the enforcement of wholesome regulations for the purification of society and the protection of home to be a "shame?" Will the people continue to give their patronage to men of this class? It is hardly probable.

This is no time to barter with vice, or those who willingly permit its existence, or advocate its necessity. The only safe course will ultimately be found to be that on the side of virtue,

honor, integrity. Let righteous laws be firmly and strictly enforced. If unjust and oppressive measures are enacted, all opposition thereto should be made in a legal, peaceful manner. Truth will triumph in the end. But no leniency should be shown those who persistently violate all law, human and divine, for the gratification of their baser passions, and no encouragement should be given any who aid, abet or approve of their pernicious practices. The people can best resist enemies by sustaining only friends, and becoming united in defense of the common welfare and constitutional liberty.

## THE LIGHTNING STRIKES AGAIN.

IMMORAL "OFFICERS OF THE COURT" IN TROUBLE.

ASSISTANT U. S. DISTRICT ATTORNEY LEWIS UNDER ARREST.

DEPUTY U. S. MARSHAL VANDERCOOK IN THE TOILS.

ANOTHER CHANCE FOR JUDGE ZANE.

EX-U. S. COMMISSIONER PEARSON ALSO ON THE "LIST."

Wild rumors were rife on the streets yesterday afternoon and evening to the effect that Sheriff Groesbeck had in his pocket warrants of arrest for a number of persons who were charged with lewdness, under the Territorial statute, and that the parties for whom the Sheriff was on the alert were making use of the "underground" route to avoid a meeting with the terrorizing officer. No arrests were made last night, however, but a feeling of gloom pervaded the bosoms of a large majority of the morality-screechers, who have been shouting so long and loud that there was no law in the Territory punishing immorality, and as was the case when the city took the matter in hand, a wall of woe will probably go up to the Federal courts for deliverance from the just reward of their deeds.

ATTORNEY S. H. LEWIS.

This morning the dreaded bomb-shell exploded when the sheriff, in his most affable manner, approached Assistant U. S. District Attorney S. H. Lewis, and served on him the warrant of arrest. The complaint against Mr. Lewis states that "on the 9th day of Sept., 1885, at Salt Lake City, County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah, one Fanny Davenport did keep a house of ill fame, resorted to for the purpose of prostitution, and that one Samuel H. Lewis, then and there well knowing said house to be a house of ill fame, and resorted to as aforesaid, did then and there resort to the aforesaid house of ill fame for lewdness."

Mr. Lewis was permitted to search for bondsmen, and two business men, Andrew C. Bixen, proprietor of the Valley House, and Bolivar Roberts, of the druggist firm of Roberts & Neldeh, went as sureties for the alleged male "prostitute," who was liberated, the bail having been fixed at \$1,000.

DEPUTY O. C. VANDERCOOK.

A few moments after service was made on Mr. Lewis, the Sheriff held a similar interview with that moral (?) "officer of the court," Oscar C. Vandercook, deputy U. S. Marshal. The deputy stated that he had some subpoenas to serve, and the sheriff released him on his own recognizance, to appear before Judge Speirs at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The offense charged against Vandercook is couched in similar language to that against Lewis, with the exceptions that the date of its commission was the 5th of August, 1885, in a house kept by one Mrs. S. J. Field, who, by the way, is at present under the sheltering wing of the United States Marshal. Vandercook's bonds were also placed at \$1,000. The sureties for this male prostitute were Messrs. Hugh Anderson and John H. Horlick, the former of whom was one of those who was going to "wind the brethren up."

EX-U. S. COMMISSIONER C. E. PEARSON.

The next of the unsophisticated "innocent" who were "led away" by the fallen women, was ex-U. S. Commissioner Charles E. Pearson. Deputy Sheriff Wm. Calder brought the unwelcome tidings to Pearson, the charge being in the same language as in the Vandercook case, except that the 17th of June is named as the occasion. E. A. Oding and Wm. Calder went on Pearson's bond as sureties to the amount of \$1,000. The case was set for Thursday, December 10, at 11 a.m., and the trembling defendant took his departure, to ponder on the saying, "The way of the transgressor is hard."

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, DEC. 7

**Stopped for the Season.**—The work of rock-laying on the walls of the Temple ceased for the season at 10 o'clock this morning. Four courses of rock have been set on the west corner towers and six courses on the center tower at that end since the workmen commenced work there this season, which was some time in October.

**Arrested.**—Just as we were going to press we received word that B. Y. Hampton had been arrested by Deputy Marshal Greenman and taken before the Third District Court where four indictments found by the grand jury were read to him, two of them charging him

with keeping a house of ill-fame and the other two with conspiracy. He was placed under bonds aggregating \$3,200, S. P. Teasdel and W. H. Rowe being his sureties.

**Died Suddenly.**—Shelby V. Huffaker, son of S. D. and Rhoda P. Huffaker, of Brinton, Big Cottonwood, came to visit his parents, and also to attend to some business affairs, a short time ago, his residence being Woodruff, Rich County. He contracted typhoid fever a few days since, and died at his parents' home on Sunday morning, Dec. 6. A few weeks ago his brother was drowned in Green River, and the family have of late been greatly afflicted with the fell scourge diphtheria.

**Capping the Climax.**—When a reporter of the morning organ of lewdness and assassination was questioned in the City Council to-day as to what he knew of the insane rumors that have been put into circulation and telegraphed elsewhere, he had the supreme gall, the superabundant cheek, to reply that he had heard of such rumors, but did not think them of sufficient consequence to justify their being published! If that is not the capstone of the monument which the organ has been erecting for several years, we are curious to know how such a work can be concluded; it is a little too awful for any other purpose.

**One More.**—Another arrest was effected by Sheriff Groesbeck on Saturday evening, that of Joe Bush, of Bingham, the charge being the prevailing one of immoral conduct. He was brought to the City Hall about 5 o'clock and Judge Speirs, who had been sent for, arrived about an hour later, more as an accommodation to the defendant than anything else. Both the assistant county attorneys were present, Mr. W. C. Hall appearing for the defense. After some few preliminaries, the bonds for Bush's appearance were fixed at one thousand dollars, whereupon Messrs. M. C. Phillips and George Barr presented themselves as sureties and were accepted without question. Mr. Bush was then released, his trial being set for Friday next.

The contest begins in earnest at 10 a.m. to-morrow, at the City Hall, when the case of the People of the Territory vs. Oscar Vandercook, for frequenting houses of ill-fame for immoral purposes, will be taken up. Whether it will reach a trial or not remains to be seen; his attorney, Judge McBride, when the bond for the defendant's appearance to-morrow was given, sententiously remarked that "one case would settle all of them." This would seem to indicate a demurrer to the complaint or another *habeas corpus* proceeding, though the attorneys for the County can only conjecture as to that. Certain it is that every possible effort will be made to evade an issue on the facts, meeting them being what the accused in any of the cases "will never, never do," if they can help it.

**The Military.**—This morning, at about 9 o'clock, a lot of baggage in wagons from Fort Douglas, accompanied by four or five soldiers, indicated the fact that the establishment of a provost guard in our midst was a fixed fact. They wended their way to the building just west of the Herald office, made memorable by the holding forth there of "Dr. Foot, Jr.," some time since, and commenced (that is, the men did, not the baggage) to make the place as comfortable as the aroma of the "doctor's" anesthetics and reputation, which still lingered in the deserted halls, would permit. The total number of men to be quartered there is forty-five, and they will all be there this afternoon. It is what is left of Company K, Sixth Infantry, Captain Charles G. Penny commanding.

A little after 11 o'clock this morning a special train of sixteen cars rolled into the Utah Central depot, bearing sixty-five men, four rifled steel guns with caissons, and horses in sufficient number to complete the equipment of the battery. This was destined for the fort, having been detailed from the Fifth Artillery Department of the Platte, and being lettered as Battery D. The work of disembarking was not completed till about 2 p.m., when the "entire troop, pioneers and all," filed up South Temple Street to their destination. They passed the News office with the band playing as well as a band could play with the thermometer fooling around the freezing point and snow falling thick and fast; the standard and colors were pinioned, and only the steel-wrought belchers of destruction seemed to be impervious to the action of the elements.

As we still live and pursue our usual vocations, the only question is, "What next?"

**Beaver Court.**—We have received the following as a special per Deseret telegraph line:

BEAVER, Utah, Dec. 7, 1885.

Editor Deseret News:

The District Court opened at 11 o'clock to-day, Judge Boreman presiding, and W. S. Zane acting as assistant prosecuting attorney and catechist. The grand jury selected by open venire process, easily passed muster on the main points, namely, cohabitation and polygamy. The Judge gave his charge from a few head lines, orally filling up the interstices. He referred to the Territorial and United States laws, and when he came to polygamy and cohabitation he simply became eloquent, as in days of old. He stated that the practices of the