

MOST DECLARE
FOR FREE SILVER

Kansas City Convention Will Have to Do
That if it Wishes Mr. Bryan to
be Its Candidate.

Kansas City, Mo., July 3.—"Bryan will not run on any platform which does not contain a specific declaration in favor of free coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1. If this convention does not put that declaration in the platform it will have to nominate another candidate for President."

This statement was made today to the Associated Press by Judge A. S. Tibbitts of Lincoln, delegate at large from Mr. Bryan's own State, and chairman of the State delegation to this convention. It serves to emphasize the determined stand taken by the Nebraska statesman. His declaration is that he stands for a principle and those who would have him change or modify his views are swinging simply in the wind of expediency.

Cato Selis, chairman of the Iowa delegation, who had a three-hours' conference with Mr. Bryan just before he came to Kansas City, not only reaffirms the statement made by Judge Tibbitts, but amplifies it.

"After talking with Mr. Bryan for some time," said Mr. Selis, "with respect to his position and to the attitude his friends ought to assume in this convention I asked him this blunt question:

"Suppose the convention should refuse to adopt a platform containing a declaration in favor of free coinage at 16 to 1?"

"Then," said Mr. Bryan, emphatically, "I will not run as the candidate."

WILL BOW TO BRYAN'S DESIRES.

That the convention will bow to Mr. Bryan's desires, nobody who comes in contact with the delegates can doubt for an instant. Some discordant elements are here, but they are not numerous. A few men assert with a positiveness quite serious, that they propose to carry the fight against a specific declaration on the silver question to the floor of the convention. Such a contest in the convention would be, doubtless, a dramatic, perhaps a sensational performance, but it would not only not serve any useful purpose, but might put away the chance of a victory next fall which now is the beacon light of every loyal Democrat.

ALL FOR HARMONY.

To effect the big ratification meeting in Philadelphia the Democratic leaders are urging every possible recalcitrant to get into line for harmony. To the end that harmony may be a distinguishing feature of the convention, a conference of many of the leaders of the various elements allied in opposition to the Republican party is being given now held. The conference is in session at the Kansas City club, the headquarters of the national committee. Among those present are National Chairman J. K. Jones, Richard Croker, John W. Kern, Democratic candidate for governor of Indiana, and other leaders among the Democrats, Senator Teller, former Democratic gubernatorial candidate of Kansas, and Judge Brown, of the Silver Republicans, and Senators Allen, Pettigrew and Heitfeld, of the Populists. It is distinctly a harmony conference. All are willing to make concessions in the convention, and to that end that peace may prevail in the convention.

In connection with Richard Croker's presence at the conference, it is understood that he and former Governor Hill have a thorough understanding. Hill is in perfect sympathy with the party and the ticket nominated by the convention. It is suggested by Croker that neither Mr. Croker nor Mr. Hill desires the nomination of Towne for Vice President.

VAN WYCK'S CLAIMS.

While the New York delegation has not presented formally any candidate it is known that it favors the nomination of Elliott Danforth and that Mr. Croker is quietly pressing the claims of Judge Augustus Van Wyck. Stranger things have happened in many a convention than the nomination either of Danforth or Van Wyck would be. Notwithstanding the fact that Towne seems now to have the most distinct call for the nomination it cannot be disguised that many delegates want a nomination of Danforth or Van Wyck. Likewise there are looking to New York to furnish that candidate because they believe with a strong man from the Empire State on the ticket the party will have an even chance to carry the State and perhaps one or two other eastern States. So prevalent is this belief and so strong is the hold it has taken on the delegates during the last few hours that Mr. Bryan, who is thought to favor Towne's nomination, may move to a concession on the vice presidential candidate, even if he will not on the platform.

NOMINATION OF BRYAN.

The convention will be called to order tomorrow at noon and unless present plans are upset Mr. Bryan will be nominated for the presidency at the first session. He is to be presented to the American people as the Fourth of July candidate. The scene gives promise of being one of the most dramatic that ever was seen in a political convention.

And then according to Kansas City, a special notification and escort committee will deliver his speech in a hall in which his nomination was made. In the hope of witnessing this great political scene thousands upon thousands of people are coming to Kansas City from the nearby States. The demand upon the national committee for seats in the convention hall is said to be almost unprecedented. Tens of thousands of applications for tickets have been received from Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri and other Western States. Quite naturally, forty-nine out of every fifty of the applications are deemed to be disappointed. Each State has been assigned its quota of seats, and that is all that will get. This city, the people of which have done so much for the convention, has been allotted nearly 1,000 tickets.

Today is a duplicate of yesterday as

Congressman Mulvihill returned from his visit to Lincoln this morning. His mission was fruitless. Mr. Kerr said he found Mr. Bryan firm for a specific ratio declaration in the platform and for the nomination of a candidate for the vice presidency who would be thoroughly in harmony with the head of the ticket and the platform.

Delegate J. L. Spangler expressed himself very emphatically on the situation. "The Democratic party," said he, "will be the tail to the Populist ticket and will be wrecked on the rock of 16 to 1."

VICE PRESIDENTIAL GOSSIP.

Kansas City, July 3.—The Towne men are today more confident than ever that they will nominate their man for Vice President. They say the fight is between Towne and Danforth of New York, and the question of expediency will now be considered. Danforth is the personal and political friend of David B. Hill. Already the point is being made that he is Hill's candidate, and that he is to be nominated to conciliate Hill for the manner in which his suggestions were treated by Mr. Bryan on his recent visit to Lincoln. This is a feature of the campaign, which, in such ways, as there is an element among the delegates who do not feel like offering anything in the way of olive branches. It is also known that Hill and his friends have some hesitancy about pushing Danforth for the nomination because they have doubts of success if there is a distinct declaration for 16 to 1. The fact that the New Yorkers seem willing to allow the convention to take its own course without making any determined stand for the nomination of Danforth has given the Towne men a great deal of encouragement, and they are today more aggressive than ever.

EASTERN DELEGATION QUIESCENT.

From a delegation of eastern men, particularly New York and the Sulzer element, comes a story of a different nature. The eastern delegation is absolutely quiescent on any of the direct issues in platform or as to candidates. They assert that they are for anything that the western silver men may decide upon. Hill's name, they say, will not be considered. Belmont, who has been mentioned, is not even considered by the silver element. And yet the east is represented in the contest by virtue of its candidates, but by Western and Southern States. In fact they assert the fight for the vice presidential situation has narrowed down to two men, both personal friends of William J. Bryan, and in which all will be absolutely acceptable. They are Towne and Sulzer of New York.

TOWNE'S CHANCES.

Of the two men, they agree Towne has the better of the contest, because it is pointed out that he will represent a fusion of all the silver elements.

Mr. Sulzer was inclined to be reticent this morning when he was told of this situation. He admitted he knew the East had practically decided to let the convention be run by the western men, and admitted that Mr. Towne was the leader in the race by saying: "Mr. Towne is very acceptable to Mr. Bryan. So am I. If Mr. Towne is thought to be the better man by the leaders I will withdraw from him. We understand each other perfectly, and Mr. Bryan understands us. Mr. Towne has the advantage of already being on two tickets, but I claim to offset that by being strong in the East, and particularly in my own State and New York city."

Mr. Sulzer's friends claim that several States had come to his standard today and that he was continually gaining. His headquarters were filled this morning with delegates from different States, and he was kept busy shaking hands and talking to State leaders.

NEW YORK HEADQUARTERS.

New York State headquarters gave, in its absolute quiet, this morning, practical confirmation of the story that the delegation had determined to let the West dominate the convention. There were very few of the New York delegates about during the morning, and those who were asserted very frankly: "We don't care what they do. The second Tammany hall delegation arrived about noon, and this morning and they were too tired to crowd to care much about the situation. When Mr. Croker was asked to give his views on the situation he said: 'We're for the ticket and platform whatever they are,' and one of his lieutenants, F. Trainor, added, 'We are letting Bryan's friends run it.'"

Elliot Danforth was not disposed to talk, merely remarking: "I know that talk, but I am not putting forth any effort. The British and German and Italian legations are still standing."

A SIGNIFICANT RUMOR.

The New York delegation is to meet this afternoon and one of the significant rumors of the morning is to the effect that Senator Patrick H. McCare of Brooklyn is to be the selection for the committee on resolutions, so that Hill will not be compelled to put himself on record on the platform or to object to any of its promises. One thing is absolutely sure, and that is that the delegation will refuse to in any way give expression to its views as to a vice presidential candidate. Even Mr. Sulzer admits it, although he says that he has the support of Richard Croker and Edward Murphy.

AMERICAN ICE TRUST.

A circular on the street this morning is signed by a committee representing the Chicago platform Democrats of New York, and urges the convention to refuse to seat Richard Croker, John F. Carroll, Mayor Van Wyck, Judge Van Wyck, Corporation Counsel John Whalen and Board of Aldermen Guggenheimer, on the ground that "they are shareholders in the American Ice trust and are not to be considered as other trusts, and the destroyer of the Ulster county Chicago platform petition in 1887." Senator Tillman of South Carolina was among today's early arrivals. He immediately announced himself for Towne for Vice President, but said he did not consider it necessary to make a specific declaration of ratio when declaring for silver.

With Bryan at the head of the ticket," he said, "we need no platform. His position is such that no man can question it."

HARRISON WON'T TAKE IT.

"I don't want it, I won't take it. I would not have it," said Mayor Harrison of Chicago today, when asked if he was a candidate for the vice presidency. "I'm not looking for anything," he continued.

"But some of the Illinois delegation are for you for Vice President." "Well," said the mayor, "they'd better get off, and get off quick, and get with the winner. Illinois wants a man from the East, and a man from New York. I am for Elliot Danforth, and I believe that support of the Illinois delegation will be given him. I think he is the strongest man for the convention can nominate."

A new factor was introduced into the vice presidential situation later in the day by an effort to unite the Indiana and New York delegations on the question.

There is a strong probability that be-

fore evening the two delegations will have agreed upon a man whom they will unite to press before the convention as candidate. As many of the other States have already declared themselves as being willing to accept any man who has been proclaimed by the Democracy of New York as capable of carrying that State in the fall election, it is not surprising that any man having the dual endorsement of Indiana and New York will be a formidable factor.

DANFORTH AS A CANDIDATE.

It was reported that Danforth of New York had been named as the man upon whom the two States would agree. This story, upon investigation, however, was proven to be somewhat premature, as at 11 o'clock the two delegations had not agreed upon any man, and there was some prospect that they would do so for several hours.

"There had been no agreement between the two States that I know of," said Mr. Shively, of Indiana, "and I would not care to be quoted as saying that there will be a formal agreement on the subject."

"But will there not be an informal agreement that will carry the same weight?"

"That is a different thing," said Mr. Shively, with a smile, "and I would not be surprised to see some such step taken. But I am quite sure that nothing of importance has been done up to the present time. It will take several hours before the matter is in definite shape, however, and what that shape will be I am unable to predict. I will say, however, that from what I know at the present time, Mr. Danforth will be agreed upon as the most available man. He may be, but the indications are just now that it will be somebody else."

There has been no agreement reached between the two States regarding a vice presidential candidate," said Hugh Dougherty, delegate at large from Indiana. "Some steps have been taken in that direction, but they have not as yet produced any result."

HIGH REGARD FOR TOWNE.

When Mr. Towne's name was mentioned Dougherty said:

"We all have the highest regard for Mr. Towne as a man and respect him highly, but I wish to say that I and there are many others of the same opinion, are not willing that under any circumstances shall Mr. Towne have the second place on the ticket. He is a most excellent man, but there are other excellent men who have been Democrats all their lives, and I think that one of these men should be regarded in preference to Mr. Towne, who has not been a member of the party all his political life. Personally, I am in favor of the nomination of Fitzhugh Lee of Virginia."

DIPLOMATS ARE
UNDER RIFLE FIRE

British, German and Italian Legations Still Standing.

NO RELIEF FROM TIEN TSIN

Prayers of Beleaguered Unanswered—Britons Criticize American Non-Participation in the Bombardment.

Washington, July 3.—Secretary Hay has received a cablegram from Consul General Goodnow at Shanghai, dated July 2, which is practically a condensation of the report brought to Shanghai by a courier from Sir Robert Hart, inspector general of customs. The dispatch says:

"The diplomats and missionaries are in the British legation under rifle fire. Cannon command the legation but they are not being used. The British, German and Italian legations are still standing."

NO RELIEF FROM TIEN TSIN.

London, July 3, 2:30 p. m.—The fact that a relief column has been unable to leave Tien Tsin in response to the pathetic prayer of the beleaguered legations at Peking is generally regarded in London as destroying almost the last vestige of hope for the unfortunate foreigners held in the Chinese capital. The worst is feared and the massacre of Crawnpore is in every man's mind. It is beginning to be felt here that the plausible fiction that no state of war exists is no longer tenable, and a fully equipped army belonging to a single nationality is necessary to deal with the situation instead of an assorted expedition of a half dozen nationalities. Hence arises the demand that Japan shall be given a mandate to complete the work left undone in 1894. The worst is feared and the massacre of Crawnpore is in every man's mind. It is beginning to be felt here that the plausible fiction that no state of war exists is no longer tenable, and a fully equipped army belonging to a single nationality is necessary to deal with the situation instead of an assorted expedition of a half dozen nationalities. Hence arises the demand that Japan shall be given a mandate to complete the work left undone in 1894.

2:40 p. m.—While the general British comment severely criticizes America's non-participation in the bombardment of the Taku forts, several of the London papers are beginning to find out that Admiral Kempf had better foresight than was possessed by the allied chancelleries of Europe when he protested against an attack on the Taku forts on the ground that it would throw the Chinese government into the arms of the Boxers and make all the other nations technically at war with China. And the inadvisability of attacking Taku was manifestly insufficient even to protect the legations and Europeans in the interior from retaliating, is now generally acknowledged.

From the Far East there is practically no additional news. Rumors current in Paris that the British embassy has received notification of the French and German ministers at Peking, but there is no confirmation of the report. Shanghai reports that the international forces at Tien Tsin are suffering from lack of good drinking water, owing to the fact that the water has been choked with the corpses of Chinese and other victims of the bombardment.

According to the same dispatch the international troops so far from being strong enough to advance towards Peking, are not sufficiently numerous to attack the Chinese still surrounding Tien Tsin and are keeping up a desultory fire on the place. Thousands of Chinese are said to be arriving from Lutai, and to be desperately attempting to re-occupy the bridge leading to Taku. A new first-class cruiser, Argonaut, with a crew of 657 men, left Sheerness for China today.

FROM CONSUL GENERAL GOODNOW.

Washington, July 3.—Secretary Hay

has received cablegrams from Consul General Goodnow at Shanghai, dated today, and United States Consul McWade at Canton. The one from Goodnow is already published.

"On the 27th there were two legations standing. The emperor and the empress are prisoners in the palace. The city gates are closed. Prince Tuan and his force of Boxers are in control of everything. Complete conditions of anarchy in the district."

The cablegram from McWade is as follows:

"Viceroy Li Hung Chang today assured me that he will immediately issue a strong proclamation commanding the preservation of peace and order in his provinces and will take the necessary measures for the protection of foreigners as far as possible. He has largely increased the force of his army."

The Oregon Floated.

Shanghai, Monday, July 2.—The U. S. battleship Oregon ran ashore off the island of Pooik in the Miao Tzu group, 35 miles northeast of Chefoo, June 28, has been floated off and is expected to reach Port Arthur.

Tri-Party Conference.

Kansas City, July 3.—A conference of the three political parties was held at the Kansas City club today. From the Democratic side were Jones, of Arkansas, Weaver of Iowa, Pettigrew of South Dakota, Allen of Nebraska, Tillman of South Carolina, Croker of New York, Johnson of Kansas; from the Populist side were Jones, of Nebraska, and Heitfeld of Idaho, and of the Silver Republicans there were Teller of Colorado, Dubois of Idaho, Newlands of Nevada. There were other representatives of the different parties present. The object of the meeting was to form the basis of an agreement between the three allied parties as to a vice presidential candidate.

The conference between the leaders of the Democratic, Populist and the Silver Republicans today resulted practically in a decision to incorporate a specific declaration for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 in the Democratic platform. No agreement was reached in the vice presidency.

LI HUNG CHANG'S REQUEST.

He Wants a U. S. Gunboat to Take Him to Tien Tsin.

London, July 3.—A special dispatch from Hongkong says:

Li Hung Chang has requested a United States gunboat to take him to Tien Tsin.

Gold from Klondike.

New York, July 3.—The Canadian Bank of Commerce has received a shipment of \$500,000 in gold from the Klondike. It is rumored that this institution has on the way from Dawson City about \$2,500,000 in gold.

Grounding of the Oregon.

Washington, July 3.—Secretary Long this morning received the following cablegram from Lieut. A. L. Key, naval attaché at the United States legation at Tokyo, Japan, in regard to the grounding of the Oregon:

"Tokio, July 2, 1900.—Secretary navy, Washington, D. C. Port Arthur tomorrow. If Oregon cannot dock at Nagasaki, Japan, the Japanese government considers the use of either Kure or Yokosuka docks. Offers any assistance desired. Has ordered a Kitashima from Chefoo to the Oregon. Have cabled wireless offer of docks."

KEY.

Astor Sets London Talking.

London, July 3.—Mr. Wm. Waldorf Astor has set all London talking by publishing in his own paper, the Pall Mall Gazette, the following paragraph: "We desire to make known that the presence of Captain Sir Berkeley Milne, of the naval and military club, Piccadilly, at Mr. Astor's concert last Thursday evening, was uninvited."

As Captain Milne is one of the most distinguished naval officers and a member of the house of commons, the commander of the Royal Yacht Osborne, no end of speculation has been caused by this announcement. The Astors' concert was largely attended and those questioned by a representative of the Associated Press did not notice Captain Milne. But so far as can be learned, nothing occurred during the entertainment to justify Mr. Astor's action.

Question Put to Mr. Bryan.

Kansas City, July 3.—In an effort to modify Mr. Bryan's expressed views in favor of an explicit declaration on the silver question, the following question was sent today:

"W. J. Bryan, Lincoln, Neb. It is clear to us that a simple re-affirmation of the Chicago platform, with additional planks on trusts and imperialism, should be adopted. The convention is in the hands of your friends; their advice is important. Such a platform concedes nothing and ensures victory."

Signed

ALBERT J. BARR,

Pittsburg Post.

CHARLES W. KNAPP,

St. Louis Republic.

CLARK HOWELL,

Atlantic Constitution.

CINCINNATI ENQUIRER

Roosevelt Reviews Rough Riders.

Oklahoma City, T. O., July 3.—Gov. Theodore Roosevelt arrived early this morning and after breakfast with Gen. Metcalf, Paul Morton and a few other guests, in Mr. Morton's private car, the governor began to put in his time exchanging greetings with his old comrades. Everybody in town, and it is estimated that besides the population of 15,000, there are 10,000 strangers within the city's gates, seemed anxious to meet Oklahoma City's distinguished guest and grasp his hand. Indians, cowboys, regular army men and Rough Riders were his constant attendants throughout the day. The weather was extremely hot and dry, but a breeze from the west saved in some measure to take the curse off.

The reunion was fairly inaugurated by the civic and military parade in which Governor Roosevelt was given the place of honor. During its progress through the streets the Rough Riders and their famous comrades were greeted with extraordinary demonstrations of enthusiasm from the throng which lined the streets. The parade proceeded to the Congress grounds where the formal exercises of the day took place. The welcoming address in behalf of Oklahoma Territory was given by Gov. Cassius M. Barnes, and in behalf of the city by Mayor Lee Van Winkle. The address of the day was by Governor Roosevelt.

Judge Johnson Will be Renominated. Mant, Utah, July 3rd.—The Seventh Judicial district Republican convention is in session at Mant, now, and a large delegation is here. Hon. Jacob Johnson will be renominated for judge, and William D. Livingston, of Mant, will get the nomination for district attorney. Emery county delegation will perhaps renominate Mr. Woods for attorney, but Sanpete is solid for the candidates first named, and that practically settles the case. The brass band is making things lively around the convention hall.

GERMANY HAS
BEEN INSULTED.

Emperor William Notifies the World of His
Intention to Avenge the Murder
of Baron von Ketteler.

Berlin, July 3.—Addressing the detachment of German marines which sailed from Wilhelmshaven for China yesterday, the emperor made a remarkable speech, during which he notified the world of Germany's intention to avenge the murder of Baron von Ketteler, the late minister of Germany at Peking, and the missionaries and to dictate terms to the Chinese from the palace at Peking. According to the Lokal Anzeiger, his majesty spoke as follows:

"The fire brand of war has been hurled in the midst of the most profound peace. Unhappily this was to me not unexpected. A crime of unspeakable insolence, horrifying in its barbarity, has been committed against the person of my trusted representative and has taken him from us. The ministers of the other powers hover between life and death and with them the comrades who speak for their protection. It may be while I speak they have already fought their last fight."

"The German flag has been insulted and the German empire treated with contempt. This demands exemplary punishment and vengeance. Events have moved with frightful rapidity and have become profoundly grave and still graver since I called you to arms. What I hoped to effect with the help of the marine infantry has now become a difficult task which can only be fulfilled with the help of the serried ranks of all civilized states."

"This very day the commander of the cruiser squadron has asked me to consider the dispatch of a division. You will have to face an enemy who are no less courageous than yourselves and trained by European officers. The Chinese have learned the use of European weapons."

STATUE OF WASHINGTON.

It is Unveiled in Paris Amid Most Impressive Ceremonies.

Paris, July 3.—The ceremonies connected with the unveiling of the equestrian statue of Washington, the gift of an association of American women for the presentation of a statue of the American president to France, passed off today according to programme and under favorable circumstances. Sousa's band was in attendance. The U. S. ambassador, Gen. Horace Porter, presided and delivered an address.

Consul General Goodnow made the presentation and the French minister of foreign affairs, M. Delcasse, accepted in behalf of France.

M. Delcasse imparted said: "The thought of offering France a statue of the hero who was the incarnation of the virtue of his race could not but go to the heart of his country. But it touched it more particularly when coming from the American women who unite for perfect valor with grace. I beg the women of the United States to accept with my respectful homage the profound thanks of the French nation. He whose noble and immortal image has just been unveiled may perhaps be cited as an example for the world but especially to the citizens of a democracy. I doubt if another could be found in history who could unite in the same degree the qualities demanded for the guidance of a free people."

Col. Charles Long delivered an oration.

The equestrian statue of Washington is in bronze and is about 35 feet in height to the top of the head of Washington and from 22 to 23 to the point of the uplifted sword. Washington is represented in full military costume, taking command of the American army at Cambridge, July 3, 1776, and dedicating his sword to the services of his country.

The pedestal was designed by F. McKim, of McKim, Mace and White, and is of Molok granite and Knoxville marble and is about fourteen feet in height and classic in treatment. The statue was cast in bronze in New York by the Henry Bonnard Bronze Co. of the United States. The architect is an American and the two sculptors, Mr. Daniel C. French, who modeled the figure of Washington, and Mr. Edward C. Potter, who made the horse are both Americans. The whole monument, therefore, is essentially American.

The Lords Pass the Commonwealth Bill.

London, July 3.—The house of lords today passed the Australian Commonwealth bill.

TO BE PROSECUTED.

Tag Captains Who Refused to Save Life to be Proceeded Against.

New York, July 3.—The search for bodies of persons who perished in the fire at the North German Lloyd company's piers in Hoboken was resumed today. Up to the stoppage of work late last night, sixty-seven bodies had been recovered.

All of the injured in the Jersey City hospitals are reported to be doing well. The eighteen fire patients in Bellevue hospital, New York, have almost fully recovered and all of them probably will leave that institution today. They will be cared for by the North German Lloyd company.

A sensation was created here today by an announcement from Mayor Egan of Hoboken that he will prosecute all tug boat captains against whom charges of refusing to save life can be substantiated. The mayor says he will apply for warrants charging two tugboat captains with murder and that he

"Thank God, your comrades of the marine infantry and my navy when they have encountered them have proved true to the old German battle cry. They have defended themselves with glory, have won victories, have done the duty committed to them."

"Think also of the honor of our arms. Think of those who have fought before you go forth with the old Brandenburg motto:

"Vertrau auf Gott, dich tapfer wehr, Dann besteht dein ganzes."

"Wird nimmer auf Got herzaft gelagt."

"I will not rest until the German flag, joined to those of the other powers, floats triumphantly over China's flag and until it has been planted on the walls of Peking to dictate peace to the Chinese. You will have to maintain good comradeship with all the other troops that you will come in contact with over yonder. Russians, British and French, all alike, are fighting for one common cause—for civilization. We must bear in mind, too, something higher, namely, our religion and the defense and protection of our brothers out there, some of whom stake their lives for the Savior. The flags which float above you go under fire for the first time. See that you bring them back to me clean and stainless, and without a spot. My thanks, my prayers and my solicitude go with you."

The emperor's departure for Norway has been postponed.

Following is a free adaptation of the old German saying repeated by Emperor William:

"Trust in God, stand bravely, This the whole of thy glorious duty. For who, helped by God dares battle heartily,

Is never driven from the world."

has evidence that these men used boat hooks to keep drowning men from climbing on their tugs because the unfortunate had no money. An effort is to be made also to have the licenses of offending captains revoked.

Up to 9:30 o'clock seven bodies had been taken from the river today, making the total number of dead found 74.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Twelve People Perish in a Hoboken Tenement House Fire.

New York, July 3.—Fire in the crowded tenements Nos. 127 to 131 Adams street, Hoboken, early today caused a loss of twelve lives. Up to noon four of the bodies had not been identified. Three were bodies of men and one was that of a girl about 16 years of age. The names of the identified dead follow: Joseph Nicholas (aged 28, August Bachman, 24; August Bendel, 25; Ella Winkler, 11; Edith Winkler, 5; Charles Winkler, 11; Frederick Winkler, 9; Wm. Winkler, 5.

Out of nine members of the Winkler family but four were saved. Mr. and Mrs. Winkler and their two children, John and Martha, an infant.

Mrs. Winkler was badly burned while climbing to her infant. Her husband had to drag her and infant through a window to save their lives.

The building was a frame structure, three stories high and several families lived on each floor. When the fire started it burned rapidly and the firemen could do little more to extinguish the fire or to save life.

THE OREGON.

Russian Dock at Port Arthur Too Small for Her.

Washington, July 3.—A cablegram received at the navy department from Lieutenant Hay dated Tokyo last night, says:

"Russian dock at Port Arthur is too small for Oregon to enter."

The dispatch conveys the first news that he is not at Peking, where he was naval attaché. If the Oregon is floated she will be docked at Nagasaki.

MONETARY LEAGUE.

Gen. Warner Discusses Currency Bill; Towne Denounces Republicans.

Kansas City, Mo., July 3.—The second day's session of the Monetary League began in the Auditorium today with light attendance. B. F. Heath of North Carolina, read a paper in which he denounced imperialism and militarism and advocated the nomination of Bryan and Towne.

General A. J. Warner, of Ohio, discussed the currency bill passed by the last Congress, criticizing the demand made by the bill on the secretary of the treasury to maintain the parity of all forms of currency with gold. Hon. Chas. A. Towne was introduced as the next Vice President and received an ovation. The subject of his address was "Some Republican inconsistencies on the money question."

The Republican party, he said, is the parent of the greenback and the greenback has been down to death in the hands of the bill on the secretary of the treasury to maintain the parity of all forms of currency with gold. Hon. Chas. A. Towne was introduced as the next Vice President and received an ovation. The subject of his address was "Some Republican inconsistencies on the money question."

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