

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WALKER BRO'S.

STAIRS. UP

Positive Bargains in Men's, Youths' and Boys'

CLOTHING.

100 BEAVER WALKING COATS, AT \$3.50 HACH.

WHOLESALE GOODS DRY

> STAIRS. UP

Dealers can Buy Goods Cheap of us:

CARPETS ! CARPETS!

Up Stairs.

Choice Patterns, from 50c. per yard.

THE EVENING NEWS. Wednesday, · ·

cross tie, construct and put in run-ning order, a three feet gauge road. Therefore, \$850,000 cash, or labor and material at cash prices, will finish in good order 170 miles of road, and, if your capital stock be, on that distance, \$2,550,000, or \$15-000 per mile, it will cost the hold-ers 33½ per cent. Your bonds with the interest coupons, properly guar-antced until the road be finished, would without doubt induce capi-talists to furnish the necessary iron talists to furnish the necessary iron

talists to furnish the necessary iron and rolling stock. In addition to this, if not prohibited by law, you should secure, in order to have the task as easy as possible, Territorial, county and municipal aid, or if if you deem it inexpedient, to in-corporate an independent company another, and perhaps the better way would be to join your interests with those of the people of Oregon, taking as your basis the early contaking as your basis the early con-struction of the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad.

and Salt Lake Railroad. The adoption of this plan by your people' would, in my opinion, se-cure you the more speedy means of railroad communication, and would while accomplishing all you desire, draw less heavily on the re-sources of your Territory. Should this plan receive your approval, I would suggest that you promptly petition your honorable Legislature, now in session, to pass such a bill now in session, to pass such a bill in aid of the enterprise as will fair-ly represent the feelings of the peo-ple regarding the matter. You might ask them to grant a dimet subsidy of \$3,000 per mile on direct subsidy of \$3,000 per mile on that portion of the line to pass through your Territory. But in the present financial condition of the

people here, I should consider a petition of this nature extreme folly; it would ask for what the Territory is obviously and wholly unable to perform, and if granted would do more harm than good. You can, however, guarantee, by an enactment of your legislature, the payment of five per cent. interest per annum on \$2,000 per mile of railroad to pass through the heart of your Territory, say a distance of 300 miles, this would aggregate \$500,000, the interest upon which at five per cent. per annum would amount to \$30,000. Now I have shown you that Utah with railroads in three years increased the value of her taxable property \$11,000,000. Suppose your Territory, with rail-road communication successfully

Pacific, Central Pacific, Utah Cen-tral and Northern have their junc-tion, I find that about nine-tenths of the merchandise centering at that point and carried by the three former roads of the gaugs are trans-UTAH NORTHERN RAILKOAD. Address of Moses Thatcher at the Railroad Meeting at Boise City, Idaho. [CONCLUDED.] Five thousand dollars cash per-mile, will, I am satisfied grade, pross tie, construct and put in run-ing order, a three feet gauge road. [herefore, \$\$50,000 cash, or labor nd material at cash Frices, will Inish in groud order. I former roads of the gaugany to an-ferred from one company to an-ferred from one company to an-ferred from one company to an-other. The reason for this is obvi-ous. It gives better satisfaction to ous. It gives better satisfaction to ach company from the fact that the condition of goods received is the condition of goods received is age which may have occurred is and proper company and thus, A. is not required to pay damages due from B. Now this being the rule it certainly does cost more to trans-fer from the standard to a narrow gauge car and vice versa than from erred from one company to angauge car and vies versa than from cars of equal size. True there is often through freight in straight lots, such as machinery, wagons, &c., which are not transferred at terminal points of railroads, but continue to their destination on the same cars their destination on the same cars perhaps over several distinct roads, but this, 1 believe, is the exception and not the rule. But even ad mit-ting that there is no real necessity for this transfer from company to company on roads of like gauge, I still claim that the three feet gauge has sufficient advantages over the other to pay all expense arising from that cause—that is, a train of say 200 tons net fieight drawn a hundred miles on a narrow gauge road at the same tariff rate as an equal amount drawn over the same distance of the standard road would produce a net profit over and above all expenses and in excess of that produced by the latter to more than doubly pay for expense of transfer doubly pay for expense of transfer by the former. No section of the Union should be more deeply interested in the "war of gauges" than Idaho, Utah and Montana. The distance over which the materials for their raila133 60 roads must be hauled would make a tariff aggregating an enormous sum: if therefore a mile of road sum: If therefore a line of road three feet gauge required only 47 tons of thirty pound iron as against 88 tons of fifty-six pound iron for the standard gauge, the saving in the single item of freight alone is not less than \$1,500 per mile, or a capitor of \$255,000 or 170 miles saving of \$255,000 on 170 miles. Taking this together with forty per cent. less in cost of locomotives and cars with a like ratio in constructing, keeping in repair and operating the three feet gauge, and we have a showing in their favor which cannot well be gainsayed. From October 1st, 1873 to May 1st, 1874, we constructed about thirty miles of the Utah Northern rail-road, and notwithstanding nearly half our line being new we have of her taxable property \$11,000,000. Suppose your Territory, with rail-road communication successfully established, should produce one-half that increase or a gain of sidered, we of the interior must look alone to the narrow system of





alf that increase, or a gain of \$5,500,000 in three years. Certainly this is drawing the comparison railroads for speedy and cheap transportation. The great cost of very mildly, and it does not, in my

opinion, do justice to the resources of Idaho. But what does it show? Simply an increase of material wealth of \$5,500,000, upon which you could assess, if you chose, a tax of two per cent., producing a revenue for the Territory of \$110,000. Now, gentlemen, pause here, and after

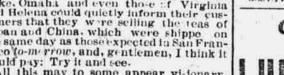
All this may to some appear visionary, but then the American people are a fast race, and to them nearly all things are pos-sible, and certainly the completion of this speed to satisty the demand, has durability and carry the traffic at less cost than a wider guage, I should certainly adopt it. I must confess I am unable to see the use of a large coach with six horses at-tached when a small light one with

tached when a small light one with

for each driver. Now, gentlemen, which will wear longer, 56 pound At the conclusion of the address, Mr. V.

13 11 TO PROPERTY OWNERS. THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING DECID ers or St. Lake City and vicinity, that he Plaus, Specifications and Details for all kinds of Buildings. Also for Bailroad Trestling, Bridging, or any work of a character wherein Timber or other Materials are to be applied to the last possible advantage and at the east experice. Making First-Ulass Houses a Spe-rialty, and guaranteeing that any work entrusted to his care, or over which he may have charge, will be carried out with a view to Elegance, Substantiality and Taste, at a cost (perhaps) unprecedented in this Territory. Territory. ffce in the Matthieson Block, a few ours at ove the Walker House, Main Street, BATHS WARM SPRING BATHS. Private and Plunge.

THESE CELEBRAT D BATMS , ARE 1 open to the public at all seasons. Their need, had properties are so widely known that it is needless to coumerate them Besides the Private Baths, the large and handsomely furnished Plunge Baths, for Ladies and Gent emen. ar d304.1 v



d285 tf

