

One of these days a want advertiser will have long looked for—but you will be none the wiser if you overlook the ad.

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION.

BLACK MAN AS A POLICE OFFICER.

The "American" Reform Party Chooses Sabbath Day to Name Notorious Negro.

ACTION CAUSES INDIGNATION. Captain Burbridge Returned Home From New York This Morning After Extend Trip.

Mayor Thompson Will Keep Hines as Superintendent of Waterworks—Will Hold Over.

THE NEW POLICEMEN.

Ed J. Jamney, duty sergeant to succeed R. L. Eddington. Joe Pugsley, desk sergeant, to succeed Charles Livingston. John Lindsey, desk sergeant, to succeed Arthur Pratt, Jr. John Johnston, jailer to succeed S. F. Kimball. W. H. Wilkerson, jailer to succeed Granway Parry. Earl Ripley, patrol driver to succeed E. W. Price, who will henceforth be a patrolman. George Phillips, patrolman to succeed Ed Palmer. Fred Schultz, patrolman to succeed Thomas Milner. J. F. Kelly, patrolman to succeed John Furster. W. H. Chambers, negro barber, patrolman to succeed W. H. Leaker.

Coming events cast their shadows before them. That will be particularly true of the list of appointments that will go to the city council tonight in a communication over the signature of Chief of Police Sheets. The document will contain 10 names. For three days the heads of the "American" party have been in consultation over them, including a long session held on the Sabbath day. But then the committee holds that the Sabbath was made for man and not man for the Sabbath.

It will be interesting to Salt Lakeers to know one thing that the great reform party did on Sunday. For instance, in the selection of the 10 new names that go on to the police roster, which was about as difficult a job for the selectors as the conclusion of peace between the Japanese and Russian envoys at Portsmouth, they designated a colored man to act as patrolman—one who has been notorious in the restricted district where dwell the lawless elements of his own race, one who has repeatedly been before the courts as an offender against the city's laws. The man is W. H. Chambers, a negro barber, who is to patrol the streets of Salt Lake City unless a righteously indignant populace can make impossible the confirmation of such a man as a peace officer.

CAUSED MUCH TALK.

The appointment of Chambers was the talk of officialdom today. Wherever it was known that he was to be named there was the most pronounced astonishment. Men prominent in the councils of the "American" party became furious when they learned the facts. "To name him is an insult to the community," they said. Investigation disclosed the fact that Chambers has for a long time past been the associate and friend of colored prostitutes whom he has made his business to bail out of jail. Perhaps no other negro in this city is as well known on the tenderloin as Chambers unless it is the notorious Bruce Johnson and Jim Bradley. Besides he has been a defendant before the court repeatedly. When some of the "American" party interviewed as to why Chambers had been named it was stated that some man like him was needed to look after the colored people of the half-world, and that Chambers understood the business as well as any one else. Besides he was a good "worker." In the recent election and should be rewarded. It is understood that his selection does not meet with the approval of Chief Sheets but that the latter has been given to understand that he has got to take some appointments whether he likes it or not and that Chambers is one of them.

It was stated today that 200 colored people including the pastor of the African M. E. Church had endorsed the nomination of Chambers.

BURBRIDGE RETURNS HOME.

With reference to the changes in the police department, noted above, there has been and is now considerable speculation as to the standing of Captain J. R. Burbridge, who returned home from New York today. It is true that some outside pressure is being brought to bear, by "beaters," to oust the captain, but it is known that he stands well with the powers that be, and particularly with Chief of Police George A. Sheets. It is not believed that Burbridge will be removed. It is claimed that Burbridge has no record on the force cannot be attacked in any way, and that he is practically certain to stay.

OTHER APPOINTMENTS.

With reference to the removal of E. W. Price, patrol driver, a mistake was made. His head was not put on the official block and, therefore, his neck was not a target for the official axe. From of patrolman. Chief Sheets stated that about 150 applications for places on the force are on file in his office, and that the position of jailer or desk sergeant. These jobs are regarded as "snaps." Ed Jamney, who takes Eddington's place, is an old-time officer. He was present chief, and Sergeant P. C. Brown was removed by ex-Congressman Hillman. Mr. Jamney has been a guard at the state prison. Joe Johnston, who is to be a jailer, has been a guard at the

state prison. W. H. Wilkerson, the other jailer, to be was at one time jailer at the county jail. Earl Ripley, to be appointed as patrolman, is the man whose name was so prominently mentioned in connection with the position of superintendent of waterworks.

OTHER CHANGES. That there will be some other changes in the near future is regarded as certain. Just how many more men are to go has not yet been determined. Several additional names have been mentioned as going in to the council tonight, but the truth of the statement remains to be verified.

LIVINGSTON RESIGNS. The change in the position of "Uncle Charlie" Livingston as desk sergeant, did not worry that veteran in the least. He tendered his resignation with good grace and stated that he expected nothing else. It is said, however, that the administration will take care of "Uncle Charlie" if a suitable berth can be found for him.

FIRE DEPARTMENT. Aside from the police appointments, it is understood there will be but one other tonight—chief of the fire department.

"Who will it be?" The most careful inquiry has been made to obtain a definite answer to that question. Some of the leading names have been mentioned as going in to the council tonight, but the truth of the statement remains to be verified.

HINES IS TO HOLD OVER. The appointment of superintendent of waterworks will not, it is stated authoritatively, go in tonight, and may not go in at all. And, neither will there be a removal. The program is that Supt. Hines will remain. Mayor Thompson is favorable to him and will do as he pleases in the matter. In this connection it is understood that the mayor and members of the council understand each other perfectly. He has the say of appointments of heads of departments and such important places, and is willing that the council does as it pleases with minor positions.

DEATH OF A PIONEER. Ambrose Shaw Closes Honored Career At Eighty-one. (Special to the "News.")

Ogden, Jan. 15.—Ambrose Shaw, an honored Utah pioneer of 1847 died at 7:15 this morning at the family residence, 1265 Washington avenue, of diabetes, after an illness of three months. The deceased was born Sept. 12, 1824, at Victor, N. Y., and on June 22, 1846, he married Penelope Dunn, who passed away in 1871. Five years later Mr. Shaw married Minerva Stone of this city. The couple had four children, survive him: Ambrose A., Ernest, Merle and Alice Theresa. The deceased crossed the plains in 1847, arriving in Salt Lake in the fall of that year. For two years he remained in Salt Lake, and in 1849, removed to Ogden, which has been his home ever since. He was an active worker and did much to build up this section of the state. He was a man of good habits and sterling qualities and had succeeded in accumulating a neat fortune. The funeral will be announced later.

WIFE BEATER JAILED. This morning Judge Murphy sentenced Preston Nye to 90 days on the rock pile for wife beating. The court administered a severe reprimand and stated that he proposed to make an example of all such persons.

The three men named Hermann, Luckett and McDonald, charged with stealing coal from the Oregon Short Line, were sentenced to 15 days and the two latter to 25 days on the city's rock pile.

The case of D. H. Dalton, charged with jumping his board bill, was continued.

NEW YORK BEHIND IT. Board of Trade There Endorses The "See America" Scheme.

The New York Merchants & Manufacturers' Board of Trade of New York has endorsed the movement inaugurated by the Commercial club of Salt Lake City, having for its purpose a diversion of a portion of American tourist travel from Europe to the scenic spots of the United States and a consequent retention of a part of the enormous sum (estimated at \$150,000,000) annually expended by these tourists in the countries of Europe.

A message yesterday from Governor Chamberlain of Oregon, who had been tendered the temporary chairmanship, announced his acceptance. Governor Chamberlain will arrive early and others who have announced their intention of reaching here at least two days before the opening session are: Clarence E. Edwards, chief of the publicity bureau, California Promotion society; D. C. McWaters, general agent passenger department, Colorado Short Line; John T. Barnes, secretary, Colorado Chamber of Commerce; and Russell Wray, secretary, Chamber of Commerce, Colorado Springs.

SHEEP MEN INCENSED. Will Offer Reward for the Capture of Garstide Murderers.

Members of the Utah Woolgrowers' association are deeply incensed at the recent outrage committed by the cattlemen of Wyoming against the camp of a Utah sheep man in which E. H. Garstide, killed and his associates were doing everything possible to run down the guilty parties and prosecute them.

GUARDIANS REMAIN. Judge Armstrong today sustained the demurrer of W. Mont Perry and Edward S. Perry to the petition of Captain Ripley, to remove them as guardians of the estate of their father, E. P. Perry, an incompetent person, asking that they be removed as guardians of their father's estate on the ground of alleged irregularities

Big Chinese Commission In Salt Lake Tomorrow.

One of the most distinguished parties of Orientals that have ever visited Salt Lake will arrive here tomorrow morning over the Oregon Short Line en route from San Francisco to Washington, D. C.

The party is made up of 55 members of the Chinese commission, and it is believed that their special mission to the United States is for the purpose arriving at some understanding with the government regarding the exclusion act, the boycott of American goods, granting of commercial concessions and other matters closely identified with American interests in the Orient.

They will remain over in Salt Lake all day tomorrow, looking around the city, and will probably go east late in the evening over the Union Pacific.

The party is traveling in a special train made up of a baggage car, diner, two standard sleepers and an observation car. Throughout the trip the running time of the special will in every way be a duplicate of that of the Overland limited, the crack train of the Harriman system.

Dr. Billings, when asked if there had been any change in Mr. Field's condition, replied:

"Mr. Field is in extreme danger." The following bulletin has been issued by Mr. Field's physicians just after 1 o'clock:

"There is no change for the better in Mr. Field's condition. He continues to grow weaker." One of Mr. Field's friends who was near his bedside all last night said at noon today that Mr. Field had a good sleep this morning and awoke from it refreshed and that this he regarded as a point in his favor.

At 3 o'clock it was announced that Mr. Field has rallied considerably.

FRANCO-VENEZUELAN RELATIONS NOT BROKEN OFF

Paris, Jan. 15.—The positive statement was made at the foreign office this morning that diplomatic relations between France and Venezuela have not been officially broken off. At Tangier, the French charge d'affaires, still remains at Caracas. A rupture, however, is imminent though the order to sever relations with Venezuela has not been dispatched. All communications, owing to the interruption of direct telegraphic connection with Caracas, pass through Washington, with which capital an understanding exists. The American minister, Mr. Russell, will take charge of French interests in Venezuela when the official notification of the cessation of diplomatic relations is given.

The reports that the French squadron is proceeding to Venezuelan waters are not confirmed, but on the other hand they are not denied. The official statement is that the strictest discretion relative to the measures France is likely to adopt.

U. S. WILL SUPPORT GERMAN MOROCCAN POLICY.

London, Jan. 15.—The Associated Press is advised that Ambassador White, representing the United States at the Moroccan conference at Algiers, will support the German contention both as to "open doors" in Morocco and as to an international commission to control the policing of the country. It is suggested that this may make the adoption of the German view as to the Moroccan question in the light of the fact that Russia has shown marked indifference to the appeal of France for support. The influence of the Vatican is also understood to be hostile to France.

CRITCHFIELD CLAIM. Latest Information Is That Venezuela Will Make Satisfaction.

New York, Jan. 15.—The latest information from Caracas regarding the Critchfield claim against Venezuela, which dispatches from Washington will be pressed by the state department, is that it will be satisfactorily adjusted between the government of Venezuela and the United States and the Venezuelan company, which now operates the Critchfield concession, says the Tribune. The incident grows out of the shutting down by the government of the asphalt property of El Inicarte.

The claim is for \$1,500,000. The terms of the Critchfield concession included a clause that the asphalt from El Inicarte was to be free from such a tax as was imposed by President Castro. The property was shut down about the time that the high federal court cancelled the concession of the New York & Bermudez company at Guaymas. The government contended that aside from the payment of taxes the Critchfield concession was never approved by the congress according to the laws of Venezuela.

The trouble, however, is said to have been settled by Ambrose Howard Carter, receiver of the Guano lake property, who interceded with Castro in the interests of the United States and Venezuela company. The congress, which convenes in Caracas in April, will confirm the concession, and the claim will be withdrawn.

TEXAS COMMERCIAL CLUBS. Abandon Proposed Visit to Eastern Cities Because Fares Are Too High.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Dallas, Tex., says John G. Hunter, secretary of the Dallas Commercial club, announced yesterday that the proposed visit of Texas commercial clubs to the eastern cities had been abandoned because of the high rates demanded by eastern railroads to carry the party, and he declared the railroads had adopted this means as a club against advocates of railway rate legislation. He asserted the roads did not wish to have the Texas men visit Washington at this time, as was proposed, because many of them were pronounced advocates of rate legislation. Commercial clubs of several Texas cities were to have taken the trip all plans for which had been made in the belief that the roads would grant satisfactory rates.

MILLIONAIRE E. R. TUFTS FOUND GUILTY OF PERJURY

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Edward R. Tufts, reputed to be a millionaire and owner of a number of valuable mines in Montana and other northwestern states, was today found guilty of perjury and unless he obtains a new trial will be compelled to serve an indeterminate sentence of from 1 to 14 years in the penitentiary. The legal troubles of Mr. Tufts originated against his wife, whom he married while he was a "cow-puncher" on a western ranch. He gained a fortune through mining enterprises, and later it is declared, while his wife was in New York Tufts came to this city and obtained a divorce on the grounds of desertion. When Mrs. Tufts heard of the divorce she returned to Chicago and secured the indictment of her husband, charging that he had not deserted him and that his evidence to that effect was perjured. During the trial, which has just closed, Tufts took the stand and swore that all the evidence he had given at the divorce trial was true. He was released on bail pending an appeal.

THERE IS NO HOPE FOR MARSHALL FIELD

His Nephew Says His Death Appears to be Matter of Hours Only.

HIS FAMILY AT HIS BEDSIDE.

Latest Bulletin Says no Change for Better in His Condition and He Continues to Grow Weaker.

New York, Jan. 15, 9:15 a. m.—The following bulletin on Marshall Field's condition was issued by his physicians at the Holland house:

"Near the end of the seventh day of the disease Mr. Field's condition remains critical. There is as yet no improvement. (Signed) WALTER B. JAMES, E. J. GANAWAY, FRANK BILLINGS."

When the 9:15 a. m. bulletin was issued Mr. Field's pulse varied between 60 and 120.

At 10 o'clock this morning Stanley Field, nephew of Marshall Field, said that his uncle's condition was hopeless and that his death appeared only a matter of hours.

Mr. Field was conscious at that time, however, and all his relatives who are in the city were at his bedside by his request.

At 10:30 o'clock the patient was perceptibly weaker. The area affected by pneumonia was not increased but the danger of exhaustion is very great.

Those at Mr. Field's bedside this forenoon were Mrs. Field, Mrs. Marshall Field, Jr., Stanley Field and Mrs. Stanley Field; Mrs. Henry Dibble, a sister of the sick man; Norman B. Ream, William O. Ream, Samuel H. Ream, and Robt. T. Lincoln. Just before 11 o'clock



ELDER FRANKLIN S. TINGEY.

Who Was Unanimously Chosen Bishop of the Seventeenth Ward Last Night.

At the regular Sunday evening services in the Seventeenth ward last night, Franklin S. Tingey, formerly first counselor to Bishop Walter J. Beattie, was sustained as Bishop, to succeed Elder Beattie, who has just resigned on account of ill health.

As counselors to Bishop Tingey, Arthur F. Barnes and David O. Wiley, Jr., were sustained by the unanimous vote of the ward, and the three officers will commence their duties at once. Bishop Beattie intended to leave Tuesday for California to spend the rest of the winter, but at the request of the ward members, he has agreed to remain over until the end of the week, in order that a testimonial service, which has been arranged in his honor for next Friday evening, may be held.

Nephi L. Morris, president of the Salt Lake stake, with his counselors, George H. Emery and Edward T. Ash, were present, and the meeting was turned over to them by Bishop Beattie. Elder Charles W. Penrose of the council of Apostles was present, and announced that President Anthony H. Lund had been detained from attending on account of illness.

In announcing the contemplated change in the Bishopric, President Morris stated that it was with reluctance that Bishop Beattie was being released, and that the stake presidency took the action on the request of Bishop Beattie, expressed two months ago, and again more recently, as his failing health made it impracticable to continue longer in the work. He said that after con-

sideration on the part of the stake presidency, and by the First Presidency of the Church, the conclusion had been reached that it would be unwise for Bishop Beattie to further risk his health, and for that reason he was released, and the blessings of the Church.

Following the sustaining of his successors, Bishop Beattie spoke with great feeling of his work in the ward, and of the support which had always been given him by his collaborators in the Bishopric, and by members of the ward.

Bishop Tingey also spoke briefly of his feelings on assuming the responsibilities of the office.

Elder Charles W. Penrose was the last speaker, and he paid a tribute to the service of the Church. He had known him intimately, he said, in the old days of Salt Lake stake, and recalled that several months ago a prominent physician called the speaker that Bishop Beattie ought to be released from all strain of business of every kind or his nervous system would be broken down. Elder Penrose spoke briefly on the duties of the Bishopric and members of the ward.

The new counselors to Bishop Tingey are well known members of the Church. Elder Barnes was formerly a counselor to Bishop Beattie, and Elder Wiley has been active in Sunday school work.

Bishop Tingey is a son of John Tingey, who was Bishop of the Seventeenth ward before Bishop Beattie. He is the seventh Bishop of the ward, and has spent all of his life in that community, being born at 139 north Second West street, where he still resides, May 29, 1862. He was chosen as a counselor to Bishop Beattie Sept. 27, 1896, and has served in that capacity until the present time.

HISTORIAN'S OFFICE.

Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

A proper use of the want ads. will shorten your "Daily Programme of Troubles."

CHICAGO HAVING CARNIVAL OF CRIME

Two More Murders Added to An Already Very Long List.

BOTH THE WORK OF HOLD-UPS

Long and Insistent Protests Come from Pulpits Against Lawless Condition of the City.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Two more murders were added last night to the long list of crimes that have taken place in this city of late. The first victim was Anton Spychalski, who was attacked by two robbers at the corner of Washington boulevard and San Gamon street. He showed fight and one of them shot him through the body, inflicting a wound that caused his death in two hours.

The second crime was committed at the intersection of May and Ralph streets, where Jos. Kane was attacked by thugs that beat him so terribly about the head that his death ensued within a short time.

Protests, loud and insistent, came from Chicago pulpits against the lawless conditions which were held responsible for the murder of Mrs. Franklin C. Hollister. This crime, added to the killing of three other women within a few months, roused the ministers and congregations to demand that better protection be given by the police to women.

Mayor Dunne, who returned during the day from Denver, joined in the appeal, saying that the city needed more policemen. He declared it to be the duty of the council to provide for means for putting a large enough force of patrolmen out to cover the city thoroughly.

This also was demanded by the First Methodist church. Plans for a mass meeting to compass this end were made by others.

Sorrow and anger mingled in the services at which Mrs. Hollister was a member. Members of the choir, in which she had sung, could not sit in their seats before the congregation, but remained in the pews.

Richard Ivens, a stranger from St. Louis, Friday evening told two stories of the disposal of the brown seal muffs which his victim had swung in her hand when seen a few hours before she disappeared.

He said he carried it away with him under his coat and hid it. Later he said he threw it into a garbage can. The police could not find the muffs. Out of this there arose a stronger feeling on the part of some of the police that Ivens had accomplices.

Relatives of Mrs. Hollister were convinced the young murderer had not worked alone. They argued that the victim must have been detained early in the day by members of the "evil gang," and perhaps was murdered before evening and her body removed to the stable where it was found.

Richard Ivens, the father of the murderer, began to work up a defense for his son. His plea will be insanity. He said the young man had acted "queerly."

IVENS EXAMINED.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Richard G. Ivens, the Chicago confessed murderer, who was charged with the slaying of Mrs. Franklin C. Hollister, was today subjected to a severe examination by the police in the effort to obtain from him the names of the supposed accomplices. Ivens declared that he had no accomplices. During the examination the aged father of Ivens sat in a room with the tears streaming down his face. When the examination was concluded the old man asked his son:

"Did you really do this alone?"

"Yes, I did it alone," replied the son.

It is the intention of the police to push the case against Ivens.

L. STEFFENS ADDRESSES ANTI-GRAFT MEETING.

New York, Jan. 15.—Lincoln Steffens, author of "The Shame of Cities," addressed an "anti-graft" meeting under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. today. Mr. Steffens told of fights made in various American cities against political corruption. Of Chicago he said:

"They have not got good government in Chicago yet, not by a great deal, but they have got democratic government—representative government, at least. They have a real sense that streets belong to the city and not to the railroads. They found, too, that the source of corruption was privilege and so they determined to take away that privilege. And that is the plan which must be followed elsewhere."

He said it had been found necessary in most cases to extend the fight to state capitals, for the real center of crookedness was there.

"Tom Johnson," he said, "does not think he will live long enough to accomplish the reforms he has planned, but he has already done something more important, he has educated the people of Cleveland in good citizenship."

Mr. Steffens said he regarded H. H. Rogers as a victim of our existing system of political corruption, as clearly a victim as some ward heeler.

Of George E. Cole, a Chicago reformer, he said:

"Like Mayor Fagan of Jersey City, Mr. Cole is plucky. You might not suspect it, for he wears a great deal, but he is religious. Once he said: 'The great thing to do is to keep on fighting. I never stop until I know I am licked.'"

"And what then?" he was asked.

"Well, when I know I am licked," he said, "then I pray."

Senator La Follette of Wisconsin will address a similar meeting at an early date.

REV. CLEVELAND IS DYING.

Death of Brother of Ex-President Only A Matter of a Few Hours.

Columbus, O., Jan. 15.—Rev. W. N. Cleveland, brother of former President Grover Cleveland, who has been stricken with paralysis, is in an unconscious condition today and the doctors say that his death is a matter of hours.

SALTON SEA FAST FILLING UP.

Director of Geological Survey Has Ordered Immediate Survey Of Whole Area.

RISING AT RATE OF INCH A DAY

Trouble Started When Irrigation Company Cut Ditch Through Banks of the Colorado.

Banks Soon Cut Away and Its Bottom Scoured Out by Current, Nearly All Of River Going Into Basin.

Washington, Jan. 15.—The changes now taking place in that part of southern California, which is known as the Salton Sink, Salton Sea, Imperial Valley, or Colorado desert, have resulted in the director of the U. S. geological survey ordering an immediate survey of the entire area.

What is now a fertile and populous valley was many centuries ago a great lake, an inland sea, a hundred miles in length, into which flowed the waters of the Colorado river. Owing to changes in the course of the river, the inland sea and the water of the lake finally evaporated. At the lowest point in the valley a salt marsh was left, the bottom of which was nearly 200 feet below sea level.

About a year ago an irrigation company cut a shallow ditch through the bank of the Colorado river into this basin. A little later, at a time when the water in the river was very high, the banks of this ditch were cut away and its bottom was scoured out by the rapid current, so that now practically the entire volume of the water in the river flows into the basin. During the past six or eight months thousands of dollars have been expended in various ineffectual attempts to control the inflow of the river. The salt marsh has been enlarged to form a lake 40 or 50 miles in length.

The water is rising at the rate of about an inch a day.

The proposed survey will furnish data for an accurate map of that portion of the old lake that lies within the United States, and will enable the cartographers of the survey to show in correct position on the map the numerous towns within the area, the channels of the two streams that carry the water of the Colorado river to the lake, and various other topographic features.

With this data in hand, a careful estimate can be made of the time that it would take to fill this great valley basin again, should the course of the Colorado river not be changed.

FEDERATED UNION ADMITS REV. LITTLEFIELD

New York, Jan. 15.—After a stormy meeting the Central Federated union yesterday passed a resolution to admit as fraternal delegates Rev. M. S. Littlefield and Rev. John B. Devins, representing the New York Presbytery. It looked at first as if the Socialists, who were up in arms against the admission of the clergymen would carry the day. Mr. Littlefield, who sat through the whole proceedings, turned the tide by a little speech he made before the vote was taken.

The conditions under which the two clergymen were admitted provide that they are to have neither voice nor vote in the union. "This body has only to do with earthly things. Before we look after our souls we ought to see that our bodies are not starving."

Ephraim Kauffmann, secretary of the Cloughing Cutters' union, scored the delegates for their narrowness, as also did former Assemblyman Prince, who represented the cigar makers.

The speeches which followed were a medley of socialism, trade unionism and religion. Mr. Littlefield finally got the privilege of the floor.

"I represent a closed shop," he said, and he was interrupted with shouts of applause. Then he explained that his closed shop was the ministry, every member of which had to be thoroughly qualified.

"I want to say," he continued, "that I am getting a church built, and none but union men will be allowed to finish it."

More applause followed, and Mr. Littlefield went on to say that all the ministers wanted was to get a chance of investigating labor conditions at the fountain head, and invited the delegates to send representatives to the meetings of the Presbytery. His speech turned the scale, and by a vote of 68 to 23 it was decided to admit the pastors.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS.

Washington, Jan. 15.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Chief Justice of the supreme court of Oklahoma—John H. Burford of Oklahoma.

Associate justices of the supreme court of Oklahoma—Barry D. Heiner, Benjamin F. Burwell.

Counsel general—Elmer McJannet, Missouri.

Chief of bureau of equipment, navy department, Capt. William S. Cowles, U. S. navy.

THREE CHINESE EXECUTED. Murderers Who Confessed to Killing Military Attaches.

Choo Foo, Jan. 15.—Three Chinese who confessed the murder of Military Attaches Von Guggenheim and De Caver, were executed here today.

Lieut. Von Guggenheim and Lieut. De Caver, respectively German and French military attaches at Port Arthur, were killed in August, 1904, in a junk manned by Chinese. They were never again seen alive and a reward of \$2000 was offered for their capture. Last February members of the junk's crew confessed that the officers had been robbed, murdered, and their bodies thrown overboard.