

would form a good foundation for a profitable dairy herd.

2. The form or type of a cow is a strong indication of the milking qualities.

3. The Babcock test and the scales are of much value to the purchaser of cows, but should be used with judgment.

4. Tests in connection with the weights of the milk morning and evening, taken for the sixth month after the cow comes in, seem, in the majority of cases, to indicate not only the probable value of the cow, but her relative value as compared with the other cows of the herd.

5. From the yearly record it is clear that a herd of common cows, properly fed and handled, will return a very handsome profit over the cost of their keep.

6. It is clear also that, from the standpoint of economic production Utah has nothing to fear from outside competition in the production of dairy products. Our average cost for feeding a cow for one year is from 35 to 50 per cent less than is reported from eastern stations, and our advantage of food, water and climate is equalled by few places and surpassed by none. Our market too, is good, and, if properly looked after and developed, will continue to be so; our prices being fully equal to and sometimes surpassing those of Elgin and Chicago.

7. At the present prices of dairy products as compared with the price of grain and fodder, one dollar's worth of feed, fed to a good herd of cows, will return two dollar's worth of milk, butter and cheese.

A copy of the above bulletin may be obtained free on application to Luther Foster, Director Experiment Station, Logan, Utah.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—The Herald this morning publishes the following correspondence from Shanghai, under date of July 4th:

Brief particulars have just reached me of a widespread and very threatening rebellion in the northern part of this province, joining the borders of Shanlung. The district is that generally known as Klangzeeh, which is always noted for the turbulence and lawlessness of its inhabitants. For some time past the members of two secret societies, named Kin Lung Tsae (Golden Dragon Rebels) and Ta Tao Hwei (Brethren of the Great Sword) have been very uneasy and about a fortnight ago they broke out into open revolt, surprised the slender and inadequate forces of the local mandarins, captured several villages and then directed all their energies to exterminating the few scattered communities in the neighborhood. Three communities surrounding the Jesuit missions at Sin Tchu, Tung Shaw Tzeen and Su Tseu were attacked with savage ruthlessness, the houses of the wretched people torn down, their little household furniture and farm implements being promptly destroyed or carried off by the rebels, the miserable people beaten and treated with the usual brutality of Chinese mob unrestrained by fear of authorities and two at least of

the native Christians were foully murdered in cold blood.

The mission houses were attacked and destroyed and the French priests in the district barely escaped with their lives. These two gentlemen—Reve. Father Thomas, from Tongshan and Le Biboe, from Su Sien—arrived here yesterday to report fully the dangerous and alarming state of affairs at the headquarters of the mission, as there was nothing left for them to do at the scene of their labors in Klang Peh, all their flock having been scattered and driven away by the rebels.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 4.—At 1:30 this morning ten men stopped in front of Mrs. Lind's boarding house, a few squares from the Brownholting works, where a man named Gettner, employed at the works, boards. They yelled for the "scab" to come out and then they began stoning the house. Presently one of the men fired at the door, the bullet passing through the panel. A detachment of company I was ordered to the scene on the double quick. As the soldiers turned a neighboring corner two men started to run. The lieutenant shouted "Halt!" The men paid no attention. The soldiers began firing. The two men returned the fire. One man was heard to groan; a moment later, however, both had disappeared in the darkness. The affair caused the utmost excitement in the neighborhood for a time.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Aug. 4.—Two men were killed and another fatally injured in a freight wreck on the Philadelphia & Reading railroad six miles west of Shamokin today. The wreckage took fire from the dismantled locomotive and the knowledge that on the siding where the accident occurred was a carload of gunpowder prevented an attempt at rescue until the explosion had occurred.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—A dispatch to the Daily News from Athens says: Hassan Pasha has been reinstated as governor of Heraklion, in the island of Crete, as being the only man able to cope with the situation. On his refusing to admit to the town a mob of Musselmans who were bringing in the bodies of two Musselmans shot by insurgents, he was torn from his horse and severely maltreated. The situation is critical, and thousands of Musselmans, armed to the teeth, are thronging to Heraklion unchecked. The Christian residents are in a state of panic, and Turkish troops have been sent from Candia to restore order.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 5.—A special from Topeka, Kan., says: An epidemic of diphtheria is raging in the town of Russell, in Russell county, and the state board of health has ordered a strict quarantine established. The secretary of the board visited Russell and found thirty-two cases under treatment by the local physicians. There have been ten deaths.

OPELIKA, Ala., Aug. 5.—About 5 o'clock yesterday evening, George Cumble, Democrat, arrived at Five Points from Fayette on horseback and rode up to a crowd discussing politics, and yelled, "Hurrah for Johnson." This enraged James Trammel, a Populist, who shot Cumble. While Cumble was lying on the ground dying a Populist gang cut his head from the body. Young White and Frank Cumble, Democrats, fired

on the three Trammels and Sadie White, Populists.

George Cumble, Democrat, was killed. Mit Trammel, Populist, was shot and will die. Young White was shot but his condition is unknown. James Trammel, Populist, shot, will die. Young White, Democrat, is seriously wounded.

ELIZABETHTOWN, Ky., Aug. 5.—A sale on the court house steps last evening was a reminder of the anti-bellum days. Instead of a negro slave being transferred to another owner, it was a white man sold at auction for vagrancy under an old law seldom enforced. The vagrant was Lawrence Peak, convicted by the circuit court. Six months was the penalty. The sale was cried by Deputy Sheriff Williams. Out of the large crowd present there was only one bidder, John Cecil bid \$12.75 for which he is entitled to Peak's services for six months.

LEADVILLE, Colo., Aug. 5.—Judge Owers today appointed W. H. Griffith receiver of the Weldon mine, which was seized by Peter W. Breene, owner of a twelfth interest, after the miners struck for an advance of wages from \$2.50 to \$3 per day. Breene had reopened the mine, paying the wages demanded. The receiver was appointed on application of the Weldon Mining company. Judge Owers directed the receiver to work the mine and pay \$3 to the miners and \$2.50 to the laborers above ground. The union's demand is for \$3 for all employees. The judge warned the union not to interfere with the operations at the mine. The action of the court may result in the settlement of the strike which has paralyzed the chief industry of the camp.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 5.—The Brown strikers have resorted to injunction proceedings in the effort to bring the company to terms. This evening a petition was filed in the common pleas court by L. A. Russell as attorney for William Stanley, a taxpayer, praying for a restraining order against the Brown company and the mayor, to prevent the calling out of additional military companies, or the making of a display of force in the vicinity of the works, calculated to provoke a breach of the peace. The petition, which is very long recites the whole story of the lock-out and strike, and represents that all the trouble has been caused by sympathizers and not by the strikers themselves. It is alleged that the calling out of the police and militia has entailed unnecessary expense upon the taxpayers, and for that reason this injunction is asked. Judge Noble set the hearing for Friday morning without granting a temporary restraining order. The central labor union tonight failed to order a sympathetic strike.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—A dispatch from Berlin to a news agency was printed here this afternoon, saying that it was stated that the various European courts have received letters from the royal family of Greece, saying that King George may abdicate in favor of the crown prince of Greece if compelled by the powers to desist from his aspirations to make the island of Crete a part of the Grecian dominions. The statement is treated here as an idle rumor.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., August 6.—Dis-