The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

No. 182. WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1895. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVIII.

NO SMOOTH SAILING.

Serious Difficulties Confronting the Salisbury Cabinet.

CHAMBERLAIN'S DISAPPOINTMENT.

The Relations Between England and France Said to be Almost Threatening.

NEW YORK, June 25.—A special to the World from London says: Conservative leaders seem to have opened Pandora's box of troubles in forcing the Rosebery government to resign. The latter have exactly the best of the election. Lord Salisbury is compelled to make a cabinet with a hostile majority and as events are now trending will be obliged to go before the country with at least some indication of policy about the present burning social question. The news of most interest in America is that Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, having precipitated the present situation, has been disappointed in his ambitions. He demanded the chancellorship of the exchequer or Lord Salisbury refused it and gave him the secretaryship of state for the colonies, which he has accepted. This job is lower in point of official status than the home office, the war department or the admiralty.

The fact that Lord Dufferin had come from Paris has excited some uneasiness quite apart from home politics. It transpires that the present state of tension between this country and France is serious if not threatening. It has been suggested that Lord Dufferin has been asked to undertake the viceroyalty of Ireland, but the fact is that he cannot be permitted to leave Paris until the Anglo-French relations are improved.

Late last night a report was circulated that Mr. Chamberlain had withdrawn his consent to accept the colonial secretaryship and has applied to the war office. But his appointment to that office would surely be immediately challenged, as he and his brother are largely interested in cartridge manufactories which have contracts with the government.

According to the latest information dissolution will take place some time next week. The members of the McCarty party have nearly all returned to Ireland to make preparations for the struggle. Redmond has stated that he will contest every seat in Ireland, which declaration might be interpreted that he is receiving other than Irish financial support. The McCarthyites' calculation is that they will win three seats from Redmond and five from the Ulster men, while they may themselves win two, so that they expect a net gain of six. This is provided Healy does not raise flag of revolt, which up to the present he has shown no signs of doing.

Murdered in Chile.

VALPARAISO, Chile, June 25.—Lester Dubois Hawser, an American citizen who came here from Spokane, Wash., was murdered Saturday about a league from Quillota, a town that is close to this city. The news of the murder has just reached here. The killing of Hawser, who at the time of his assassination was on his way to the nearby mines to pay off the men, took place in broad daylight.

Claims to be the Heir.

PARKERSBURG, Va., June 25.—E. E. McMahon, who claims to be the only heir to the estate of Lord Alfred Mc-Donald Greenville, is in the city taking depositions to establish his claim. Mr. Mahon claims to be the son of Mrs. Mary Beasley, deceased, formerly of California. If he can prove this an estate worth more than $1,000,000 awaits him.

Sanger, Johnson and Tyler.

WALTHAM, Mass., June 25.—The management of the Waltham bicycle track announces that Sanger, Johnson and Tyler would signal their advent into the ranks of professionals by engaging in a match race on the Waltham track July 4th for a purse of $1,000 in gold. The race will consist of mile heats, best two in three.

Valuable Horses Perished.

CINCINNATI, June 25.—A fire occurred at Latonia early this morning in the stable occupied by Talbot Bros., of Lexington, Ky., and three stallions, two-year-olds—Ben Bruce, Dickson and Hunt—valued at $500 each, were destroyed and the stable burned to the ground. Among the horses were Leaflet and Rinkat. It is not known how the fire started.

Racing Firm to be Dissolved.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Turfmen were astonished to learn that the racing firm of Gideon & Daly was to be dissolved and that their horses in training would be sold at public auction. The stable is the strongest in the East and includes such notable flyers as Banquo, Waltzer, Keenan, the Bulbulias, Hazlett, Requital and Kingfisher.

PLANS NEARLY COMPLETED.

Many People Expected to Witness the Corbett-Fitz Fight.

DALLAS, Tex., June 25.—The plans for the great amphitheater for the seating of 40,000 people who are expected to witness the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight are about complete. The ground chosen is two miles from the heart of the city, in good walking distance from the juncture of the Texas Pacific and Central railways, along the line of the former. The Texas Pacific will exclusively run an accommodation train of twenty-five coaches to relieve the four street car lines which run to the grounds.

Besides four first-class hotels, the location of being the finest in the world, thirty of the second class and boarding houses by the score. The expectation that John Duffy, of New Orleans, referee the fight is well received by sporting circles.

It is conceded that he is a perfect master of prize ring rules and that no referee has could have been found in the world. Therefore that Corbett will train at Ferrell is not doubted here. The weather in Texas up to the beginning of October is ideal for that work. He will doubtless be the guest of President Green for three or four weeks before the fight or during October. The odds are still on Corbett but the lead has been cut of $5,000 to $2,000 on him is the only one yet.

Alleged Car Thieves Captured.

BINGHAMTON, Wis., June 25.—The authorities here have arrested two of the most daring car thieves operating in the West. Their plan was to spot a freight car they desired to pilfer, spring the locks at a station and board the train, and when it was in motion, throw off what they wanted. When the train slowed up they would drop off and go back and pick up their plunder.

A short time ago two men went to a second hand store here and offered to dispose of a lot of goods they had concealed a few miles east of Spokane on the line of the Northern Pacific. The goods had under communicated with Chief of Police Mutz and he directed him to go ahead a buy the goods. He did this and last night the thieves went to the place with a wagon and secured just worth of city goods, boots and shoes and started back to town. The officers were stationed on the road and placed them under arrest.

They have also been operating in the Great Northern. It is thought the men are part of an organized band, as a telegram from Spokane into the information that a car loaded with silks was coming.

RUMORS OF WAR IN ASIA.

Russia and Japan About to Cross Swords Over Corea.

A Conflict Predicted by Well Informed Officials Before the End of Three Months.

LONDON, June 25.—Special dispatches from Shanghai say well informed officials express the opinion that war between Russia and Japan over Corea will break out before the end of three months.

The Gold Reserve Today.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—To-day's treasury statement will show a gold reserve of $107,447,856. It is assumed the syndicate's latest deposit covers the entire amount due under the contract. It is thought this deposit of nearly $7,000,000 was made by the syndicate in domestic gold in order to save interest. The exchange gold, of course, will be replaced by importations while the next few days when the formal transfer of the bonds will be made.

No Fruit Peddlers There.

CHICAGO, June 25.—South Water street has another sensational development yesterday in the fight begun recently by the Fruit Buyers' association to stop the California growers from selling to the peddling trade at the auction houses. A meeting of the association was held yesterday and a plan formulated whereby a new auction house and fruit exchange will be established and kept within the control of the association. A license to incorporate the new concern has been secured and a meeting of the association to elect officers and a board of directors will be held July 3th. A representative has been sent to California to confer with the growers and plans are to let in agents will soon be placed in different parts of the state. The new combination will be one of the most gigantic ever formed on the fruit trade of the West.

WOULD LIKE BRAZIL.

A French Paper Advocates Partial Annexation.

PARIS, June 25.—The *Echoes*, referring to the conflict between French citizens and citizens of Brazil on the frontier of French Guiana says advantage must be taken of the conference by France to formally claim the whole disputed territory and especially assert the entire sovereignty as far as the river Amazon.

Steamer Ashore, Crew Safe.

TRIESTE, June 25.—A dispatch from Madras states that the Austrian steamer Tulsie which sailed from Trieste May 30th for Madras is ashore on the Sacramento shoal near Maziras. The crew is saved.

Immigrants Detested.

BUENOS AYRES, June 25.—The insurgents under command of Admiral Gagamin in the province of Rio Grande-do-Sul, Brazil, has been defeated by the government troops at Campos.

Admiral Gama was wounded and captured and subsequently died.

Agents to Collect Crop Statistics.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—The assignment of state agents in the new system of gathering crop statistics has been nearly completed. The agent for California, Oregon, Washington and Idaho is Edwin F. Smith, California; for Colorado, Utah, Wyoming, Arizona, Nevada, and New Mexico, Frank E. Catsarphine, Colorado.

A CAUSE CELEBRE.

Liability of a Man for a Woman's Debts Involved.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., June 25.—A case started in Justice Lavender's court last winter is coming its way by final degrees to the court of final resort, the question involved is that of a husband's liability for his wife's pre-nuptial debts. Justice Lavender's decision relieved the husband of liability, but Circuit Court Judge Martin reversed. Yesterday a motion was filed for a new trial but the case will probably yet go to the supreme court. The action of the suit is by J. J. Young vs. John H. M. Keys and her husband, J. M. Keys. The debt involved was contracted by Mrs. Keys while she was unmarried and a widow.

Judge Martin holds that where a woman contracts a debt when no legal disability existed, the common law liability obtains and the husband is responsible for the debts of his wife contracted before as well as after marriage. This suit is likely to become a cause celebre.

Silver Question in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, June 25.—Chairman Mellis, of the Democratic state central committee, has called this county committeeman in Missouri an address giving the reasons of the committee for not calling a state convention to consider free coinage and offering again to convene the committee if the county committee desire to have such convention held.

A Steamboat Fire.

ST. MARYS, Ohio, June 25.—The wooden mills and seven buildings were burned last night causing a loss of $100,000.

THE PLAGUE IN CHINA.

No Sanitary Measures—Serious Suffering at the Scene.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The U. S. consul at Foo Chow, China, reports the appearance of the Hong Kong plague there. He says it is already established as epidemic, but so far confined to the city proper. He adds: The symptoms unmistakably stamp it as the plague and in the infected districts within the city rats are dying in great numbers just as has been invariably the rule wherever the plague has shown itself in the past. In a city like Foo Chow it is impossible to institute any sort of sanitary measures to prevent the spread of the contagious disease or even mitigate the sufferings of the victims.

Anthem for Dissolution.

LONDON, June 25.—Replying to Henry Labouchere, the member for Northampton in the House of Commons, today the Right Hon. Akers Douglas, conservative whip, said his party was anxious for dissolution of Parliament at the earliest possible moment and he hoped to be able to make a statement in the subject on Monday next.

He moved that new writs for elections be issued in the cases of East Manchester, West Ham, St. George, Hanover square, and West Birmingham, represented respectively by A. J. Balfour, the new first lord of the treasury; Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, chancellor of the exchequer; George J. Goschen, first lord of the admiralty, and Joseph Chamberlain, first secretary for the colonies, who have been reelected upon their appointment as cabinet ministers. The mention of Chamberlain's name was received with cries of "Judas" from the Irish benches.

Not the Time to Explain.

LONDON, June 25.—Mr. Balfour's address to the electors of East Manchester says this is not a fitting occasion to explain the proposed policy of the unionists.

Stock Broker Suicides.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Louis M. Cornish, a stock broker, was found dead today in his home at 28 West, 121st street, with a bullet hole in his right temple and a revolver at his side. His physician was said to have remarked that financial difficulties led Cornish to commit the deed.

OFFERS RUSSIA MONEY.

A Syndicate Anxious to Lend the Country $50,000,000 Francs.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 25.—The Bourse Gazette says the Rosedan-French syndicate, receiving no reply from China, has offered the Russian government to issue a 4 per cent loan of 400,000,000 francs, the proceeds to be employed for conversion purposes, to strengthen the imperial bank, or to be expended on railroads.

Rich Mine Discovered.

REDDING, Cal., June 25.—Wm. Murray, who lives a mile at the junction of Rich creek and Pitt river, about sixty miles northeast of here, brings news of having discovered the richest mine in this county, and says it is the original "Lost Cabin" mine, which has been searched during the past thirty years.

He had discovered a lode 600 feet wide and 400 feet high, impregnated with ore, which bears gold and silver to the value of from $75 to $150 per ton. The range where this mine was discovered is a continuation of that upon which is the great Lost Confidence mine, or what is generally known as the Iron Mountain. It was recently sold to an English syndicate for $600,000.

Generous by Fire Damp.

BOONE, Ia., June 25.—John Marshall Jr., son of one of the proprietors of the Crowe & Marshall Coal company, was dipping water in the bottom of a shaft which the company is sinking, was observed to stop his work and lean up against the side of the shaft. A workman invited on going after him and was lowered into the shaft but collapsed when he reached the bottom and was hauled out. Then John Tausell went down to save the young man. He reached the bottom and took hold of Young Marshall to draw him into the cage when he was overcome with the fire damp and fell out of the cage into the water. It was half an hour before the air could be purified in the shaft so that the bodies could be recovered.

Col. Beaver Dead.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Col. A. S. Clair Beaver, a claim agent and a brother of General Beaver, the founder of Colorado's capital city, died here today. He was a California forty-niner and served in the state senate.

Will Punish the Murderers.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—A cablegram was received today from the U. S. charge d'affaire in Guatemala stating that the Honduran government has at last taken steps to punish the murderers of the American Hunton.

Disastrous Storm.

ANDERSON, Ind., June 25.—Madison county was visited by a very destructive storm today. In this city a number of houses were unroofed, and trees blown down. Lightning shattered the dome of the High school building. It also ignited a big gas well, which cannot be controlled.

GROWING WARMER.

Earnest Debates in the Kentucky State Convention.

MAJORITY AND MINORITY REPORTS

Philippics on President Cleveland and the Administration—Two Sides Presented.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 25.—The Democratic state convention assembled at the appointed hour and held a stormy session.

After discussing for an hour and a half a motion to substitute the minority report on credentials for the majority report, the roll of the 119 counties began. The vote resulted in 608 ayes and 425 noes. There was loud cheering by the Clay men.

The Harlis men rushed to the platform, charging false counting and fraud. This created a tumultuous scene, finally checked by the crowding of Senator Lindsay through the lights to the front of the platform, where he opened another hot contest by presenting the majority report of the committee on resolutions.

MAJORITY REPORT ON RESOLUTIONS.

The following was reported by Senator Lindsay, chairman of the committee on resolutions, as the majority report, signed by nine of the thirteen members:

"To the Democratic Convention in session at Louisville:

"The undersigned majority of your committee, beg leave to submit as their report the accompanying resolutions:

First—The Democracy of Kentucky in convention assembled congratulate the country upon the repeal of the McKinley tariff law and upon the evidence we have on every hand of returning prosperity under the operations of a reduced and equalized tariff legislation, and we denounce as traitors with danger and disaster the threat of our Republican adversaries to reenact a protective tariff and inaugurate a policy of unequal taxation, which in connection with the general misgovernment by the Republican party, culminated in the business panic of 1893.

Second—The Democratic party which has always stood for a separation of church and state for the ends alike of civil and religious freedom, does not hesitate to condemn all efforts to create a distinction among citizens because of differences in faith, as repugnant to an enlightened age and abhorrent to the instincts of American freedom.

Third—We reaffirm without qualification, the principles and policies declared by the national Democratic platforms in 1892, and declare our present Democratic administration is entitled to the thanks of the party for its honest, courageous and statesmanlike management of public affairs, and we express our undiminished confidence in the Democracy and patriotism of President Grover Cleveland and his distinguished co-advisers, and secretary John G. Carlisle of Kentucky."

Letters from President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle were read with prolonged applause. Ex-Congressman Ellis presented the minority report.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS.

The following is the minority report: "The undersigned members of the committee on resolutions dissent from the views expressed by the majority of the committee on resolutions which is proposed as an endorsement of the present national Democratic administration, because said resolution is ambiguous, obscure and uncertain in its meaning and is in our opinion, an attempt to straddle the most vital question now attracting the attention of the American people, and while the undersigned do not commit to the views expressed in said resolutions, nor to the views expressed in the announcement which they were submit they nevertheless believe it is the duty of the Democratic party to express itself in clear and unambiguous terms on this subject. The financial policy of the present Democratic administration either deserves the unqualified endorsement at the hands of the Democratic party of Kentucky, or it does not deserve such endorsement, and with the view of taking the opinion of the representatives of the Democracy in Kentucky in convention assembled, we submit the following as an amendment to the said resolutions:

"Resolved, by the Democracy of Kentucky in convention assembled, that the present Democratic administration is entitled to the thanks of the whole country for its statesmanlike management of public affairs, and we further declare that both President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle are entitled to the unqualified endorsement of the American people for maintaining the gold standard and thus maintaining the credit of our government, and their issuance of $100,000,000 interest bearing bonds is hereby expressly endorsed."

The undersigned members of the committee on resolutions, believing the Democratic party of Kentucky should plainly declare in favor of bimetallism or a gold standard, offer the following as a separate resolution and ask its adoption:

"Resolved, That we believe in the coinage of both gold and silver as primary money of the country into legal tender dollars receivable in payment of all its debt, public and private, upon terms of exact equality."

John S. Rhea offered a second or supplemental report, which reaffirmed the national platform of 1892, and urged its adoption as a measure of expedience, owing to the divergent views in the party in Kentucky on the financial question.

Congressman Ellis opened the debate for the minority report.

Ex-Governor James B. McCreary, candidate for the Senate, made a vigorous appeal for the Kentucky Democracy to cooperate with Cleveland, Carlisle and democracy as its principles had been declared in 1892. When McCreary argued there was no room for two Democratic parties in Kentucky, he raised a storm of mingled cheers and hisses. McCreary opposed the minority report and declared most vigorously and held the floor notwithstanding calls for disorder and other disturbance.

After McCreary concluded, the Harlis men insisted on a recount of the vote by which the minority report was substituted for the majority report on credentials. The convention hall for some time resembled a riot. The secretary discovered errors and Chairman Berry announced that no motions would be made later if the delegates would allow the consideration of the resolutions to proceed.

John S. Rhea was accorded the floor and made such a vigorous speech against the majority report on resolutions as to stop all disturbance and command the closest attention. Rhea denounced President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle in as bitter words as the queen's English could furnish. When he quoted Henry Watterson as saying in 1892 "Nominate Grover Cleveland and you can run from the slaughter house into the open grave," with the sentiment of the convention against him, Mr. Rhea not only brought it to order, but was compelled to stop and listen for a few minutes in his tirade on Cleveland and Carlisle as the associates of the Rothschilds and Morgan, and not of the people.

Jacob Rhea followed Rhea with another fulminate on the administration, and in support of the minority report. He wanted to commission, reaffirming the platform of 1892, and going no further, and claimed to be offering the olive branch.

Senator Blackburn, who had been called for all day, finally came to the front. He said at the outset he was opposed to Bradley, the Republican candidate for governor of Kentucky, and for that reason was opposed to the majority report. He replied severely to the argument of Congressman McCreary with intense earnestness. He stood for harmony but warned the convention against endorsing sentiment for sake of Jefferson. He and never endorsed the Republican platform and he did not want the Kentucky Democracy to do so today. He was for Democratic bimetalism and not for a Republican gold standard. He was not here for any new departure. He was for the old time-tried Democratic principles, and opposed the new-fangled policies of the Republican element, that was trying to shape the policies of today for the Democracy of Kentucky. The applause was tremendous.

Senator Lindsay made a strong reply to Blackburn. His defense of the administration, especially when he named President Cleveland, was greeted with stirring demonstrations. His voice resounded like the roar of a lion as he warmed up in reply to the insinuations that the majority of those on the committee or of the convention were advocates of Republican doctrines.

Lindsay moved the adoption of the majority report and there was a response of nays in loud chorus.

Chairman Berry announced that the revision of the count by the secretary sustained the previous announcement of the substitution of the minority report on credentials for the majority report. The Harlis men precipitated another riot.

The previous question was ordered on a viva voce vote after 1 o'clock on the adoption of the report on resolutions.

Ex-Congressman Ellis moved to amend section 3 of the majority report after the words "platform of 1892" by striking out the part endorsing the administration, Cleveland and Carlisle.

Rhea offered a substitute for his resolution of thanks to Cleveland and Carlisle for their negotiations with the Rothschilds and Morgan. This was ruled out and the next vote taken was taken on the amendment of Ellis, which reaffirmed the Chicago platform of 1892 and cut out the endorsement of Cleveland and Carlisle.

The vote was announced: Yes, 570 6-10; Nays, 408 19-20. There was loud cheering.

It was moved that the majority report be adopted by a viva voce vote. The silver men insisted on roll being called again on substituting the original minority report for the majority report. There was an overwhelming viva voce vote against the minority report, but roll of counties was demanded and ordered at 2:20.

The final vote on substituting the minority report for the majority report on resolutions had only 22 ayes. When the entire by report as well as the amendment was lost, the question recurred on the adoption of the majority report. Although previous votes showed that the majority report was overwhelmingly adopted, still the silver men demanded the roll of counties, which proceeded till after 5 p. m. The vote was announced 647 39-72 ayes, 253 20-72 nays, and was received with great applause.

The convention then took a recess until 7:30.

It Was at Castle Rock.

In the item which appeared in the NEWS last evening concerning the fate of little Johnnie Rosser, it was stated that his death occurred at East Rosepoint. That was a mistake. The place at which the accident occurred was at Castle Rock.

Failed to Spray His Trees.

Edwin Entwistle was tried before Justice Harvey yesterday afternoon on a charge of failing to comply with the law requiring the spraying of fruit trees. He pleaded guilty and, seeing that this was his first offense, he was let off with a fine of $1 and costs, amounting to $8 in all.

Summer School Work.

The number registered at the Summer school at the University has now reached ninety-five. The enrollment shows a higher grade than last year, quite a number of the experienced and successful teachers of this and other counties being in attendance for the purpose of reviewing.

The registration for the courses of lectures is as follows: Prof. Stewart, called by Mr. Reynolds, pedagogy, psychology and normal methodic, 38; natural history, Prof. Whiting, 14; mathematics, Prof. Allen, 23; Latin and Greek, Prof. Cummings, 10; German, Prof. Hess, 6; drawing and primary methods, Miss Brotherwood, 24; general history, Prof. Whiting, 3; kindergarten, Miss Carson, 17; physics and chemistry, Dr. Kingsbury, 20; English grammar, literature and United States history, 22; kindergarten training class, Miss Chapin, 14; special estimate and Delsarte, Miss Katherine Parsons, 14.

An Admirable Party.

On Monday afternoon last, at No. 57, Social Hall alley, Mrs. M. P. Spencer entertained a goodly party of aged ladies in a genuinely social way. The youngest guest was 77 years of age and the eldest 88. The father of the latter lady lived to be 101 years old. The "girls" all had an excellent time.

Irrigation Company.

The Union and Jordan Irrigation company filed articles incorporation with the county clerk late yesterday. There are 122 incorporators, all of whom have assigned their water rights in Little Cottonwood creek and their interests in the Union and Jordan irrigation ditch to the company.

The capital stock is fixed at $21,980, divided into 8,318 shares at the par value of $5 each.

The directors are Jesse Argyle, William H. Bennett, Carl O. A. Lofgreen, William A. Biggins, James Winchester, John Olsen and Joseph H. Stevis, and they will meet within the next twenty days, and select officers.

The company owns 5-18 of the waters of Little Cottonwood creek.

Fine Horses Sold Cheap.

The outlook of the horse market was well shown today at the sale of colts (all by standard bred sires), brood mares and stallions, the property of Jas. Hardy, beginning at 11 a. m. at the Tolling office yards. The catalogue contained twenty-eight entries and the total amount realized was $980, an average of a little over $35 apiece. Of the young stock, the coldest specimens were bid in by H. M. Webb, J. M. Cannon, F. Armstrong and Jas. Hansen. C. H. Wilson bought the Cleveland Bay stallion Luxury, and J. W. McEllerty purchased the coach stallion Tommy, besides a number of other good ones. There was but a small attendance, and the bidding was spiritless.

Suicide at Mount Pleasant.

Mount Pleasant was startled by the news of a suicide yesterday. The victim was James Bagley who ended his life by shooting himself in the breast. He was a miner at the Pritchett house from which he went to a cool place at the rear, sat down on a box, put the muzzle of a revolver against his body and fired. Death was instantaneous. He was about 70 years of age and a miner by occupation. He lost a hand some years ago in a dynamite explosion while catching fish. For a considerable time past he has been a county charge and very moody. His funeral took place today at the expense of the county.

STRUCK A VEGETABLE WAGON.

Mrs. Nordstrom Thrown Out of the Family Conveyance and Hurt.

Charlotte Nordstrom and her husband drove in from Lake View on Utah Lake, between Provo and Pleasant Grove, this morning to dispose of some rural stock in trade and incidentally enjoy the sights of the metropolis.

At 1:30 this afternoon just as they were emerging from Commercial street on First South, Mr. Beer, of the Salt Salt Lake Hardware company was urging upon the fire department through the telephone the necessity of extinguishing a blaze which was fast consuming the awning in front of their store, caused by coming in contact with an ignited cigarette butt. The fire ladies turned out with their usual dash and promptitude and were making good time along First South street, when Nordstrom's rig hove in sight. The omnipresent small boys yelled and made scientific remarks, whereupon Mr. Nordstrom stood up in his rig to see what the unusual commotion was about.

The driver of the hose cart altered his course; so did the team from Utah county. The flyer just missed them, the jehu on the Chautauqua team lost his head which the horse did not lack well in print. The hook and ladder truck then collided with the Lake View outfit, knocking the front wheel to smithereens pitching Mrs. Nordstrom with terrific force upon her head. Unconsciously under the truck she was picked up and conveyed to Dr. Beer's office, who pronounced that notwithstanding several painful cuts and bad bruises, she was not seriously hurt.

A Fatal Throw.

W. A. Hardy, at one time well known in this city was killed at Payson Monday evening by being thrown from a horse. It appears that Hardy was under the influence of liquor and that he was riding at a high rate of speed when the accident occured. He struck the ground with his head and concussion of the brain was the result. He was thirty-seven years of age and leaves a wife and six children. His father, John T. Hardy is a resident of this city.

Their Case Postponed Again.

Captain Gilbert, the renowned, calculated and sought to be removed again fireman, with McMillan, Mowats and Clark, whose experience has been and continues to be like unto his own, has by no fault of their own had their case continued by the fire and police board until July 15th. The reason for the continuance lies in the fact that some of the city's most important witnesses are out of the Territory and will not return before the time mentioned.

A BROTHER'S DREAM

Bingham People Excited Over its Strange and Tragic Fulfillment.

SINGULAR DEATH OF ERIC MATSON.

Two Men Arrested on Suspicion of Having Murdered Him but No Evidence of Guilt Found.

The story of a strange dream with a sad, tragic and mysterious fulfillment reached this city from Bingham last night. And with it came the news that the residents of that mountain mining camp are perplexed concerning it to a most unusual degree. Particulars of the dream and its sequel are related substantially as follows:

On Saturday evening last John Matson of Malden suddenly disappeared from his usual haunts. At first nothing serious was thought of the matter and the belief entertained that he would return. But he failed to come back and gradually fears grew in the mind of his brother John. During the night the latter was visited with a troubled dream. In it he saw the missing brother standing on the edge of a precipice and heard his voice. It was a cry for help and indicated great distress. The cry was a terribly impressive one, even appealing in its character. At first the dreamer thought he might be the victim of a nightmare and allowing himself to be turned over and again sought relief and rest in sleep. But there was no sleep for him except that which came with a return of the awful dream.

Again he saw the missing brother standing on the brink at a ledge overhanging the creek and again he saw his outstretched hands and heard his voice crying, "Save me, save me." He now felt that something terrible had befallen his brother and he arose from his bed, awoke his fellow sleepers and told them of his dream. They made light of his experience as men are often wont to do under like circumstances and they sought to calm his fears. But they could not be allayed and the dreamer himself went forth into the night from the boarding house of the South Galena Mining company of which he was an employe. John searched every cabin, and other places of refuge of which he could think. He kept on until daylight and returned tired and worn without finding any clue that would apparently lead to the whereabouts of Eric.

Again he related the dreamer vision that had come to him but his companions, while they did not believe in these things, gradually became thoughtful, speculative and shook their heads ominously. But John did not seem to be deceived and resumed the search. As he continued it he grew more and more convinced that his brother had met a tragic fate. He went to the banks of the creek where he found just such a place as he had seen in his dream and from which Eric had cried to apparently for help. His companions were with him and yesterday afternoon they discovered footprints on the ledge. Still they assured John that he was mistaken in his conclusions and that Eric would return. But he would not be pacified, and on going to the bottom of the embankment together they found the dead body of the missing man. It was swollen and bruised and more evidence of having fallen, or having been pushed or thrown over the ledge, which was about fourteen feet high. It was a heartrending scene that followed—and the doubting miners stood by confounded and convinced—against their will—but convinced nevertheless.

CORONER OFFERMAN AT BINGHAM.

Coroner Offerman went out to Bingham on this morning's train to make a full investigation of the case. An inquest was commenced on his arrival and continued during the greater part of the day. It was learned from the coroner by telephone that a deep cut, two inches and a half in length, had been found on the back of Matson's head which there were other marks and wounds indicating violence. The jury was unable and unwilling to render a verdict until the fullest possible inquiry into the case had been made and it is stated that the facts as far as obtainable brought to light at the Coroner Offerman ordered a post mortem examination to be made.

FOUL PLAY SUSPECTED.

Several telephone messages were received from Bingham by the NEWS during the day and at 1 o'clock Coroner Offerman in talking over the wire said that there was a strong suspicion of foul play in the minds of many persons. Matson had but little or no money in his possession when he disappeared. If he was murdered, money motives, therefore, at least in the form of robbery were not contemplated. One witness testified at the inquest that he saw Matson with Mexicans about 1 o'clock Sunday morning, and that they had been in a court of a saloon during the night. At the hour indicated they were lying on the ground not far from where the body was found. Both had been drinking, he says. He suggests, he further claims, to Matson that they get up and return to the boarding house of the South Galena Mining company where they were in the habit of stopping. But Matson refused to be aroused and said that he wasn't ready at that time. So the witness fell off to sleep again. When he awoke he declares that Matson had disappeared. Where he went to he had not the slightest idea.

ARRESTED ON SUSPICION.

This afternoon it was learned that Constable Francis Gavin last night arrested two men, named respectively Mat Bystrom and E. M. Westlund, on suspicion of having murdered Matson. The complaint was sworn to by one Newman, and his arrest grew out of remarks made by the men on the case during the day and afternoon. They are alumniter of others including Mayor, but, according to information obtained today by Coroner Offerman, been on a spree for some days past.

(Continued on Page Five.)