DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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CHICAGO TRADE.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

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Will hold a shoe on Longer than any other. We guarantee our Nails to be Equal in Quality and Durability to any made.

Made from the Best Norway Iron, Finished Already to drive, by the UNION HORSE NAIL CO., CHICAGO.

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151 S. Jefferson St., Chicago.

2 Ton Wagon Scale, $40-3 Ton, $50.

4 Ton $60, Beam Box included

240 lb. Farmer's Scale, $25.

"Little Detective" 40 lbs. to 25 lb., $3.

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Best Forge Made for Light Work, $10

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Farmers save time and money doing odd jobs. Blowers, Anvils, Vises and other articles. Lists Free.

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MANUFACTURING

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20, 30, 32, & 34 MICHIGAN AVENUE,

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USE THE BEST!

Fairbank's Fine Family Soaps.

THERE IS NO ECONOMY IN BUYING anything solely because it is CHEAP, but when you can get the BEST at the price of the poorer article it is clearly to your advantage to purchase.

Fairbank's Fine Family SOAPS

Are undoubtedly the very best in the market. If you have any doubt as to this fact, try the Soaps and you will be convinced. They are made of the finest materials and prepared skillfully.

WHITE STAR

Is now celebrated all over the country, and is in every respect strictly first class. It is easy on the hands and lasts wonderfully when being used.

We also make the following well known brands, all of which are highly recommended LAKESIDE, BRILLIANT, GOLDEN WEST, STANDARD, JEWEL, OLD GERMAN, ALHAMBRA, SPANISH CASTILE.

EXTRA AMERICAN FAMILY.

Samples of any of our Soaps always furnished when desired.

N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., Chicago, Ill.

HAZARD POWDER

Office, 63 Pine St., New York.

Constantly on hand a complete stock of this well known and justly celebrated

GUNPOWDER!

BLASTING, KENTUCKY RIFLE, FAIR LAWN, DUCK, ELECTRIC FUSE.

For Sale by Z. C. M. I. and all the principal Stores in the Territory, and by

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L. M. RUMSEY M'F'G CO.,

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

PUMPS AND FIRE ENGINES,

Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Gas Pipes, Plumbers' and Steam Fitters' Brass Goods, Belting, Hose and Packing.

Agricultural Implements,

FENCE WIRE, BARBED WIRE, FENCING, Etc., Etc.

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SAPONIFIER

Is the Old Reliable Concentrated Lye for FAMILY SOAP MAKING. Directions accompany each can for making Hard, Soft and Toilet Soap quickly, cheap and in full weight and measure. SAPONIFIER, and take no other. PENNA SALT MANUF'G CO., Philadelphia.

BEST

SIX CORD

Spool Cotton

FOR SALE

AT WHOLESALE

BY

Z. C. M. I.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Denver & Rio Grande Western Railway Co. will be held at the Office of the Co., in Salt Lake City, Utah, Monday, July 14th, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the election of a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of any other business properly presented.

The Stock Transfer Books of the Company will be closed June 30th and re-open three days after the date aforesaid for said meeting.

d187 1d CHAS. W. DEANE, Secy.

NEW YORK TRADE.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders.

Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, New York.

B. W. MERRIAM & CO.,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

LOOKING GLASSES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

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THOMAS M. ARGALL & CO.,

Manufacturers of

MENS' AND BOYS'

CLOTHING,

688 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

JOHN E. COWLES.

BRINCKERHOFF, TURNER & CO.,

109 Duane St., New York.

Manufacturers of and Dealers in COTTON SAIL DUCK, "Woodberry," Druid Mills "Ponemah" and other favorite brands, all numbers—Hard, Medium and Soft.

DUCK FOR OVERALLS, BLUE, BROWN, OR IN THE GREY

COTTON CANVASS of all numbers—16 to 150 inches wide, for Deck, Car, Trunk and Wagon Coverings, Machine Aprons and for other purposes, constantly in store and made to order.

Agents for U. S. Bunting Co., "Standard" and "Eagle," by the Case or less quantity.

These Goods can be obtained at Z. C. M. I.

PECK BROTHERS & CO.,

Manufacturers of

BRASS & PLATED WORK FOR WATER, GAS & STEAM.

JOBBERS IN

PLUMBERS MATERIALS,

73 Beekman Street,

NEW YORK.

Refer by permission to David James, Salt Lake City.

HEMPHILL, HAMLIN & CO.

CARPETING,

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, DRUGGETS, MATS, ETC.

342 & 344 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

Our Goods are kept by Z. C. M. I., and its Branch Stores.

HENRY WAGNER,

SALT LAKE CITY,

CALIFORNIA BREWERY

LAGER BEER ALE and PORTER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Second South Street, Three Doors East from Main Street.

d141

A. GOLDWATER,

Union Block, Main St., Salt Lake City.

I have opened at the above place a

Merchant Tailoring

ESTABLISHMENT,

With a New Line of the Finest Importations.

d 106

BLACKSMITHING

— AND —

SHARPENING MASON'S TOOLS

DONE IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

HORSE SHOEING

A SPECIALTY,

At Elias Morris' Yard,

No. 21 SOUTH TEMPLE ST.,

ONE DOOR WEST OF H. B. CLAWSON'S

d 187

WORDS FAIL. "Words fail to express my gratitude," says Mr. SELBY CARTER, of Nashville, Tenn., "for the benefits derived from

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Having been afflicted all my life with Scrofula, my system seemed saturated with it. It came out in Pimples, Ulcers, and Mattery Sores, all over my body." Mr. Carter states that he was entirely cured by the use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, and since discontinuing its use, eight months ago, he has had no return of the scrofulous symptoms.

All baneful infections of the blood are promptly removed by this unequalled alterative.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists: $1, six bottles for $5.

HAYNES & SON,

Steam Boiler Makers,

LARD & OIL TANKS, COOLERS, KETTLES, PANS, ETC.

Shop, 2½ Blocks East of Depot,

P. O. Box, 525, - Salt Lake City.

General Repairing Done Promptly.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Refer to any Work done by us with pleasure.

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MAY & RANDALL'S

ICE CREAM PARLORS,

No. 12 E. FIRST SOUTH STREET.

AND GET YOUR

ICE CREAM, CAKES, PIES, SODA WATER, Etc.

For Family Trade a Specialty.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

POLITICAL.

Gov. Hendricks Replies to Butler's Boom—The Independent Republicans.

INDIANAPOLIS, 14. — Ex-Governor Hendricks has written the following in response to the letter of Secretary Chandler published in the Associated Press papers this morning:

INDIANAPOLIS, July 14, 1884.

To Hon. W. E. Chandler:

Sir: I find in the newspapers this morning a letter to me from yourself, written yesterday and circulated through the Associated Press. You complain that I did you an injustice in the address to the people of this city made the evening before. In that address I urged "we need to have books in the Government offices opened for examination," and as an illustration I cited the case of fraudulent vouchers in one of the bureaus of your Department, and that upon your testimony before the sub-committee, stated it appeared that the frauds amounted to $63,000. And is not every word of that true? You were brought before the committee, and testified as I stated. You admitted under oath the sum of money lost amounted to $63,000, but your defense is that the embezzlement did not wholly occur under your administration, but part of it was under your predecessor. It seems to have covered a period from June 21, 1880, down to January 25, 1884. Does that help your case? You were at the head of the department a year and nine months of that period, your predecessor about a year and ten months. He was in office at the payment of the first false voucher, June 21, 1880, and up to April 17, 1882, when your came in and continued thence until the last false voucher was paid January 25, 1884. The period was almost equally divided between yourself and your predecessor. How much of the $63,000 was paid out under your predecessor, your letter does not show. But, sir, upon the question that I was discussing, does it make any difference who was secretary when the false vouchers were paid? I urge that cases like this, when frauds are concealed in the vaults and on the books of the departments, the only remedy of the people is by a change of control, so that the books and vouchers shall come under the examination of new and disinterested men. Do you think I am answered when you say I was mistaken in supposing that in this case the frauds were all under your administration, when in fact a part of them extended back into that of your predecessor? Why, sir, that makes your case worse, for while the bureau of medicine and surgery defalcation is larger, the more serious fact is, that it could and did extend through two administrations of the department over a period of nearly four years, without detection; but it became more serious, so far as you are individually concerned, when the fact is considered that you had notice and yet took no sufficient action. The information upon which I spoke was from Washington, the 26th of last month, by the Associated Press, the same that brings me your letter. The Associated Press obtained its information either in your department or from the investigating committee. If you were incorrectly reported, that was the time for complaint and correction. You testified that the total of the suspicious vouchers discovered so far was about $63,000, and that the money thus fraudulently obtained was, in some instances divided between the watchman in the department, Carrigan, the chief clerk, and Kirkwood, in charge of the accounts. Now, what notice had you? According to the Associated Press report of your testimony, you received a letter last year charging Carrigan, one of the parties, with drunkenness, and after that a man came to you and told you that Kirkwood and Carrigan were engaged in frauds. Did not that put you on notice and investigation. You testified that some inquiry was made and that the conclusion reached was that while there were some suspicious circumstances, they did not warrant the conclusion of guilt. After notice, verbal and in writing, you left the men in office. You did not bring the frauds to light, nor the guilty parties to punishment. It was the Government detective, Wood, who discovered the frauds, and the Associated Press report says Wood declared he would have no further dealings with your Department, but would press the investigation before Congress. What is your next excuse? Worse, if possible, than before. You say a large number of Congressmen including some gentlemen of great influence and position, recommended that the head of the bureau, Dr. Wales, should be reappointed. The members of Congress knew nothing of the frauds. They had no opportunity to know. It was within your reach and duty. They were, probably, his personal friends. You were his official superior, but, in fact, did you reappoint him? I understand not. Perhaps the detective discovered the frauds too soon, but Dr. Wales was not one of the three guilty parties. He neither forged vouchers nor embezzled money. His responsibility in the case is just the same as your own. He was the official superior of the three roughs, as you were of himself, as well as them. Neither he nor yourself exposed the frauds or punished the parties. I have not thought of or considered this as a case of politics. Addressing my neighbors, I said that this and like cases admonish them to demand civil service reform in the removal of all from office who will not seek to promote it within the sphere of authority.

Respectfully,

T. A. HENDRICKS.

GEN. BUTLER.

Elizabeth, N. J., 14.—B. W. Terlind, of this city, Secretary of the National committee of the Greenback party, accompanied Gen. Butler from Chicago to Buffalo. He says Butler stated distinctly to Gen. Weaver and others that he had accepted the National and Anti-Monopoly nominations and would run. He will probably concentrate his work in New York.

Gen. B. F. Butler left to-night for Washington. He refused to be interviewed.

THE KICKERS.

New York, 14.—The independent republican general committee this afternoon met at their new headquarters, Carl Schurz presiding. The following call was adopted unanimously: The undersigned committees unite with the republican and independent voters who disapprove of the nominations made by the Republican National Convention at Chicago as unworthy of support, and who think that the interest of good government and public morals demand representative candidates for President and Vice-President, and who are therefore resolved not to vote for Blaine and Logan, to meet for a conference either in person or by delegation for the purpose of determining upon a common course of action in the pending canvass. The conference will be held at 11 a.m. on the 22d of July, 1884, in the city of New York, at the University Club theatre, Madison Square and 26th street. Gentlemen desiring to take part are respectfully requested to report their names to C. W. Stevenson, secretary of the Independent Republican committee, No. 3 Nassau street. The call is signed by the officers of the several Independent organizations represented.

A meeting of the National committee of the Irish American Republican League, and other prominent Irish citizens, was held in the Union House, at Long Branch to-day for the purpose of organizing for the coming campaign. A. L. Morrison, of New Mexico, presided. A large number of telegrams and letters from different parts of the country, making reports of the Blaine and Logan movements, were read. It was resolved to hold a convention of Irish-American Republicans in Cincinnati, Ohio, and a committee was appointed to prepare the address and plan the campaign.

Washington, D.—The Star says: It is stated that Mrs. Dickens, who was made a member of the National Democratic committee, will be elected secretary when the committee organizes in New York. Senator Gorman, who is chairman of the Congressional committee, is spoken of in connection with the chairmanship of the committee. These two committees have been working at cross purposes heretofore, and it is now proposed to unite them, and while preserving the two organizations, make the Congressional committee a sub-committee of the National committee.

Sanitary Precautions.

WASHINGTON, 14.—Secretary Frelinghuysen to-day instructed by cable the consular offices at London, Liverpool, Marseilles, Havre, Bordeaux, Bremen, and Hamburg, to at once appoint competent physicians to inspect all vessels and passengers departing for the United States from the ports mentioned. The consular officers referred to are instructed to refuse clean bills of health in all cases, except upon the recommendation of the sanitary inspector that such bills be given. The consuls are instructed to report by cable any cases of infections or contagious diseases known to exist on board any vessel at the time of her departure for the United States. This course is adopted in order that the health officers in our ports may have sufficient timely warning of approaching danger, and be prepared to take such measures as shall prevent the scourge from gaining a footnold in this country. It is probable that under the authority conferred by the contagious disease clause of the legislative bill, medical examiners will be appointed as attaches to the American consulates at French ports infected with cholera, whose duty it will be to report periodically upon the progress of the disease.

Cuban Trouble.

NEW YORK, 14.—A letter from Havana says: Last year the *Gazette* published an order from the minister of the colonies that the remaining revenue tax of 5 per cent on export duties on tobacco should be abolished from July 1st of this year, but shippers find the custom house continues to charge the old tax. To their complaints the administrator answers that there are no orders from Madrid to grant the reduction. This causes the shippers loss and annoyance. Besides that it appears that among the reforms contemplated tobacco has been overlooked entirely. The export duty on tobacco is levied on the quintal without regard to quality or price of the article, thereby establishing a detrimental surcharge on cheap tobaccos. The same is the case with cigars, which pay an export duty on the thousand without regard to their cost. In view of these and other grievances, the provincial deputation of Pinar del Rio have sent a dispatch to the Cuban representatives in the Cortes, telling them the indifference with which the tobacco question has been treated in the project of reforms, has caused a painful impression in Vuelta Obajo, and it urges that the Cuban representatives should insist upon the concessions asked in favor of the tobacco growers and merchants. Cuba has at present 1,521,684 inhabitants, including Chinamen.

DEATH AND DISASTER.

The Work of the Fire Fiend—Explosion—Cave and Railroad Wreck.

BUFFALO, 14.—By the caving of a bank at the mouth of Clarion River, three laborers were killed and several wounded.

Denver, 14.—The *Republican's* Leadville: The concentrating works of Estey & Hill were burned last night; loss, $20,000; insurance half.

New York, 14.—A passenger train running at full speed to Brooklyn and Coney Island, came in collision with an engine and coal car near the curve at Greenwood Cemetery. The engine and passenger train were completely wrecked. No one was killed outright, but ten persons were injured. The engineer of the coal train, to whose carelessness the accident is due, is not yet arrested.

San Francisco, 14.—The small town, the Mission of San Jose, was almost totally destroyed by fire last night; loss $50,000; insurance small. When the water was exhausted claret was used to extinguish the flames and prevent the destruction of the mission church.

Johnstown, Pa., 14.—This morning, while Zacharish Taylor, aged 18, was putting a rod in the reel at the Cambria iron works, the red-hot rod by some means was thrown over his head and drawn tightly around his neck, almost decapitating him and roasting his neck and shoulders. Thomas O'Neil, another workman, sprang to his assistance and with bare hands untwisted it. Taylor will die and O'Neil is badly burned.

Pittsburg, 14.—This afternoon the natural gas at the Westington well exploded from a leak, seriously and probably fatally injuring the drillers, Harry Hall and Wm. Venzelt. Both men were terribly injured, and it is feared fatally. The derrick took fire but was extinguished before any serious damage was done.

THE CATALOGUE OF CRIME.

Decapitated with a Razor—Drugged and Poisoned—A Brave Defence.

CHARLOTTE, N.C., 13.—At Holly Station, 12 miles from Charlotte, the negroes had a festival Saturday night. Bill Barringer insisted no change had been given him. A dispute arose, razors flew and Barringer fell to the floor, his head hanging to the trunk by a piece of skin only. Loftin Martin got a pistol ball in the brain, and brass knuckles and slung shots did deadly work. About 12 negroes were hurt. Three negroes have been arrested.

New Orleans, 14.—The *Picayune's* Starkville, Miss., special says: In October 1882, B. J. Parlahe's two boys, aged 12 and 14 years, died suddenly. It now turns out they were poisoned by a negro man, named Newton, a carpenter living with Parish, by poisoning the water which the boys drank. Newton confided the secret to a negro woman, who, a few days ago, told Parish. The carpenter was arrested, and said he got the poison from a negro doctor, Ned Marks, a notoriously bad character. Marks was also arrested. A posse of half a dozen men had them in charge en route to jail. When about seven miles from here the prisoners were seized by a mob of disguised citizens and hanged. Newton stated it was his intention to poison the whole family.

Harrisburg, Pa., 14. — Richard A. Robertson, of Greenville, Mercer county, was induced by two men to walk up the river bank yesterday morning. Just beyond the city limits he was given a bottle of drugged beer and then shot in the back and robbed of $1,400.

Owensboro, Ky., 14.—At 1:30 o'clock this morning an armed mob attacked the county jail, killed Jailer W. J. Lucas, breaking in the doors of the cell room and taking Richard May, a negro, out and hanging him to a tree in the court house yard. Sixty or seventy men surrounded the jail demanding the prisoner, who had attempted to outrage the daughter of Sid Kelly, a prominent farmer living in the country, a few days before. The jailer called to his wife to have the pistols in readiness, and refused to open the doors of the jail. The mob then began firing, and the fire was returned by the jailer and his son Thomas, aged 16. They fired thirteen shots, the mob firing as many as one hundred. Jailer Lucas fired from the porch, and his son from the front window. Two of the mob are reported killed, an eye witness saying he saw one men fall, shot by Thomas Lucas, and that he was placed on a horse and quickly carried off. After the firing of six shots from the porch, the jailer was shot, the ball entering his right side near the nipple. He was carried to a bed and, refusing to give up the keys, his wife took the pistol and tried to keep back the mob, but they crowded on stairs and forced her to give up the keys. The cell door was then opened and May dragged down with a sledge hammer. They then took May from his cell and sent him to the only available limb in the court house yard. Jailer Lucas was given prompt attention, but died at 7 o'clock this morning.

FOREIGN.

The Dread Scourge Spreading—Capture of Axig—War and Tumult.

LONDON, 13.—It is reported that Osman Digna has captured Axig on the Red Sea.

A Frenchman was shot to-day by the guards in the Spanish Pyrenese while trying to evade the quarantine.

The Chinese Ambassador continues to negotiate with Prime Minister Ferry upon the basis of immediate surrender of Langson. Ferry, however, insists upon the payment of the indemnity, but offers to reduce the amount heretofore demanded. The ironclad *Zandre* and the cruisers *La Perouse* and *Nielly* will leave L'Orient for China, August 15.

St. Petersburg, 14.—There have been two cases of cholera at Poltava, one of which resulted fatally. The Siberian plague is raging at Pokov; 20 deaths already. Precautionary measures seems inadequate to prevent the spread of the disease.

Marseilles, 14.—Thirty-two deaths last night; four to-day.

There were 66 deaths from cholera in this city during the 24 hours ending at 9 o'clock this evening.

The Workingmen's Commission has issued a red placard to the unemployed workman, on which appears the words: "The action of the municipality has left us nothing but suicide or a hideous death from hunger or epidemic." A call to arms is issued, and an excited meeting is being held, but as yet there is no outbreak.

Toulon, 14.—Eleven deaths last night, heat intense; streets deserted. All cholera cases are removed from the hospitals to the suburbs.

The mayor has been attacked with cholera.

The illumination in honor of the national fete has been postponed. No deaths since ten o'clock this morning.

Alexandria, 14.—Three cases of cholera to-day, one fatal.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, 14.—The rumors concerning the retirement of Jay Gould from the Mercantile Trust Company is confirmed by both Gould and Lewis Fitzgerald. Mr. Gould stated he had merely sold out his stock in the company.

Cleveland, 14—Base Ball—Buffalos 10, Clevelands 5.

Providence, 14.—Providences 9, Bostons 6.

Philadelphia, 14.—Philadelphias 3, New Yorks 3.

Detroit, 14.—Chicagos 6, Detroits 3.

New York, 14.—A dispatch from Henry F. Gillig received to-day from Paris, says: "A manifestation took place at 10 o'clock this morning at the Continental Hotel, by the Alsacian Societies, who tore down the German flags, threw stones, smashed windows and did other damage.

New York, 14.—A private examination of the members of the firm of Fisk & Hatch, bankers, was held to-day at their office, in regard to the recent failure of the Newark Savings Institution. Daniel Dodd, president of the bank, deposited about $2,000,000 of U. S. bonds with the firm which belonged to the bank and no security had been given. The testimony taken to-day was in regard to the nature of the transactions between President Dodd and Fisk & Hatch. It was not made public

Washington, 14.—The board appointed to represent the Government at the New Orleans Exposition will also take charge of the Government exhibit at the Louisville and Cincinnati exhibitions.

No more one dollar notes can be supplied by the Treasurer until about the first of August. The order for their preparation could not be given until after the appropriation bill was passed, and the failure of the supply is due to the delay of Congress.

CORRESPONDENCE.

OGDEN CITY, Utah, July 14, 1884.

Editor Deseret News:

A variety of circumstances have conspired to prevent me writing you for some time past, not the least of which has been severe indisposition. Although I am much better at the present time I am far from being strong. There has been a great deal of sickness in Ogden and vicinity during the last few months, and some of our intimate friends have succumbed to the fell destroyer, and have been borne hence to their silent abodes beneath the "sods of the valley."

SCARLET FEVER

has been fatally prevalent from which quite a number of our citizens have suffered, and some of their hearths and homes have been made desolate by the demise of their loved ones who were attacked by the malady. We are not free from the disease at present, neither can we tell when it will take wings and leave us. The sooner it does so the better we shall feel, for

CHOLERA MORBUS

also has prostrated several parties in this town, and in one or two instances the cases were critical for a time; happily, however, none of the attacks have yet proved fatal.

THE WORMS

as well as the waters have committed great havoc in some places. They did not appear to be particular on what kind of crop they commenced their war. Lucern, corn, peas, cabbage, cucumbers and even weeds and grass have been devoured or ruined by the rapacious army; but I am happy to say that many of them have also died, either of gluttony or by some other insects that have killed them.

BUTTERFLIES AND MOTHS

and many varieties of other insects I think were never more numerous than they are at the present time. Vegetation is covered with them—the air is full of them and they are depositing their eggs before "shuffling off this mortal coil," and terminating their ephemeral existence.

Many of our farmers are agreeably disappointed in their expectations, for notwithstanding the lateness of the season, and that the time was so far advanced before they could put in their seeds, the prospects for heavy yields are very encouranging. It would seem that

DAME NATURE

has just about so much to accomplish every summer, and no matter whether the season be long or short, she fulfils her task, and the harvest moon shines on the rich rewards of the toils of the husbandman.

The present merry season of course is now over, but that fruit has been so abundant this year that they were thrice as cheap as they were in former years and have been placed within the reach of everybody. Cherries have yielded well, and now there is a good supply of raspberries. Plums and apples promise well, and the later so far appear sound and unaffected by the grubs.

During the late convention held at Chicago, there was in this town considerable excitement and a great deal of speculation in regard to the nominees for President and Vice-President of the United States. But the choice gives general satisfaction and old politicians are sanguine in regard to what they will be elected on the 4th of March, 1885.

CLEVELAND AND HENDRICKS

will occupy the chairs of state in the White House at the national capital and will direct the affairs of this great country for the next four years.

WHEEL.

WHAT MADE THE HORSE.—"What was that locomotive noise?"

"Nothing but the horse-radish."

"Then were they chased?"

"Oh, nothing. Somebody called out 'colloped,' and the conductor threw us one ham and answered 'Yes.'"—*Chicago News.*

BUCKEYE'S RAMBLINGS.

THE TRADE CENTRE OF SANPETE—PROSPERITY—INDIAN SUCCESSES.

MOUNT PLEASANT, July 10, 1884.

This town is situated in the northeast end of Sanpete Valley, and is the largest of any in the country. It is nicely located as its name implies, and slopes toward the setting sun. The old fort wall which served as a defence in time of Indian raids in the early settlement of this place, is being torn down and the rocks used to make "Riprap," to protect the block from the ravages of Pleasant Creek, which flows through the centre of the Tithing lot. A board fence will be put in place of the old stone and mud wall, giving a brighter appearance to the surroundings.

Prospects of an abundant harvest are everywhere apparent. This town boasts of three good grist mills, one planing mill and a steam machine shop where all kinds of furniture is manufactured. There are also one steam saw mill, four blacksmith shops, several boot and shoe establishments, where a good article is manufactured by home talent, and a number of general merchandise stores, all of which are thriving. The Mount Pleasant Co-operative Institution is a fine structure 60x30, two stories high, built of brick. This company are erecting another in the south part of the city, a branch of the parent one. The institution is as solid as the boulders surrounding it.

Farming is the chief occupation of the people of Mount Pleasant, who number 3,000. Fairview is six miles north and is a prosperous agricultural district. Twelve miles northwest of the latter place is Thistle Valley. Here it is that 40 families of Ute Indians reside upon their own homesteads purchased of their great uncle at Washington. I am informed by Bishop Seeley that they are doing very well cultivating their farms, and are fast assuming the role of their white neighbors, who number ten families. The Indians raise horses, cattle and sheep. Some of them have bought the latest improved agricultural implements, such as mowers, horse rakes, etc., and their houses are furnished with chairs, tables, bedsteads, cooking stoves, etc. In fact they are quite as comfortable as many of their more enlightened neighbors. So fastidious have they become that the cloth must be spread before they will partake of food. They are very zealous about attending meetings, and take a lively part in the exercises. They are self-sustaining as a rule. Last year their crops were cut short on account of drouth and some loans were made to them until another harvest. They often borrow money of the Bishop, but are invariably prompt in the payment of the same at the time agreed upon. Bishop John Spencer has charge of the Ward, and acts as an interpreter to the Indians, having their full confidence. They also look upon Bishop Seeley as their staunch friend and father.

A large amount of grain is now being shipped out of this country to the north, thus making room for the incoming harvest. BUCKEYE.

Gentle Women

Who want glossy, luxuriant and wavy tresses of abundant, beautiful Hair must use LYON'S KATHAIRON. This elegant, cheap article always makes the Hair grow freely and fast, keeps it from falling out, arrests and cures grayness, removes dandruff and itching, makes the Hair strong, giving it a curling tendency and keeping it in any desired position. Beautiful, healthy Hair is the sure result of using Kathairon.

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Rev. Father Wilds'

EXPERIENCE.

The Rev. Z. P. Wilds, well-known citizen missionary in New York, and brother of the late eminent Judge Wilds, of the Massachusetts supreme Court, writes as follows:

"78 E. 55th St., New York, May 16, 1882.

MESSRS. J. C. AYER & CO., Gentlemen:

Last winter I was troubled with a most uncomfortable itching humor affecting more especially my limbs, which itched intolerably at night, and burned so intensely, that I could scarcely bear any clothing next them. I was also a sufferer from severe catarrh and catarrhal cough; my appetite was poor, and my system a general run down. Knowing the value of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, by observation in many other cases, and from personal use for some years, I began taking it for the above-named disorders. My appetite immediately returned, the fever abated, and all signs of irritation of the skin disappeared. My catarrh and cough are also relieved by the same means, and my general health greatly improved, and is now excellent. I feel a hundred per cent stronger, and I attribute these results to the use of the SARSAPARILLA, which I recommend with all confidence as the best blood purifier ever devised. I take it in small doses three times a day, and, in all, less than two bottles. I place here facts at your service, hoping their publication may do good.

Yours respectfully, Z. P. WILDS."

The above instance is but one of the many constantly coming to our notice, which prove the perfect adaptability of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA to the cure of all diseases arising from impure or impoverished blood, and to real blood vitality.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

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Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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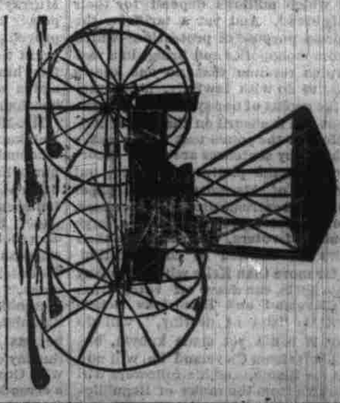

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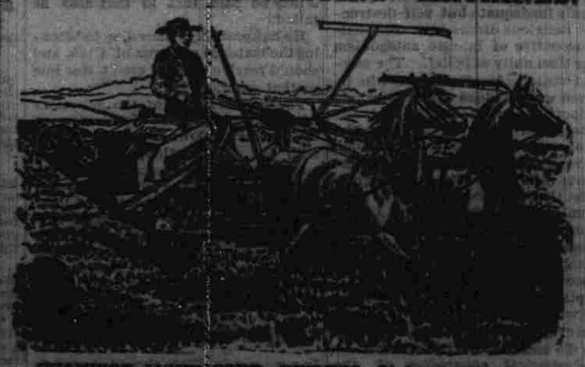

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