TELEGRAPHIC.

ENGLISH OBJECTION

To the Venezuela Commission Not Appreciated Here.

G. W. SMALLEY'S SUGGESTIONS.

Military Preparations on the Guiana Frontier—Enthusiasm in Venezuela.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—G. W. Smalley, correspondent of the London Times, cabled from Washington by his paper today as follows:

The full force of the English objection to the Venezuelan commission has now, I think, been appreciated here. Americans are surprised when they are told that English recognition of the commission is impossible. They hardly understand why they should be warned by a London evening paper that an American claim to determine the British boundary is one which could only be conceded some defeat to a long war, and that if such a demand was made by any other power it would be met by sending their ambassador his passports and mobilizing a fleet.

Such language does not alarm the citizens of the Americans. It simply causes irritation and resentment. The writer said it might have reached the American mind if he had merely asked what Americans would say if the case were reversed, and if England should appoint a commission to determine the boundary of an American state.

"Justice Brewer's letter is discussed here as if it embodied a perfectly rational appeal for the friendly cooperation of England in the work of the commission. That also is the view of the administration."

Mr. Smalley suggests, in view of a sharper desire in Washington to see the full text of the Brazen case, that Lord Salisbury publish the documents as a supplement to the London Gazette.

REPELLING THE FRONTIER.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The World's copyright special from Caracas, Venezuela, says: Michael McTaggart, the head magistrate of British Guiana, who has been identified for years with the usurpation of Venezuelan territory, has been relieved of his official duties in order that he may act as an expedition charged with fortifying the entire length of the Cuyuni river lying in the disputed territory. This news has caused a great stir here. El Liberal, in a leading editorial, calls the attention of the government to the military preparations on the Guiana frontier which, although London denies it, are actually going forward. On the British island of Trinidad the facts are being repaired, and the militia is being drilled in the method of handling the new heavy guns. In the name of the people of Venezuela this government is asked to justify Amacuc, Cangrejo and Cuyuni, on the frontier, in order to be ready for war if arbitration fails. The moral effect of increasing the military strength would be to unite the country, it is urged, and command the respect of President Crespo's bitterest enemies.

The English plan is believed to be to fortify the disputed territory while the American commission is investigating, and if its report is adverse to Great Britain, to be prepared to hold it hourly.

Ex-President Guzman Blanco denies that there is a conspiracy against Venezuela.

The news of the proposed adoption and definition of the Monroe doctrine by the United States Congress has aroused great enthusiasm here.

Seven Spanish Soldiers.

HAVANA, Jan. 22.—Gen. Louis Pando, who arrived here yesterday, said in an interview today that he had come to Havana in obedience to the orders of his superiors, to act as coadjutor to Gen. Martin, in the temporary command of Cuba, pending the arrival here of Gen. Weyler, the new captain general of Cuba, when Gen. Audello will be succeeded by Gen. Suarez Valdez.

Gen. Pando announced himself in favor of concentrating and strengthening his forces in the province of Pinar del Rio. He is well acquainted with the province and with the peculiar political sympathies and conditions, and anticipated being able to enlist the loyal population to arms in support of the Spanish government.

Gen. Pando spoke in the highest terms of the bravery and courage of the Spanish troops in his command. He says that the raw young soldiers endured hunger and thirst, sickness and fatigue, without complaint, and that no troops in the world could have behaved better or accomplished more under the circumstances. The whole trouble seems to be confined up to the last that the Spanish infantry, although well handled and brave, has been unable to cope successfully with the equally well-handled and brave armed insurgents.

MISS BARTON LEAVES.

Will Arrive at Constantinople in Three Weeks.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—Miss Clara Barton and her staff, members of the National Red Cross society, sailed today on the steamship New York. Those who accompanied her are Miss Lucy Graves, stenographer; Earnest Harrison, interpreter and linguist, and George H. Pelham, secretary to Miss Barton.

In a brief discussion of her plans Miss Barton said: "We expect to reach Constantinople within three weeks. This will allow for delay and transfer at Paris, London and Genoa. I have no definite plans as yet. I was asked to go to work because they could get no one else. I am the particular tool."

When asked a few specific questions Miss Barton said in reply: "I do not know the amount of the Armenian relief fund. We are going to feed the hungry and that is as far as we have any plans at present. I shall, upon arriving at Constantinople, endeavor to enlist the sympathy of the United States minister at that place. I do not know whether I will make an effort to have an audience with the Sultan. Yes, I have only newspaper knowledge that the Sultan's Fortress, through the minister at Washington, announced its opposition to the distribution of this fund."

Spencer Trask, who is an officer of the New York branch of the society, said: "It is the fault of the press that antagonism to the Red Cross has been shown by the public and by the Turkish government. While the Turkish government has interdicted the Red Cross society by the name, it has no reason to be opposed to the humane desires of the society, and it would not be had the press not antagonized it."

RUSSIA'S NAVY.

A Proposition to Compete with England from New On.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—A dispatch to the Times from St. Petersburg says the czar has confirmed the budget. The navy for the next seven years is to have a total of 404,000,000 rubles, 57,500,000 of which is for the current year, increasing half a million annually. Should foreign navies grow faster, it is expected these credits will be increased. The main object is to reply to the appearance of every new English battleship, and especially of the cruiser type, by the production of a Russian one of equal or superior power.

The Alaska Dispute.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Assistant Secretary of State Adee and General Duffield, superintendent of the coast and geodetic survey, today explained to the committee on ways and means the condition of an appropriation for the expenses for a convention with England and for tracing the Alaskan boundary along the ninetieth and forty-first meridian of west longitude. A joint resolution to appropriate $75,000 for the purpose is before the committee.

Mr. Adee represented that there would probably be little difficulty in reaching a settlement of these slight difficulties. The great question to be decided is the method for delimiting the boundary.

In the course of the discussion it was said that Canada has established military posts and settlements on grounds which has not been decided to be a part of the British territory, and that heavy duties are being levied on goods transported from British America into Alaska. For these and other reasons the state department is anxious to adopt the most practical and speedy plan for marking the meridian.

Do Not Like the Davis Resolution.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—A special to the World from Washington says:

President Cleveland has submitted Senator Smith of New Jersey to make public his opinion of the Davis resolution reported by the Senate committee on foreign relations. The President's opinion is that the adoption of the Davis resolution as "unconclusive, inopportune and unfortunate." Mr. Cleveland believes the policy adopted by the Senate committee strikes at the principle of arbitration.

Senator Smith has prepared a resolution declaring the United States does not intend to establish a protectorate in South America nor to become responsible in any degree for the account of other American nations. He discussed the substance of the resolution with the President today.

Secretary Olney has privately expressed his disapproval of the action of the Senate committee.

The Sugar Bounty Claims.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 22.—The President today sent to the Senate the letters of Secretary Carlisle, transmitting some information as the secretary possesses relative to the refusal of an executive officer of the department to pay the sugar bounty appropriated for during the last Congress. He says these letters contain all he knows about the matter.

Mr. Carlisle's letter to the President recites the now well known facts of the reference of the sugar bounty claims to the court of claims at the instance of Comptroller Bowler. The secretary adds:

"Pending these proceedings in the treasury department, suits were instituted in the United States court for the eastern district of Louisiana on two claims for bounty on sugar, one claim being for sugar produced before August 28, 1894, and the other for sugar produced since that date. In each case a decree has been very recently entered against the United States, and I am advised by the department of justice that the necessary steps are being taken for the immediate prosecution of appeals to the Supreme Court of the United States in order that a final and authoritative adjudication of the question involved may be had at the earliest possible date."

The secretary says the sugar bounty claims involve controverted questions of law, and that the decision will effect a number of claims in the future.

Germans for McKinley.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 22.—The Westliche Post of this city, the leading German Republican paper of the central West, came out strong this morning in favor of McKinley for the Presidential nomination.

Status of the Neutrality Laws.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—United States Consul Vilquain at Panama has cabled the state department that the steamer Golden, which is reported to have left San Francisco with Antonio Ezeta aboard, bound on a filibustering expedition against Salvador, has been detained at Panama on a charge of violating the neutrality laws. The vessel is reported to have a store of arms aboard intended for the use of the Ezeta party in Salvador.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—When Pugh's resolution for silver payment of government bonds came up Hill offered an amendment providing that if for a season silver coin shall not be at a par with gold coin, the United States is now payable in coin shall be paid in standard gold coin wherever demanded.

Hillsboro briefly against the resolution. It was, he said, only a recital of recent history, and he deprecated further discussion of financial conditions.

Teller (Rep., Colo.) followed on the financial situation.

At 2 o'clock the Pugh resolution was displaced and the bond silver bill was taken up. Teller continuing his remarks. The senator said gold was now at a premium. The banks had practically suspended payment of gold. It was a contingent, honest and certain, just like tin or wool. But while the banks suspended gold payments, the treasury united on such payments. And the question had come without silver legislation.

Allen and Teller if he agreed with his party associates that the depression was due to the tariff legislation.

Teller said that he did not.

Allen then asked if Teller thought any real [illegible] existed between the Republicans and Democrats on the financial question.

Teller said the difference was so slight as hardly to be detected on the gold question.

The senator, proceeding, said that the gold element in the Senate and in the country had never yet presented a monetary system. The four senators representing the gold element on the finance committee had never offered a system.

Platt (Rep., Conn.) of the finance committee said he would suggest a system, namely, the payment of customs duties in gold.

Teller said this showed the entire absence of any philosophical monetary system. Here was a proposition which would destroy the parity of the metals, and yet it was offered offhand, by a member of the finance committee.

Teller arraigned the policy of issuing bonds, with a view, he said, to building up a permanent bonded debt to be borne by posterity.

Sherman arose as soon as Teller concluded. The silver discussion, said Sherman, was purely a moral discussion. No doubt there was a silver sentiment in the Senate. But the country had settled down to the idea that free silver coinage would bring us to a single standard of silver and was undesirable.

Teller asked how long it was intended to keep up the sale of bonds.

Sherman—As long as it is necessary to meet the government's needs caused by the course of the accumulation.

"In the meantime," continued Sherman, "the Republican party stands here ready to do its duty to pay the public debt, to strengthen the treasury, to raise sufficient revenue."

Teller referred to the selling of bonds for the purpose of securing gold.

"If there had been no deficiency there would have been no loss of gold," said Sherman. "The gold had remained in the treasury for years, but as soon as there was a deficiency the gold began to go because the gold was used to pay the current expenses. This administration had raised a fright about gold loss. The loss—to their discredit—joined in the fright. Having seen the government using gold, they adopted the same course. Instead of maintaining their bank reserve in notes, they drew gold from their reserve."

In conclusion, Sherman said: "As far as my voice can go, I want it understood that this delay arises out of a discussion of a worn-out issue—the free coinage of silver—while we should be turning our attention to the practical remedies before us."

Gorman (Dem., Md.) answered Sherman's statements concerning the treasury administration. He declared that the course of the treasury now was the same as that under Secretary Fowler and as far back as the administration of Secretary Sherman. The Democratic Congress had enacted a revenue law which would have afforded ample revenue. But the income tax had been wiped out by the decision of the Supreme court of the United States. It was an unforeseen event. The question now was not one of party or politics. At 5:20 the Senate adjourned.

HAMMOND IN DANGER.

Arrested on One of the Ringleaders of the Transvaal Trouble.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 22.—John Hays Hammond, the American mining engineer, is (evidently in set) in danger in the Transvaal. Urgent cablegrams were received here tonight by Harry Creswell, city and county attorney, and M. F. Tarpey, a prominent Democratic politician, and a third came to Col. H. I. Thornton, but as the latter is dead, it was opened by his nephew, Mr. Creswell. The cablegrams are dated Newcastle, Natal, January 22nd. As Newcastle is a long distance from the Transvaal, it is thought they were smuggled through, and therefore better represented the situation than any previously received here. The messages are all signed by J. J. Curtis, who is a son of George Tickner Curtis, a grandson of Joseph Storey, once justice of the supreme court of the United States, and a nephew of W. W. Storey, the sculptor. The message addressed to Creswell is as follows:

"Exert your influence to help Hammond. He is confined with sixty others in the Pretoria jail. He has been taken as one of the ringleaders, and unless some radical measures are taken by our government he will be made to suffer for the sins of others, for which he is in no way responsible."

LONDON, Jan. 22.—A Cape Town dispatch to the Times says that the trial of the political prisoners at Pretoria has been set for April 21st, and their preliminary examination is to be held within a few days.

DURBAN, Natal, Jan. 20.—Dr. Jameson and his officers from Pretoria arrived here on a train at daybreak and were forthwith received on board the transport Victoria which sails for England.

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measuring from the illness attending childbirth, or who suffer from the effects of disorders, derangements and displacements of the womanly organs, will find relief and a permanent cure in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Taken during pregnancy, the "Prescription"

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by preparing the system for parturition, thus assisting Nature and shortening "labor." The painful ordeal of childbirth is robbed of its terrors, and the dangers thereof greatly lessened, to both mother and child. The period of confinement is also greatly shortened, the mother strengthened and built up, and an abundant secretion of nourishment for the child promoted. If

THE MARRIED WOMAN

be delicate, run-down, or overworked, it worries her husband as well as herself. This is the proper time to build up her strength and cure those weaknesses or ailments, which are the cause of her trouble. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription dispels aches and pains, invigorates and nourishes, brings refreshing sleep and makes a new woman of her.

Mrs. Robert Lee, of Lawrence, Jefferson Co., N.Y., writes: "I had been suffering from dizziness and falling of the womb, for nearly years, so much so the birth of my youngest child I considered life a burden instead. Soon after I began to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, I felt better, and by the time I had taken two bottles I was able to do my housework. I have now used five bottles, and I can truly say I am cured. I have recommended your 'Favorite Prescription' to many ladies, and shall always speak a good word for it."

Mrs. Lee.

Full Details Gladly Given.

A Railroad Official's Experience.

MR. EDWARD EDMONDS, long connected with railroad construction in Nebraska, writes: "My heart troubled and pained me for 10 years. Shortness of breath was the constant and most common symptom. Intense, excruciating pain generally followed any severe exertion. Fainting, hunger without appetite, fluttering that took sandwich my breath, and palpitation that often staggered me as if I would fall, were frequent attacks. Again, everything would turn black if I stood from a sitting posture quickly. Sleepless nights with their accompanying nervous worry and exhaustion and I could not sit on one day or night. I consulted leading physicians and tried almost every remedy. They gave me no relief. One of my friends recommended my case so earnestly that I took Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and I am now a well man. I hope every one troubled with heart disease will try Dr. Miles' remedies. If they will write me personally, I will gladly give them full details of my experience." Yours, Edmonds.

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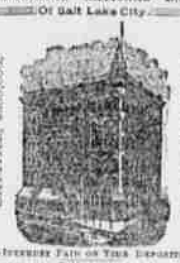

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CURRENT TIME TABLE — In Effect Nov. 18, 1895.

Leave Salt Lake City

No. 1—For Kingman, Provo, Grand Junction and all points East	8:00 a. m.
No. 3—For Provo, Grand Junction and all points East	7:40 p. m.
No. 5—For Ogden and intermediate points	6:30 p. m.
No. 6—For Mt. Pleasant, Manti, Salina and all intermediate points	1:30 p. m.
No. 8—For Provo, Provo Junction and all points East	1:00 p. m.
No. 2—For Ogden and the West	11:45 a. m.
No. 4—For Ogden and the West	11:55 p. m.

Arrive Salt Lake City

No. 1—From Provo, Grand Junction and the East	11:05 p. m.
No. 3—From Provo, Grand Junction and the East	11:00 p. m.
No. 5—From Provo, Kingman, Manti, Salina, Ogden and all intermediate points	1:30 p. m.
No. 6—From Ogden and intermediate points	8:40 a. m.
No. 7—From Provo, Kamas and Heber	1:00 a. m.
No. 9—From Provo and Provo Junction	1:00 a. m.
No. 2—From Ogden and the West	1:00 a. m.
No. 4—From Ogden and the West	8:10 a. m.

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Great S. L. & Hot Springs Ry.

Time table in effect Jan. 5, 1896.

Leave	Ar. Tabernacle	Lv. Tabernacle	Arrive
*7:00 a. m.	7:10 a. m.	10:00 a. m.	10:10 a. m.
8:30 a. m.	8:40 a. m.	11:30 a. m.	11:40 a. m.
10:00 a. m.	10:10 a. m.	12:30 p. m.	12:40 p. m.
4:00 p. m.	4:10 p. m.	7:00 p. m.	7:10 p. m.
*Indicates Sunday.			

Leave Ar. Tabernacle 7:00 a. m. Arr. Fair'n 10:35 a. m.
Leave Fair'n 11:00 a. m. Ar. S. L. 7:10 p. m.

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From Helena, Butte, Portland, San Francisco and Ogden	9:45 a m
From San Francisco, Clarke Valley, Ogden and intermediate points	7:35 p m
From Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver and Ogden	8:00 a m
From Provo, Milford, Juanita Valley, Lehi, Fairfield, Nephi and Eureka	5:35 p m
From Provo, Tooele and Garfield Beach	4:00 p m

DEPART

For Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Ogden and Park City	7:00 a m
For San Francisco, Clarke, Ogden Valley and intermediate points	4:00 p m
For Ogden and intermediate points	4:30 p m
For Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Butte, Portland and San Francisco	7:00 p m
For Eureka, Nephi, Provo, Sanpete Valley, Milford and intermediate points	7:45 a m
For Garfield Beach, Tooele and Tintic	7:45 a m
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Train No. 4 leaves Ogden 8:15 p.m., Salt Lake 9:20 p.m., arrive at Pueblo 7:27 p.m., Colorado Springs 8:48 p.m., Denver 11:45 p.m.

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