## A CONTRAST.

Life, like a sunbeam, seatters joy and light, When man his duty learns, and does it right. Truth is the golden scales, the standard true

To weigh our worth and guage our stature too.

Faith lite the heart from transient worldly things

And loads us to the fount where knowledge springs.

Hope points her finger to a brighter day And yields us strength to walk the narrow

way. Endurance puts our patience to the test; Knowledge and wisdom soothe and give

us rest. Love crowns our present state with deeds sublime.

And draws our hearts behind the veil of time:

While charity's warm mantle meesly holds The calm of kindness in its ample folds. How yast our debt of gratitude to God

For gifts like these on puny man bestowed ! Sin's sable chieftain's luring, blinding DOWER

Begrims the dial-plate that tells the hour Of duty, whispering, "Why let circe annoy, The future risk, your carnal lust employ?" Till, wrecked at last, without a spark of light.

We mourn the chills of error's awful aight. Constant his aim to lead mind the and heart To haunts where luck the snare, the cruel dart.

Fain would he see us faithless to our trust And tramp our honors rudely in the dust, O, erring brother, are you prone to taste Sin's bitter cup, before you hourly placed? If so, arouse, pray, plead for heaven's aid To fo tify that uone can make afraid; And learn that it is yours to do and dare Ere you can hope a victor's crown to wear. J. ORYSTAL.

## A CHRISTMAS HYMN.

How aweet the echo range O'er sacred Galilee. Whon holy angels sang In softest melody. The anthem at the Savior's birth. 'Peace and good will to men on earth."

That joyous heavenly choir, Fresh from the Throne above, Tuned with celestial fire. To sing redeeming love-"A Savior to the world is given To bring the ransomed back to heaven,"

A candle from the Throne-

A new celestial sun,

A world they called His own, A prize the Son had won, Rolled from the realms of endless day To guide the angels on their way.

> O1 what a glorious birth! Of what a heavenly sight! Celestial songs on earth!

And new stars shining bright! Till wondering shepherds catch the theme-"Jesus is born in Bethlehemt"

The treasures of the blils Of royal Palestine. The gems from Zion's rills That sparkle as they shine, The myrrh and frankincense so sweet, They take to lay them at His feet.

> Joined by that holy choir With sacred songe and hymn; Led by that orb of fire,

But who has such a lowly lot? They find Him in a manger cotBut Jesus Christ is laid there--Messiah now is given; The angels in the air

Proclaim Him "King of Heaven! He comes to set the captive free! He comes. He comes to die for theel"

"He comes to die for all.

No ether name is given To save man from the fall

And take him back to heaven.

Hosannal to the Savior's birth! Peace, and goodwill to men on earth!"

So sang that holy choir. Let man take up the stanin;

Let love each heart inspiro-

Jesus is born again!

Today He lives for you and me; Peace and goodwill o'er land and sea. JAMES DUNN.

# A CHRISTMAS CAROL.

Liston: the bells in the steeples In jubilant gladness ring To welcome the coming of Obristmas

And the birthday of the King

- Who was born in the lowly manger of Bethlehem, long ago,
- When the snng of the herald angels Was sung to the world below.

Thou hast clad thyself in raiment

Of spotless white, O carth, Lake a bride on her marriage morning,

- To celebrate Christ's birth. O, were our lives as spotless,
- Our hands unstained with sin, And the latch of each heart were lifted To let the Christ-child in.

Bring of thy pine and holly,

O earth, this Ohristmas Day, And wreathe in their green the altar

- Whereon our gifts we lay; Gifts of the most grateful homage Laid low at the feet of the King
- Who leans from his throne to listen To the sound of our worshipping.

Bring to the dear Lord's altar The soul's white flowers today. Let the rose of thy love shed incense Sweet as the breath of May.

Let the lily of faith eternal Lift its cups of myrrh to Him

Whose love is the star that leads us Through ways that are dark or dim.

O earth, send back to Heaven The grand and glorious strain That startled the wondering shepherds On far Judea's plain.

Glory to God in the highest--Sing It again and again-

On earth be peace, on earth be peace, Good will, good will to men.

RBEN E. REXFORD.

In December Ladies' Home Journal.

## A SEASONABLE ARTICLE.

"For unto you is born this day, in the City of David, a Savior, which is Christ the Lord."-Luke II, ii.

Humanity, the world all over, is celebrating this day the birth in the flesh of the Savior and the 'Re-deemer of mankind. The exact date of this glorious occurrence has occasioned much dispute. Dionysius Exigons, a Syrian monk of great learning in the sixth century, published, as the result of his researches, the opinion that Christ was born 753 really human as-He was divine. No

years after the founding of Rome, or as will sometimes be seen in the books, A. U. C.-Anno Urbe Conditu 753. As no one could then prove to the contrary, that year was after a time generally adopted by the nations of Europe as the year 1 of the Christian era. But within the last two hundred years biblical scholars have discovered by comparing the death of Herod, the date of which is known absolutely, and the data when certain Roman governors ruled in Judea, that the data of Dionysius was several years too late. It is now generally believed that Christ was born in 749 A. U. C., or four years before our era, though Lewin and some others say it was six years.

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The object of this article will not be a "Christmas Story," but the setting forth of one great idea, namely, Christ in His permanent humanity in both worlds, and to the study of this idea I respectfully invite the kind attention of the readers of the Christmas issue of the DESERET NEWS.

The doctrine of incarnation, as taught in the Bible, is that Christcontemplated in His higher or divine nature as existing "before the world was"-for the purpose of affording salvation, personally entered into the domain of humanity as to both body and soul; and that, on the anthropic or purely human side of His being, He became a man. This doctrine supposes a local and personal residence of divinity in humanity. Paul's statement of the idea is that Christ, who was "in the form of God" and who "thought it not robbery to be equal with God," actually "took upon Him the form of a servant, and was made in the likeness of men." (Philip. ii, 6, 7.) John's statement is that the personal and divine word of Logos, who was "in the beginning," who "was with God" and who "was God," was "made flesh," and that "in the flesh" or in human nature this word "dwelt among" men, and was seen and heard hy them. (John i, 1-14, and John iv, 2, 3.) Human nature, according to both of these statements, became the special tabernacle of divinity

The incarnation thus taught is limited to the human nature of Jesus of Nazareth, who was born of the Virgin Mary, and, as human, had al the attributes of our common humanity, as really as Paul or any other man. Christ, thus considered, was simply a man, without any displace. ment or suspension of His humanity by the incarnation of divinity therein. Hence He was the God-Man as really divine as He was human, and as