

MINISTERS MAY COMMUNICATE

Chinese Authorities Issue an Edict to That Effect.

CONSUL FOWLER'S DISPATCH

Precautions Taken to Verify Telegrams Sent to Home Governments.

Washington, Aug. 9.—Acting Secretary of the state department today made public the following cablegram from Consul Fowler at Chefoo, which reached the department at 11 o'clock tonight:

"The Foo, Aug. 9.—Secretary of State, Washington. Morning of eighth.—Telegraphed governor yesterday protesting against limiting correspondence with Consul and requesting governor to forward to Consul Governor telegrams following:

"Received note from Tsung-Yi-Yan just received permitting main-branch to have peaceful, secret telegraphic communication with their country."

"All ministers at Peking have telegrams for transmission to their governments. It is proposed after dispatching same to send originals to consuls for verification."

"FOWLER."

CHINESE CONSUL WANTS TO STAY

Can Go to No Neutral Country, the World Being Against China.

New York, Aug. 10.—Chinese Consul Tseu Tse Chi and his staff are still holding forth at the consulate in this city, but the consular agent, Mr. Tseu, did not arrive and are not expected to.

Mr. Tseu says in an interview:

"We want to stay and do our duty, but in case of war, we must leave. We are a neutral country to which we can go for the whole world is against China. I cannot return to Peking and my staff. There are 25,000 Chinese in my general charges. What is going to become of the consular business, the volume of which is great? There is no other government consulate to which to entrust it."

"Then since it is apparent that I should stay here and maintain my staff and offices, and since that is very costly, how am I to do it? I am a consular agent, I can neither stay nor go. There is the satisfaction, however, of knowing that my colleagues at Chicago, San Francisco and Vancouver are in the same predicament."

Minister Wu Ting Fang is in no position to offer me aid, for he may soon be in as bad a state as I am."

Thefts of a Syrian Jeweler.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—An oriental romance in an accidental setting was revealed by detectives from the central police station arrested Oddie Herro, a Syrian, charged with embezzling over a thousand dollars worth of jewelry. The embezzlement is a jewelry firm in this city where Herro was employed as a salesman in the Asiatic mail order department. The young man confessed his guilt and attributed his wrong doing to desire to amuse enough wealth to marry one of his country women.

Herro told the police that he had been in the country six years. He was born in Damascus and on arriving in New York, he obtained a position as agent for an oriental jewelry house. Later he came to the Chicago firm and had sole charge of the trade with the Orient and represented the correspondence in Syrian Arabia. As to other members of the house understood these things, Herro was never interfered with and his books were seldom looked at.

The foreigner made it a rule to accompany the officers of the rising jewels were found, and also crucibles and a chemist's lamp used by Herro in melting up his stuff. There were a score of watch movements, beads of various sizes, a jewelry case was half filled with bracelets and rings.

Mr. Gray to Represent California.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 10.—Mrs. Mary Freeman Gray, of San Francisco, will represent California at the International Congress for the Rights of Women which will convene in Paris on Sept. 5.

Order Against Political Assessment.

Washington, Aug. 10.—The civil service commission, following its usual practice, has requested the various heads of departments to issue an order warning that employees may be fully informed of their rights in making or withholding political contributions, and also warning officials against violation of the civil service provisions of the law.

Canadian Invalids Claim.

London, Aug. 10.—Various complaints have been published in the morning papers from the Canadian invalids in South Africa, regarding the lack of arrangements for their comfort and the delay in sending them home.

The Missing Leader Says.

The Canadian invalids who sailed from Liverpool for Montreal yesterday by the Allen liner Parisian, expressed their disappointment at the neglect of the military authorities in Liverpool. They said having experienced the life of the British soldier under British officers, they had resolved to stay at home and run their own business in the future. Moreover, they promised to lay the facts before the Canadian ministers in London the Parisian."

FIRE INSURANCE MEN CONFERENCE

Agree to Constitute and Appoint a Committee of Supervision.

New York, Aug. 10.—Representatives of many of the leading fire insurance companies of the United States are holding an important conference at the West End hotel at Long Branch, N. J. Five sections of the agreement of 1899 affecting fire insurance companies in operation in the country were adopted.

E. C. Irvin, president of the fire insurance association of Philadelphia, presided. The purpose of the five sections of the agreement is:

First, that the undersigned fire insurance companies doing business in the United States agree to constitute and appoint a committee of supervision whose duty it shall be to consider the conditions of fire insurance business in the various States, the expenses of the business and the adjustment of the rates.

Second, that this committee of supervision shall consist of thirty, to be selected by ballot at the meeting of the association at which the agreement is adopted. This committee shall have power to appoint its own officers and employ such assistants as are required for the proper prosecution of the work. The expenses of said committee will be met by pro rata assessments on the fire premiums of the subscribers.

Third, this committee shall consist of members and managers of companies fairly representative of all classes of

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know It.

How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects impurities of the urinary passage, it holds water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and \$1. sizes. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail.

Address Dr. Kilmer & Sons of Swamp-Root, Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

subscribers transacting a general business throughout the United States.

Fourth, this committee shall immediately endeavor, through local boards to secure an adjustment of the rates upon such classes of hazards and for such localities as the experience of the undersigned during the last five years has shown to be inequitable.

Fifth, it is understood that whenever a certain number of companies have signed the agreement to render its effective the signers shall be called together to deliberate upon the appointment of the committee of thirty.

These sections were signed by fifty-eight representatives of the fire insurance companies of the United States, all of whom were present at the conference.

ADDRESS TO DEMOCRATS.

Bryan, Stevenson and Jones Urge Formation of Clubs in Every Town and Precinct.

Every Citizen Should be a Politician

—Attack on Our Form of Government Must Not be Ignored.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—William J. Bryan, his wife and son, the Stevenson party, Gov. and Mrs. Thomas of Colorado and John I. Martin, sergeant-at-arms of the national convention, arrived in this city at 5:30 p. m. today. Mr. Bryan and party were driven to the Auditorium, where Mr. Bryan will remain for several days for the purpose of consultation with Chairman Jones and members of the national committee regarding the conduct of the campaign.

Mr. Bryan leaves here he will go to his home in Lincoln, to remain there during the balance of the month. Tomorrow Mr. Stevenson will proceed to Lake Michigan, with his family, where he will remain for some weeks. The following address was issued tonight:

To the Democrats of the United States: The Democratic party and its friends must meet the forces of corruption and intimidation in politics this year by thorough organization. A Democratic club or society should be organized in every city, town, village and precinct in the United States. Democrats and all who are in sympathy with the principles of the National Association of the City platform are earnestly urged to join Democratic clubs, or when none exist, to assist in organizing them.

This work of uniting the forces of law and liberty into one great systematic civil army should be carried on simultaneously in every part of the country and without delay. The friends of government, according to the hitherto unchallenged American theory of political equality, everywhere under one flag, cannot afford to be less zealous or less active than the advocates of an American colonial empire supported by rifles.

No patriotic citizen can ignore the attacks which are being made upon the very foundations of our present irrevocable form of government. This year, every citizen should be a politician. Clubs and societies should be organized to communicate with the "secretary of the National Association of the Democratic clubs, 137 Broadway, New York City," so that the united membership may work systematically in defense of their rights in making or withholding political contributions, and also warning officials against violation of the civil service provisions of the law.

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VON WALTERSEE WILL COMMAND

He Will Direct Movements of the Allied Troops.

WAS THE KAISER'S CHOICE.

Appointment Generally Well Received—Will Go to China via San Francisco.

New York, Aug. 10.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says:

The nomination of Count von Waldersee to the command of the expeditionary forces in China has been favorably received here, and though it is scarcely correct to say that the official consent of all the allied governments had been obtained to the appointment prior to the public announcement on Wednesday, there is no doubt that it will be cordially accepted by the British cabinet. The subject was no doubt discussed at a special meeting of the defense committee of the cabinet held yesterday afternoon under the presidency of Lord Salisbury.

Military men in London admit that since Lord Roberts and Lord Wolseley are out of the question, no more distinguished soldier could be found for the chief command in the far east than Count von Waldersee. Precedence to his personal distinction, the count possesses the necessary qualifications for holding the grade of field marshal so that he will be superior in rank to any of the officers commanding the various national contingents. It has been suggested that the German emperor arbitrarily forced the hands of some of the other powers who threatened to equate him with the German emperor, but the question, by suddenly informing them that he intended to send out a Prussian field marshal to assume direction of the general detachment. As this officer would necessarily be the most influential every general in the field, it was an easy transaction to place him nominally at the head of the entire allied force, but the precise authority which Count von Waldersee is to exercise has been the subject of discussion. It will be difficult, if not impossible to give him precisely the status of a commander-in-chief of a national army. He will be, rather, the president of the allied forces, with an autocratic leader, subject to the control of the allied governments.

It is a situation requiring immense tact and temper, but there is general confidence that Count von Waldersee will prove equal to the emergency. He has had little trouble in coming to an understanding with both the English and American officers. Though German, his extreme and appreciates the two Anglo-Saxon peoples. His marriage to a talented American woman and his former close acquaintance with the Emperor Frederick long ago placed him in touch with some of the most influential personages in London and New York. At one time, indeed, he was a little too strongly in sympathy with what was known as the English faction at the Berlin court to please the Kaiser, but for some years he has been on confidential terms with his imperial master, who has the highest opinion of his statistical ability.

The appointment, however, has not relieved the gloom which hangs over political circles in England. It is felt that it does not portend a brief and easy campaign in China. The publication of the allied losses under the Berlin court to please the Kaiser, but for some years he has been on confidential terms with his imperial master, who has the highest opinion of his statistical ability.

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DEBTS ACCEPTS NOMINATION.

New York, Aug. 10.—Eugene V. Debs, and Morris Harriman, the social party candidate for President and Vice President, have sent their letters of acceptance to Wm. D. Butler, of Springfield, Mass., national secretary of the party. Debs says that he seeks no personal preference.

WARWICK JAMES PRICE DISCHARGED.

New York, Aug. 10.—Only one complaint against yesterday before the grand jury when the case of Warwick James Price, charged with the larceny of revenue stamps from the Mutual Life Insurance company was called. The complaint was accordingly discharged. Price was a brother-in-law of John W. Dillinger, attorney general of the United States.

Tennessee Republican Split.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 9.—After numerous meetings and conferences last night, the Tennessee Republican party in Tennessee, led by Congressman W. P. Brownlow and Pension Commissioner H. Clay Evans, split wide open today on the harmony negotiations, and at present the rift between the two wings of the party is wider than ever. The fight will continue through the campaign.

Russians Destroy New Chwang.

New York, Aug. 10.—A dispatch to the Herald from Chefoo, Tuesday, via Shanghai, Thursday, says:

Intelligence of an authentic character has been received that the legations at Peking were quiet a week ago.

PRISON OVERCROWDED.

In Consequence Orders Are Issued for Release of Some Prisoners.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 10.—The military prison on Alcatraz Island has been overcrowded for some time past and the constant arrival of soldiers with long sentences to serve has caused the issuance of an order directing the commandant to release five per cent of the prisoners who have served any great portion of their sentences. This in addition to those recommended by the board of clemency appointed some days ago.

The commandant at Alcatraz has decided to release five men each day in order to prevent discharge on this city, of so many men, many of whom are degenerate characters.

Major Oliver Edward has assumed the duties of chief commissary of the department of California.

French Northern Squadron.

New York, Aug. 10.—A dispatch to the Herald from Paris says:

The French northern squadron has arrived at Harbin. Two of its cruisers will furnish the engine room and stoking staff for the Lorraine to enable her to leave on Sunday.

A telegram from Cherbourg states that in consequence of the Havre strike the German liner General Trautmann and the marine department have agreed to bring the incoming liners to Cherbourg and there land the mails, passengers and cargo. This applies to the Aquitaine, and the Touraine, which she arrives. The arrangement will continue until the Havre strike is over.

Baron Russell, of Killowen, Dead.

London, Aug. 10.—Baron Russell, of Killowen, lord chief justice of England, died this morning.

Baron Russell had been ill for some time. Yesterday an operation was performed which the patient is supposed to have passed through successfully.

The operation, however, resulted in his death. It was performed by Dr. Treves. Various reports have been circulated as to the disease from which the lord chief justice suffered. According to some, his malady was a gastric disorder, while other reports were that he had a tumor in his stomach.

Express Train Strikes a Wagon.

Pendleton, Ore., Aug. 10.—The east-bound fast mail train on the Oregon Railroad and Navigation company yesterday struck a wagon and four horses thrown fifty feet from the track. Saltmarsh received a fracture of the skull and will die. He was deaf and could not hear the engineer's signals.

Paper About U. S. Bonds.

Washington, Aug. 10.—The treasury department has prepared an 87 page circular of information concerning United States bonds, paper currency, coin, production of precious metals, etc. A large amount of important information is given, and the circular also contains the full text of the financial bill of March 14, 1900. A copy of this circular will be sent to any one applying therefor to the secretary of the treasury.

VESSLS UNDER CONSTRUCTION

Highborn Issues Statement About Their Degree of Completion.

Washington, Aug. 10.—Admiral Highborn, chief of the bureau of construction and repair, has issued a statement concerning the degree of completion of the vessels now under construction for the navy at all United States shipyards. The big battleships the Alabama and the Wisconsin, stand at 93 and 94 per cent respectively toward final completion. The Alabama at the Cramp's yards is shortly to have her armor plating completed. The New York, is 84 per cent completed.

Little work on the six sixth protected cruisers has been done. The Denver is the nearest completed at 29 per cent, while the others have been completed at 10 to 20 per cent.

The torpedo boats are about 50 per cent completed. The submarine torpedo boat stands at 82 per cent.

MONEY A DRUG ON THE MARKET

So Says Russell Sage in Reviewing the Present State of Affairs.

New York, Aug. 10.—The Herald prints the following:

Russell Sage is not satisfied by any means with the present easy money market. "There is danger of very heavy losses under present conditions," he said, "because of the kind of collateral banks are now accepting. The banks are compelled to accept it in order to loan their money at all. It is a very unsatisfactory condition. With the possibility of falling prices for securities, lenders may find themselves insufficiently protected."

Mr. Sage expressed the view that what the situation needed was a higher money rate. He said the success of the British war loan here, which surprised him somewhat, although he was glad to see it, was largely due to the fact that money was in so little demand.

"But the Englishmen used good judgment in deciding to issue the bonds at 4 per cent," he continued. "They could not have floated them at par, I think. I doubt if they could have done so at 4 per cent."

Mr. Sage was asked if he had carried out his intention by subscribing to the loan. "I am not subscribed to another man," said he, "and I have not heard yet whether he got the bonds. I do not so encourage the good feeling between the two countries which the loan should produce. If the attempt to place an English loan had been a disappointment, it might have hindered other attempts."

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AMERICANS ARRIVE AT TIEN TSIN

They are Lacking Both a Signal Corps and Surgeons.

REQUIRE REINFORCEMENTS

To Make Advance Successfully—Boxers Continue to Murder, Pillage and Commit Atrocities.

New York, Aug. 10.—A dispatch to the Herald from Tien Tsing Aug. 2, via Chefoo, Aug. 9, says:

Major Biddle and two companies of American marines and Captain Bailey's battery, have arrived.

The Sixth cavalry has disembarked at Taku.

A cable at Taku delayed the landing of the American artillery and cavalry. Two battalions of the Ninth and one of the Fourteenth infantry and the American marines have had orders to join in the advance.