HERE IS A LAND SHIP.

IT IS A GREAT THING FOR EXPLORING AFRICAN WILDS.

It Will Be Made to Travel Over Land and Through Water—Forests, Jungles and Mountains Will Offer No Obstructions—Details of Mr. Lemery's Plan.

Plans worthy of the authorship of Jules Verne have been undergoing a process of slow evolution in the brain of C. M. Lemery, of East Oakland, for nearly four years. He has completed working drawings of a quarry centered land ship, with which he proposes to roam through the undiscovered gold regions and the unexplored pinnacles and depths of Africa, discovering long lost deposits of rubies, the mines of Solomon's gilded shrine, gathering tons of precious ivory, revealing the unknown to books of travel and adventure, and generally winning wealth and fame if success shall reward his hopes.

His land ship is a big car of aluminum, strong and light, which is to climb mountains, jut over bogs, travel through forests and over plains, and like a duck plunge from the banks of rivers and lakes right into the water and speed underneath its capacious shores. The contrivance would be at once the home, fort, vehicle, means of transportation and traveling storehouse of the exploring party.

It is not the first attempt to combine a steam road engine and steamboat, yet the application appears to be an original one with Mr. Lemery.

Mr. Lemery seems to be neither an enthusiast nor an adventurer. He has no particular ambition to be a great explorer, and the whole thing is to him a business proposition. He is a quiet mannered man, thirty-one years old, and is a machinist and engineer by trade. He has been on the Pacific coast three years and during four years of that time was in business at Iron, Nev. He has spent a good deal of time prospecting for gold, and as a pastime he spent a good deal of time exploring the Sierra Madre mountains in Mexico.

About four years ago he became impressed with the idea that the Dark Continent, was the one remaining new country where a poor man could get rich easily, and the idea has clung to him ever since. He thought that there was plenty of gold in African mountains forgotten or yet undiscovered, and he believes so yet.

He wanted to go there to prospect for mines, and in planning how he could travel long distances through an almost unknown country the idea of a steam engine to travel on land early occurred to him.

As strength and lightness are requisites Mr. Lemery proposed to build the land ship almost entirely of aluminum, which weighs but one-third as much as iron, but steel weighs about 475 pounds to the cubic foot. The cylinders of the engine would be of steel and most of the fittings and furniture inside of wood. The body of the land ship as planned is 30 feet long, 12 feet wide and 7 feet high.

It is to be made of aluminum plates one-fourth of an inch thick for the lower half and one-sixteenth of an inch thick for the upper half of the cabs and the roof. In the rear end is a large space for wood, which can be cut and hoisted anywhere, and the boiler stands over the center.

At the forward end are two twenty foot home power cylinders working a shaft which bears a wheel outside the car at each end. By an endless chain the motion of this wheel is transmitted to a larger one between the two main wheels, fourteen feet in diameter, which are driven by means of chains passing over the driving wheel between them. The main wheels are built like a bicycle wheel, the spokes being aluminum rods one-fourth of an inch in diameter. The tires of the main wheels are eighteen inches in diameter. The large wheels have no axles connecting with the car.

The car rests on a shaft which passes through the driving wheels, and the main wheels are connected by a strong aluminum bar which supports the car and can revolve on the main shaft. The wheels could then go over logs without elevating the car much, and the end of the bars bearing the front main wheels can be hooked up readily, making a three wheeled car, easy to turn around. The front end of the car rests on a single wheel, which turns easily in any direction.

At the front end is a drum, on which 800 feet of cable, to pull the car if necessary, or to pull obstructions out of the way, can be wound by small engine for the purpose. The bottom of the car is a water tank, while another water compartment surrounds the cabs in the rear.

The interior is to provide living accommodations for twenty men. As a steamer the body of the car or land ship roomboat can be turned on a fulcrum or a screw scissoner. A lever connects a propeller shaft with the machinery, and as the land ship glides down into the water and begins to float, the propeller sends it onward over the glassy surface of some crystal lake, rippled only by the useful keppeskeel. If the water trip be long the land wheels can be taken off and laid on the roof.

When wood is to be cut the propeller is slipped off its shaft and a little wood can chews up fuel in no time. The engineer works the land ship from his pilot house in front. The whole car is planned to weight fifteen or twenty tons.

"You see," said Mr. Lemery, as he explained his drawings, "every part will be made so that it can be taken off easily. I would expect to make from three to twenty miles a day with it, according to the troubles one in clearing away. They would be great in a forest, but I would avoid forests.

"Attached to the land ship I would have another car just like this except that it would be made to carry, and in it I would take a three years' supply of provisions and ammunition. The expense of an army of orderly would be avoided. The car would be proof against the arrows of hostile natives, and in it we could defy thousands.

"Well, I haven't been able to figure closely on the cost of the ship yet, but I suppose one would cost about $20,000. I would like to get financial backing enough to build two of them and send them down to New York, and I ought to have $50,000. I would calculate on being gone five or six years. I would go mainly on prospect for gold. That country is full of it, I know. I don't know just where I would go to look for it. I would go to most any of the countries—perhaps the Mozambique or the Niger. Sir, I do not know whether they have been prospected or not, but I don't think so.

"Oh, yes, there's plenty of gold there. Where else did robbers get the gold? I would take a supply of cheap goods with me. I would take three or four native servants, a doctor, a man to write the book, a jeweler, and a mechanic to repair the jewels. There is ivory to be traded for in the interior, and ivory is worth six dollars a pound. I would carry tons of it. The book and the views would be worth a good deal of money."—San Francisco Chronicle.

Professor R. A. F. Penrose, Jr., of the Texas geological survey, says the Kaos of Greek mythology for the amalgamation of the black, partisans are not true. Some chemists are to be found in attendance at each Texas. Two companies are now engaged making gutters in Atascosa, in Hardeman county. The articles manufactured are fine brick, solar, sewer pipes, jars, etc. The clay of this county is of a light gray color, becoming almost white when dry. Epsom lies stays about near Jefferson, in Marion county, and near Rusk, in Cherokee county.

"GENESIS FIFTY-ONE."

A Spurious Chapter That Has Puzzled Biblical Scholars for Years.

For the past 300 or 400 years the following so called "Genesis Fifty-one" has been a puzzle to Biblical scholars, and today, were it had stood in any sacred company, it is questionable if its fraudulent nature would be discovered, so beautiful is the spirit and language of the Old Testament textbook. Below we give this unique fraud in full:

1. And it came to pass after these things Abraham sat in the door of his tent at about the going down of the sun.

2. And behold a man, bowed with age, came from the way of the wilderness, leaning on a staff.

3. And Abraham arose and met him and said unto him, Turn in, I pray thee, and wash thy feet, and tarry all night, and thou shalt arise early on the morrow and go thy way.

4. But the man said, Nay, for I will abide in the street this night.

5. And Abraham pressed him greatly, so he turned and they went into the tent, and Abraham broke unleavened bread, and they did eat.

6. And when Abraham saw that the man blessed not God, he said unto him, Wherefore dost thou not worship the most high God, maker of heaven and earth?

7. And the man answered and said, I do not worship the God thou speakest of, neither do I call upon his name, for I have made to myself a god which abideth always in my house and provideth me with all things.

8. And Abraham's anger was kindled against the man for what he had said, and he arose and drove him forth with blows into the wilderness.

9. And as midnight God called upon Abraham, saying, Abraham, where is the stranger that came by the way of the tent at the going down of the sun.

10. And Abraham answered and said, Lord, he would not worship thee, neither would he call upon thy name, therefore I have driven him out from before my face into the wilderness.

11. And God said, Have I not borne with him these hundred and ninety and eight years, and nourished him, and clothed him, notwithstanding he has rebelled against me? Couldst thou not, then, thyself bear with him one night?

12. And Abraham said, Let not the anger of my Lord waxe against his servant. Lo! I have sinned. Forgive me! Hang of thy head.

13. And Abraham arose and went forth into the wilderness and sought diligently for the man until he had found him and returned with him to his tent, and when he had entertained him kindly he said how away on the morrow with many gifts.

14. And God spake again unto Abraham, saying, for thou hast spoken against thy God shall be afflicted 400 years in a strange land.

15. Jehovah, for thy repentance, will I deliver them, and they shall come forth with power and with gladness of heart.

The authors of this pseudo Biblical curiosity it is unknown. It has been in the dark 300 years to a Peoples part, who ever say aye "I was so scared to me."—St. Louis Republic.

Governor Hoard on the Seashore.

Ex-Governor Hoard is one of the best story tellers in this country. On the trip to Gideon his land of stories seemed inexhaustible. One of them was this:

"I was down at a little obscurity in New Jersey last summer, and while dinner was called on to make a speech. I started off by saying that I had occasion many of their best work clean that I wasn't to the best out of practice to make a speech. When I used the expression 'you suck' there an old chap, sitting directly across the table leaned over, where there was long enough to enable him to cut one end of a cheese, smoothed it up, and then said, in a voice whisper, 'Little sick class, little workers jerks.' I got so rattled that I lost the interruption and finished my speech. When dinner was over he trailed me out into the yard and said, 'You are from Wisconsin, ain't you?'

"'Yes,' I replied.

"'You don't love many clean up there I reckon?'

"'Well,' I said, 'we have some, but it's a good ways to water, and in driving them across the country their fat get sore and they don't thrive very well.'

"He gave me a look that was worth a dollar and a half, and in a tone of the utmost disgust said, 'Lord! clean sick get no fat!'

"He turned away, and approaching one of my friends inquired, 'Is that fellow governor of Wisconsin?'

"'Yes,' said my friend.

"'Well,' drawled the old man, with a good deal of feeling, 'he may be a smart man in Wisconsin, but he is a fool on the numbers.'"—Chicago Tribune.

The Money Did It.

An Italian resident of this city tells the following incident of a countryman in his native land: Among devices employed to induce young men to enter upon a three years' regular service in the army is that of beginning to be dated and drawn. The man in question was successful in this deception than, though he was kept for three months among beating cannon and rifle reports, he never seen between the fact that he could hear either, and was allowed leave free. However, two months after he left him, and when he walked up the stone steps of his home some money was thrown down behind him. He immediately turned around to hearing the jingling of money, and he ran and picked off to serve eight years in the army, the five additional years being the penalty for his deception.—Portland Argus.

Carriage Travel on the Bridge.

The length of the carriage way on the Brooklyn bridge is 1,595 feet. The rates of carriages and other vehicles crossing amounts in a day to 4,000. From 8 to the evening until 8 of which next morning from 12 midnight to 5 morning. Then the number increases to 100 between 6 and 7, and 200 between 7 and 8, and to 300 in which hours between 8 in the morning and 4 in the afternoon. From 4 to 5 and from 5 to 6 the crush is greatest and reaches six an hour. Between 6 and 7 it falls to 200, and between 7 and 8 to 100, after which business again becomes dull. There are, of course, average figures, as the traffic varies according to the weather and the season which are taken into account. The average number of vehicles per hour is 4 in the afternoon and 4 in the afternoon and hour in night hours.—New York Sun.

No Reduction.

Mr. Brickbrogs—I have now been, Mr. Dunn, in your employ exactly three years. I have worked industriously, and have taken a lively interest in my work. My salary now is—

Mr. Dunn—Here we have, Mr. Brickbrogs, a little question on the same point. Your salary will not be reduced.—Jewelers' Circular.

A Good Way to Keep Fruit.

"How do you preserve peaches, Aunt Mandy?"

"Well, what lib' boys appears, we kiss the big boxes an' lib' pickers on the trees to all sorts of stuff, an' kill' sharp—"

Mrs. Unseen Comer is one of the new and professional women in New York who can hold the interest of a school full of boys. Her lectures on treatise life to these restless audiences, who seem to be interested before they will consent to be interested, are always with some fine fellow, dressed, bristling with moustaches, teapots and scales, and presently has the interest enthralled.

Bob Fitzsimmons.

Elphalet Dunnan, or "Uncle Lige," as he was familiarly called by his relatives and friends, possessed what he termed a "philosophic mind," which was found to be good every on many occasions. "What's the sense of worritin' over things that happened?" he used to say. "Just when you are cursed an' you'll wish after that they've got a job you kin dwell on an' take some comfort out o' it."

He had the usual number of disappointments and trials, but he was a "well to do" man, and some of his less fortunate neighbors said that "if they were as fortunate and as Uncle Lige he would come easier to some up under things."

He had lived in one house ever since his marriage, when a very young man, but when he was about sixty years of the old house was getting so dilapidated that he had a new one built on a lot of land which commanded a better view of the hills. He also built a new barn, which was well stocked with hay and grain. Much new furniture was bought, and Uncle Lige and his wife, who had now attained enough to, was to move over to the "new place" in October.

The latest September the Dunnan family, together with many friends, went to county fair, which was held quite or about miles away. Late in the afternoon a boy arrived at the fair and informed Uncle Lige that horrible news that his new barn had caught fire, nobody knew how, and the only neighbor who had stuck at home had spent an hour with buckets attempts to put out the flames.

When the Dunnan family arrived on the scene of what was to have been their new home in a week or two, the barn had been entirely destroyed and the house was rapidly burning.

The next morning a farmer driving down it pass the scene of the conflagration found Uncle Lige seated on the stone wall, in a thoughtful attitude. He turned round as the wagon came up and called out in a cheerful voice, "I've viewed my ruins, pesser."

"Well," said his friend, with some anger, "I've heard tell, Uncle Lige, of a man who was so philosophic that he could stand a stump in philosophic over this scene."

"Yes," drawled the affrighted Elphalet, "he more difficult to stand, but," he added, brightening a little, "it's all for the best, in course, an' then, I've see where a neighbor of mine, who is a mighty good man, wants speakin' of sarcastic-like, an' he knew I allus was a great hand to like things fitted up, without any shiftin' shadyin' or bad way work."—Youth's Companion.

Mrs. Hose and the Bear.

In the "History of Hinsdale," New Hampshire, it is related that Mr. Moses Hose set off with a friend on a bear hunt one autumn morning to be gone for the day. A little before sunset Mrs. Hose began her preparations for supper against the time of the hunters' return. It chanced early that few houses had rather unfavorable, but a good supply of wood was dressing and turned over during the winter with water in them. In the hole the woman's vegetables were stored.

Mrs. Hose loaded a pan of the low tarry pitch, and table for supper in the cellar only and gathered vegetables. The child entered, but soon ran in, saying that she had heard a noise in the lower and was afraid. Her mother assured her there was nothing to be afraid of, and sent her back, but the little girl soon returned with the news that when the mother said impatiently, "Well, you stay here, an' I'll go myself."

As Mrs. Hose reached the passage she heard the noise which had alarmed the child. Upon going nearer she espied a bear clinging to the boxes for cover.

The woman's courage rose, picking up an ax she ran, a bear ran back, "with a tail as long as yer arm," she said afterward, and came up with him just as he had begun the mischief. The bear fled.

Mrs. Hose was of Indian descent, of wiry, powerful muscle. She had alive a bear, and of the bear in the closing the door, and now, equal to the occasion, she dealt the bear a heavy blow with the axe, which broke his back, and he fell to the ground. She quickly dispatched him, dragged him to the house and dressed him.

When Mr. Hose and his comrade returned, the woman was cooking bear steaks for supper. They were super bounteous, and asked where she obtained the meat. She laid down, and called in her husband and friend to see the bear in the tree. I burned on, I did, and I killed him, I did, I did!"

The energetic woman had beaten the bear, which was nearly twice as big as her husband and who had entered without gave of any sort.

A Tutor Who Maintained His Dignity.

Dr. Chalmers always had a high sense of personal dignity. When a young man he was engaged as tutor in a private family. His young lady pupils were very fond of him, and the tutor finished his task alone with her daughters. In pony spins, when company was invited to the house, young Chalmers was taken out from the table and dinner was sent to his room.

He made no protest against the treatment, but when he was encamped on his tent the servant he had ordered a slice or a neighboring town and should need nothing. When this had been done a few times the servant ceased to wait on him, and he home called Chalmers to account for neglecting his family. Chalmers replied that he had been treated by housekeepers from the table. "You are a gentleman and a scholar and ever after held his place as one of the family in all social gatherings."—New York World.

Clean Money.

It must have been noticed by most people in this country that there has been a mania to handle money that the circulation of the bills is circulation, especially of the small denominations, is so rapid that it is almost impossible to keep them clean. A new bill is scarcely seen, soon soon are rent, and the public are forced to handle and carry upon the person bills of a class which is exceedingly worn, dirty, and sometimes.

The remedy for the present state of things is in the hands of the people, or for the people are represented by the banks. The treasury department is always ready to give clean bills or certificates for soiled ones, and offer to do so. The banks in turn to own contract with the express companies, by which bills can be sent to and from Washington at the nominal rate of twenty cents a thousand.—Springfield Republican.

Didn't Expect That "Mess."

The man is comparatively young, and naturally is very anxious to be regarded as a gentleman. Rather than family or society she had become infected with the belief that he had long wanted to propose but did not know how to begin about the subject. So one night she said, as she looked with her liquid eyes into his:

"Are you a mean player, Mr. Popper?"

"I know a little about the game," he replied. "But why do you ask?"

"Because it takes you so long to make a mess."

"Well, I do not care for a little mess," replied the hard student, displaying more knowledge of the game than she had bargained him capable of.—New York Herald.

A Cure for Cramps in the Stomach.

Albert Erwin, editor of the Leonard, Texas, Graphic, says: "For the cure of cramps in the stomach Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the best and most speedy I ever used." Many others who have tried it entertain the same opinion. 25c

"German Syrup"

A Cough and Croup Medicine.

For children a medicine should be absolutely reliable. A mother must be able to lay her faith to it as to her Bible. It must contain nothing violent, uncertain or dangerous. It must be standard in material and manufacture. It must be plain and simple to administer; easy and pleasant to take. The child must like it. It must be prompt in action, giving immediate relief, as children's troubles come quick, grow fast, and and fatally or otherwise in a very short time. It must not only relieve quick but bring them around quick, as children chafe and fret and spoil their constitutions by long confinement. It must do its work in moderate doses. A large quantity of medicine in a child is not desirable. It must not interfere with the child's appetite or general health. Those things can't stand as well as young folks, and make Boschee's German Syrup the favorite family medicine.

NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate of Catherine Allen Pippett, deceased.

Order appointing time and place for settlement of final account and to hear petition for distribution.

ON READING AND FILING THE PETITION of Adelia A. Pippett, administrator of the estate of Catherine Allen Pippett, deceased, praying for the settlement of the final account of said administrator upon said estate to be made, and that the time and place for the hearing of said account and petition for distribution of the residue of said estate among the persons thereunto entitled be fixed by the order of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that said petition should be heard at this time:

It is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased are hereby notified to appear before the court, at the court room of said court, in the City and County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah, on Saturday, the 11th day of July, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., and then and there show cause why an order should not be made for the distribution of the residue of said estate among the persons entitled thereto.

It is further ordered that the clerk cause notice of the order to be posted in three public places in said County of Salt Lake, to wit: In the Tribune Building, in the Salt Lake City Postoffice, and in the Probate Court room in said Salt Lake County, and published in the DESERET EVENING NEWS, a newspaper printed and published in said Salt Lake County, for three weeks successively next before the said day of July 1891.

Dated June 25th, 1891.

O. W. BARTCH, Probate Judge.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } ss.
County of Salt Lake, }

I, C. E. ALLEN, Clerk of the Probate Court in and for the County of Salt Lake, in the Territory of Utah, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of order appointing time and place for settlement of final account of Adelia A. Pippett, administrator of the estate of Catherine Allen Pippett, deceased, and petition for distribution of said estate, as appears of record in my office.

(SEAL.) C. E. ALLEN, Clerk of Probate Court.
By C. E. STANTON, Deputy Clerk. 27d

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate of George W. Piggott, deceased.

Order appointing time and place for settlement of final account and to hear petition for distribution.

ON READING AND FILING THE PETITION of Joseph E. Piggott, administrator of the estate of George W. Piggott, deceased, praying for the settlement of the final account of said administrator upon said estate to be made, and that the time and place for the hearing of said account and petition for distribution of the residue of said estate among the persons thereunto entitled be fixed by the order of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that said petition should be heard at this time:

It is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of the said George W. Piggott, deceased, are hereby notified to appear before the court, at the court room of said court, in the City and County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah, on Wednesday, the 8th day of July, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., and then and there show cause why an order should not be made for the distribution of the residue of said estate among the persons entitled thereto.

It is further ordered that the clerk cause notice of the order to be posted in three public places in said County of Salt Lake, to wit: In the Tribune Building, in the Salt Lake City Postoffice, and in the Probate Court room in said Salt Lake County, and published in the DESERET EVENING NEWS, a newspaper printed and published in said Salt Lake County, for three successive weeks next before the said day of July 1891.

Dated June 25th, 1891.

O. W. BARTCH, Probate Judge.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } ss.
County of Salt Lake, }

I, C. E. ALLEN, Clerk of the Probate Court in and for the County of Salt Lake, in the Territory of Utah, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of order appointing time and place for settlement of final account of Joseph E. Piggott, administrator of the estate of George W. Piggott, deceased, and petition for distribution of said estate, as appears of record in my office.

(SEAL.) C. E. ALLEN, Clerk of Probate Court.
By C. E. STANTON, Deputy Clerk. 27d

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Trust and Guardianship of Joseph L. R. Gibson, et al., Minors.

Order to show Cause why Order of Sale of Real Estate should not be made.

SARAH A. REYNOLDS, GRAHAM, THE Guardian and in charge of the estate of Joseph L. R. Gibson, C. Wilson R. Gibson, Sarah E. and Alice Gibson, Minors, having filed her petition herein, duly verified, praying for an order of sale of real estate belonging to said minors, for the purpose of paying the balance of the purchase money due on said estate, and for the reasons set forth in said petition, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that said petition should be heard at this time:

It is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said minors appear before the said Probate Court at Friday, the 24th day of July, and show cause why an order should not be made for the sale of said minors' interest in said real estate, and that a copy of this order be published in the DESERET EVENING NEWS, a newspaper published in said County of Salt Lake, for three successive weeks next before said day of hearing.

Dated at Salt Lake City, this 9th day of June, 1891.

O. W. BARTCH, Probate Judge.

By JOHN T. BURNS, Deputy. 40w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

The Deseret Savings Bank, a corporation, Plaintiff,
vs.
George E. Taylor, Hyrum Taylor, Thomas E. Taylor, Charles Taylor, Frank Anderson and Edward Taylor, Defendants.

Notice of Sale and Decree of Foreclosure and Sale.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale rendered and entered in the District Court of the Fourteenth Judicial District of the Territory of Utah, County of Salt Lake, on the twelfth day of June, A. D. 1891, in the above entitled action, wherein the Deseret Savings Bank, a corporation, is plaintiff, and George E. Taylor, Hyrum Taylor, Thomas E. Taylor, Charles Taylor, Frank Anderson and Edward Taylor, defendants, I, George Q. Cannon, Sheriff, by Joseph Jones, Deputy, Under Sheriff, in and for said County, do hereby give notice that I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for lawful money of the United States, at the hour of three, in the afternoon of the 11th day of July, 1891, at the south door of the Court House in said County, Territory of Utah, the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in said County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah, to wit:

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

Dated June 9th, 1891.

C. E. ALLEN, Clerk of the Probate Court.
By C. E. STANTON, Deputy Clerk. 40w

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate of Henry Bowden, deceased.

UPON READING AND FILING THE PETITION of Frank M. Bowden, praying for the settlement of the final account of said administrator, herein filed in the Court, and that the time and place for the hearing of the petition be fixed by the order of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that said petition should be heard at this time:

It is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased are hereby notified to appear before the court, at the court room of said court, in the City and County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah, on Saturday, the 11th day of July, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., and then and there show cause why an order should not be made for the distribution of the residue of said estate among the persons thereunto entitled.

It is further ordered that the clerk cause notice of the order to be posted in three public places in said County of Salt Lake, to wit: In the Tribune Building, in the Salt Lake City Postoffice, and in the Probate Court room in said Salt Lake County, and published in the DESERET EVENING NEWS, a newspaper printed and published in said Salt Lake County, for three successive weeks next before the said day of July 1891.

Dated June 25th, 1891.

O. W. BARTCH, Probate Judge.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } ss.
County of Salt Lake, }

I, C. E. ALLEN, Clerk of the Probate Court in and for the County of Salt Lake, in the Territory of Utah, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of order appointing time and place for settlement of final account of Henry Bowden, deceased, and petition for distribution of said estate, as appears of record in my office.

(SEAL.) C. E. ALLEN, Clerk of Probate Court.
By C. E. STANTON, Deputy. 40w

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT IN pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah, in the matter of the estate of Ann Eliza Young, deceased, the undersigned, John T. Burns, administrator of said estate, will sell at private sale to the highest bidder, the real estate in the possession of said Probate Court, on or after the 10th day of July, A. D. 1891, at the hour of one o'clock p. m. of that day, at the south door of the Court House, Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in said County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah, to wit:

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614