the question at rest as to whether Utah soils are particularly adapted to raising beets containing sufficient saccharine to make the industry profitable.

For the purpose of stimulating good cultivation and encouraging the farmers who are raising sugar beets this year, the Utah Sugar company will award the following prizes:

First, a prize of \$100.00 to the best piece of five acres or more.

Second, a prize of \$75.00 to the best piece of three acres or more up to five.

Third, a prize of \$50.00 to the best piece of one acre or more up to three.

No prize will be given on any piece of less nan one acre; and no two or more pieces can be considered as one which are in any manner separate from each other, or were planted at different times.

Only one prize will be given to any one farmer. The land which is being cultivated by the Sugar company is excluded from this competition, and all the above prizes will be given in cash to the farmers who shall produce the most sugar on the above described pieces of beets. It should be an inducement to all beet raisers to give their crops the most thorough and careful cultivation they possibly can so as to increase both the yield in tons and the percentage of sugar.

The heaviest yields in tons may not necessarily takes these prizes, for there may be a corresponding piece of less tonnage, in which the percentage of sugar contained in the beets may be so much higher that the amount of sugar realized would be more than that in the piece having the larger tonnage.

SENATOR CULLOM IN 1892.

THE rumor is spreading abroad that Senator Cullom's name will be heard at the Republican national convention in 1892, as one who will accept the presidential nomination if it should be tendered.

The Senator's little boom has not been on long, but it is taking ground with astonishing rapidity. It would be difficult to determine now how strong a candidate Mr. Cullom would make, but much to his favor it may be said that whether his numerous reviewers are friends or enemies, they respect his prospects as a possible candidate sufficiently to be always the Republican national committee, civil and usually complimentary. Taking his record for a guide, his party would at least have no occasion to be ashamed of such a man in the White more beheld Mr. Quay's name in scare from boyhood, and we believe his Evening Post, and numerous other

where they would do the most good, have been earnest and conscientious.

His experience as a politician, a lawyerand a lawmaker began very early in life. He studied in the same law office with Lincoln, and about the same time that Lincoln was made President of the United States Cullom was elected Speaker of the Illinois Legislature. He went to Congress in 1865 and served three terms. He was then re-elected to the State Legislature, and in 1876 was made governor of Illinois, in which capacity he served till elected to the Senate of the United States in 1883.

His career in Congress has been active and strong. Whatever failings he may-possess as a statesman, feebleness is not one of them. We do not think his nomination probable, but his name is mentioned as a probable candidate with anything but derision.

RESPECTS TO MATT. S. QUAY.

THE Republicans of Pennsylvania are showing signs of a very radical disagreement on the merits and demerits of Hon. Matthew Stanley Quay. A few of the leaders have evidently been rankling for some time under what they bluntly term the "corruption" of Mr. Quay's party management. They have been considering the charges of dishonorable conduct made against him by Democratic newspapers, and, without saying so in direct terms, plainly intimate that his denial of them in the Senate was no denial at all.

They are also not satisfied with his methods as a party leader, referring particularly to his political work in Pennsylvania, whose revolt against the party last November they attribute directly to him.

The charges of corruption which they bring against him are unqualified, and are accompanied with an emphatic demand for his retirement from Pennaylvania politica.

We notice that among the signers to the document are some of the leading ministers and others more or less familiar in the affairs of the State. The paper is addressed to the citizens of Pennsylvania and was made public yesterday morning. Coming out at this late day, after the State Republican convention has formally approved of Mr. Quay's labors as chairman of the address bears a strong flavor, if not the substance of a sensation.

People who for twelve months or House. He has been a hard worker headlines in the New York World, the endeavors, though not always bestowed organs of similar repute, and noticed, Henry Smith."

the multifarious frauds and crimes which these papers associated with his record, have been watching a long time for a protest from the moral element of his party, and now that the fight has begun there is liable to follow some vigorous skirmishing.

Mr. Quay has shown himself to be an exceedingly astute politician and shrewd leader, and it will require some heavy maneuvering to rout him.

THEY HAVE NEITHER TRUTH NOR SHAME.

ON TUESDAY, June 80th, the "Liberal" organ of this city, in its leading editorial, made some statements which we did not intend to refer to and would not now, but for the reiteration of the original assertions in face of continuat proofsof their falsity. The drift of the article was to draw back the Democrata and Republicans who have thrown off the "Liberal" yoke, and to deter others from breaking away from its thraldom, With these objects evidently in view the "Liberal" organ said:

"It begins to look as though, after all, there would be no Republican and Demo-eratic ticket in the field this year, as was confidently predicted two weeks ago, but as though the People's party would just simply run under the name of the unter. rified Democracy." "Certain it is that John Henry Smith

has had a recall. It is pretty lough, after has had a recall. It is pretty lough, after he started out to be an evangelist for the Republican party, to have his wings clipped in a single fortnight." "To the Liberals, who have been lured away by the promise, that one of a little continue this of grading The Tryburg

position, this of spoils. The Tribune wishes to say that the doors are open that they can come back." The Tribune

"We know whereof we speak. We know that Apostle John Henry has been called to account, and in that call the whole business is given away, and that is, that the priesthood of the Church manipulated this thing from the first, and they are holding the same iron hand on the rein that they have through all the half century that has just closed.

We did not consider it necessary to make any denial of these reckless assertions, because we supposed that the reports which are published, nearly every day, of meetings in which John Henry Smith has been discussing political iseu es from я Republican standpoint would be sufficient refutation, and would silence even the shameless scribes of the "Lib. eral" organ of falsehood.

But they continue to repeat their un. truths for which there is not the slightest foundation in fact, and, that too, in spite of the well-known public labors of Mr. Smith which have been continued without cessation.

Two days after the foregoing "recall" was announced, by the Tribune, it published a notice of "a grand Republican rally at Heber City at an early date to be addressed by Apostle Johu