MONDAY, APRIL 30, 1900, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

NUMBER 138.

INEXPECTED TURN IN ROBERTS' TRIAL

the Case is Submitted to the Jury, by Stipulation, Upon an Agreed Statement of Facts.

nomeys Do Not, However, Admit That All the Allegations in the Statement are True, but That the Witnesses Would so Testify if Called to the Stand-Great Care Exercised in Securing a Jury-Examination as to Their Belief With Reference to Plural Marriage-Both Sides Exercise Peremptory Challenges-A Great Deal of Interest Manifested in the Proceedings-Charles Mostyn Owen Much in Evidence.

ent. "Suppose," said Mr. Putham, "that the Church should withdraw the manifesto, the law remaining the same, would your belief in the doctrine of plural marriage, also change?"

"I would abide by the law of the land."

"And would you believe in the en-forcement of the law of the land in the conviction and punishment of those who violated it?"

"Now in the trial of a man who took his wives prior to 1880, and has since associated with them and held them out to the world as his wives, would you convict?"

"Have you any sympathy with this

"No more than I would have for any man who comes up for trial."
"Would you hesitate to bring in a ver-dlet of guilty through fear of criticism, social ostracism or loss of business?"
"Not at all."

PASSED FOR CAUSE.

W. F. Hills stated that he did not belong to any church at all. He had no bias for or against the defendant. It it were shown that the defendant, having taken his wives prior to 1830; had since associated with his wives and held them out to the world as such, and if the court ruled that this constituted the offense charged, he would find the defendant guilty. Hr. Hills was passed for cause.

John H. Thorn stated that he was not at present a member in standing in the "Mormon" Church but had been raised in it. He had never had a be-

a state of facts constituted the offense.
Robert Craham stated that he had
been a member of the "Mormon"
Church, but never believed in the doc-

trine of piural marriage and would find the defendant guilty, under the state of facts outlined to the other jurors.

EFFECT OF THE MANIFESTO.

William Jenkins said he was a mem

William Jensins said he was a member of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, and formerly believed in the rightfulness of plural marriage prior to the manifesto. Since

then he believed in obeying the law of the land. Prior to that time he believed the law to be unconstitutional, and in his right to judge of that question. The belief he had held regarding polygamy might have some effect on his mind when it came to make up a verdict.

"Have you sympathy for the defend-nt?" asked Mr. Putham.
"I have," frankly answered the juror,

"And you have some prejudic against the presecution of their case?

Mr. Putnam-We challenge the juror

Mr. Moyle-We resist it because his bias, if any is not shown to exist with

reference to the actual state of facts in

The Court—Could you try this case fairly and impartially, without regard to your opinions.

The Juror—I think I could.

"You have stated that you had cer-tain beliefs with reference to this case,

Mr. Moyle said he understood the ju-

or had a sympathy for the defendant

but that it would not influence his ver-

"I think under the statute," said the

court, "that this is a competent ju-

Mr. Jenkins was finally passed for

John F. Edwards stated that he had

never believed in the practice of poly-

asked Mr. Putnam. "I hardly know how to answer that.

bother officers with taking up such a case. Still my judgment is that I could

try the case fairly and impartially.

PEREMPTORY CHALLENGES.

Mr. Spencer passed a satisfactor; examination and the court announced

that peremptory challenges were in or

The State excused Wm. Jenkins and

Wm. H. Derr and the defense excused

The second call brought into the bea

MR, THORUP'S BELIEF.

Putnam, "I have," replied the juror,

Mr. Thorup said he knew the defend-

THE SECOND CALL

W. F. Hills.

DISLIKED THE METHODS.

I have

believed in obeying the law

I would.

Passed for cause.

but Graham, John H. Thorn, John one time believed in the rightfulness of plural marriage, but did not at presgivards, John Spencer, Joseph t William Hart, Jr., C. E. Stokes, of Allen, Jr.

use are the persons sworn to try ts of B. H. Roberts, use of B. H. Roberts, charged unhavful cohabitation, took an acted turn this afternoon.

he spending the entire morning s in securing the eight jurors, my Alterney Putnam this aftermounced that by stipulation, the case would be submitted on an d statement of facts, constituting the witnesses Would testify to if

den the stand. BAT INTEREST MANIFESTED. sitendance in court this mornwas unusually large, and speciamemenced to come early. Groups iles were among the first arrivals, s the jurors filtered in slowly, and g sais, discussed the probability other continuance. As the wit-

with exception of Dr. Luclia were not present, the general was that the case would go over

BARLES MOSTYN ON HAND. is Mosiyn Owen was on hand ord occupied a seat at the press king copious notes for his own writing others which he by purred with pleasure. On occasion, the attorney for the mentioned Mr. Owen by name, s gave the gentleman intense

tamination of jurers, usually a more or less formal proceeding, rinteresting in this case, and stions asked have not been a court room for many years. tions being of a most searching

slings of the court were uniand the entire proceeding

these directly interested to en-edefendant took a sent behind may, and while watching the has carefully, apparently saw

tery challenges were freely exby both sides in the effort to ir and impartial jury. toam was assisted by Ray Van oughout the day.

BOTH SIDES READY. on as the balliff announced that It was in session Judge Norrell the case set for this morning is the State against B. H. Roberts. Putnam-We are ready, your

Morie-We are ready. Court-Let the jury be called.

JURORS CALLED. first call brought into the hox John F. Edwards, John Spen-

ph Knight, Wm. H. Derr and mam briefly outlined the case that Mr. Roberts was charged aformation with unlawfully coon Jan. 1st, 1897, and at divers

Sarah L. Roberts and Mar-Putnam and after-

ABANDONDD HIS BELIEF, night stated that he had lived Roberts personally. gamy, although he had been connected with the Church.

"Have you any prejudice or feelings at this time against the prosecution?"

in the rightfulness of te of the maniben I have believed in

Sometimes I have such a feeling and sometimes not, I have thought of the methods in bringing about the prosecution and didn't think I would want to atill believe in the rightfulin it as a practice, the manifesto," d it was prohibited by manifesto?"

eved the law to be un-at least I had a doubt was constitutional af-I believe it was conof a man who married prior to the manifesto continued to hold them

ut not simply because a ire of his wives and pro-Raiph Sharkey, H. O. Beatle and Wm S. Hisely. All were disqualified through that he had taken those

prior to 1890 would not affect having formed and expressed opinions, and were excused. The box was then filled up by John T. Thorup, C. M. Hammond and Chas. you any prejudice against t not " of this class of cases?"

Von formed any opinion reant somewhat, but did not know any-thing about the facts in the case.

"Have you any religious belief in the rightfulness of polygamy?" asked Mr.

is passed for cause.

A HYPOTHETICAL QUESTION. Amiam H. Derr stated that he had at "Have you that belief at the present Yes sir."

"Have you any prejudice against the enforcement of this statute prohibiting unlawful cohabitation so called?"

"Would that prevent you from finding a verdict of guilty in a case like this?"
"I think it would."
"You could not act with entire impartiality?"
"No atr"

"No, sir."
The challenge was not resisted as to

Mr. Thorup. Charles H. Jenkins had a fixed opin-

Charles H. Jenkins had for any was excused.

C. M. Hammond was passed for cause, but was challenged peremptorily by the defense and excused.

Geo. M. Griswold, Wm. Hart, Jr., and Deal Globes were next called. Mr. Paul Stokes were next called. Mr. Griswold stated that he had formed and expressed an unqualified opinion as to the defendant's guilt or innocence, and

was excused for cause.

Mesars. Hart and Stokes were sworn, making seven jurors sworn to try the case, when court adjourned until 2 p.

In the afternoon Samuel Allen, Jr. In the afternoon Samuel Allen, or, was called and his examination was satisfactory to both sides. He believed that unlawful cohabitation was wrong, but had no prejudice either for or against the defendant and could give him a fair and impartial triat. Mr. Allen was sworn and completed the

panel.

The information was then read by the

SUBMITTED ON A STATEMENT. Mr. Putnam then addressed the jury, stating that this case would be sub-mitted to them upon an agreed state-ment of facts. There would be no witnesses called by either side.

THE STATEMENT.

THE STATEMENT.

He then proceeded to read the statement which set out that the defendant's legal wife was Sarah L. Roberts, who resided in Davis county; that Dr. Margaret Shipp Roberts resided at 75 North State street; that in 1897 she changed her signature from "Dr. Margaret C. Shipp" to "Dr. Margaret C. Roberts," that in 1897, Dr. Luella Miles was introduced by Mrs. Dr. Roberts to Mr. Roberts, the latter entering the house without knocking; that in June, 1898, J. R. Letcher called at Mr. Roberts' office to see him and was directed to Dr. Roberts' home, where he found the defendant in bed, eating, he having undergone an operation, and that defendant introduced Dr. M. C. Roberts as his wife; that Dr. Margaret Shipp Roberts was introduced to parties by the defendant as his wife in the presence of Mrs. Maria McDougal; that in 1897, at a large political gathering at Saltair, the defendant and Dr. Margaret C. Roberts were present together; that B. H. Roberts introduced Dr. Margaret Shipp Roberts to Dr. Wishard as his wife; that the defendant admitted to E. A. McDaniel that he had three families; that the defendant had been seen frequently at the home of Dr. Margaret Shipp Roberts, going in and coming out.

MRS. GEN. WILSON STEPS ON A MATCH

in the "Mormon" Church but had been raised in it. He had never had a belief in the rightfulness of plural marriage, and believed in obeying the law. He would convict a man of unlawful cohobitation if the evidence proved that he had been living with more than one woman as his wives and holding them out to the world as such, provided the court instructed that such a state of facts constituted the offense. Havana, April 30,-Matanzas City is in mourning over the death of Mrs. Wilson, the wife of Major General James H. Wilson, military governor of the department of Matanzas and Santa Clara, who dled Saturday from the effects of burns received that day by her dress eatching fire from a match on which she had stepped,

Mrs. Wilson had become endeared to all classes of the community and her death has brought forth expressions of sympathy not only from the residents of Matanzas but from people throughout the Island, who have telegraphed condolences and expressions of sympathy to Gen. Wilson and his bereaved

It apears that Mrs. Wilson, accompanied by her daughter, was taking her daity drive in a light wagon when the accident occurred. About ten minutes after she had started it was discovered her dress was on fire and it was pre-sumed that she had trod on a match which had ignited her clothing. The driver immediately stopped the vehicle and with the aid of Mrs. Wilson's daughter, did everything possible to ex-tinguish the flames, but she was badly burned before this could be effected. drs. Wilson was taken home suffering

Wilson, who was at his office, was immediately notified and hastened to the side of his wife. Doctors were summoned immediately, but the burns and she expired after five hours of suf-

The body has been embalmed and Gen. Wilson and his two daughters and his aides will accompany it north Tuesday on board the United States trans-port Buford. The interment will take place at Wilmington, Delaware.

tain bedels with reference to this case, and that they are with you now. I will now put this question to you. Will these opinions and beliefs influence you either one way or the other, in any degree, in the trial of this case?"

"No str." THE KENTUCKY MUDDLE. Case on in Washington-The Frank fort Trial Going On.

Washington, April 20,-The argument in the Kentucky governorship case was begun in the United States Supreme court today. The first presentation was made on behalf of Governor Taylor by Attorney Helm Bruce.

Frankfort, Ky., April 20.—United States Governor Brown, Attorney Sims and all the attorneys for those now under arrest charged with the murder of William Goebel, arrived here today, but the motions for ball and change of venue cannot be taken up until afteron, as court will not convene until 2

Governor Taylor remained in Louisville to confer with party leaders.

ABOUT SYMPATHY FOR THE BOERS.

Washington, April 30.-By a vote of 20 to 29, the Senate refused to consider the resolution of sympathy with the Boers. The detailed vote was as fol-

Yeas-Allen, Bate, Berry, Chandler, Clay, Hale, Harris, Heitfeld, Hoar, Jones (Ark.), Kenny, McCumber, Mc-Enery, Martin, Mason, Pettigrew, Ross, Teller, Turner, Vest-20.

Nays-Aldrich, Allison, Bard, Charter, Clark (Wyo.), Davis, Fairbanks, Foster, Frye, Gallinger, Gear, Hawley, Jones (Nev.), Kean, Lodge, McComas, Morgnn. Nelson. Penrose, Perkins, Pettus, Platt (Conn.), Platt (N. Y.), Sewell, Shoup, Stewart, Sullivan, Warren, Wol-

BOER ARMIES TAKE A FRESH CRIP.

Occupy Stronger Positions.

Mafeking Holding On - 677 British Troops Sent Home-Betting Native Indians to Help in South Africa.

fAfternoon Dispatches.1

London, April 30, 3:50 p. m .- The latest news received from the Orange Free State Indicates that though the Boers have vacated Thaba N'Chu they have only done so in order to occupy stronger positions. On Sunday, April 23th, Gen. Dewet made an effort to turn French's eastern flank which was only folled by the cavalry after vigorous maneuvering,

The Hoers hold the ridges to the eastward, whence they will probably fall back when the pressure of superior numbers increases. The British casualties sustained dur-ing the Thaba N'Chu fighting were

Gen. French's object, now that all chances of catching the unain body of the burghers has disappeared, is to harass the Boers and prevent any well

harass the lines of organized retreat.

From Elera, Portuguese East Africa, under date of Monday, April 23rd, comes the news of the arrival there of a the news of the arrival there of a Canadian 12-pounder battery. It is added that Gen. Frederick Carrington who is to command the British troops going to Rhodesia, has been cordially welcomed by the Portuguese officials and that he had reviewed the Portu-

Capetown reports say Dr. Jameson has recovered from the severe attack of fever from which he has been suffering, and he is mentioned as a can-didate for one of the scats in the Cape succession to Dr. Frederic Rutherford

The agent of Julius Weil at Mafeking wrote, under date of April 12th, most cheerfully, saying everything was satisfactory. He added that the Boer guns were firing heavily into the town, and that a determined attack had been appropriate on the repulsed without casualties on the British side.

British side.

A conception of the continuous ravages of the war can be gathered from a Capetown dispatch dated today, briefly announcing the arrival from Natal of twenty-five officers and 252 men invalided home, and the sailing of the Auranian for England with 400 sick and wounded soldiers. Endeavors are being made to remedy the re-mount question are min dispatch announcing that 500 experienced native horse keepers 150 shoesmiths, and fifty veterinary officers have been drawn from India for service in South Africa.

Chief Johnson Resigns.

Washington, April 30 .- Claude M. Johnson, chief of the bureau of en-graving and printing, has tendered his resignation to Secretary Gage.

WORRYING OVER POLYGAMY. Proposition to Amend the Constitution Again in the House.

Washington, April 30.-In the House today Mr. Corliss, (Mich.) chairman of the committee on election of President, Vice President and representatives in Congress, called up the joint resolution for a constitutional amendment to disqualify polygamists for election as senators and representatives, and prohibiting polygamy and polygamous chabitation between the sexes.

After a short debate it was referred to the committee on Judiciary,

Panama Concession Extended. Panama, April 30 -- A dispatch to the

Star and Hersld from Bogota today an-nounces that the Panama canal comconcession has been extended for six years commencing in April,

FLEE FROM HOMES IN COLORADO.

Denver, Colo., April 39.-The storm of the past thirty-six hours in Denver and the surrounding country has been exactly the same as the two previous spells of bad weather this month-a steady downpour along the eastern slope of the Rockies for hundreds of miles, with the storm center apparently at Denver.

The precipitation here for the twentynine days of April has been more than eight inches, six inches in excess of normal. Denver has received so far this year a precipitation of 9.20 inches, ap proximately as much as was received during the entire year of 1899. April's rain fall alone is almost equal to the quantity that fell during the entire year of 1899.

year of 1899.

Apprehensions are again felt regarding the safety of Castlewood dam at the head of Cherry creek, thirty miles from Denver. The dam holds back 2,000,000,000 gallons of water and should it be let loose it would cause great property damage and probably some loss of life.

Owing to an unfounded report that

Owing to an unfounded report that the dam had broken, ranchmen, dairythen and others living along the creek fled from their homes last night. The Platte river in this city is thirty been for eight years. Many people living in the river bot-toms have been forced to leave their homes but so far no loss of life is re-

With the Transatlantic Liners. New York, April 30 .- Arrived: Boyle

from Liverpool. Liverpool, April 30.—Arrived: Georgie, New York. New York.
Hamburg, April 30.—Arrived: Deutchsland, New York.
Antwerp, April 30.—Arrived: Westernland, New York.
New York, April 30.—Arrived: City of Rome, from Greenock and Moville.

WIPED OUT THE TOWN OF AMES

Wisconsin and Michigan.

Special Trains in the Work-Heroic Task to save the Town of Pisher -More Danger Ahead.

[Afternoon Dispatches.] Marinette, Wis., April 20.-Forest fires raged furiously north of Fisher, Mich., along the right of way of the Wisconsin and Michigan rallway Sat-

urday and Sunday. The property

damage will be large. The town of

Ames, Mich., was practically wiped out, entalling a loss of \$30,000 or more. Considerable cedar stock at Nathan, With, was also destroyed. The Wisconsin and Michigan ran a special train up the line Sunday to rescue the fire stricken people in the small villages along the road. All the inhabitants

of the towns of Ames and Nathan were

taken to Pembina for safety. It is said the Wisconsin and Michigan passenger which left here last night was unable to get further north than Fisher.

At the latter place only a heroic resistance saved the town.

Perest fires are burning everywhere north of here and further damage will result unless there is rain. The countries of the countries try is very dry and the fires spread

Fires are said to be burning along the right of way of the Milwaukee road north of Ellis Junction.

Further reports are to the effect that the forest fires are spreading and great concern is felt for all towns north.

Nothing definite is known concerning the towns along the Wisconsin and Michigan road, but the danger to all of them is increasing. them is increasing.
A report from Ellis Junction says the fire is spreading.

Iron Mountain, Mich., April 30 .- A big fier is raging at Niagara, Wis., sixty miles north of here, and assistance has been asked. The town is in the region of the forest fires.

ADMIRAL DEWEY IS IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 20 .- Amid the booming t cannon and the cheers of hundreds of people, Admiral George Dewey arrived in Chicago today. For the next three days he will be the guest of this city, and the program for his entertainment will take up nearly every moment until his departure, Tuesday morning, for Jacksonville, Ills.

The special train bearing the admiral and Mrs. Dewey, Lieut, Caldwell, his secretary, and Lieut, Crawford, was met near South Chicago by a special train carrying the general executive committee of the Dewey celebration and ncluding Mayor Harrison, Hon. Charles Plamondon and the admiral's son, George Goodwin Dewey.

The admiral's train arrived at the Grand Central depot, Pifth Avenue and Harrison streets, six minutes ahead of Harrison streets, six minutes ahead of schedule time, II o'clock. A strong platoon of police had been stationed at the platform gates, and the immense crowd which had congregated in the streets surrounding the station and had packed almost to suffocation the big depot building itself was not allowed to go inside the train shed. The moment the white moustached analyse was the white moustached naval hero was seen, a roar of cheers went up from the fortunate ones inside the station and was quickly taken up by the thousands in the streets. Escorted by the members of the general executive committee, Admirai Dewey and Lleuts, Caldwell and Crawford proceeded down the long platform and mounted the steps leading to the driveway, where carriages were in waiting.

Mrs. Dewey, who was somewhat fatigued after the long journey from Washington, did not accompany Ad-miral Dewey on his ride through the downtown streets, but accompanied by the special committee of the woman's reception committee, Mrs. Byron Lath-rop, Mrs. Carter H. Harrison and Mrs. Charles A. Plamondon, went direct to the Annex, where she rested until the arrival of Admiral Dewey, Leaving the Grand Central station, the order of the escort to Admiral

Plateon of police.

Major B. F. Alsip and staff, com-

First Cavalry I. N. G. Guard of honor, Illinois naval reserve. Carriage containing Admiral Dewey, Mayor Harrison and Charles A. Pla-Carriages containing Lieut. Caldwell,

Lieut. Crawford and members of the Chicago committee. HAWAH IS A TERRITORY. President Affixes His Signature to

the Bill Today. Washington, April 30.—The President signed the Hawaiian bill at 12:40 to-

UNEASY IN DUBLIN. Possible Conspiracy in Regard to

Blowing Up the Welland Canal. London, April 30.-Reports come from

Dublin of considerable uneasiness in he circles there with which Nolan, Walsh and Rowan, the three men ar rested in Canada in connection with the blowing up of the lock on the Welland Canal, near Thorold, Ont., on the aven-ing of April 21, are alleged to be connected, and the authorities anticipate some hasty departures from the city, It is said John Nolan had previously en arrested for complicity in the Ex change court explosion, near Dublin Castle. Notan, Walsh, Rowan and John Merna, salied for Philadelphia in No-vember. It is now suggested Merna, had been "removed" by his companions. It is further alleged that if Nolan and the others are convicted light will be thrown on several noted crimes.

ENGLISH WOMEN ARE A TERROR.

Plague Than Flies.

BRITISH ARE ATBIERA, P.E.A. RESCUING THE INHABITANTS | WORRYING SOUTH AFRICA.

Stinging Rebuke to the "Smart" Women Who Go to the Cape as Nurses.

New York, April 30 .- A dispatch to the World from London says:

Frederick Treves, the famous surgeon who has just returned from the war, was entertained together with Sir William McCormack at a ball at the Reform club Saturday night, presided over by Lord Rosebery. Mr. Treves took occasion to administer a stinging rebuke to the "smart" women suffering from khaki fever, who have gone as

alleged nurses to the front, He said: "So far as the sick are concerned, there are only two plagues in South Africa-the plague of files and the

Africa—the plague of files and the plague of women.

The files we get rid of by horse hair wisps and other appliances, and the files at least depart at night.

"Rut the women are absolutely and really a terror. They came out in the guise of amateur nurses, after having exhausted every other form of excitement.

Considering that we are engaged in a war the number of well-dressed ladies at Cupetown and elsewhere giv-ing picnics is a blot on the campaign."

D. WOLSTENHOLME WINS EQUITY SUIT

The Supreme court handed down a decision today in the case of C. E. Thum, receiver of Bunting & Co., bankers, of Blackfoot, Idaho, vs Daniel Wolstenholme, appellant, reversing the judgment of the Third district court, Ogden Hiles, judge.

Three opinions were written in the case. The opinion of the court was written by Justice Miner, Justice Baskin writing a special concurring opin-ion, and Chief Justice Bartch dissent-

Action was brought by the plaintiff Thum to recover from the defendant Wolstenholme the sum of \$50,000 alleged to have been held and acquired as trustee from the bank of C. Bunting & Co., a corporation organized under the laws of Utah, but doing business

In his lifetime Charles Bunting, who was president of the banking concern and brother-in-law to Wolstenholme,on and brother-in-law to Wolstenholme, on November 23, 1894, insured his life in the New York Life Insurance company for \$50,000. In payment of the first premium amounting to \$1,500 he executed his note due July 1, 1895. This note was delivered to W. C. Fritter, general agent of the insurance company, who endorsed the same to the First National Bank of Pocatello, Upon the maturity of the note it was pre-sented to C. Bunting & Co. and paid Bunting's account with the bank was charged with the amount, as also were two other premiums of \$1,805 each.
The weight of the testimony, though,

as there was a conflict, showed Bunting had no money in the bank at the time the note and two premiums were paid. The complaint did not allege his insolvency but accused him of fraud in that he caused the money to be paid when he had no money of his own described. posited in the bank, and had no credit there upon which he could draw, or which he was authorized to use in the payment of his own personal debts. Bunting died on May 16, 1897, and be-fore his death he assigned the insurance policy, without considedration, to Wolstenholme, who received the amount it called for. The plaintiff, who was appointed receiver on February 21, 1898, claimed that from these state of facts there arose a constructive trust in favor of C. Bunting & Co., by virtue of which it was entitled to the \$50,000 paid on the policy. The bank falled for \$150,000 and Judge Hiles held that the amount of the policy belonged to the depositors and creditors. From this judgment the defendant Wolstenholme appealed.

The Supreme court holds that by giving the \$1,500 note to Fritter, who sold the same, and by paying the balance of the first premium and receiving the policy. Bunting acquired the legal title to the policy and its proceeds, and no subsequent payments of premlum, maturing thereafter, by him out of the funds of C. Bunting & Co., could create a trust in favor of the bank or its receiver. The court holds that the bank has an equitable lien for the amount of \$3.610, representing the two premiums, and orders Woistenholme to pay the bank that sum with legal interest; but the \$1.500 advanced by the bank on the rote the court research. bank on the note the court refuses to allow, on the ground that it was of no legal benefit to Bunting, and no equit-able lien or trust could arise from its payment. It is then ordered that findings and

decree be entered in accordance with Justice Baskin in a separate opinion concurs in the conclusion and judgment of Justice Miner. Chief Justice Bartch, however, has a lengthy dissenting opinon, but had not filed the same up to a

Suit on a Note.

late hour this afternoon.

Mary Morris filed a suit against Jeffrey Hodgson, Salt Lake county, et al, today to recover \$300 on a certain promissory note, secured by mortgage. The note was made in favor of Nellie Wall and assigned to plaintiff. The county and other defendants claim an interest in the premisers and all leaves. interest in the premises, and plainting asks for a sale of the property and that the interest of the other defend-ants be declared inferior and subsequent to her mortgage deed.

Prest. McKinley Ill.

Washington, April 30 .- President Mc-Kinley is suffering from a cold con-tracted on the trip to Canton. He la doing as much work as ever, but to his visitors it is apparent that he is considerably indisposed.

BIG JUMP IN RYE FLOUR COMING.

Vacated Thaba N'Chu Only to Furious Forest Fires Raging in Dr. Treves Says They are a Worse Article Goes from \$2 to \$2,20 Per Hundred Weight.

CORN AND BARLEY FOLLOW

Feed Stuffs for Animals Getting Bearer -Those for Man Hemain Stationary With Indications of Lowering.

There is a decided stiffening in the prices offered for feed stuffs in the Salt Lake market at the opening of this week as compared with the figures that have obtained for some time past. The biggest raise is in that of rye and rye flour with corn and barley following.

The advance in the first named product is something considerable, going as It has, from \$2 per hundred weight to \$2.20 with the absolute certainty, said Manager Rich, of the People's Forwarding company, this afternoon, of striking the \$2.50 mark within a week. The unground product has advanced at a

corresponding ratio.

The reason for the increase is said to lie in the fact that the demand for rye flour and for rye chopped feed is greater than ever before. Last year was anything but a good rye year, the drought interfering materially in the number of bushels raised and the quality thereof. This year promises to furnish one of the best seasons for a long time past, but the product will not be on the market until about September. In the mean time Utah must rely on Nebraska for the rye that it consumes.

time Utah must rely on Nebraska for the rye that it consumes.

Corn and barley are increasing in price every day, at least that is what dealers say. Further advances are also predicted. The wholesale price of corn, unchopped, is \$1.10; chopped, \$1.15. Two weeks ago the price was \$7 cents and \$1.02 respectively. The wholesels price of barley is \$1.25 cracked or ground, and the retail, \$1.45. Uncracked, \$1.10; retail, \$1.30. \$1.10; retail, \$1.30.

The price of flour remains unchanged though dealers predict a fall. It is claimed that Salt Lake miliers are now

doing all in their power to keep up the price of wheat which is from 51 to 52 cents, but they say that a reduction of that figure is inevitable. DAVID ADAMSON DEAD.

Old Pleasant Grove Citizen Passed Away This Afternoon.

A telephone message from Pleasant Grove to the "News" this afternoon innounced the death at that place of David Adamson, one of the ploneer millers of Utah, whose serious filness was chronicled in this paper on Saturday evening. The deceased leaves a large and highly respected family. He was known as a good man. The time of his funeral has not yet been an-

APPROVED BY THE MAYOR.

Exchange of City for School Property Receives Official Endorsement.

Action of the Council Sustained by the City's Chief Executive -School Building Now Assured.

The action of the City Council in adopting the report of the special committee, recomending the exchange of the city's 12x12 rods of ground at the corner of North Temple and State streets for the piece of property on Fourth South, near the city and county building, and the unused Sixteenth ward school site, belonging to the board of education, was approved by Mayor Thompson today.

His honor has had the matter under consideration since last Wednesday and all sorts of rumors have been affoat regarding it. Many thought the resolution would be vetoed, while others were confident the Mayor would others were confident the Mayor would approve of it. All doubts were set at rest shortly after I o'clock this afternoon, when Recorder Naylor was handed the document with the words, "approved, April 30, 1900. Egra Thompson, Mayor," written on it. This means that the Eighteenth ward will got a new school building this year, and the members of the board of education were in high feather this

of education were in high feather this afternoon in consequence. GOOD HUSBAND THUS FAR. 1

Russian Count Saves His Bride During the Marriage Ceremony.

London, April 20.—During the matriage of the daughter of the Russian ambassadar here, M. De Staal, to Count Alexis Davidoff, in the Russian chapel, London, this afternoon, at which the prince of Wales, Lord Rosebery and most of the members of the United States and other embassics were present, the bride's veil caught fire from a candle, which she carried in her hand. The bridegroom maintained his presence of mind, selzed the veil and quenched the incipient blaze by crumpling the gauzy fabric between his hands. There was intense excitement until it was found that no serious damage had been done. London, April 30 .- During the marage had been done.

Burned Sixteen Buildings.

Glandwin, Mich., April 30.—Aided by a high wind, fire last night destroyed sixteen buildings here, including the Methodist church, Michigan Central depot and Brunswick hotel, causing a loss of \$50,000. The fire originated in loss of \$50,000. The fire originated in a billiard hall, and Albert Hergen, who slept there, is believed to have burned

CLEARING HOUSE REPORT.

Salt Lake City, April 30, 1900. Today's clearings 3445.695.27

ORE AND BULLION REPORTS.

McCORNICK & CO.

Mingo Buillen \$ 3,900 Silver and lead ores 12,800

Total \$16,700