

to quarrel with him (of course there will be pretext enough and a fight may be forced) Garfield is not the man to be worsted, mark that.

Times' Boston: The Western Union Telegraph Company has for six weeks been experimenting between this city and New York with a new invention, whereby five messages may be simultaneously sent from each end of the line, and so far, it is said, the contrivance has proved satisfactory. The principle involved is that which underlies Professor Gray's telephone, that by the vibrations of the tuning fork tones of different pitch can be sent over the same wire simultaneously and separated at the receiving end by ingenious contrivances. The vibratory tuning fork at the receiving end is made to break the current so as to deliver the message in the Morse alphabet. The Western Union Telegraph company is said to have offered the inventor 150,000 if he shall succeed in using one wire for four simultaneous messages during two months, and \$5,000 for each line of messages separately composed after that. As stated above, six weeks of the trial successfully past, and it is stated that on the 21st inst. five operators in New York and five in Boston, using one wire, sent and received 2,130 messages, or 40 per hour for each man.

GALVESTON, 30.—*News* San Antonio: The night of the 28th was the coldest on record. At 6 a. m. the thermometer was 10 deg. above zero; ice two inches thick; water pipes were frozen throughout the city; many water tanks were frozen, delaying trains.

Cleveland, 30.—Thermometer 12 below last night.

Philadelphia, 30.—Five below this morning, but rising.

Wilmington, 30.—Eight below, and along the Blue Ridge and Lehigh region 14 to 22 below. Snow blockades the country roads.

Richmond, 30.—Eight below, the coldest day since 1857.

Danville, Va., 30.—The coldest day ever known. At 6 a. m. 12 below.

Chicago, 30.—The weather is much milder. The thermometer, starting in the morning at 6 below, is now about 6 above.

Erie Summit, Pa., 30.—Twenty-two below.

Washington, 30, 10 a. m.—Intensely cold. It has been 7 below, but is now two above.

Buffalo, 30.—The snow storm continues. All New York Central trains, east, are abandoned. The Chicago express, due from the east last night, is off the track at Lancaster.

Chicago, 30.—*Journal's* Washington: Advice from the Lower Potomac and Chesapeake Bay are that the severe weather has almost entirely stopped the oyster dredges, and an oyster famine may be expected.

St. Louis, Mo., 30.—The river is gorged some miles below the city this morning. The ice has stopped running here, but the weather is much warmer and a thaw probable.

New York, 30.—A cold wave is reported throughout the South, making the weather the coldest for years. At Jacksonville, Fla., oranges are frozen on the trees. It is feared that up-river fruit is badly damaged, although in some localities oranges escaped.

Boston, 30.—Considerable opposition has arisen towards a law passed by the last legislature imposing a tax of one-half of one per cent. per annum on the net value or reserve of all life insurance policies held by residents of the State. Contrary to the anticipations of the originators of the measures, it is said its effect, unless it be modified or repealed, will be to close the doors of every Massachusetts life insurance company, and to drive from the State every other company doing business here. Owing to the assessment of the new tax three or four companies have announced their intention of withdrawing their business from the State. Several other States, under what are termed reciprocal tax laws, have notified all Massachusetts companies doing business in their borders, that they will be required to pay the same tax on the business done therein which Massachusetts imposed on outside companies. The immediate result of the continuance of this law will be a falling off of about 15 per cent. in dividends of policy holders. Several of the companies will test the constitutionality of the new law. Such assessments as have already been paid are paid under protest.

Cheyenne, Wyo., 30.—This morning the eastbound emigrant train,

on the Union Pacific road, parted in two near Lodgepole station, Neb., and on the portions colliding together, eight cars were wrecked and five passengers hurt; none fatally.

The east bound express train on the same road collided with the water train this morning, near Rock Springs, Wyo. Both engines were demolished. No passengers were hurt. The engineers and firemen escaped with slight injuries.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., 30.—An extraordinary and rare phenomenon occurred this morning in this city, commencing shortly after sunrise and lasting till 10 a. m. The sky was remarkably clear and the weather intensely cold. There appeared in the eastern heavens three suns and a beautiful rainbow halo. The phenomenon is known as a precursor of cold weather.

DUBLIN, 30.—The State trials are rather dull. Small interest is evinced. One jurymen was half an hour late and was threatened with £100 fine on a second offense. The attorney-general continued his review of the speeches of Dillon, Biggar et al., and declared that the traversers had conspired for communistic purposes.

A tenant-right meeting, under liberal auspices, was held at Kilea, County, Londonderry, to-day. A thousand persons were present; and resolutions passed in favor of the equitable settlement of the land question.

Patrick Hennelly, indicted for the murder of Lord Mountmorris, belongs, in Olvy village, a few miles from the spot where the murder was committed. The constabulary guard Hennelly's father at Clourbur.

London, 30.—A large meeting was held at Craughwell, County Galway, last night to protest against the State prosecutions.

Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, president of the board of trade, has received a letter from Dublin, threatening the lives of himself, Gladstone and John Bright, if they continue to oppose coercion.

Fresh cases of Boycotting are reported from Ireland.

CHICAGO, 31.—The *Inter-Ocean's* New York special says: A meeting of the American Committee of the Panama Canal Company was held to-day at the office of J. & W. Seligman & Co. Ex-Secretary Thompson was present. It was said by those at the meeting that no business was transacted. The American committee is awaiting the official organization of the company, which will probably take place soon at Paris, when instruction are expected. In reply to a *Tribune* reporter, Mr. Thompson said he had no answer to make to the criticism recently made on his action in resigning his cabinet seat to accept position under the canal company. "My reputation," he said pleasantly, "must take care of itself. It is sufficient to say my relations with the government are of the friendliest character. Nothing that I have done or am likely to do will interrupt the harmony existing between myself and the members of the government. I am, moreover, American to the backbone, and shall see to it that neither the principles of the Monroe doctrine, nor the obligations of the country shall be violated by the construction of the Panama canal." Thompson said, further, that by a treaty with the former government of New Grenada, the United States was bound to protect the sovereignty of that country. It was true, therefore, that by treaty stipulations, as well as in self-defense, the United States was bound to protect the Isthmus from territorial aggressions of foreign parties. "But I am sure," he continued, "there is no more danger from building this canal by a foreign company, than there would be from building it by an American company with foreign capital. It is probable, certainly, that if an American company were formed to cut this canal, it would seek means for the work in Europe. I presume that the Nicaragua company will be chartered by Congress. Nothing can happen, however, that will place me in hostility with the promoters of that scheme, many of whom are my personal friends. Indeed, there is room enough for both canals, for they will be adapted to different kinds of traffic." When asked what was the precise nature of his duties as chairman of the American committee, Thompson replied he was a private citizen, that the committee had not been organized, in fact the canal company would be obliged to buy large amounts of material, machinery and subsistence stores in this country because the cost of transportation would forbid purchase in Europe.

As head of the committee he would have charge of the disbursements of the company on this account.

NEW YORK, 31.—The *Herald's* Washington, speaking of Trescott's treaty, says the question of Chinese immigration to the United States, has not probably been difficult to settle in such terms as will leave it for us to deal with it as we choose. Very few Chinese have ever come to this country direct from a Chinese port. The bulk of the emigration has come from the British part of Hong Kong, over which, the Chinese have no jurisdiction, and an agreement by the Chinese Government that it will not hereafter grant passports or permission to leave China for the United States to any of its subjects with the exception of such as may be coming over here for the purposes of study, travel or commerce would cover the whole ground. With the Chinese who may come hither from British ports, such as Hong Kong or Sydney, or Spanish ports such as Havana, or Peruvian or other ports of the Chinese Government cannot of course, interfere. With those it can leave the United States to deal with at their pleasure, either admitting or rejecting them. It is well known that the Government of China has never encouraged immigration of its people to other countries, and it was understood here before the American Commissioner left for Peking, that its members would discover when they got there, that the Chinese question, so called, concerned less the Chinese than the British authorities and the American Consul at Hong Kong. It is already known that in the Commercial Treaty the United States agree to forbid their citizens to import opium and nicotine into China, or to engage in any way in trade in these articles under severe penalties. In return for this the Government, it is believed, has granted to the United States very favorable tariff rates on imports of cotton goods and some other manufactures with the condition that other nations in like manner prohibiting to their people the importation of opium and nicotine into China and the traffic in them there shall be placed on the same footing. A favorable commercial treaty with China is a matter of a good deal of importance to the manufacturers of the United States. The commerce of this country with China has rapidly increased for some years past and while our own exports thither of breadstuffs has a growing importance to California, the trade in cotton goods and other manufactures so important to the whole country. A single steamship from San Francisco this year carried 1,400 tons of flour to China, and it must be remembered that the people of China scarcely as yet know the use of wheat flour, but that every Chinese who has lived in this country and returns home, takes back with him a preference for bread over rice. China, with its 450,000,000 of people, may become some day a vast market for American grainstuffs, and particularly for the enormous surplus wheat of California. Flour now enters Chinese ports duty free. California is one of the largest quicksilver producing countries in the world, and China last year took one-half the entire product of the State. On this product a duty is now collected.

NEWPORT, R. I., 31.—The summer residence of James R. Keene burned this morning. A defective furnace caused the fire. Several thousand dollars worth of paintings, etc., were saved. Mrs. Keene and family were occupying it. The home and contents were valued at \$100,000. The insurance is upwards of \$50,000. Inability to get water, owing to the extreme cold, prevented the firemen from working effectually.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The President has decided to give Whittaker a court martial in a few days.

The attempt to raise the rate on freight east of Chicago has failed for the present.

The sale of tickets for Bernhardt's Chicago engagement closed on Wednesday night; \$7,000 had been taken in.

The Albanian League has summoned all males over 18 years of age to arms, war with Montenegro has been approved.

Secretary Ramsey is to be retained as Secretary of the Navy although, under law, his appointment expires every 20 days.

At North Augusta, Ont., Mrs. Hart, 86 years of age, was murdered by her son on Christmas day. The body was hid in the barn.

All proceedings against persons charged with complicity in the Cuban insurrection, have been ordered suspended by the Madrid council.

A Jewish rabbi, of Milwaukee, has had a suit instituted against him by a wealthy Hebrew, for calling the latter a lying old thief; the damages claimed are \$5,000.

The remains of Sir John Franklin's Arctic expedition, brought to New York by Lieutenant Schwatka, arrived at Glasgow on the 25th inst. and will be buried at Edinburgh.

At New Albany, Ind., twin children, three months old, froze to death, on Wednesday; the mother was unable to keep them warm, while the father was seeking work.

Two envoys from the King of Abyssinia have arrived at Paris.

The Russians are about to crush the Gork-Teffes; having everything in readiness to strike the final blow.

The first constitutive meeting of the Panama Canal Company will be held in Paris on the 31st of January.

The first detachment of engineers and workmen leave Paris on January 5th, to begin work on the Panama canal.

The Northern Pacific loan for \$10,000,000 to be opened on Monday, it is thought will be a success, and find ready takers.

Twenty-eight murders and fifty-seven suicides occurred in St. Louis the past year. Eighteen murderers are in jail now.

The President has retired Brigadier General Randolph B. Marcy, inspector general, and Colonel John B. Barnard, of the corps of engineers.

The daily trains on the R. F. & P. R. R., which left Fredericksburg on Wednesday morning at 7 o'clock, up to this time have not been heard from.

The schooner *W. H. Brook* which freed from Port Medway for Boston December 4th, and not since heard from, had a crew of five persons and four passengers.

Bolton, England, cotton masters have rejected the demand of operatives for more wages, as many mills are working at a loss. Operatives give notice of a strike.

Great anti-Jewish meetings were held in Berlin yesterday. Several members of Parliament were present, and the hall was so crowded that thousands of people remained outside.

Thirty thousand dollars was subscribed in Cincinnati in a few minutes, to form a company for the introduction of Maxim's Electric Light in Cincinnati, Covington and Newport.

The Vatican has sent a peremptory command to certain of the Irish episcopacy to abstain from language tending to cause the belief that the Pope approves of the operations of the Land League.

The *Globe* states that China is willing to open her whole empire to Russian commerce, and a ratification of a new treaty to that effect will take place in the middle of January.

The conclusion of negotiations between the Chinese Ambassador and the Russian Government is announced. The ambassador will remain at St. Petersburg pending the discussion of China upon the Russian proposals.

Tewfik Pasha, artillery officer, having been appointed minister of finance, the financial administration of Turkey is entirely controlled by military men, and all available resources of the country are devoted to military preparations.

The Whittaker court martial is ordered at West Point on January 13th. General Miles, Colonel Morrow, Lieutenant-Colonels Lugenhell and Brannon, Majors Marshall and Sumner, Captains Frank, Craig and Gardner are the court.

FOR SALE

At Deseret News Office, Ball Tickets, Invitations and Programmes.

DR. ROGER'S VEGETABLE WORM SYRUP instantly destroys worms and removes the Secretions which cause them. (1)

A Happy Restoration.

I can truly say that I owe my present existence and happy restoration to the hopes and joys of life, to the use of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, and I say to every one suffering from any manner of kidney, liver or urinary trouble, "Use this remedy and recover."

W. E. SANFORD.

Holly, N. Y., Feb. 25, 1880.

sw & w

DR. MOTT'S LIVER PILLS are the best Cathartic Regulators. (1)

For Coughs and Colds, Take BROWN'S COUGH BALSAM.

For Sore Throat and Hoarseness, Use BROWN'S TAR TROCHES.

For Headache and Biliousness, Use BROWN'S LIVER PILLS.

For Indigestion, Take BROWN'S PEPSIN TONIC.

For Catarrh, Use GERMAN CATARRH CURE.

For Purifying the Blood, Use SASSAPARILLA AND DANDELION.

For Cuts, Burns, Bruises and Frost Bites, Use BROWN'S ARNICA SALVE.

Sore Lungs Cured, By using BROWN'S COUGH BALSAM.

For Western Diseases, use BROWN'S WESTERN REMEDIES.

For sale by all Dealers in Medicine, in Salt Lake City and Utah.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A marvellous Cure for Catarrh Diphtheria, Canker mouth, and Headache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal injector for the more successful treatment of the complaint, without extra charge. Price 50 cents.

Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Department, wholesale and retail, Salt Lake City, Utah. 2dsw

DURNO'S CATARRH SNUFF cures Catarrh and all affections of the mucous membrane. (1)

A Mother's Grief.

The pride of a Mother, the life and joy of a home, are her children, hence her grief when sickness enters and takes them away. Take warning then, that you are running a terrible risk, if they have a Cough, Croup or Whooping Cough, which lead to Consumption, if you do not attend to it at once. SHILOH'S CONSUMPTIVE CURE is guaranteed to cure them. Price 10 cents, 50 cents and \$1.00. For lame Back, Side or Chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Department, wholesale and retail, Salt Lake City, Utah. 2dsw

Swallowing Poison.

Swallowing and inhaling the noxious impurities generated by Catarrh, poison not alone the nasal organs, but the stomach and lungs. No merely local remedy, like douches and insoluble snuffs, can possibly reach or eradicate the virulent spores of Catarrh. This fact explains the wonderful cures effected by Dr. Wei De Meyer's new inoculative treatment. The elements used by him are absorbed by the mucous membrane throughout the system and form a constitutional as well as local antidote, as certain to cure Catarrh, as vaccine virus is to prevent Small-pox. Its unprecedented sale with unsolicited testimonials from many thousands who, at all stages of the disease, have been cured by this wonderful remedy, establish beyond contradiction, the fact that Dr. Wei De Meyer's Catarrh Cure is the most important medical discovery since vaccination. "Cured 15 years Catarrh. Dr. F. N. Clark, 8 Montgomery St., San Francisco, Cal. 'The only thing that cures.'" W. J. Davenport, The Dalles, Oregon. Rev. C. H. Taylor, 140 Noble St., Brooklyn, writes: "One package produced a radical cure." "It entirely cured a member of my family who had suffered from Catarrh for 40 yrs." J. D. McDonald, 710 Broadway, N. Y.: "My wife was cured by it, of 15 years Catarrh." J. Swartz, Jr., 200 Hudson Ave., Jersey City: "It cured me after doctoring for nearly 30 years." Mrs. Emma C. Howes, 39 W. Washington Place, N. Y.: "After being given up by my physicians, I was cured of Chronic Catarrh by your medicine." Lewis F. Newman, 305 Fulton St., Brooklyn: "Seven members of my family have Catarrh, and all are receiving great benefit from the Cure." Rev. W. H. Sumner, Frederick, Md.: "It is worth ten times its cost." Rev. C. J. Jones, New Brighton, Staten Island: "When I commenced its use I was too deaf to hear the church bells ring; I can now hear quite well." Chas. S. Stanhope, 21 John St., Newport, R. I.: "It relieved me of a great Polypus." W. H. Truesdell, M. D., Elgin, Ill.: &c., &c., &c. Dr. Wei De Meyer's "Treatise" is mailed free. His "Cure" is delivered in the United States or Canada, by D. B. Dewey, also, 48 Ley St., N. Y., at \$1.50 complete. d9 ew dm