THE EVENING NEWS.

Friday, - - August 15, 1873.

GEORGE Q. CANNON,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

JUSTER JUDGES.

AT last there are men in the Judgment seat who evidently endeavor to act the part of gentlemen and who manifest a disposition to respect the laws, even the local laws and municipal ordinances, instead of regarding or disregarding them as their peculiar purposes might require, and clutching eagerly every possible technicality to enable him to rule against them when they stood in the way. This change is satisfactory to the mind of every good citizen, for the other way of transacting judicial business tended to anarchy, to the ruinous rule of the riotous and reckless classes, and was considered by sane people as proof of judicial blindness or bigotry, or monomanical madness. The decision yesterday that under the Organic Act, the federal law, and the federal constitution, the Territorial Legislature and the City Council had really some authority to legislate for the maintenance of good order and judicious regulations, is really refreshing and reminds one of the times and climes when and where the judiciary were and are esteemed as learned and honorable gentlemen, men of integrity, uprightness, and impartiality, instead of unprincipled political tricksters, or prejudiced and scheming political parsons.

If Utah could only be blest with a trio of men who are men, judges who are judges, pure and simple and honorable and incorruptible, all the outcry about conflicts of jurisdiction would speedily subside, courts would be highly respected, and judicial business would go on with marvellous regularity and dispatch, and would be likely to give general satisfaction.

The idea is frequently and purposely put forth that the community here, like the Hibernian criminal, do not desire an upright judge, but one who will "lane a little." This idea is slanderous. The people do not ask any judicial favor, they want none. They want and they demand their rights, the constitutional rights and privileges of American citizens, and the judge who will so administer in the courts is the judge for them. They do not wish him to lean at all, either for or against them, but the trouble is that as a rule the judges sent to Utah lean a little, an upright walk has seemed unnatural to them, and the moment one is espied in that endeavor, other judges and religious and political sleuth-hounds "go for" him, and hunt him down to official death if possible.

By the by, a sentence or two from a dispatch from Salt Lake to the San Francisco *Chronicle* gives support to this expression, in this fashion—

> Another feeling current is that Emerson will be removed as soon as possible, as all of his decisions since last year have favored McKean's side. This is not according to the set programme of the ring.

It is a pity that any of the last named gentleman's decisions should be reversed by any body, and it is really a wonder that the Supreme Court of the United States had the temerity to venture unanimously the very same reversory thing. How is it the heavens have not fallen!

TRYING TO CREATE PUBLIC SENTIMENT.

The *Woman's Journal* has the following:

> The recent Territorial election in Utah was, as usual, a Mormon victory. The newspapers contain the following telegram:
>
> "SALT LAKE CITY, Aug. 4.—The territorial election passed off quietly to-day. The Mormon ticket was unanimously chosen, the Gentiles not voting. The usual number of women and children, mostly aliens, voted. * * *
>
> It is to be regretted that the telegraph has ceased to be the public servant and has become an unscrupulous partizan. If "children and women who are aliens" voted in Salt Lake the Gentiles are to blame, for the law explicitly excludes all children and aliens, and limits suffrage to American citizens of mature age. When we remember that the Mormon majority is so overwhelming that the Gentiles did not vote at all, it is improbable that such unnecessary frauds were committed, as are charged by telegraph. The dispatch is evidently designed to create public sentiment for the purpose of inducing Congress to disfranchise the women of Utah next winter.

That is something like the truth. The facts are that things are going along too quietly, the courts are not "ripping up" "Mormonism," the election was an uncontested "Mormon" victory, "Mormon"-eating journals are dead or dying or have got the cholera morbus too bad to talk, money is stick, business is steady, the people are busy at work, and unless somebody sets to and turns up some new sensations ready for next Congress, the Utah question will hardly get on the tapis, and then what will become of the solution of that knotty problem?

BY TELEGRAPH.

SPECIAL TO THE "DESERET NEWS," PER DESERET AND ELKHORN STAGE LINE.

To-Day's Dispatches.

EASTERN.

BUFFALO, 15.—Mr. C. H. Goodwin, superintendent of the first division of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph company, is lying dangerously ill at his residence in this city. Much anxiety is manifested by Mr. Goodwin's many friends and business associates as his condition is considered critical. Mr. W. C. Humstone, superintendent of the Metropolitan district, New York city and suburbs, has been temporarily appointed to the above division, headquarters in this city.

BROOKLYN, 15.—At New York yesterday p.m., a laborer named Phillip Kammerlick, descended to the bottom of a well, thirty feet deep, at the brewery, at the corner of Bremen and Jerome streets. After working for half an hour the earth above suddenly gave way, completely filling up the well. A few employees, after a while set to work to recover his body, and at 1 o'clock this a.m., he was extricated alive, although scarcely sensible, having been over eleven hours in the well; he had saved himself by crawling into a hole at the side of the well, and maintained life by breathing through an iron pipe, communicating with the bottom.

NEW YORK, 15.—The principals in the Vesey shooting affair are still under care of the physicians—Chamberlain's fine gaming strength, but is in a state of the greatest excitement. She is, however, considered out of danger. Stolzbarch is in a critical condition. He is much and is very weak, but the doctors do not yet announce his ultimate recovery impossible. Several theories are current respecting the motive of the shooting. Steinhardt's relation deny the existence of previous difficulty between the parties and there are said to have been several cases of insanity in the family, and that his sister committed suicide by taking Paris green, and his aunt, residing in Louisville, had also died a suicide. Steinhardt's father is very sick, and has not yet been able to see his son.

A special to the *Times*, from Long Branch, says the following are the entries for the West End Jockey Club, at Monmouth Park, on Saturday next: John Hoey, sr., enters Lord Jersey; Charles Williams names Modoc; T. J. Reonington will ride Gold Dust; F. Dumaresq enters Impecunious and Col. Vilmar names Albert. Much interest is manifested in the programme of the races, and the occasion will doubtless be a gala one.

CHICAGO, 15.—Many persons have, for some weeks, maintained that cholera of the pure Asiatic order, has been and is still a resident of this city. Cholera, except when followed by the words "infantum," or "morbus," has had no place in the health report, but the refusal of the sanitary superintendent to admit even one case of genuine cholera, has aroused a suspicion that the real facts were suppressed. Such now proves to have been the case, and now, over thirty cases of well defined cholera, during the last two or three weeks are reported, mostly among our foreign population living in the filthiest and most unhealthy parts of our city.

NEW YORK.—The custom house was wild to-day with the rumor of the removal of about seventy inspectors, accused of taking bribes. It is a well known fact that nine-tenths of the inspectors are paid by merchants for various duties, such as keeping their goods from the general order stores, hurrying samples through the appraisers' department, and similar labors, by which smuggling is often made an easy art; but hitherto the evidence of this could not be had. When special Agent Janes seized the goods of Platt & Boyd, and found debits against a large number of inspectors whose names and services were given in full, Jayne sent the report to Washington, and assistant secretary Sawyer came on to investigate the matter. He denies having any communication from Washington on the subject, but it is well understood that he is here for the purpose of investigating the matter. Platt and Boyd admit that there were such entries in the seized book. Janes confesses that he sent a report on the subject to Washington. Many officials thought to be incriminated have been moving heaven and earth to interview Sawyer. Prominent Republican politicians, who are the patrons of the accused persons, pleaded for them, and Collector Arthur is very anxious. Nevertheless Sawyer denies all knowledge of the matter. It is supposed here that his design is to sacrifice a few, and let the influential inspectors who are guilty escape. The fifth avenue hotel lobbies are crowded with custom house officials, who express their anxiety freely.

NEW YORK.—During the past three or four days, a severe storm, which has been gathering on the middle and Atlantic coasts, reached its culminating point, apparently on Wednesday, when the centre of the disturbance moved from Pennsylvania to New Jersey and New York. Our reports, so far, show the greatest amount of damages in Pennsylvania, the city of Philadelphia and suburbs having suffered materially. In the immediate vicinity of this city, there has been no great destruction. All along the coast the tide has been unusually high, and the gale violent. At Jersey city the cellars and ship yards were flooded, while Long Branch beech was seamed and broken up, and some bathing booths destroyed. In this city rain fell in torrents, accompanied at times with high winds. The yachts of the New York club fleet, which left Hoboken on a cruise to Newport were driven by head winds into quiet waters, and nearly all now are storm bound. In New Haven harbor no marine disasters are reported, although several incoming vessels narrowly escaped running ashore below Sandy Hook, during the gale on Wednesday night.

MANSFIELD, Ohio, 15.—A horrible plot has just been brought to light here, in time to prevent the destruction of a whole family. A suit is now pending against Wm. H. Dobbs, formerly living six miles north of here, for an attempted outrage on a little girl named Barnard, and to prevent the attendance of the girl or her father, as witnesses. Dobbs procured the services of two low characters in this city, to blow up Barnard's house. The plot was exposed in time to prevent its execution.

AUGUSTA, Maine, 15.—The reception given to President Grant last evening was a brilliant affair, many distinguished persons were present.

NEW YORK, 15.—A Bank named Henry Lyons, *alias* Blumfield, a partner in the gambling establishment of Dan Allens, in this city, was arrested this morning on suspicion of being one of the robbers of the Rock Island train several weeks ago. Lyon is a particular friend of one McCoy, of Montgomery County, Missouri, who it is said is known to be one of the robbers, but is still at large. Lyon has been corresponding with McCoy's wife, and has also sent her money. A letter between the two has been intercepted, and it is claimed sufficient proof is elicited therefrom to warrant the arrest of Lyon. He was taken before Judge Porter, who fixed his bail at $5,000. The man McCoy is also said to have been connected with a heavy robbery of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express on the Pacific coast, some time ago.

SARATOGA, N. Y., 15.—The track to-day was very heavy. The first race was a walkover for the fellow craft. The second race, for a purse of five hundred dollars, a one mile handicap, was won by Dublin, beating Bonneville, Culpipper and Vengeance; time 1 48¼. The third race, for a purse of six hundred dollars, one and a half miles, was won by Merodac, by six lengths, beating Georlitza second, Business third; time 2 48¾.

WESTERN.

SAN FRANCISCO, 15.—Annis, the murderer of Martin Gersback, was lodged in the city prison last night, having been brought from Battle Mountain.

MARTINEZ, Cal. 15.—The Grand Jury, to-day, presented a bill of indictment against Wm. Nash and Mary Gersback for the murder of Martin Gersback. The court refused to set any bail for either defendant. Judge Brown is counsel for Mrs. Gersback.

BATTLE MOUNTAIN, Nev., 15.—A terrible affair took place last evening at Galena, a mining town near this place. Some miners who were celebrating the marriage of one of their friends, at a saloon in that place, commenced quarrelling, and a fight ensued, during which one of the men named Frank McCann was stabbed to the heart and instantly killed by a miner named Charles McIntosh, who immediately ran off. McCann was a very peaceable and much respected young man, and, as far as reported, was in no way to blame in the matter. He was a native of Ohio, aged twenty-two years. McIntosh succeeded in making his escape, but parties are out after him, who have probably arrested him before now.

The wool baling firm of McWilliams & Wilson, of this place, shipped four tons of lamb's wool yesterday, making about 200,000 pounds of wool shipped from here this summer.

Later—McIntosh, the escaped murderer of McCann, was captured this afternoon.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

OTTAWA, Ont., 15.—There is great excitement among the Opposition members. All is said to depend upon who presented the memorial against prorogation have dispersed. The cabinet was in session yesterday and the Governor General submitted a written reply to the memorial. He has decided allowance of the oath bill granted wholly by the operations of the law and has been beyond the control of any concerned, and it was unconstitutional. He admits that the charges against the ministry require a more searching investigation, but if he dismissed his ministers, upon what grounds should he be justified in taking so grave a step, or what guarantee could his petitioners anford him that parliament would endorse such an act of personal interference on his part. He will do so by stating that by the advice of his ministers, and he does not differ from them as to the policy of such a course, he will issue a royal commission of inquiry to three gentlemen of legal standing, who will form a tribunal competent to take evidence on oath, and in eight weeks hence a full parliament will take supreme and final cognizance of the charges against the ministry.

Sir Hugh Allen and the Duke of Manchester have arrived here; their mission is unknown. Lord Dufferin leaves for Halifax.

EUROPEAN.

LONDON, 14.—The town hall in Leeds was destroyed by fire last night.

The bullion in the Bank of England increased £331,000 during the past week.

A fire broke out this a.m., in a cotton warehouse in Liverpool. The flames were not extinguished before the building, and an adjoining one devoted to the same business, were partly destroyed.

The clipper ship *Escocessa*, which sunk in the Mersey last Tuesday, has been raised.

Rate of discount for three months bills in open market 6 per cent below the bank rate.

LONDON, 15.—1:30 p.m., Erie shares opened firmer 47¾, and are now stronger and higher by half.

The weather throughout England is wet and unfavorable for the growing crops.

It is rumored that a dissolution of Parliament will take place in November next.

A Napoleonic fete was held at Chislehurst to-day. Seven thousand prominent French adherents of the Bonapartist family were present, including many noblemen formerly enjoying high positions under the Napoleonic dynasty. The Prince Imperial, who was present, announced his acceptance of his heritage of the throne of France, and his willingness to govern for and by the people. His speech created great enthusiasm among his adherents.

Public Debt and Who Pays It.

Since the close of the civil war the State and county debts of the Southern and Southwestern States have been increased from figures merely nominal to something over one hundred and fifty million dollars. The increase in the State debts alone is over one hundred and fifty million. South Carolina owes $24,600,000—with municipal debts, $30,000,000. Florida owes $6,500,000; Virginia $56,000,000; North Carolina $32,500,000. These are specimens not above the average. How the debt affects the residents may be inferred from the comparative statement of the taxable property values of these States. North Carolina's debt is nearly one quarter of all her taxable property, real and personal. The debts were mainly contracted in all the States for the building and subsidizing of railways; and, strange as it may seem, the railways in North Carolina, at a fair valuation, are worth nearly as much as all the taxable property returned by the assessors. They, of course, pay taxes in North Carolina, as here, only, on a nominal valuation—say one-fifth of the cash values. Florida owes one-fifth as much as she is assessed for taxes, and South Carolina one-sixth. In the latter State the State and county taxes in most of the counties are as high this year as 10 to 12 per cent! The highest taxes paid by any county in this State are those assessed on Calaveras—about four per cent, and we have been legislating for its relief.

Whether these Southern States are ever to pay up the principal of their debts or not is foreign to the subject we are trying to explain. They may pay, and they may repudiate. We think most of the national debts in the world will be repudiated in the end; but that end is a long way off. Meanwhile the credit of States and nations demands that the annual interest on their debts shall be promptly paid. At 6 per cent. per annum interest sets up the principal in 16-2.3 years; at 5 per cent. in 20 years; at 4 per cent. in 25 years; at 3 per cent. in 33-1.3 years. Every 16-2.3 years the debt of the United States would double if we did not pay the interest. Every 16-2.3 years we would pay an additional $1,500,000,000 on the original debt, provided we had not extinguished a part of it. Every 33-1.3 years the people of England pay to the holders of debt securities about $4,200,000,000 in the shape of taxes. That is, they pay off the debt every 33-1.3 years; but still the debt remains and the tax goes on from year to year, from age to age, from century to century, a perpetual mortgage on all the land, houses, money, chattels, and labor of all the people consume or produce. But after all, there is but one certain security for the payment of a national or a State debt, and that is the land. The personal property may be transferred elsewhere, and will be when the debt becomes so high as to make taxes unbearable. The laborers may leave for new fields, as they are now leaving old Europe for new America. The houses may be destroyed by war or by that gradual decay which has left the tenantless castles of feudal times in ruins. The land only must remain. It is therefore the only good security for a State debt. On the farmer must fall the ultimate responsibility of paying or repudiating the debt of the State. His land is held for it firmly and fast. That is why farming is now so poor a business at the South. The taxes eat up all the profits. The farmer is in fact mortgaged to and working for the foreign holders of railway bonds. The bonds were issued by men elected to legislate for the people, but who sold themselves to railway builders, to Credit Mobilier and Contract and Finance rings, and who mortgaged all the lands, houses, goods, chattels and labor of the people to moneyed men living in New York, Hamburg, Amsterdam, Paris, London, Frankfort, Berlin and other foreign cities. The taxes wrung from the farms of South Carolina, Louisiana, Florida, Virginia, etc., go to pay the interest on these railway bonds. The railway bonds represent about one dollar's worth of property for every ten dollars of their face. The interest is reckoned upon their face value. A railway that could have been built by honest men for $5,000,000 cash cost $50,000,000 in bonds. All the bonds issued over the cash value of the road is so much stolen from the people, who are taxed to pay interest on the fraudulent debt. The loot is divided among the politicians who legislated that debt into existence; the courts that declared it constitutional; the lawyers who sold themselves to the main thieves in interest; the newspapers and dirty demagogues who defended the steal; the vile cut-throats who carry elections by fraud and the blindest; the vilest cheats who stuff ballot-boxes; the Contract and Finance robbers, and the bondholders themselves, who purchased for ten cents on the dollar bonds upon which they collect a rate of interest and who draw interest on two or three dollars for every dollar cash they paid out.

Nothing could seem clearer than that it is the interest of every man who owns a house or an acre of land to set his face like flint against all manner of public debts, but more especially against this kind, which is the most vicious of all. Yet it is by said which still threatens us here in California.—*Sacramento Union.*

FLOODING THE DESERT.—The Sonoma (Cal.) *Democrat* publishes some interesting facts furnished by Capt. L. L. Smith, of Yuma, who settled in Arizona twenty-five years ago. He is of opinion that the Colorado desert will eventually be a very fertile region. He declares that the grossest misconception exists concerning the vegetation on the desert. The soil is the richest in the world, and on those portions overflowed by New River the grass is the tallest, thickest and richest he ever saw. One man has a mowing machine and is engaged in making hay, which is of superior quality. In New River, the Captain says there is a natural ditch, which it would only require a few thousand dollars to make available for the irrigation of hundreds of thousands of acres of land.

Abundance of water can be obtained from artesian wells. The overflow of the Colorado often spreads itself for a distance of ninety miles, presenting at stages the singular spectacle of a river running up hill. The desert is about fifteen feet below the level of the beds of the Colorado, and life water can thus be carried over the desert. For such portions of it as can not be reached the artesian well remains. Water can be got at any depth of from twelve to twenty feet. The informant was employed by the United States government to dig wells on the desert. In digging the well at New Station, which was four feet square, after working his way through thirty-five feet of clay, he broke into what appeared to be the bed of an old river. He came across specimens of wood. Here he tapped a stream of water which rose within one hour sixteen feet in the well, and which has stood at that depth ever since. It is impossible to exhaust it. If this stream had been tapped by a four-inch main simply, instead of positive four feet square, he is of opinion that it would have sent a flowing stream to a height of sixty feet.

—A countryman, a guest of the Star City Hotel, upon sitting down to the dinner table yesterday, picked up the napkin beside his plate, and holding it between his thumb and finger, asked his next neighbor what "these little rags" were for. Upon being informed he tucked away his cotton handkerchief and used the "rag" according to instructions.—*Lafayette, Indiana, Journal.*

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Salt Lake City, Aug. 8th, 1873, which, if not called for within one month, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

LADIES' LIST.

Anthony M
Anderson M
Barber M
Baker E
Bird B
Cutler V
Court O T
Christensen P
Cook M A 2
Cooper E
Coulings A E
Duncomb F
Dyring A H
Davis R 2
Dyer O H
Evans Mary
Evans E 3
Ericsson L
Evans D
Evans G G
Fish Jennie
Glazier F
Gray M
Grant L E
Grant Jennie
Hills J M
Holton J A
Hollingshead H
Holley A C
Hargreen Betsey
Hanarsey Mrs
Jenkins M A
Johnson I P
Jones S H
Knudson J
Lipper M J
Lynch M
Laborn E
Lindsey Eliza
Lambert A
Lawrence A M
Miles M
Mansfield T
Mathews E
Miller E D
Myers D
Moller Ane M
Murphy A J 2
Miller A
McClery E
Ordidge E
Olson M H
Peterson S
Pollock L
Poxen E
Pratt C
Peterson A
Perry A
Digby Jane
Richards E
Spencer O
Sheldon M E
Skodon Line
Stuart Emma
Stevens E
Sturgo C
Smith Jane 3
Smith C
Turner S A
Thomas S
Thurston Mary
Thompson C
Westby P
Wesley E
Worshington
Wheelock L
Wheatly Ellen
Wiatins A E
Winters D J
Wilson C
Warren C W
Wear & Co
Wells A W
Wallbridge Mr
Williams S 2
Williams S
Williams G W
Yeardley J
Young A S

GENTLEMAN'S LIST.

Atwood O F
Alonz J
Andrew J W
Allington H 2
Atkinson H
Atkinson H S
Allen F P 2
Anderson C
Anderson A
Armstrong & Dagly
Burrows W
Burt D F
Bennett R
Baley M C
Barnitson M R
Bunter J
Ball J P 3
Bears J
Beck J
Bloom
Belknap G R
Bringhurst H G
Baker G W
Beatty G
Bean Richard
Benjamin Mr
Bowden W
Blanchard A
Bellemore & Co
Brown W
Brown J
Brown B
Brown C A
Brown J E
Bullin W
Crowl F S
Child W W
Cutler
Crow R
Calhoun S
Cutler W
Carr P
Coleman O
Carter J H
Cowin J
Cady H
Condee C S
Canpen C S
Cofer D
Cummings C D
Carson Bp
Cowan A
Cowan A
Dewing T S
Denite S A
Dunlop R
Dexter M L
Dixon J E
Dowd J
Dresser J U
Doubleday J O
Doffimyer J P
Dowing J
Donald G W
Dewey F
Dewing & Co
Dunning T
Eastman O B
Edgerly F
Evans & D
Fish G W
Fraser W H 3
Fiore W
Fowler F 2
Gardner S H
Gray I
Gibbs J
Goddard J S
Grundlunds J D
Gramood J A
Geary J F
Gothardson J
Gray H S
Gordon H 2
Garey A T 2
Grant A M
Gibson W
Hunter W J
Harrison W C
Hass S
Hughes P H
Hogan F
Holloway
Hollins M
Hiel J S
Hamilton J C
Henry J S
Hoffman J A
Harrell J
Hares J
Hall J H
Hayden A
Healy H
Houts H P
Hubbard F
Hoge P H
Hiten F
Holt E
Hugo D
Hanaberg C
Hepburn R W
Harmon S M
Harmon B
Howell &
Armstrong
Jones J H
Jenkins W P
Jay W
Johnson W C 2
Johnson D
Johnson L H
Jarrel J M 2
Jasper J
Johnson C C
Jensen C
Johnson B
Jones E E
Jones W A
Kendall J L
Kimball S F
Kellogg R C
Kelly J B
Kirby I B
King G P
Kinnerley H 2
Kirk C C
Kelly & Benson
Kent E N 2
Loveland W
Latmor W
Lund W
Lees S Estate of
Lomax J D
Lamb J
Larson J E
Lawsel J
Locke H
Lunde G
Lane S T
Leverdier S
Lambson F R
Mether W H
Moore W
Manning W
Mendenhall W T
Marks L D
Mills E
Magowan
Mourer R R
Monson S B
Meehan M
Mace M
Mulmberry J P
Miller J E
Mitchell J E
Moran J
Mathews J S
Morgenson J
Moss J D
Moore E W
Mayhew
Mathews Mr
Moore & Pottenger
Mitchell R
McChild J
McDonald S S
McAddus S
Nye C H
Neely J A
Norman H
Newell F
Nelson C F M
Nordgreen & W
Owen R B
Orgard A M
Pierrell R
Pickett T
Page T P
Peeler J
Pascoe G W
Palmer H
Peterson G
Pollock S
Perry D B
Peterson C
Petterson
Phillips J

HELD FOR POSTAGE.

P Jones, Rose Abrey, Ely
Walter Thompson, Ogden Utah
Leonard Gardner, Hobbs Wells Utah
Gilmore Bros Bozeman, Lehi
William Brewer, Logan
Ira S Miles, Bear Utah
John F Thorne, Corinne Utah
Miss Emma Jay, Sugar House
Wm. Gibbs, Ogden City
Wm. Gibbs, Ogden City
Joseph Taisead, Silver City, Utah
Linda Race, Ogden
A C Worthington, Bingham City
Frederick Lee, Los Angeles, Calif.
Porter Whitford, Gallatin Mich
Miss Ida Lane, San Francisco Cal.
Albert Caldwell, Brooklyn Cal
Ellen Caldwell, Brooklyn Cal

Persons inquiring for the above letters are requested to state when advertised.

J. M. MOORE, Postmaster.

Chapped Hands and Face

SOHR LIPS, Dryness of the Skin, etc., cured at once by Dr. Benson's Skin Cure. It allays Itching and Irritation. Sold by all druggists. Only 25 cts. Manufactured only by Benson, Maxted & Co., Chemists and Druggists, New York. Sold by Dr. Carl Stoltze, Salt Lake City, and all its retailers. 27-1y eod

FOR FRESH MEAT IN ICE, call at the Eagle Market, 3rd Ward. Meat delivered free from the dirt, go to H. PHELPS, Butcher, 3rd Ward Meat Market.

BATHS.

WARM SPRING BATHS.

Private Rooms.

Public at all seasons. Their medicinal properties are unsurpassed. Hot and cold water baths can be had at any hour. Shampooing the Proper Bathing the invalid. Shaving and hair dressing done in the best manner. Ladies and children waited on at their residences. Hot baths delivered at any part of the city. Warm baths given at the Hot Springs for 50 cents. Cold baths 25 cents. Hot baths 50 cents. Shaving 25 cents. Hair cutting 50 cents. Shampooing 50 cents. Hair dressing 50 cents. Shaving and hair cutting 75 cents. Shaving, hair cutting and shampooing $1.00. Shaving, hair cutting, shampooing and hair dressing $1.50. Children's hair cutting 25 cents. Shaving tickets $2.50 per dozen. Hair cutting tickets $4.00 per dozen. Shaving, hair cutting and shampooing tickets $10.00 per dozen. Shaving, hair cutting, shampooing and hair dressing tickets $15.00 per dozen. Hot baths delivered at any part of the city. Warm baths given at the Hot Springs for 50 cents. Cold baths 25 cents. Hot baths 50 cents. Shaving 25 cents. Hair cutting 50 cents. Shampooing 50 cents. Hair dressing 50 cents. Shaving and hair cutting 75 cents. Shaving, hair cutting and shampooing $1.00. Shaving, hair cutting, shampooing and hair dressing $1.50. Children's hair cutting 25 cents. Shaving tickets $2.50 per dozen. Hair cutting tickets $4.00 per dozen. Shaving, hair cutting and shampooing tickets $10.00 per dozen. Shaving, hair cutting, shampooing and hair dressing tickets $15.00 per dozen.

H. ARNOLD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
DESERET NATIONAL BANK

RECEIVES DEPOSITS OF ONE DOLLAR and upwards.

Interest at EIGHT PER CENT. per annum, compounded semi-annually on the 1st of March and September.

WM. H. HOOPER, ... President.
H. B. CLAWSON, ... Vice-President.
L. S. HILLS, ... Cashier.
d223 6m

Closing Out!

CLOSING OUT!!
AT
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES
IN
DRESS GOODS
AT
Taylor & Cutler's.

CHOICE FAMILY
GROCERIES

Lower in Price than ever.

Cheapest Stoves in Town!!

Goods Delivered Free of Charge.

TAYLOR & CUTLER,
Under Taylor's Hotel,
EAST TEMPLE STREET.
d191y

First National Bank
OF UTAH,
Salt Lake City.

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY AND FINANCIAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

WARREN HUSSEY, ... President.
ANTHONY GODBE, ... Cashier.

Authorized Capital, - - - - - $500,000
Paid Up Capital, - - - - - - $150,000
Earnings, - - - - - - - - - $175,000

Dividend for 1871, 50 Per Cent.

Dividend for 1872, 50 Per Cent.

The Oldest Banking Institution in Utah.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED

Agencies in Colorado and Montana.

COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.
d108-1y

C. C. WALLIN & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
HARNESS & SADDLES,
DEALERS IN
Saddlery,
Hardware,
Leather,
AND
COLLARS!
2nd SOUTH St., West of WALKER BROS.
SALT LAKE CITY. d116 6m

Cure for All!—Never Despair!
E. L. PLANT

Bronchitis, Diptheria, Coughs, Colds, and all Derangements of the Throat and Chest.

In any of the above diseases, immediate and permanent relief is obtained by effectually rubbing this detergent Ointment twice a day upon the neck, chest and back; and in all stages of influenza, settled coughs, and wheezing at the chest, the same treatment may be followed with efficiency and safety.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Sores, Wounds, and Ulcers.

By rubbing this Ointment perseveringly upon and around the affected parts twice a day, it will penetrate to the tissues beneath, and exert the most beneficial influence; the inflammation soon diminishes, the pain becomes less intolerable, the matter thickens, and a cure is soon effected. In all long standing cases Plant's Pills should also be taken, as they greatly assist in expelling all depraved humors from the body.

Skin Diseases of all Kinds.

In this class of complaints, no matter the age, the cause, the place, or under what name the disease may be classified, speedy relief, and ultimate cure, may with certainty be procured, if this Ointment be plentifully rubbed upon the part affected, while Plant's Pills are taken in appropriate doses, night and morning, to purify the blood.

Gout, Rheumatism, and Glandular Swellings.

Every one suffering from these excruciating complaints should have recourse to these purifying remedies, as they have restored thousands of sufferers, in cases after all other means had failed to give them relief. The Ointment and Pills should be steadily well rubbed in. Perseverance will, almost certainly, as to effect cures in the most hopeless cases.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammations.

Persons afflicted with the above painful complaints will find in the Ointment an infallible instant means of relief, and all can effect their own cure without explaining their intended to any one. Plant's Pills, if taken in small doses, greatly assist the Ointment, as they purify the blood and regulate the whole system in an extraordinary manner.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following Complaints:

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Burns, Bunions, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Corns (soft), Fistulas, Gout, Glandular Swellings, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Ringworm, Sciatica, Sore Throats, Skin Diseases, Scurvy, Sore Heads, Tumours, Ulcers, Wounds.

The Ointment and Pills are sold at Professor Plant's.

The Ointment is sold in pots at $1 and $2, and the Pills in boxes at 25 cents, $1 and $2 each. Each box of Pills contains four times as much as the 25 cent box. Full printed directions are affixed to each Pot and Box.

N.B.—Residence, 1st Ward, east 100th door from Main street, Salt Lake City. Also, may be consulted at his office in Market House, Provo City, every day, from 11 a.m. until 3 p.m. Advice gratis.

WARNER, MARSTON & FELIX.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
Cordage, Twines,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE.
Brushes, Brooms, Mattresses, Etc.
51 and 53 Main Street. CHICAGO.

Our assortment is large and complete, and we are prepared to sell at the lowest Chicago Prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. Send for Price List.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE NEW
FLORENCE
SEWING MACHINE
IN THE
Simplest and Best
MACHINE IN USE.

THE LATE IMPROVEMENTS ON THIS Machine make it now the only machine that combines the desirable features of ALL others with its own excellencies.

The New FLORENCE is the only machine that has the

CELEBRATED
Reversible Feed and Self-Adjusting Shuttle Tension!

It is almost SILENT when sewing, and is ALWAYS IN ORDER.

THE
FLORENCE
FEEDS IN ALL DIRECTIONS.

We invite purchasers to call and examine before purchasing.

WE WARRANT EVERY MACHINE,
And Guarantee to keep all FLORENCE Machines in Utah in perfect running order, without expense to the owner.

Parties having a machine not working well will do us a favor by calling.

Extras, New Attachments on hand.

Active Agents wanted everywhere.

PHILLIPS & LORD,
GENERAL AGENTS,
19 & 21 First South St.,
d170 tf SALT LAKE CITY.

The HOWE
SEWING MACHINE
As perfected by
ELIAS HOWE Jr.,
Inventor of the Sewing Machine
Best in the World
THE HOWE
Sewing Machine
COMBINES
Beauty and Excellence of Stitch.
Strength, Firmness and Durability of Seam.
Economy of Thread.
Attachments and Wide Range of Application to Purposes and Materials.
The above qualities of the Machine make it the
GRANDEST TRIUMPH
OF
IMVENTIVE GENIUS.
This is an *Honest* Machine and is not subject to *Fits.*
POINTS OF SUPERIORITY
Simplicity and Perfection of Mechanism.
Durability—will last a Lifetime.
Range of work—without parallel.
Perfection of Stitch and Tension.
Ease of Operation and Management.
Self Adjusting Take-up.
Adjustable Head.
Call and examine our Styles and Prices.
SALES ROOM.—First South St., a few doors West of Main.
Co-Operative Wholesale Department
The HOWE MACHINE CO.
THOS. P. MILLER,
d130tf Superviding Agent for Utah.

WAGONS.

STAR
WAGONS!
Manufactured by the Celebrated
STAR WAGON COMPANY,
Cedar Rapids Iowa.

THE COMPANY
GUARANTEE
It to be the
Best Wagon
In Every Respect.

Guaranteed and for Sale by
N. C. MATTHIESSEN
AGENT FOR
UTAH.

Wagon and Lumber Yard, Matthiessen Block, Main Street, above Walker House, Salt Lake City. d148tf

G. F. CULMER & CO.
Groesbeck's Block,
HAVE ON HAND A FULL LINE OF well-selected
GROCERIES,
At Lowest Prices.
WINDOW
AND
Plate Glass,
LARGE PLATE MIRRORS.

Glass cut to any size, free of charge.

GOODS DELIVERED. d48-tf

J. L. GROENINGER, ... President.
J. LEE, ... Secretary.
ELEVENTH WARD
CO-OPERATIVE
MEAT MARKET, BAKERY
AND
Coal Depot,
FIRST SOUTH STREET,
Between Sixth and Seventh East Sts.,
SALT LAKE CITY.

THE above institution keep constantly on hand
Choice Meats, Fresh Bread, Cakes and Biscuit.
FLOUR, EGGS AND BUTTER.

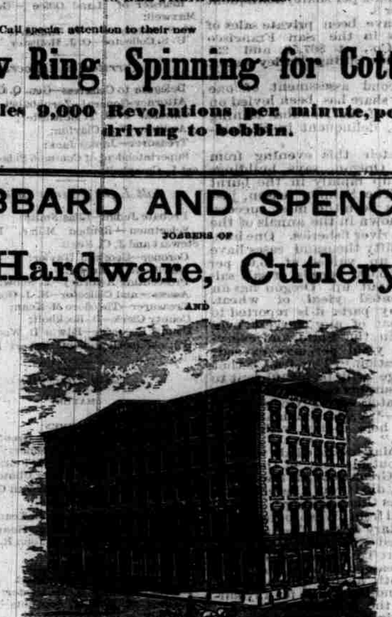
Also dealers in PRODUCE. A good supply of Stolen Cakes and Wedding Cakes always on hand. Bread delivered to all parts of the city. Coke and Pine Coal for sale. Give us a trial. We guarantee satisfaction. d154 1y

PHILADELPHIA TRADE.

BRIDESBURG MANUFACTURING CO.,
Office—65 North Front St., PHILADELPHIA, Pa.
CARDING, SPINNING and WEAVING
IN ALL THEIR BRANCHES.

Call special attention to their new
New Ring Spinning for Cotton!
Spindles 9,000 Revolutions per minute, positive driving to bobbin.
d84-1y

HIBBARD AND SPENCER
JOBBERS OF
Hardware, Cutlery
AND
TINNERS' STOCK.



LAKE ST., cor. Wabash Ave.,
CHICAGO.
WM. G. HIBBARD, F. P. SPENCER, J. C. FRISBIE, A. C. BARTLETT, A. D. LAIR.
Z. C. M. I. and all its branch Stores in the Territory keep our goods on sale.
d58-6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS DEPARTM'T
Z. C. M. I.

TO Accommodate the Rapidly Increasing business of this department and to Exhibit to our Patrons the Largest and
MOST COMPLETE STOCK
Ever Brought into this Territory
We have been obliged to
MOVE INTO THE NEW AND COMMODIOUS BUILDING
WEST OF THE
"EAGLE EMPORIUM,"
And we invite an early inspection of the same.

THIS STOCK, SELECTED EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET, INCLUDES FULL LINES OF
PRINTS, LAWNS, PERCALES!
AND
DRESS GOODS IN GREAT VARIETY.
STAPLE GOODS
As Usual, and
"Notions," Full and Complete.

WE ARE JUST IN RECEIPT OF OUR LATE AND
CHOICE STYLES
OF
SPRING and SUMMER SHAWLS,
To which we invite special attention. In fact our
NUMEROUS PATRONS,
And those who are in and around this city can not have a more pleasant time than can be had in
LOOKING THROUGH OUR MAGNIFICENT STOCK
And seeing our
INCREASED FACILITIES FOR DOING BUSINESS
H. B. CLAWSON, Supt.

Utah Northern Railroad.
TRAINS RUN BETWEEN
CORINNE
Junction with C. P. R. R.
AND
LOGAN.
On and After July 1st, 1873, Daily Passenger Trains
Leave Ogden ..... 7:30 a.m.
Leave Logan ..... 7:30 a.m.
Connect with trains for Ogden and Salt Lake.
Stages connect with Trains to and from Northern Settlements.
Trains Run on Salt Lake Time.
Passengers will secure purchase their Tickets at the Office.
For all information apply to Agents or Division, apply to
CHAS. HILLIS, General Freight and Ticket Agent.
d210-tf JOHN W. YOUNG, Gen'l Supt.

Z. C. M. I.
WHOLESALE GROCERY
Department
HAS A FULL LINE OF
MASON'S
Fruit Jars
WITH
PORCELAIN LINED CAPS,
Consisting of the
HERO,
STANDARD,
GEM, AND
X. L.,
All at Very Low Prices.
d213 1m

Milburn Wagons.

THE TIMBER IN