THE UNEMPLOYED.

And Their March to Washington.

Editor Deseret News:

As I understand the Deseret News to be a non-partisan paper, I beg that you will allow me to make a few remarks upon the above question.

The mustering of so many thousands of the unemployed and their intention to march to Washington is indicative of a new line of policy. Petitions from the laboring classes to alleviate their miserable condition or to do something to create work, are generally disregarded by those in power. Therefore they determined to move and make themselves a living petition, which will carry with it great responsibilities.

It is unjust and arbitrary legislation which has produced all this misery, suffering and misery. I never expected to find this under a republican form of government—a government which is supposed to be the government of the people. There must be something rotten in our political system.

It is said there will be 20,000 men who will meet in Washington; 20,000 hungry men, starving men. From statistics that I have gathered from various sources I find that 4,000,000 of unemployed might have met them. Does it by had to United. Now, this is a lamentable condition of things. The blame rests somewhere. It undoubtedly rests with the government.

In this great republic there are contending forces and conflicting interests. The East have used their power and influence against the West, especially on the silver question. At one time the South was opposed against the North. If such a condition of things is going to prevail, then I see nothing for us but the dissolution of this grand Republic. Wall street is a great extent is responsible for all this. Therefore I say: "March on, you unemployed, and let the East realize what they have done to the West. Let the goldbugs of Wall street keep you. We can spare you here in the West, there is no work for you here." There are still hundreds of thousands out West, and out of employment. Many who are comfortably situated in life have entered at them; have robbed them (troops, vagabonds, criminals and tramps, worthless characters. No doubt many of them are. What else could you expect? There never was an effect without a cause. What produced all this? My answer is, selfish and corrupt legislation on the one side, and other legislation on the other.

But, as this march to Washington, numbers or it may appear to some who form it a crazy, will have some good effect. We have seen the beginning of it but not the end.

Again, allow me to say that those who have attempted to depose them are doing a great injustice both to society and to those poor half-starved wretches, who have not where to lay their head. For thirty years have I taken a deep interest in my downtrodden, oppressed and half-starved fellow-man. I have written and fought for them, both in Europe and America. And why should I not? I am one of them. Like Thomas Paine I would say—"the world is my country and humanity my religion."—I have no other. As I have said, in both of our local papers, as well as in my remonstrance to Washington, it is the duty of our government, in times of depression like these, to find work for the unemployed. It could be done in connection with municipalities and state governments.

The French government take a deeper interest in this question than we do. They provide some employment or other, for they are well aware of the fact that a large number of idle people are a danger to the community, besides the moral aspect connected with it. Society is radically wrongly constituted. We cannot dispute the fact that the rich are getting richer, and the poor poorer. Wherever the wealth of a nation is accumulated in the hands of a few, then the majority suffer.

I do not wish it to be understood that I protest against the accumulation of wealth, but I certainly protest against corrupting our legislature in the interests of such accumulations, as it unduly increases that wealth at the expense of the public's good. There is no disputing the question that our government needs some political purification. In fact all governments need it. There is no more selfishness in the world. During the civil war, and after it for some years, there were but few millionaires and fewer paupers. Since that time how things have been reversed. Hundreds of millionaires and millions of unemployed.

The great eternal soul of nature never intended that a portion of mankind should revel in wealth and luxury, and the other portion wallow in poverty and misery to the very depths of misery and degradation.

As Robert Burns says:

> Man's inhumanity to man,
> Makes countless thousands mourn.

We have a proof of this today—a proof that there is something wrong in our political constitution. This tramp movement, this move on Washington, will strengthen the People's party, and it is to be hoped will have some good results in the purification of our political institutions.

Yours, etc.,
DEMOCRACY.

Plymouth is Growing.—Deaths.

PLYMOUTH, Box Elder county, Utah, April 15, 1894.

Editor Deseret News:

Our people are very busy putting in crops, the outlook for fall grain is very bad again this spring, the cause being that a crust forms before the grain gets up. We are putting in much land to beets, which pay better than any new crops on dry land. A good many of us have bought machinery for the great beet, and it is very promising; with water, fifty bushels of wheat per acre was taken last year, vegetables grow do well. Water comes to my farm from the north. If ever we make a success of this growing we will be happy, as this is a free country and little enough is made use of, neither home. The canal company has been a known one so far. They gave a number of lots away and $500 towards building a meeting house. The town is growing.

We are very sorry to report the death of Rhea children of Harry Clark and David George Smith, three children. It has not been a healthy year for our people; our principal work and of these are we on the Lord to comfort them in hard task.

JAS. H. REES.

THE DEATHS IN DETAIL.

PLYMOUTH, Box Elder Co., April 12, 1894.—During the week of last and the month are very trying to their cross. There has been most severe weather experienced since the middle of last November. Snow fell one foot deep, April 3, Sister Harry Clark, of this place, left a little son, Gordon Edward, aged 3 years, 8 months and 13 days, of abscess on the left ear, the 7th inst., a daughter, Mary Annie, aged 12 years, 9 months and 26 days, of diphtheria croup; and on the 10th inst., another son, John George, aged 7 years, 3 months and 8 days, of croup.

Brother George Smith, of this place, also left a little son on the 8th inst., James Samuel, of pneumonia of diphtheria croup, aged 7 years and 3 months.

The bereaved parents have the sympathy of the whole community in their great loss. Truly,

JOHN HUMPHREY JR.

Scrofula Tumors

Salt Rheum, Nervousness, Other Troubles

Complication of Diseases Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Mrs. Ben. Mellerup
Portland, Maine.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:
"Dear Sirs: Your sarsaparilla I had been a great sufferer from scrofula, having a tumor on my left breast and another in my stomach. I was also afflicted with salt rheum. My condition made many to realize disease and exposure, but all to no avail. These years ago I commenced taking your sarsaparilla. The tumor with its stench would not allow me to go out, and salt rheum was very much. My right breast was gone almost paralyzed, and my stomach difficulty was but everything was

Serious Female Troubles.

I became very nervous and my nerves tormenting with. Both were opened before my eyes. The doctors failed to help me. In spring I read about the wonderful cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla and decided to give it a trial. After taking a bottle and then I commenced to feel better, my digestion improved, and the tumor disappeared, and the salt rheum disappeared. I am a healthy woman. I am a healthy woman. I am a healthy woman