TELEGRAPHIC.

WHAT HOLMES SAYS.

Statement Made by the Man Accused of Many Crimes.

PIETZEL COMMITTED SUICIDE.

The Confession Obtained in a Legitimate Manner, Says the Arch-Conspirator.

PHILADELPHIA, July 29.—The *Bulletin* today prints the following: A remarkably new statement has just been made by H. H. Holmes, the supposed murderer of the Pietzel children. In it he says that Pietzel committed suicide. He was at many intimate times in close confidence with Holmes, and his version of how Pietzel came by his death just September, and also about his (Holmes) connection with the tragedy.

The statement was given to a close friend of Holmes in Philadelphia, who says it is a faithful reporter. Holmes says that one Saturday night preceding the death of Pietzel, the latter came to a house on North Eleventh street, where he was staying with Mrs. Howard.* Pietzel and Holmes had a heart-rending story of his pecuniary difficulties, and of the sickness of his daughter in St. Louis.

"I must have money," he wrote to the office, "or send to my wife in St. Louis."

Holmes remonstrated with Pietzel as to the expensive habits, and spoke relentlessly to him as follows: "You must have a good friend of mine. I might that I have made lots of money through you, but I cannot keep this up. Where is that $50 I gave you the other day? If you don't quit drinking you and I will have to separate."

The conversation is said to have been carried on during Eleventh street, and then walking north until Morris street was reached. When they arrived at the corner, Pietzel exclaimed: "I am at my beards of you. I will soon get rid of my difficulties. Life has become a nuisance to me."

Holmes then avers that he jokingly remarked to Pietzel: "Well, your body are good as any other, but I would not advise you to do anything rash."

Holmes accounts for making this remark by saying that he and Pietzel had under consideration the defrauding of the Fidelity Mutual Insurance company. Holmes says Pietzel then became angry and again asserted that he would commit suicide. Holmes then explains that Pietzel left him with the intention of going home. Holmes says he gave him no money that night, but promised to meet him at the Callow Hill street house the following morning.

It was about 10 o'clock the following day (Sunday) Holmes goes on to say, that he went to visit Pietzel at the Callow Hill house. When he reached the place, no one was apparently about. Holmes sat in the kitchen for almost twenty minutes waiting for Pietzel. The latter, Holmes supposed, had gone out for breakfast. Time went on and "Dad" was not to be seen.

The conspirator then says that he became anxious about his friend's whereabouts, and began to search the house for him. "As I rose to go up stairs," says the criminal, "I noticed a note lying on the counter in the front part of the house. It was addressed to me."

Holmes explains that he tore the note open. It directed him to go on the second floor and open a closet, in which he would find a large blue bottle containing another letter addressed to him. Holmes followed the directions. He found the note in the bottle, as described, and was horrified when he read it. It was from Herbert Pietzel, and advised Holmes that the dead body could be found in the house.

The letter pleaded that Holmes look after Pietzel's children, and suggested that there would be no difficulty in getting the insurance money from the Fidelity company, now that the dead body of Pietzel could be produced in evidence. Holmes then told the friend of the appearance of the corpse, and said he sat in the room with the body for over an hour. He was dazed and barely knew what course to follow.

He finally made up his mind that since Pietzel had taken his life there would be no harm in destroying any evidence of suicide, that he might be able to get the insurance on his life without difficulty. Holmes has confessed that he then dragged the dead body to the second floor, stripped the corpse of its flesh, pried open the mouth of the dead man and poured in a quantity of explosive chemicals. He then says he opened a lighted match to the dead man's mouth, when the explosion which so horribly disfigured the corpse followed. To give further expression that Pietzel came to his death by an accidental explosion, Holmes stated to his friend that he got a pipe of his, filled it with tobacco, lighted it, then tore out the flame after the tobacco had been partly consumed, and placed the pipe beside the dead man's body.

He says he left the house nearly daybreak in the afternoon, before he left the Callow Hill street house. He put on a suit of Pietzel's (a partially colored silk shirt), and placed his own hat, which was a bit too large, under his coat. The criminal went direct to the Broad street station, where he bought a ticket for Wheeling, and inquired at what hour the first train left for Chicago. Holmes says he does not distinctly remember at what hour the railway officials told him a Chicago train would leave, but believed it was between 8 and 9 o'clock at night. He then went to the house where he was staying and made preparations to leave the city. He and his wife, Holmes alleges, left for Chicago that night.

AS TO THE SKELETONS.

Holmes' attorney gave out another statement tonight purporting to come from the arch-conspirator and relating to the statements made by Charles Hayden, of Chicago, to the effect that he had exhumed four skeletons for Holmes.

In the first place, Holmes declared that no medical man who failed to make a living by the practice of his profession could do it to many other ways by calling into play his scientific knowledge. Accepting this idea he himself, he said, had resolved to procure a number of skeletons, and when [illegible] he intended that at once the quietly attend would see a fellow's business. Thereupon he procured a number of corpses and had them stripped and articulated, but the supposition that he had murdered people to obtain them is scouted as absurd.

"I got them in a legitimate manner," he continued, "and I am prepared to prove it when the time comes. There is not a soul living in Chicago who can prove that I had anything to do with the disappearance of this or any other of people whose names I am accused of."

In the statement of Pat Quinlan in his flat in New York, it does have some bearing on why drew the knives and chloral. The alleged tools will be submitted for examination here to ascertain whether the blood is from a human being. A theological student has been made of the [illegible] word of the deceased's wife, Julia, in Kansas City, Mo., to secure [illegible] from the agent, and were presented by a condition of affairs which we have urged immediate and searching investigation of the affairs of the agency.

JOHN M. THURSTON.

Sports Defy a Governor.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Governor Culberson's edict averse to pugilistic encounters in the state of Texas does not seem to have had much effect on the sports. They all believe implicitly in Dan Stuart's ability to bring off the big fight at Dallas. As "side shows" the O'Donnell and Maher and Ryan and Smith fights have also engaged the interest of the sporting fraternity. In the uptown hotels tonight the admirers of pugilism gathered and discussed the chances of Stuart's scheme coming out on top.

The highest award to Dr. Price's Baking Powder at the World's Fair was confirmed by the highest honors and gold medal at the California Mid-Winter Fair.

ANGEL'S BALLOON PROJECT.

Money Enough Subscribed for the Proposed Expedition.

LONDON, July 28.—Mr. Andre has received the sanction of the Swedish scientific society to his balloon project in search of the North Pole, and has received a liberal donation to help defray expenses from King Oscar of Sweden. Sufficient funds have, it is said, been obtained, and the attempt is assured, but Mr. Andre naturally desires to preserve as much as authoritative help as the International geographical congress. He explains that Mr. You of Paris has entered into a contract to make the machine of [illegible] silk, of which about 6,000 cubic meters will be required, the cost being £2,000.

The ballon is to be capable of carrying three persons, with the necessary instruments and ballast. It will be sufficiently gas-tight to hover in the air for thirty days at a height of 250 meters. M. Andre calculates 1,700 to 1,800 cylinders filled with gas under the pressure of two hundred atmospheres will be required for the expedition, in order to refill the balloon from time to time. He believes he will be able to guide the machine by a system of sails, acting as a brake if needed. The car is to be spacious enough to contain a sledge, a sailing boat, several weapons, with ammunition and photographic camera.

Early next spring it is proposed to send a balloon north, and after filling the balloon they start on the second voyage for the pole in July, with a fresh south to nearly south wind. The duration of the voyage must, of course, largely depend on the strength of the wind. It might possibly last only five or six days, but M. Andre expects it will take at least over forty. Thirty days he believes will suffice for obtaining about the central polar basin and taking a complete survey of it. The return journey is to be made through the Islandic parts of North America and North Siberia.

With a wind of average velocity, M. Andre says the homeward route make 19,440 kilometers in thirty days, whereas the distance from Spitzbergen to the starting point via the Pole is only 5,760.

LONDON OPEN OR IMPRACTICAL.

LONDON, July 29.—The session today of the International Geographical congress was opened with the discussion of Polar explorations. Mr. Nansen and Mr. Joseph Hooker, each a vice-president, [illegible] Sir John Rae, [illegible] urged that fresh expeditions be equipped and Dr. Murray, [illegible] of the Challenger expedition, stood in support of the theory that the Antarctic continent was not a succession of volcanic islands, and that investigations in the Antarctic ocean ought to be undertaken by the navies of the world, and as a result of private enterprise. A small committee was appointed to draft a resolution in favor of further explorations.

Most of the interest of the day centered in a paper read by M. S. Andre, proposing a balloon route to the North Pole. The idea seemed feasible as propounded by the explorer. The only difficulty appeared to be how to make sufficient gas for the balloon.

Then again, physical geographers seemed to think that the proposal would fall without the use of locks and much previous to rely upon in case of accident. The general impression of the congress, however, was that that proposition lacked practical application.

Indians Rioting in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 29.—Sheriff Naylor, of Jackson county, arrived in Topeka tonight, and will ask for state troops to put down an uprising of Indians on the Potawatomie reservation. The sheriff and posse accompanied the Indian police today to make an arrest and an hail in fire for their lives. The sheriff says there are fifty armed braves waiting to resist any attempt to arrest any of their number.

The trouble arose over a section of the reservation land, which a party of white men claim to have leased from the Indian agent. Less Saturday the white men began making use of these lands, and an Indian named Metaresh and several others drove them off. Warrants were put in the hands of the Indian police to be served, and Sheriff Naylor and posse accompanied to lend aid.

When the party reached the reservation they were met by Metaresh and about fifty followers, all heavily armed. They refused to be arrested, and the sheriff and party were obliged to speed their horses to the utmost to escape a conflict with the redskins.

TRIAL OF THE TAYLORS.

The Suspected Murderers Press an Alibi.

CARROLLTON, Mo., July 29.—In the Taylor trial this morning the defense had all its energies to prove an alibi for both prisoners. Josie Bailey, 15 years of age, who lives three miles from George Taylor's house, swore that she had seen George Taylor between 8 and 9 o'clock on the night of the murder, and that he was driving towards his home. This testimony would indicate that it was impossible for the Taylors to have been in the road where the murder was committed on the night in question.

Albert Taylor, a brother of the prisoner, testified that George Taylor was at home on the night of the murder as late as 9 o'clock, and when he (Albert) saw George he was leading his horses to the barn, which he had just unhitched from a wagon.

Mrs. David Gibson, George Taylor's mother-in-law, also testified that George was at home and in bed on the night of the murder. She denied that there was any blood on the wagon when the bodies of the Meekers were found in the strawstack. Mrs. Gibson's manner was very hesitating, and caused much merriment to the crowd in the courtroom.

Copper and Copper Mining.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—The review of copper and copper mining for the year 1894, made by the United States Geological survey has been completed. It says that copper mining suffered from the general depression of the year. Still, consumption was in advance of 1893, but an enlarged production could only be marketed by means of lower prices. On the whole, copper mining resisted the tension better than the other metal trades. The exports were less than in 1893, and were almost entirely of the refined metal. The production of copper in 1894 was 188,150 tons. A little over half of this came from Montana, and two-thirds of the remainder from the Lake Superior mines. Other sources of supply, included Arizona, 4,500,000 pounds; Colorado, 6,500,000 pounds; Missouri mines, 2,000,000 pounds; Utah, 1,000,000.

GIVES THEM UP.

A Missionary Tells of the Chinese Converts Who Are Not So Converted.

PITTSBURG, July 29.—Rev. Dr. Donaghay, pastor of the Eighth Presbyterian church of this city, who has been identified with the Chinese mission work for years, in an interview today says that he believes the efforts to convert Chinese from paganism are futile. He says that although the Chinamen go to Sunday school and seem to take an interest in the Christian religion, and even profess Christianity, yet they cling to their heathen ideas and ceremonies. Rev. Donaghay has visited China as the home mission superintendent of the Presbyterian church, and went to Washington in their interest when the treaty law was first enforced.

The movement to secure better food will be promoted by the rejection of cotton seed ammonia baking powders by the World's Fair jury. Dr. Price's is pecuniarily pure.

No More Executions Now.

LONDON, July 29.—M. P. Conway has responded to the anti-capital committee the report of his recent visit to America. He says that he does not doubt that the agitation of Miss Ida Wells and the formation of an English committee has had a good effect in America, the crime having nearly disappeared in some of the southern states, where no suggestion is now heard of the usual propensity for rape.

PALPITATION OF THE HEART.

Shortness of Breath, Swelling of Legs and Feet.

"For about four years I was troubled with palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath and swelling of the legs and feet. At times I would faint. I was treated by the best physicians in Evanston, Ill., without relief. I then tried various remedies without benefit. Finally I tried

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

also his Nerve and Liver Pills, all of which I procured of [illegible] I continued taking them and I am now in perfect health than for many years. Before my recovery I have given the people in ward [illegible] I hope this letter may be of value to some poor sufferer."

E. B. SUTTON, Ward Worker, Ogden, Utah.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure contains no opium, morphine or other narcotic. Its remarkable effects are due to its power to restore to healthful action the nerves which control the heart. Book on heart and nerves sent free. Sold by druggists.

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COLLARS and CUFFS at your Outfitters.

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You'll hear about bad wheels. What do you think about the "Rambler's" design this season? Blood and speed. Do you know that every Rambler in the Y. M. C. A. road race got a place.

and there was a score or more of them too. Why don't you ride a good wheel? Come and examine the Rambler. Ladies call and see our stock of Cycle Leggings.

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Presidents of the day, ex-Gov. Arthur L. Thomas, Gov. Caleb W. West.

Look! TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS will be given in prizes.

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CLARET, 75 cents.
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A grand combination of circumstances to save you money.
In no previous season have we been able to collect an assortment so well adapted to the wants and requirements of this country as we now offer in our immense stock of

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Selected especially for you and each article marked at a price you can afford to pay.

A close examination turns the tide of trade to our counters and the savings into your purse.

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A better one $6, worth $12. And all other grades at similar reductions from former values.

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Await the wise and economic buyer in our Shoe Department. This week our entire stock to be slaughtered and sacrificed preparatory to moving into our new Shoe Department. We subjoin a few out of the multitude of magnificent bargains.

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MISSES',
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BOYS',
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All must be slaughtered and sacrificed before moving into our new department.

Misses and Goat spring heel button and Oxfords, the finest made, actions, [illegible] $1.10
Now is your chance.

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Ladies' Tan Lace Shoes, [illegible] $2.50
Were $3.00.

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Were $3.00.

Ladies' Kid Oxfords and Slippers, common sense and opera, were $2.50, at [illegible]

Misses' French Dongola Oxford, all [illegible] $2.25

Misses' Dongola button, opera, [illegible] $1.95

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Be sure and see our Wash Goods Window.

Light Blue and Red Seersuckers, with [illegible] stripe and small stripes, worth 8½c, at 6½c

All our best wide English and French Percales, sold at 12½c and 15c, reduced to 12½c

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Satin fiber printed Organdies in new stripes and figures combined, worth 25c, at 15c

Jaconet Cashmere Lawns, new [illegible] invented, in plain and [illegible] dots, black, green and [illegible] stripes, value 25c, at 15c

All our White India Linon Fabrics and checks, fine and sheer goods, former price 20c and 25c, all at 15c

HANDSOME SILK WAISTS.

Just received, one beautiful [illegible] Black taffeta silk at a great bargain, and you will be the [illegible] day morning for $2.20

This is positively the finest purchase of Silk Waists of the season.