

BY TELEGRAPH.

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 22.—The following are the principal articles of impeachment against O. B. Bradford, late vice-consul general at Shanghai, China:

First—That Bradford became interested in and promoted officially a railway from Woo Sung to Shanghai, in violation of the treaty obligations and acts of Congress.

Second—That he conspired for pecuniary gain to deceive the Chinese authorities by procuring consent to build a carriage road and afterwards constructing a railway from Woo Sung to Shanghai.

Third—He was guilty of injustice, tyranny and extortion as judge of the consular court. There are five specifications under this article.

Fourth and fifth—That as postal agent of the United States, he abstracted letters from the mails and opened them for the purpose of prying into the business and secrets of persons writing letters.

Sixth—that he took a voucher in one instance for \$80 and paid in person only \$60, retaining \$20.

Seventh—That, as postal agent at Shanghai, he received Mexican dollars, which were at a premium over gold and currency, and that he paid the expenses in like coin, but charged the government with the premium, as if he had purchased such coin, thereby defrauding government out of large sums.

Eighth—That he embezzled fees due the government.

Ninth—That he embezzled \$2,600 of government funds.

WASHINGTON, 24.

Rice reported a bill providing that persons deprived of their pensions from March, 1865, to June, 1866, by reason of being in the civil service, shall be paid their pensions for that time; passed. Also a bill repealing the section of the Revised Statutes, which provides that no claim for pensions not prosecuted to a successful issue, within five years from the date of filing the same, shall be admitted without the record evidence of the War and Navy Departments; passed.

McKey reported a bill, increasing to \$72 per month the pensions paid to soldiers or sailors who have lost both arms, both legs, or sight of both eyes; passed.

Powers reported a bill granting a pension of \$750 a month to every pensioner who has had his leg amputated at the hip joint; passed.

Walsh reported a bill making it unlawful for any attorney or claim agent to demand, or receive for his services in a pension case, a greater sum than \$25. The bill being amended so as to limit the amount to 10, was passed.

AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, 22.—Francisco Peraltó completed the 305 miles in 14 hours and 31 minutes, having 29 minutes to spare. The quickest mile was two minutes and 10 seconds; quickest ten miles, 22 minutes, 12 seconds.

The *Bulletin* is informed by the captain of the steamship *Canima*, from Bermuda, that the English ironclad *Serious*, a swift cruiser, left that port with sealed orders, supposed to be for the coast of Maine, to look after the movements of the Russian vessels in that quarter.

The British fleet at Bermuda, consisting of several quick sailing gunboats, has also received orders to sail at once for Halifax.

OMAHA, 22.—The motion for a new trial having been overruled in the case of Dr. George St. Louis, of Fremont, recently convicted of the murder of his wife, by poison, he was sentenced to be hung on Sept. 20th.

DUBUQUE, Ia., 22.—Three children, of a farmer named John Wormkey, were suffocated, yesterday, by the burning of sticks thrown into a wood box. Wormkey and wife had locked the children in the room and gone to work in a corn field.

DENVER, 22.—A terrific rain fell upon large areas of Douglas and El Paso counties, in this State, yesterday. Cherry Creek, which empties into the Platte at Denver, and which is ordinarily dry, was suddenly deluged at 1 o'clock this morning, and in less than an hour the entire western portion of the city was flooded. Seven bridges were swept away, and a large

amount of other property destroyed. Owing to the industry of the fire department the entire population of the district devastated was aroused and warned in time to escape, and it is now believed that no lives have been lost beyond that of an unknown man, whose body was found in a freight car, where he had probably been asleep. The Denver and Rio Grande Railroad lost a bridge near Colorado Springs, and have been unable to run any trains on this end of the road today. Three bridges have been swept away on the Kansas Pacific railroad. A freight train on the latter road containing 18 cars, passed through the bridge across the Kiowa, burying with it John A. Baker and John Platt, whose bodies have not been recovered. The debris and drift from Cherry Creek lodged against the Colorado Central railroad bridge, across the Platte, and forced out a portion of its supports. This road also sustained considerable damage on its Cheyenne division, but it is believed that its trains, and those of the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad will move regularly to-morrow afternoon.

BOSTON, 22.—The wool market is in the same quiet state as last week. The demand from manufacturers is confined to immediate wants, and holders are unable to obtain any advance. Round lots of fleeces can not be sold except at low prices. The new crop of California moves slowly, and manufacturers are very indifferent about supplies. On all the old wool now on hand the holders have to submit to a great shrinkage in prices, and even at the present low prices, it is difficult for manufacturers to obtain the cost of their goods. California sells slowly at 15 @ 28 for fall and spring. Pulled wools 28 @ 42½ for super and X, mostly 35 @ 40.

The Russian government, through its agent, Captain Gripenberg, has opened negotiations with a Boston iron company for the manufacture of heavy ordnance, and a special price list, with full particulars as to the capacity of the works at present run, or under the highest pressure, has been submitted at the request of the Russian agent.

DEADWOOD, 22.—A heavy snow storm in this vicinity last week, followed by warm weather and rain, caused Deadwood and White-wood Creeks to again overflow their banks and flood a great portion of the town. A two-story building on Lee street, occupied by the Mankato Furniture Manufacturing Company, was carried with great rapidity down the stream 200 yards, where it struck a bridge and went to pieces. A man, who had been unable to get out before, leaped from the house on the bridge just before the collision. Several smaller houses were also carried away by the flood. Edward Preble was struck by a falling roof and knocked into the stream; but was finally rescued. He received a severe gash in the head. Much of the road between this point, Lead City, and Central, was washed away. Much damage to the placer claims has resulted. The entire damage thus far is about \$50,000, principally to miners. The water is still rising.

NEW YORK, 23.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The democrats are confounded by the suspicious now entertained that the alleged proofs against Noyes and Sherman are forgeries.

The same correspondent explains why the republicans refused to vote on the Harrison resolution. A negative vote would have been interpreted by the democrats, and might have been understood by the country to mean that the republicans were unwilling to declare that the title of the President is unassailable. On this point the republicans are unanimous, and after brief consultation, therefore, it was thought better, in order that their position should not be misunderstood, to allow the democrats to settle this matter among themselves.

MINNEAPOLIS, 23.—The coroner's jury, which has been holding an inquest on the victims of the mill explosion, returned a verdict that the disaster was the result of an explosion of mill dust floating in the air, kindled by the fire in the wood-work of the Washburne "A" Mill, originating in a spark from the stones running empty. No evidence is found to show negligence on the part of the mill operatives, but the open purifiers in use in mills are condemned as generating an unusual amount of dust.

MINERAL POINT, Wis., 23.—A destructive tornado occurred here

about 5 o'clock. A large stone brewery and several other buildings were demolished—about a dozen in all. John Sponsely's fine family residence was destroyed while a family reunion was in progress, and Mrs. Waller was instantly killed. The rest miraculously escaped. The residence of Judge Cuthren was struck by the storm and his aged mother killed. The tornado passed through the heart of the town and did great damage. The wires from Mineral point have failed, and further damage is feared.

QUINCY, Ill., 23.—A tornado struck the western part of Crown County this afternoon, and blew down a few houses. Three persons are reported killed. Particulars wanting.

CHICAGO, 23.—The *Times'* Washington special, in the course of severe remarks on the subject, says: The Indian bureau is greatly concerned about the charges of fraud against that organization in awarding contracts. The latest item of news to spur up the bureau is intelligence, received to-day, of the deplorable state of affairs among the Ute Indians of Colorado. They are on the verge of open rebellion against the government. They have complained of bad treatment for nearly eight months. The army officers have justified their complaints, and clearly pointed out a practicable remedy.

The reports of army officers on this case have been singularly full and clear, sometimes accompanied by maps showing the exact position as to reservations, camps, etc. They have all the while testified to the dangerous temper in which the Indians have been placed by bad treatment. Their reports, until very recently, were utterly unheeded. A short time ago a commission of two civilians and an army officer was appointed to investigate the matter. There is no possible excuse for this delay of several months in inquiring into abuses which, from present aspects, may at any moment, result in an Indian war in Colorado and New Mexico. The Utes are a powerful nation, there being over 3,000 in Colorado and some 2,000 in New Mexico. If they resolve on war, as is now probable, they would cause great bloodshed and expense, and if this takes place it is admitted on all hands that the Indian bureau, and that alone, will be to blame.

DIAMOND CITY, Montana, 23.—A *Husbandman* extra, dated the 20th inst., says: This morning a small band of unknown Indians raided two ranches in the Smith River valley, driving off a band of horses. Soldiers from Camp Baker pursued, and with some citizens had a fight with the Indians, two Indians are reported killed. The others were driven into the mountains.

The Third Infantry started this morning for the summer camp on the Marias River, north of Fort Benton.

MINNEAPOLIS, 24.—Woodward's Globe planing mills were burned, this morning; loss \$22,000; insured \$5,000.

HARTFORD, Conn., 24.—The large building known as the Hohn Block, on Market street, was burned this morning. An explosion threw down a portion of the wall, killing three firemen and wounding six others, two of whom are in a critical condition.

WHEELING, West Va., 24.—A fire this morning at Parkersburg, in this State, destroyed five dwellings and ten business houses. The business portion of the city was seriously threatened. The steam fire engines were brought from Marietta. The fire is now under control. The fire originated from a negro lighting a cook stove with coal oil. The loss will not be less than \$60,000; insurance \$10,000.

SUNCOOK, N.H., 24.—A fire here, this morning, destroyed nine buildings; loss \$60,000; insurance \$46,000.

CHICAGO, 24.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The Potter committee is sailing in heavy seas. The news from Pittsburg has still further demoralized the whole investigating crowd. Randall's defeat is regarded as doubly significant, taken in connection with his course in aiding the Potter resolution, which all on the inside knew to be disguised as a direct attack on the President's title, and the position of the convention against such a course, proves almost as much a damper on the Potter committee as Sherman's letter. The republicans appear to take more pleasure in opening this investigation than the democrats do. Morrison will have charge of

the case of Louisiana and conduct it from Washington, while the sub-committee will go to Florida.

The storm at Barrington, reported last night, was most destructive. About three miles from that town, where the farm house of William Brimes is situated, that gentleman was instantly killed and two young children carried through the air by a whirlwind and hurled dead to the ground, a distance of 20 rods away. A laborer was lifted from his feet, and on striking *terra firma* again, his legs were broken by the shock. No other damage to life is reported, but the destruction of property was considerable.

Hailstones of a prodigious size fell at Hyde Park, about 20 miles from here, during last night's storm. In Madison, Wisconsin, and vicinity the storm was of terrific violence. At Mount Vernon, Wisconsin, two Norwegians, named Bergt, were killed by the destruction of their house, and their mother was seriously injured. O. B. Daley, storekeeper, was killed. A large number of houses and barns were blown down, and great destruction of life and property resulted.

CHICAGO, 24.—A gentleman came through here to-day who gave the name of Dalziel, formerly editor of the *San Francisco Mail*, and tells a story of remarkable persecution. He started several days ago from San Francisco, with his wife and child, for New York. At Elko, Nevada, a sheriff boarded the train and put him under arrest, claiming he was a notorious and accomplished embezzler. Not being perfectly sure of the identity, he telegraphed to Virginia City, and received a description which did not correspond with the person of Dalziel, and he was released. But at Cheyenne he was arrested a second time on a telegraphic order from Elko, and was thrust brutally into jail and treated severely, and his wife, the beautiful former actress, Dickie Lingard, was insulted by the sheriffs. He was finally released on identification by some San Francisco friends. He says Cheyenne is noted for such work, and that some time since Charles De Young, of San Francisco, was arrested at that place for petty larceny, through mistaken identity.

MADISON, Wis., 24.—Last night's heavy rain storm was accompanied by the remarkable phenomenon of a rain at sticks, stones, boards, and twigs of various sizes and large, hail. The cyclone came from the southwest probably from Mineral Point, Bowen, Mount Vernon and Oregon. It was specially severe, and from 15 to 20 barns are reported destroyed. A Norwegian living near Mount Vernon narrowly escaped death, and his father-in-law, Narve Bergt, and his brother Herbrand Bergt, were killed instantly, while his mother-in-law was seriously injured by the destruction of their dwelling. O. B. Daley, a wealthy merchant of Mount Vernon, was also killed. A number of prairie fires started during the evening.

An Oregon, Wisconsin, special says: Many houses were torn down near Paoli and three or four persons killed. Great destruction of property and loss of life undoubtedly resulted from the storm. News comes in slowly, as telegraphic communication with that part of the state is wanting.

Later details show an appalling destruction of life and property from the tornado. Twenty-five to thirty barns and farm houses were blown down and utterly destroyed and the debris was carried before the mighty avalanche of wind, some of it falling 12 and 15 miles away, one shutter of a house falling in Lake Mendota, near this city. Some 12 to 15 persons are known to be killed and a large number seriously injured. Graphic descriptions are given of the terrible effect of the tornado; teams and wagons are reported taken from roads and carried in the air and dashed to the ground. The storm came from the direction of Mineral Point, where it wrought such terrible damage. It raised from the ground seven or eight miles southwest of Madison, and again struck the earth near Fort Atchison, northeast of here, near Primrose and Paoli. The storm seemed from half to a mile in width, and swept everything before it, mowing down trees, fences, barns and shrubbery, as if with a scythe. Further returns may be had to-night.

ELLSWORTH, Me., 24.—Small parties of Russian officers are leaving the *Cimbria*, to-day, with all their baggage, which they pass formally

through the custom house. A few leave by every boat going west. One of the officers, in conversation, confirms the report that the Russian force is composed of three ships' crews, each fully officered. He says there is no harm in now saying that they have come to America to man three fast vessels, to be purchased and converted into Russian cruisers. He thinks two have already been purchased and are now in Philadelphia. Such officers as have left the *Cimbria* have gone to these vessels. When asked if any sailors had been sent on, he answered that the sailors would be taken directly in the *Cimbria* to the point of transfer. The officer conversed with is of the rank of a lieutenant, highly educated and apparently candid in his statements.

BELLEFONTAINE, Pa., 24.—Governor Watson and Alfred Rankin, who lodged at Gorman's Hotel, last night, arose this morning, and both drank, by mistake, from a bottle of carbolic acid. One of them died soon after, and the other is not expected to recover.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 22.—The Turkish censorship suppresses the particulars about the affairs before Tcheragan Palace, on Monday. As far as can be gathered from the details permitted to come through, there was an organized conspiracy to restore Murad, who was in the Tcheragan Palace at the time. Murad denies any knowledge of the conspiracy. It is reported that he has since been removed to Topkapou. The number of revolutionists is variously estimated by the correspondents of London journals at from 100 to 500, though the government, in a circular to the Turkish representatives abroad, says the number was 30. Correspondents agree that the attempt, as a political demonstration, was a complete failure. Ali Suavi, who was the leader and organizer of the movement, was a hot-headed adventurer, who had been several times exiled. He lived some years in London and Paris and was engaged in journalism. He was recalled to Constantinople after the accession to the throne of Abdul Hamid and appointed director of the lyceum, but was dismissed for mismanagement. He became needy and went among the refugees, and under a pretence of organizing an expedition to aid the Shadope insurgents, he secured a sufficient number of adherents to make Monday's attempt. Persons arrested are said to be compromised by papers found in Ali Suavi's house after his death. The affair created the utmost consternation in commercial and financial circles in Constantinople. It is said the outbreak was carefully timed when all the generals and prominent officials at the seraskierate were absent at Buyukdere. It is believed the position of the war minister is compromised.

A Constantinople dispatch says: The Russian troops continued, today, their forward movement toward Belgrade forest.

General Skobelev, reinforced with artillery, has stationed his troops close to the Sweetwaters.

Osman, Baker, Moukhtar and Fuad Pashas, to-day, inspected the Turkish lines, and ordered the detachments in front not to retire. The Russ-Turkish commission will fix the exact line of demarcation.

The conflict between Montenegro and the Porte is threatening. Prince Nicholas accuses the Turks of making preparations in Albania for attacking Montenegro. The Turkish governor of Scutari denies this, and assures the prince of the Porte's pacific sentiments. The Turks say the prince is unjustifiably alarmed or seeking a pretext for a conflict, as the Montenegrins have been themselves making active military preparations.

Her Majesty's ironclad steamship *Triumph*, armour-plated, 6,660 tons, and carrying 14 guns, sailed from Portsmouth for the Pacific Ocean, to relieve the *Shah*, 6,040 tons and 26 guns.

VIENNA, 22.—The relations between Austria and Roumania have become closer, and Emperor William advised Prince Charles to yield Bessarabia, and abdicate if the Roumanians raise any difficulty, but the Prince refused, and went to the army. German interference has given offence at Vienna, and General Manteuffel has arrived in Vienna. It is expected that he is the bearer of an autograph letter from Emperor William to Emperor Francis Joseph. It seems certain