found memoranda and maps giving a description of the cave and the key to find the room in which the treasure is hidden.

It is not certainly known into whose hands the map, etc., which Villanueva had, "el', as he had no relatives or friends in this part of the country, but it is certain that the originals or cupies of them are now in the hands of parties who are exploring the cave. About ex months ago a party of six or seven Americans from the neighborhood of Americans from the heighnorhood of Kenedy, in Karnes county, came out to Loma Blancha, and after loveling over the ground commenced excava-tione, and after clearing away a contiderable amount of drift sand came to what was undoubtealy the mouth of a what was undoubtedly the mouth of a cavern in the side of a hill. The pas-sageway, although filled completely with sand, the accumulations of many years, was well defined, and could be easily followed. The work of exploration is still in progress, but is necessar-ily very slow. A few days ago one of the explorers told the News correspondent that they were nearly assured that they had reached the neighbor-hood of the treasure vault described by the old Bpaniard. The springs of fresh water and all the passages and rooms so water and all the passages and rooms to far explored are exactly as they were described in the maps, and the gentle-men who are at work on the enterprise have the most unbounded faith in final SU COBER.

FROM INDIAN TERRITORY. MANARD, Cherokee Nation, April 14, 1896.

Again we ask for a short space in your valuable paper that we may inform our friends that we are still at our post of duty. As the spring is now open, we have entered upon our labors with a determination to spread the with a determination of spicad the Gospei truths throughout this part of the earth we are obeying the call made of us to the best of our ability, but sometimes it looks discouraging, but sometimes it looks uncouraging, for the people have not only gone out into the dark near, without the spirit of discernment, but they refuse to be plioted out of the meshes of sectarian bigotry and human blindness, though they are being labored with earnestly.

they are being labored with earneelly. If the people would only investigate they would discover that if the New Testament passages give the identity of the true Church, all the sectarian organizations in the world do not an-swer the description. They all profess the identity of the true church and is here the to be the the true church and take the Bible to prove their position and all fail to some important particular.

I am happy to say that the cause in which we are chosen servants is slowly but surely treaking down the prejudices that the Elders have had to contend with in the first; yet we all feel toankful that we have been counted worthy to suffer for the word of God. If all had been clear sailing, with no opposition, we would not have known the glorious promises and blessings that come to those who are willing to suffer for His name's sake. Brother Spiliman and I are at Man-

ard, where we are engaged in bolding meetings and Sunday school, with fair interings and Sunday school, with fair (nemetves bold fainties and initer attendance. Your humble servant is enemies of the Morman people and the engaged in teaching a day school. We Republican party, whom they strive bave also Brothers Noble and Richtard and are guilty of coining such rubbish in the field south, and Brothers Green as none but persons in a demented con-

of Rooperville and Hawkley of Pocatello. All are meeting with frience, and hope to plant the standard of truth so firmly in the bearts of the peo-ple that it will guide them into the presence of the Father and the Son, there to enjoy eternal bliss. We are all in the enjoyment of health and the epirit of our mission, and all join me in wishing the ploneer paper of Zion suo-Cess throughout the year. P. H. MARGETTS.

ONE OF THE PEOPLE.

CANNONVILLE, Utab, April 18, 1896.

Having noticed an article in the Tribune of the 12th inst. entitled "Let the People Speak," and alter carefully reading the same as well as a lecture delivered in Balt Lake City recently by the Rev. Dr. Iliff "On Mormonism," the writer feels and is prompted by a sense of justice and fairness to the people to accept of the headlines of Mr. E. B. Critchlow's letter "Let the People Speak,' and as one of the people does speak, to-wit:

In the first place I am reminded of an old-time adage: "Unwise men are known by two things; anger without cause, and speech without profit." In the case of Mr. Critchlow he fulfils the first part of this maxim; he is indeed angered without cause, while the Rev. Dr. has certainly made a speech without profit, as no doubt he has done upon several occasions.

Now the people of Utah (the Mormons) are boidly accused of insinceri-ty since Statehood, especially so with the head of the State department, His Excellency Gov. Wells. He is accused of listening to and being dictated by a "con-mittee or junta" influencing bim in the matter of passing upon legislation in the interest of the Mormon Church, etc. Now, we loudly pro-nounce these accusations as false, and it using a slang phrase, "pure rot." Men have risen in these days of political auroras, pretendiog to be patriots and true American oltizens, and many of them call themselver the true disciples of Christ, and proclaimers of His Gospel, whose true mission seems to be to create an extended and rather protracted furore in religious and political circles, thereby bringing dissen-sion and confusion in the midst of the people. To more fully consummate their nefarious designs, they appeal to men's passions, prey upon their sym-pathies and solicit their influence, that they may more effectually and forci-bly impress the minds of the Ameri-can people with such baseless fabrications as the subject of this letter, and that the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints is a source of danger of a malignant type to the republican institutions of our country.

If men and women thus appealed o would but stop to view and ruthfully consider the picture presented to them, and reason to truthfully consider the picture presented to them, and reason the question from an unprejudiced stanopoint, they would invariably come to the right and just conclusion, that these "doubting Thomas's" are themselves bold fanatics and bitter

dition, or as would dream of. maliciously ubjust,.

The assertions (or insinuations) contained in the letter of Mr. Critchlow I consider false in all that the word implies, and savor of mental incanacity on the part of the writer and should (and will) be condemned by all honest people. All these prevarications show very plainly that the makers thereof are at once inimical and avowed enemiss of religious and political liberty, especially when these rights pertain to the "Mormons." And indeed, it is high time that the people of Utah should put a final quietus on these impositions, which they are subjected to by this class of individuals; and unless they do this, results may follow sooner or later and what these results may beneeds no insulted prophet to tell.

The Mormon people are true to each and to every promise they as a Church ever did make, and they will continue so. The Mormons bave done their duty, and will continue to do it despite the infamous calamny and false assertions of blatant demagognes, whose only object for so doing is as indicated by the spirit of their vociferous declamations, a burning. ambition to grasp political power. "By that sin fell the angels."

The laith and patriotism of the Mormone, when investigated and thoroughly understood, reveal the fact, that instead of its being a source of danger to the American people, it, on the contrary, proves to be a baim of Gilead and an inestimable boon to all man-

kind, religiously and politically. Now it is a gross injustice for any man or set of men in our State to accuse the Presidency or other leading men in the Mormon Church with chicanery or duplicity. The writer of this is a Mormon and in politics a thoroughbred Republican, and has heen such (Republican) since he beat the drum in 1864.5 in defense of his country; and since joining the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints some twenty years ago till the present never saw anything in said organiza-tion but what was nonest and upright, The Mormons are slucere in all that they do under any and all circum-stances, and they (as a people) would suffer imprisonment, as bundreds of suffer imprisonment, as bundreds of them did in days gone by, sooner than do a wrong in the matter of their re-ligion, or prove false to any trust re-posed in them. So It is foolishness for men in this enlightened age in Utah to fret and worry over the Church domi-nating in politics, for they do not so desire. desire.

Now my advice to Comrade Iliff and Mr. Critchlow is to let well enough alone. They may keep their eye alone. peeled for any wrong doing and when certain that the Mormone (and the Governor especially) are wire-pulling in the interest of the uominant Church, then "Gallagher, let her go," but not before. JOHN M. DUNNING.

FROM FLORIDA.

GREENVILLE, Fia., April 17, 1896.

The place I am at is that of Samuel Rutherlord's, a bigbly respectable farmer, a person unexcelled in bospl-tality and a warm friend to the Eidere. All who have met him and have been made recipients of his kindness can