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ENGLAND READY FOR WAR

Army is Preparing for all Emergencies and Will Soon be Ready to Mobilize.

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[illegible] Army officer and man on furlough or on half pay has been summoned to join at the colors and instructed to be in readiness for service on the national summons. There are practically every ship in the British navy, whether in or out of commission at the present moment, but the full war complement, if officers and men ready to take hold and to sail, which the time arrives.

According to Paris advices Admiral Dulongchamp, commanding the French naval forces in the Pacific, has received a demand for reinforcements, and for a large model to be sent to relieve Admiral Pierre, who is now in command. The fear in Paris is that the station of the Kiang Chen ports are showing signs of a crisis, and that the action of the allies lest that the action of the French admiral may be misinterpreted with a desire to back up Russian designs.

[illegible] age of a wide open town that will be a great attraction to men of a certain stamp.

The arrival of so many strangers in Santiago during the last two weeks has taxed the town's accommodations, which were never ample, to the utmost. Rooms are at a premium, the prices of beds and restaurants will continue to be a destroyer to the city until the rainy season sets in, and most Americans want stays in and upon a budget.

The Anglo-American club of Santiago, an institution founded soon after Cuba was ceded by the English speaking residents of the city, has been taxed to the limit by many Americans since the occupation. The club affords a limited number of rooms, which are occupied by officers and correspondents. Many of Santiago's citizens who remember it are receiving Americans who have come prepared with the same parcel shower bath. Even three days after the occupation, the top was secured tonight, and while there is some noise mostly in camp, the long white tables are filled a day with Cuban and American officers of note, but how soon, meanwhile, to every an officer who has taken a room for the front is separated from the noisy scramble of a civilized town.

Old friends met in this common resort and in the making of the feast, and and toast of July is told and told again to men who were on the right, left or in the front, or who came in late. Brave officers from the ships have come to the club dinner, and then there is no end to the stories from the land and of what the ships have done.

Many of the refugees from Santiago are now arriving in Jacksonville during the Spanish time. They are coming back, however, in a very different way from the seven months. Then they money is not plentiful as yet. They depend upon the money they have brought with them and will accordingly work is resumed, and the money that was sent back to Jacksonville during the war, begins its way back to Cuba, under an improvement in the future, money will not be lost as it was in the old days.

There is much talk in terms of the exorbitant prices charged by store keepers for nothing but food and drink. Prices of dollar three and four times as high as in the United States. The keepers are charging at the rate of two American dollars for which and formerly for one silver Spanish dollar. It has been found necessary to order that bread shall not be sold until the morrow. Bread, of course, is not bought, and the announcement that there will be established soon an American bakery has been noised at points prevailing in New York, is received with delight.

WILL NOT CONSOLIDATE CANALS.

Rejection of an Alliance Between the Panama and Nicaragua Schemes.

New York, Aug. 6—The American chamber of commerce in Paris recently addressed an inquiry to Mr. Edward Hitchcock, president of the Nicaragua canal, with a view to some proposed alliance of interests between the Panama and the Nicaragua Canal companies, to ascertain whether it would be possible to unite the interests of the American people in the projects.

Mr. Hitchcock referred the inquiry to Mr. Hitchcock, president of the Nicaragua canal company, who has received the following letter:

Edward Hitchcock, President of the Nicaragua Canal Construction Company:

Dear Sir—In reply to your inquiry of the 20th instant, I am pleased to be able to inform you that America and the Americans can rightly claim to be willing to aid or encourage the construction of Panama canal. I will go further, I believe my sympathy in this direction would be shared by the United States government, if it should ever be called upon to do so. I believe the Panama canal is a necessity, if at all, the Nicaragua canal is a luxury, only at the lowest expression of the word. I believe the American people are in a position to take the Nicaragua canal, under favorable conditions, and that it will be a great benefit to us, for the mastery in the Pacific, independent of relative utility and revenue, and I believe it will be a great commercial success. Yours very truly,

HIRAM HITCHCOCK, President.

SPAIN ACCEPTS THE TERMS

That is the Unqualified Announcement From Madrid Regarding the American Peace Conditions.

Official Reply of Spain Not Yet Received at Washington, but Its Effect is Not Doubted, Only a Little Time is Necessary for Sagasta to Harmonize the Elements in His Cabinet.

Madrid, Aug. 6—The Spanish reply to the United States, which, it has been learned on high authority, accepts the American peace conditions, has been completed and will be submitted to the queen regent this morning, prior to its transmission to Washington. It is also the opinion of the cabinet that the reply will be transmitted to the French ambassador, who will forward it to Washington. The queen regent has confirmed with Silvela, the conservative leader, with the Duke of Tetuan, the former minister for foreign affairs and with Manuel de Corzano, the former minister general of Cuba.

This afternoon the inquiry will be made Senor Romero Robledo, whose views are said to be shared by General Weyler.

The action of conference between the premier, Senor Sagasta, and the leaders of the various parties continued this evening with interviews with Gen. Castellano and others.

Senor Silvela, the Conservative leader, has not replied to Senor Sagasta's invitation to come to Madrid in order to discuss matters.

THE QUEEN REGENT APPROVES.

New York, Aug. 6—A Madrid special to the New York Journal says:

The queen regent has approved the policy of the Spanish government in the United States accepting the conditions laid down by the latter under which peace will be concluded.

Washington, Aug. 6—The answer of Spain to the American terms on which peace may be resumed was expected almost any moment in official circles here. The cabinet met at the usual hour and remained in session for two hours. It was understood that the answer would be received before the cabinet met, but no such intelligence was received. It is believed that the answer will be received at the cabinet session next Monday morning. The cabinet will be in session all next week, and it is believed that the Spanish reply will be received and considered