

GENERAL NEWS.

By Telegraph to the News.

LOS ANGELES, May 12.—The Times says it has received authoritative information that the southern Utah line will soon be extended from its present terminus to Las Angeles. The chief engineer and the locating engineer of the Union Pacific are here locating a line through the Sierra Madre Mountains. It is claimed this route will be 110 miles shorter between Chicago and this city than any other.

QUEBEC, May 12.—In his speech here to-night Mr. O'Brien said he had expressed his acknowledgment not merely to his friends but to his opponents, for the courtesy and fair play he had received up to the present time. He believed that a good many prejudices and misunderstandings which had arisen with reference to his visit were being already dispelled, and expressed his confidence that the more the subject was washed out the more severely every humane and liberty-loving man in Canada would condemn the conduct of Lord Lansdowne, and the more they would recognize that this visit was the only means left to avert the

TOTAL DESTRUCTION

of an entire community of oppressed and cruelly wronged tenants. The Irish people had not sought this quarrel with Lord Lansdowne. He had himself forced it by making himself the champion and standard-bearer of the worst and most inhuman class of rack-renters in Ireland. [Hisses.]

"If, as the Montreal Herald of today states," he continued, "that the Canadian people would not take on the statement of others, the assertion that Lord Lansdowne was as black as he was painted, till the other side was heard from, I invite and challenge Lord Lansdowne to answer or dispute a single fact which the Herald says should not be accepted until he has had an opportunity of denying. Lord Lansdowne need not seriously

SHELTER HIMSELF

under the plea that his official position prevented him from defending himself in a free country like this. The press is open to him as to any one [Applause] and as a matter of fact Lord Lansdowne has already very significantly availed himself of the ordinary channels of newspaper defense. He has on more than one occasion, and through interviews and official communications, done his utmost to prejudice the Canadian people with reference to my visit [Hisses] and he cannot now pretend to so wrap himself up in majesty as to decline to defend himself against an indictment which, if unanswered, will bring upon him the reprobation of Canadian public opinion."

IF I BE WRONG

In the invitation of public condemnation of the Luggacurran eviction, then the members of the Canadian Parliament were wrong in presenting the resolution denouncing the infamous landlord and coercive system in Ireland. I hold, on the contrary, that it is the highest right and the duty, constitutionally, of men enjoying the blessings of self-government, to know whether the ruler of their country was not himself forgetting the very injustice which the Canadian Parliament deprecated and abhorred. Either they ought to expunge their resolutions of sympathy for Ireland from the books of the Canadian Parliament, or they ought to acknowledge that their ruler should pay a little

MORE DEFERENCE

to the principles inculcated by the representatives of the Canadian people. [Applause.] The days are gone by when the Irish tenantry will submit to eviction with dejected and hopeless hearts. Our race is beginning to avail itself of its strength. We know that no Irish exterminator can now find, all the world around, a spot where he can hide his head from the judgment and condemnation of civilized mankind. [Applause.] It is that which has cheered the hearts of the Irish people and kept their arms from crime."

Mr. O'Brien continued his address with an eloquent peroration predicting an early deliverance from landlordism in Ireland and from the curse and abomination of

DUBLIN CASTLE RULE.

General E. J. Flint and James McShane, commissioner of agriculture and public works, expressed sympathy for Ireland and the especial object of O'Brien's visit.

Jeremiah Gallagher, president of the local branch of the National League, occupied the chair and spoke severely of the governor-general in his opening address. When O'Brien's turn came to speak, a scene of enthusiasm even greater than at Montreal greeted him. The audience, men and women, cheered and waved their hats, handkerchiefs and umbrellas frantically.

TORONTO CAN'T STAND IT.

TORONTO, May 12.—The city council met this afternoon, when the renting of St. Andrew's Hall for William O'Brien's lecture Tuesday was discussed. It was stated that the council had information that a breach of the peace would occur if O'Brien lectured in that hall, and property holders in the locality were afraid under these circumstances it was decided to refuse to allow the hall to be used for the lecture.

Mr. Mulkey, president of the local branch of the National League, who was present, intimated that he would sue the city for damages.

He also stated he had been refused the Opera House, the Princess Street Rink, and the Pavilion Music Hall. It is doubtful if a hall in the city can be procured. Mayor Howland sent the

FOLLOWING REPLY

to O'Brien's telegram from Montreal last night:

"I cannot encourage you to come to Saturday's meeting. You are misinformed as to the facts, as you probably had been as to the sentiments of our people here. The meeting has not been called to demand an official prohibition of your meetings, but to express the opinion of our citizens as to the propriety of your coming here at all. We understand your object in coming is to attack the representative of her majesty, at present our guest, on personal grounds, as to the truth of which, as a matter of fact, we neither can nor should be called upon to judge. Our sense of fair play here will not justify the attack on a public platform of a gentleman who by reason of the high office which he holds, is not privileged to meet and answer his accusers in a like manner. If you persist in coming I shall afford you the protection which the law allows, but I would advise you to accept the decision of Saturday's meeting, which I believe will represent the true sentiments of all classes in this city."

Signed, W. H. HOWLAND,

Mayor of Toronto.

DENVER, Colo., May 12.—John Shirley, a miserly saloon keeper, who lived in a little town forty miles west of here called Buffalo Creek, died a few days ago, and it is reported he left a large amount of money secreted somewhere about his house or buried in the yard. Search was instituted for the money, and after a day's hunt a will was found, leaving everything to a Dr. Morey, who lived a mile from Shirley's cabin, but failed to state where the property could be found. An old safe standing in a small bedroom where the miser died, was opened and \$687 found. Those who knew Shirley best say they have seen him have at one time \$3,000 in \$20 gold pieces, and he often discounted drafts for large amounts, and from the way the old man talked about his money, they firmly believe there is buried somewhere on the premises from \$25,000 to \$50,000 in gold. The town and surrounding country are greatly excited over the affair and those interested in finding the money have stationed armed guards around the grounds and are searching the house and digging ground after the supposed treasure.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 12.—The schooner *Laura Madison* which arrived at Umpqua, Oregon, May 11th, reports seeing the ship *Ocean King* May 8th, 35 miles west of Cape Arago, on fire and abandoned. The *Madison* lay by her until she sunk at six p. m. The *Ocean King* was loaded with coal bound from Napa, B. C., to San Pedro, California. She was valued at \$75,000 and is owned in Boston. Nothing is known regarding the crew.

MEMPHIS, Miss., May 13.—Yesterday morning a public reception was given to Jefferson Davis. For two hours a perfect stream of people passed and shook hands with the ex-chieftain and his beautiful daughter. Last evening a banquet and reception were given Mr. Davis. In reply to a toast to himself as the champion of southern rights, he said: "With inferior numbers of men, we marched onward fighting for our rights, and battle after battle was fought and won, but the northern historians never conceded that and indulged in triumphs of mind over matter. But how these scenes and incidents have passed and they only live in the mind in history. United you are now, and if the union is ever to be broken, let the other side break it. The army of the south will shine forever around the campfires and will still shine to our children and their children. The truths we fought for shall not encourage you to ever fight again, but keep your word in good or evil. God bless you all!"

CHARLESTON, May 12.—There was a slight shock of earthquake occurred at Summerville and a slight rumbling at Charleston last night.

NEW YORK, May 13.—The clipper ships *Seminole* and *Charmar* started yesterday on a race of seventeen thousand miles, from this city to San Francisco, and the clipper *George Curtis* will sail to-morrow from Philadelphia; it purposes to beat the two New York clippers.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—A dispatch to the Merchants' Exchange from Port Townsend, W. T., states that the crew of the *Ocean King*, burned and abandoned off the Oregon coast on Sunday last, have arrived at that port.

LONDON, May 13.—A dispatch from Odessa says the bankruptcy court is blocked with insolvency cases of old established and hitherto flourishing concerns; many commercial men would welcome war as infinitely preferable to the present depression.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—Private advices received here state that the whaling bark *Europa*, Capt. Hallett, with a crew of 32, was wrecked April 12th, off the coast of Japan, near Hakodate. No particulars. The *Europa* was owned by Aiken & Swift, New Bedford, Mass., and left this port December 12th of last year.

PHOENIX, Arizona, May 13.—Leah Diaz, the Apache charged with the murder of Lieutenant Mott, on San Carlos reservation, has been convicted of murder in the first degree.

BOSTON, May 13.—The *Commercial Bulletin* publishes to-day a special report of the range and ranch cattle industry. The reports are furnished by special correspondents from thirteen states and territories, covering the whole field. The conclusion arrived at indicates that the early reports of winter losses have been considerably exaggerated. The only territory where cattle men suffered a severe loss was in Montana, where the mortality will be from 15 to 25 per cent. on the average. The losses in Colorado, western Kansas and north Kansas were very light the past winter, running under 5 per cent. on the average. Parts of Idaho and Wyoming suffered

QUITE SEVERELY.

particularly in the northwestern parts, but the average losses in the Territories were not excessive. Utah, New Mexico and Arizona were particularly fortunate. The New Mexico correspondent writes that the loss does not exceed three per cent in either of the Territories named. Texas reports some suffering because of the drought, but the winter was much more favorable for stockmen than that of 1885-86. On the whole, the conclusion is arrived at that the past winter was a favorable one for the cattle-raising interests of the west, and that the hide and leather market will not feel the effect of what fallen hides will come upon the market. From every section come reports of encroachments of emigrants upon the grazing territory, and particularly from Nebraska, Kansas and Colorado, where the cattlemen are being pushed

STEADILY WESTWARD.

It is the opinion of some of the correspondents that the cattle raising industry has reached its height. In several states it is reported that it is becoming unnecessary to raise alfalfa and grass for feed. The inter-state commerce law works to the disadvantage of most sections, but reports vary on this point. Without exception as to a single state or territory the spring season opened well with an abundance and a fine outlook for grass. Cattle raisers in Montana feel much encouraged over the outlook and think the favorable spring will go far to recuperate their losses and prevent further mortality among weak cattle.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—A private advice received here states that the whaling bark *Europa*, Captain Hallett, with a crew of thirty-two, was wrecked April 12th, off the coast of Japan near Hakodate. No particulars. The *Europa* was owned by Aiken & Swift, of New Bedford, Mass., and left this port December 12th, last year.

PATERSON, N. J., May 13.—The loss caused by the burning of the works of the Paterson Iron Company last night was \$250,000 to \$300,000. Insurance \$75,000.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 13.—Several fires broke out last night some of which

BEING INCENDIARY

led Mayor Ames to believe that a gang of fire bugs had organized for the purpose of burning the city. Accordingly this morning he directed the police to act as a guard around the mills, lumber yards and factories.

The boiler, blacksmith and car repair shops of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railway burned this morning. Loss \$150,000.

There were other losses by other small fires.

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T., May 13.—The following particulars have been received here to-day of the burning of the four-masted ship *Ocean King* off Coos Bay. The vessel left Napa, B. C., April 21, coal laden. On Saturday, May 7th, during a heavy gale, the sails were

BLOWN AWAY

and the vessel started a leak. The donkey engine could not work, as the pump shaft was broken. Owing to a heavy sea the crew had to desert the forecabin and go aft. After this the vessel caught fire, it is supposed from the galley stove. Every attempt was made to quench the flames, but without success. A boat was lowered from the ship, but was stove in by a heavy sea. At 5 a. m. Sunday, the 8th inst., the small fishing schooner *Angel Delille*, from San Francisco, hove in sight. It remained by the ship until about noon, when they sent out a boat and took the crew off the ship. The officers and crew numbered 25. They saved a part of their clothing.

MORE SHOCKS.

TUCSON, May 13.—Three distinct shocks of earthquake were felt here to-day between 1:30 and 2:25 p. m. No damage. It was also severely felt about Tombstone.

NOGALKS, Arizona, May 13.—There have been five earthquake shocks here within the past twenty hours. The heaviest was at 5:30 this morning. It caused many clocks in town to stop.

FOREST FIRES.

MILWAUKEE, May 13.—A special felled by the *Sentinel* from a dozen points in the northern Michigan Peninsula and the Wisconsin counties adjacent are to the effect that forest fires are increasing. The whole peninsula is enveloped in smoke and telegraph wires are badly crippled. Near Palms, Michigan, the fires are raging fearfully and fears are entertained that the town will be burned. Dispatches from Sault Junction say that men are being driven from camps by fires on the coast. The fire is on the Sault branch and is raging fiercely. There is no telling the amount of damage. Near Newberry the fires are dying out but the smoke

IS INTOLERABLE.

Negative sends word that the fires are spreading to the north and east, entering the vast tract of valuable land, the damage already amounting to \$500,000. Near Cascade a valuable strip of hard timber is now burning out. At Baraga the smoke is getting unbearable, and it looks as though the fires were approaching the town. On the west end of the old Marquette, Houghton and Ontonagon road the fires are subsiding, but the damage is large. Great damage has also been done along the North Western road from Menominee north.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—The customs officers to day seized 115 cases marked "Nut oil" on the steamer *Rio Janeiro*, which arrived from China Wednesday. The cases, upon being opened, were found to contain hermetically sealed cans of opium placed in nut oil. The seizure is valued at \$20,000.

It is stated that the treasury agents at Hong Kong were cognizant that opium would be sent by the *Rio Janeiro* and the collector was apprised by telegraph early this morning. By means of a large tempered steel probe various boxes, cases and baskets of large consignments of freight were

SEARCHED THROUGH

by the customs officers and the result of the investigation was the seizure of several piles of goods, which by order of the deputy collector were hauled to the seizure room in the appraisers building. The haul comprised about twenty tons of three hundred cases of merchandise and made three truck loads of contrabands. It is now estimated the seizure is valued at \$60,000, the largest ever made on the coast.

TORONTO, May 13.—A report is current that O'Brien, notwithstanding Mayor Howland's telegram to him yesterday, will come here to speak to-morrow afternoon. If he should come there will be a great crowd present, as the citizens generally seem thoroughly in earnest in their opposition to his speaking.

The *Globe* will announce, on Lord Lansdowne's authority, that the governor-general wishes Mr. O'Brien to have full liberty of speech.

In view of the probability of Mr. O'Brien attending the loyalist public meeting in Queen's Park to-morrow afternoon, the board of police commissioners held a

SPECIAL MEETING

this afternoon and made ample provision for maintaining order. Mr. O'Brien proposes to lecture here Tuesday.

The following are the resolutions to be submitted to the public meeting to be held in Queen's Park to-morrow afternoon:

That this meeting disapproves the action of William O'Brien in visiting this city for the purpose of exciting a hostile feeling against his excellency the Governor General, on account of differences between his excellency and his tenants in Ireland, and desires to express its unabated confidence in the high character of the Marquis of Lansdowne and in his fitness to represent her majesty in Canada.

That this meeting looks with perfect confidence to the Parliament of the United Kingdom for a wise and just settlement of all questions

RELATING TO IRELAND.

Mr. O'Brien's friends have not yet succeeded in obtaining a hall in which to hold their meeting Tuesday, and it is likely they will apply for a mandamus to compel the landlord to rent Strand-row Hall.

The following dispatch from Mr. O'Brien was received to-day from Montreal by President Mulligan, of the Toronto branch of the National League:

"It is of the utmost importance that a public meeting should be held in Toronto no matter how small the hall. The corporation's breach of contract only strengthens our position."

THREATENING HIM.

QUEBEC, May 13.—The Toronto nationalists having offered a banquet to Mr. O'Brien, he answered that he would be glad to attend without prejudice to the public meeting, which must take place at all hazards, even if it had to be held in the open square. The date for the Kingston meeting continues undecided.

A man named Marshall, grand master of the Orangemen there, is making dire threats should that municipality be "invaded." Mr. O'Brien seems less concerned than anybody else regarding such rumors. He only laughs and says, "such nonsense!" He will speak at London and Ottawa also. The boat will arrive at Montreal Saturday morning and he will remain there until Monday, when the journey to Toronto will be begun. Members of the

NATIONAL LEAGUE

are wild at the reports sent hither from Montreal of Mr. O'Brien's reception there, and allege that the government officials tampered with the dispatches. Mr. O'Brien said to an Associated Press reporter to-day: "I never met with such kindness as I have received since my arrival in the dominion. Nobody, so far, has even looked angrily at me, let alone act angrily, and if Lord Lansdowne be arranging, or the Orangemen be arranging for any different condition of things, they will come off second best. Their cause is bad enough already, but it would be worse then."

To-day Mr. O'Brien, accompanied by several of the most prominent Irishmen, visited the citadel and "The

Falls," a picturesque spot near and at 5 o'clock returned. His

JOURNEY FOR MONTREAL

was then begun on the steamer *treant*. An immense crowd gathered in the harbor, and as the steamed down, a salute of two and a volley from Winchester were fired from the Diamond by the Irish residents of that place. The cannons were decorated with bunting and crowds of people played flags as the steamer passed and cheered till they were hoarse.

LONDON, May 13.—Parnell has become worse since yesterday, his physician's advice he pronounced to be Bournemouth. He remains there until Tuesday, when he expects to be able to attend Parnell.

MUNICH, May 13.—Another has been enacted at Lake Starnberg. Two ladies of Munich, Baroness and Baroness Louise of Guldberg, were in a boat to the spot where Ludwig of Bavaria met his death. The ladies threw themselves into the water and were drowned. The morning the boat was missing, search was made

FOR THE BODIES

which were found lying in clapped in each other's arms. pretty, rich and cultured. They been suffering from melancholia since the King's death.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 13.—Turner, one of the murderers of Bowman, has been indicted by grand jury, tried under his own name, and sentenced to be hanged. Wm. Patterson, jointly with Turner, will have his trial Wednesday next.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13.—An circular from General Masterson, dated Omaha, Nebr., May 7th, addressed to the Knights of Labor throughout the United States, recommends that the next Fourth of July the members order, where there is an assembly, hold demonstrations in honor of the people's government. "Inform march and on your stands and places use only one flag—the stripes. Show to the world the matter where the Knight of the citizen was born be respectful to the United States flag. The world that we are determined to find out what is wrong in our government and that we are determined to right such wrong may exist by peaceful and legal means. I desire also that the of the restoration of the people lands to the care of the people be restored."

But for richness combined transparency and attenuation, I commend us to the reason given on non-appearance of Mr. Bennett on the assessment roll. It is with refreshing greenness that Bennett of the U. P. came here, months since and engaged the of a hired girl. Later subsequently gave Mrs. Bennett that she proposed to leave, then furnished by her being that Bennett is an enemy to our it is asserted that the girl got out of the U. P. mixed up with W. Bennett. What is the logical explanation? Simply this, the sequence of a hired girl leaves service of Mr. Bennett of the account of an erroneous indication that he was O. W. Bennett, this same unsophisticated looked upon the said O. Bennett as "an enemy of the people," the aforesaid C. Bennett has no "material" in this part of the country, access taxes. Such reasoning tallies with a dull, sickening stupidity, conspicuously idiotic.

The men of extensive "material interests" who have "infinitely" stake than the Commissioner, find a more expert apologist.

LONDON, May 14.—London with excitement this afternoon occasion being the visit of the people's Palace at Mile End. The selected for the royal the western portion of Lower Mile End, at the extreme tip of about eight miles. The along the entire way decorated with colors, the stripes being conspicuous places.

The Queen will reach the station from Windsor at 4 p. m. she will be accompanied by Christian, Prince Henry of Prussia, his wife and Princess. She will be met by a civil escort with her escort will proceed in a procession of troops of the The line of procession

WILL BE GUARDED

by 10,000 volunteers and 5,000 troops, selected with a view to brilliancy and contrast of the uniforms as additions to the ant, and 1,000 policemen. At the lord mayor and civic officers await the Queen's advent in the city, and after saluting her with a volley of cannon fire, will proceed with her to the People's Palace; there the Prince of Wales, Marquis of Lorne and Duke of Cambridge will receive her majesty. The Queen in her progress to the will pass through the section known as the city for the in many years, and her visit aroused great excitement in the ter.