## THE DESERET WEEKLY.

"Liberal" ticket was discharged, after the "Liberals" came into civic power. No man was permitted to perform public work who would not first agree to support the "Liberal" faction. Even foreign architects were preferred to the home talent and the streets are puddled — not sprinkled, by imported contractors and water carts.

The "Liberal" organ gives us two days to answer the question "what working man ever obtained employment here prior to the triumph of the Liberal party who did not give up ten per cent. of his wages to the Mormon Church.' It only takes two minutes to answer that. The city pay rolls, before the "Liberals" came in to quadrupie the taxes, turn out all working people but "Liberals," and create new offices for "Liberal" strikers, show that scores upon scores of non-"Mormone" were employed by the City Council. There are men at work for "Mormons" in this city, and who have worked for them for years, who have never been connected with, or asked or expected to pay one. tenth or any sum whatever into the "Mormon" Church.

The bigotry, the tyranny, the discharge of men for political reasons, the refusal of labor on religious grounds, the importation of foreign elements for political purposes and the petty measures against working people, have all been "Liberal" proceedings, and any workingman who believes in "Liberal" resolutions about labor, is a simpleton who needs to cut his wisdom teeth and have the cobwebs taken out of his eyes.

"Liberai" love for the laboring men is merely a hankering after his vote and a desire to make a tool of him.

#### A ROYAL UPSTART.

THERE seems to be some doubt in the mind of the young Emperor of Germany whether the awe in which his name is spoken by the other crowned heads is as intense as belongs to the dignity of his person.

On the occasion of his late visit to his Royal grandmother the original plan was to have the Duke of Connaught welcome him to the English shore. A hint very soon reached the ears of the British queen that the arrangement would not be satisfactory to his Royal Majesty. Forthwith the Dukes of Edinburgh and Clarence were ordered to go down. But still the young man was not satisfied. It was then determined that the Prince of Wales would have to go in person and conduct his imperial nephew into the Queen's presence.

The royal farce has come near setting

the courts of Europe in a roar. It is something unusual for the Queen of Great Britain and Ireland, Empress of India, etc., to lower her feathers to such a degree. Henry Labouchere, who is not an over generous supporter of the Queen and would not be dis pleased if England never had another crowned head, was fairly out of patience, and thus in his peculiar way aired his testy humor:

"I only wonder that the Emperor did not stipulate for the attendance at Sheerness of Lord Salisbury, the Duke of Cambridge, the Primate and Lord Tennyson. I thank heaven that the young man is not my grandson, for I feel that I should be much troubled by his perpetual endeavor to teach me to suck eggs."

### TWO PRAYERS.

RECENTLY consternation was caused on the deck of a New York ferry boat by the sight of a little girl praying, the passengers at once suspecting that she was intending to commit suicide. The child was closely watched and upon landing was given over to the police. An examination for the symptoms of insanity followed, and none being found, the girl was discharged.

The comment of the Chicago News is that New York is pretty far advanced on the downward road, when the only explanation they can suggest for the offering of a prayer is that the person is insane.

In Chicago it is not so bad, but there seems yet plenty of room for religious adjustment, as is confessed by the Chicago Man, which calls attention to the case of a man who created a sensation by kneeling in prayer on the public street. It explains that the fellow "was not praying for Chicago but for his own pardon."

We suspect that had this petitioner, like the other, been examined for inciplent insanity he would have had a number of chances for getting a long term of probation before being entrusted again with the care of himself. We should not blame any court for suspecting mental derangement in a man that would sue for Divine pardon upon the streets of Chicago. A same Christian seeking heavenly cognizance, if unrestrained, would look for more holy ground upon which to offer his petition.

#### AN ABIDING ISSUE.

THE organization of the people of Utah on national party lines, is not merely a campaign movement. No matter which party wins at the August election, the issues between them will remain and the organizations will be maintained.

There is this great difference be-

tween them and the "Liberal" faction. The latter is bound to go down. It has no permanent question or principle by which it can live. For this and the next city election it has a purpose; that is to secure the offices. It must, of necessity, become then defunct. The other parties will abide. The people who have not yet decided what party to join will make up their minds, and gradually the floating element will be absorbed in the two national parties.

For this reason it does not matter so much whether either of these parties shall win in this city next Monday. A "Liberal" victory can only be the precursor of "Liberal" dissolution. And one year from now, the conflict will be simply as to whether the Democratic or Republican ticket shall win. But, all the same, every late People's party man should exercise the suffrage on Monday, as a protest against the continuance of "Liberalism" if not as an indication of what national party he intends to unite with. Let every citizen cast his ballot and use his own judgment as to which ticket he shall support!

# MINING STATISTICS.

THE special fulletin issued by the Census Office relating to the production of the precious metals, is a very interesting document. According to the estimate of this bulletin, the production of gold in the United States during the year 1889 amounted to 1.590,869 ounces, of a coinage value of \$32,880,744. The production of silver amounted to 51,351.851 ounces, of a coinage value of \$66,396,988. The gold product of the United States is nearly twenty-eight per cent. of the world's gold total, and our silver product is about forty-one per cent. of the world's silver total.

During 1889 Colorado came first in the yield of silver with \$23,-757.751: Montana second. with 17,468,960. and Utah a good third with \$9,057,014. Nevada, Idaho and Arizona produced each a little over six, four and two millions respectively, Alabama \$100, Georgia \$464, South Carolina \$232 and Virginia \$13.00, There are two States which produced gold but no silver in 1889. They are Maryland and Wyoming. There are twenty-one States and Territories in the catalogue of silver yielding States.

California stands first in gold production with \$12,586,722; Colorado second with \$3,883,859; Nevada third with \$3,506,295; Montana fourth with \$3,139,327; and Dakota fifth with \$3,-091,137. Idaho produced \$1,984,159.