

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Bishop Abram Hatch, who presides in Provo valley, and the people generally, gave the President and his company a hospitable reception. They were made welcome to the best they had, and they felt that they were in the midst of warm and devoted friends. During the latter part of the journey from Provo city the wind had blown an equinoctial gale, carrying with it such clouds of dust that upon arriving at Heber it was difficult to distinguish one of the company from another by the features. The wind continued to blow with great violence through the afternoon and night, and it seemed probable that the bowery which had been erected for the purpose of convening the people would have to be abandoned. During the evening the company was joined by Elders Brigham Young, Jr., and Robert T. Burton.

At ten a.m. on Saturday morning the Elders and people assembled in the Bowery, which had been made as comfortable as possible by surrounding the sides with quantities of bushes. Presidents D. H. Wells, Joseph Young, sen., and Elders Geo. Q. Cannon, W. Woodruff and Presidents Geo. A. Smith and B. Young addressed the people upon a greater variety of practical subjects. The addresses were brief and pointed, and consequently interesting. When the meeting was about half through it was necessary, in consequence of the violence of the wind and the clouds of dust which filled the air, to adjourn to the stone schoolhouse, at the side of which the Bowery was built. Throughout the afternoon and night the rain fell freely, and on Sunday morning the surrounding mountains and hills were white to their bases with snow.

In the evening of Saturday agricultural addresses were delivered at the schoolhouse by Elders W. Woodruff, H. J. Faust and A. O. Smoot. We do not recollect ever listening with greater pleasure to addresses of this character than we did that evening. They were eminently practical, well adapted to the audience and, withal, humorous. We wished the people of the entire Territory could have heard them; for upon the correct carrying out of the views they enunciated on the subject of the cultivation of the ground, the selection, the propagation and the proper care of horses, cattle and sheep, our future prosperity depends. Such subjects will bear considerable ventilation, and there is a crying necessity for their thorough discussion in our midst. The ignorance which prevails respecting them in some places is a serious obstacle in the way of the progress of the people. Many who are not ignorant are careless, and in such case the result is equally bad.

Sunday was a beautiful day, but the ground was too damp to admit of the bowery being used, so the schoolhouse was again occupied, the women being seated inside the building, and the men crowding the aisles, the windows and every place within earshot of the speakers. President G. A. Smith, Elder B. Young, Jr., President B. Young and Elder W. Woodruff addressed the people. Their remarks were very instructive and were listened to with profound attention. An appointment having been sent to Kamas, that a meeting would be held there in the evening, the meeting [was] adjourned at half past one to give time to partake of refreshments and to reach Kamas.

Heber City and neighborhood are admirably adapted for the raising of stock and the manufacture of butter and cheese. The grass is sweet and nutritious, and the butter made there is very excellent. Under the skillful and very able guidance of Bishop Abram Hatch, in availing themselves of the abundant facilities which abound in that region, the people should soon become wealthy. Feed and timber are convenient, and as fine a red sandstone is within easy distance of the city as any that we have seen in these mountains. It is found in seams of almost any thickness, is easily quarried, and rock of any size can be obtained for steps, flagging or any other purpose, which requires but little work with the chisel to make it ready for use. Already there are several fine stone houses built, and if a proper degree of enterprise be manifested they will have as elegant public buildings, residences, barns and fences in Heber City as can be found in any country. The materials are already there in any needed quantities to accomplish this, and they only await the skill and industry of men to bring them forth and give them shape and beauty. We anticipate profitable results from the coming Fair, to be held in this city on the 4th and 5th proximo, for such places as Heber City. If stock raisers take the interest in it which they should, we shall have a fine display. The people who live in good dairy and grazing districts, if they come to the Fair, will get their ideas brightened in relation to the best kinds of animals for them to breed. They can learn if they will, that the breeding of such horses,

cattle and sheep is not profitable, and that improved breeds, though the first cost may seem excessive, are in the end infinitely more profitable and satisfactory. When our farmers and stockmen become thoroughly imbued with this idea, then, and not till then, will the business of stock-raising become a valuable interest in our Territory.

By Telegraph.

Syracuse.—The Democratic State Convention met at noon. S. Tilden called the Convention to order and made an address criticizing the Administration of Grant and his journeyings about the country, the treatment of the South and the 15th Amendment, and strongly condemning the proposition to make all voters, regardless of race or color.

Philadelphia.—At a hearing in the Brooks case, Keenan was discharged; Hamilton and Allwell were remanded; all others were released on bail. Brooks failed to recognize any of these parties, as being present when he was shot.

Syracuse.—At the evening session of the Democratic Convention resolutions were adopted reaffirming the former pledge to the people in regard to the question of public policy in proclaiming devotion to the interest of the Government and fidelity to its honor, their national patriotism and unswerving loyalty to the Constitution, demanding the restoration of the State government, a general amnesty, reduction of the standing army, the abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau and the subordination of the military to the civil power. Upon the question of finance they take ground for equal taxation of federal securities, the payment of the debt according to contract the restoration of a sound Constitutional currency, and are in favor of the improvement and enlargement of the State canals and the reduction of tolls thereon; they oppose the 15th Amendment as debasing and demoralizing the representative system, they denounce the Administration of Grant as false to its pledges and promises of peace, and as lowering the tone of our nationality upon foreign questions; they oppose the registration and excise laws and oppose an amended State Constitution.

San Francisco.—Legal tenders 734. Oil City, Pa.—The Standard Oil Works have been burning all the morning; loss unknown.

St. Louis.—E. M. Samuels, President of the Commercial Bank, suicided this morning by cutting his throat.

New York.—There is a perfect panic in the stock market, on the Vanderbilt stocks; the New York Central has declined twenty-three per cent, the Hudson twelve; other stock also fell.

Madison, Ind.—A terrible tragedy occurred near this city yesterday afternoon. Wm. Moody, an old and respected farmer, murdered his wife with a hatchet and dragged her body from his house and set fire to the dwelling and outhouses, standing guard with a gun, allowing no one to interfere to save anything, and all was consumed; he then shot himself dead. A considerable amount of money was burned.

Worcester, Mass.—At the Republican State Convention the attendance was large and enthusiastic. Charles Sumner presided and made an eloquent speech. The entire State ticket was renominated by acclamation.

Syracuse.—Allen C. Beach was chosen permanent chairman of the Democratic Convention; the following ticket was nominated: Secretary of State, Homer A. Nelson; Comptroller, W. K. Allen; Attorney General, M. B. Champlin; Treasurer, Wheeler H. Bristol; W. W. Wright, State-prison Inspector, and Judges of the Court of Appeals, John A. Lott and Robert Earl.

Boston.—A disturbance occurred last night aboard the British ship *Academy*, while lying at the port, bound for Liverpool; the Captain and Mate were severely stabbed in attempting to quell the disturbance.

Philadelphia.—A picnic of lady Masons, at Riverside, New York, yesterday, was disturbed by roughs; pistols were freely used, and several persons wounded.

Buffalo.—Twenty-three States were represented at the Universalist Convention. Next year being the centenary of Universalism in America, it was recommended that Parishes pay off all debts; that all needed improvements in building and repairs of churches be done; that a general plan of benevolent work be inaugurated, and that two hundred thousand dollars be raised as a denominational fund.

The Executive Committee of the National Capital Convention has invited Horace Greeley to preside over the Convention.

Louisville.—The United States special agent yesterday brought a party of seven farmers from the interior counties, who had been engaged in illicit distilling; they say the revenue laws have never reached their section of the country and it is consequently full of illicit distilleries; the parties were bound over to appear before the Commissioner.

Pittsburg.—A still containing five hundred barrels of oil, took fire this morning and exploded, seriously and fatally burning six workmen; another still with three hundred barrels also caught fire. Both were destroyed.

supposing that the Spanish government took offense at the proposed mediation of the United States in the Cuban matter, or that it has sought to involve other governments in its action. The Spanish government is grateful for our friendly disposition, but is not willing to accede to the terms proposed, and the end of the matter simply is that the mediation is declined.

Baltimore.—George Peabody visited the Peabody Institute during a meeting of the trustees and made an additional donation of \$300,000, two-thirds of which are to be used for the purchase of books, the remaining one hundred thousand in Virginia bonds, for the purpose of erecting a building similar to and adjoining the present institute, a site for which is already purchased.

St. Thomas.—The Executive Committee of the National Irish Immigration Convention has issued an address to the Irishmen of the United States, briefly stating its object, which is to induce Irishmen to settle on free land in the west instead of congregating in large cities, and urging a full attendance at the convention from every State.

Washington.—Phelan and Deery played a game of billiards last evening, five hundred points, push, barred; Phelan won by 21, the innings of Deery scoring 486.

New Haven.—The corner stone of the new Divinity Hall and Theological Depot of Yale College, was laid yesterday afternoon.

New York.—Mrs. Halpern, the wife of a mechanic living in Brooklyn, in a fit of insanity yesterday afternoon, killed her oldest son by cutting him over the head with a hatchet; her daughter, Alice, attracted by the boy's cries, broke in the door and was also attacked but succeeded in securing the hatchet and bringing in the police, who took Mrs. H. into custody.

Chicago.—A special from New York says that there is a difference of opinion between Thomas Carlton and John Lananah, agents of the Methodist book concern, with regard to the frauds in its management. Lananah says there have been frauds and that through his influence Goodenough and Hoffman were removed. Carlton, who has been agent since '64, insists that there have been no frauds, and threatens to sue the New York Times for libel. He has given the Times one day to make retraction. The concern has a surplus of means, greatly in excess of its obligations.

Cincinnati.—Yesterday the colored people of Graytown, joined by delegations from most of the towns in the vicinity, celebrated the anniversary of the Emancipation Proclamation. Peter H. Clark, colored, delivered an address. Among other things he said, "I have, within a few weeks, had the good fortune to find myself in accord with the good old Democratic party, and to have my sentiments applauded by its organs. Some of them have gone so far as to assert that with such sentiments as I avow, I am as good a Democrat as need be." The above refers to newspaper comments on his Louisville speech, of which he said, "I find in reading over the speech which so pleased my Democratic friends, that I demanded equal education, equal employment and an equal vote, for our colored man; that he admitted to full standing in the Democratic church." The attendance was large and the order good.

Boston.—The National Musical Convention organized yesterday, choosing Hon. Elisha Dyer, President. Mayor Shurtliff made an address of welcome.

Washington specialists differ with regard to the precise state of the Cuban question and Minister Sikes' action in relation thereto. The Times' special insists that Sikes has gone beyond his instructions in threatening the Spanish authorities that if Spain did not accept our proffered mediation Cuba would probably be recognized as an independent power by the United States. The same special says the result of an important conference between the President and Secretary Fish yesterday on the Cuban question has been learned. A telegram from Sikes announced that the Spanish Agency peremptorily declined the offer of mediation on the part of the United States, by telling the island to the insurgents. The President has instructed the Secretary to reply that the United States accepted this rejection of its offices as mediator, and withdrew fully and finally all propositions looking to any future attempt to secure peace in Cuba. The Times says this is from an official source; also that the Administration will not recognize belligerent rights in Cuba, but will continue to enforce the neutrality laws and await the action of Congress.

The Revenue Bureau has favorably received the proposition of the whiskey distillers, to assist the department in detecting illicit distilleries, and in ferreting out fraud.

The California pioneers left for the East yesterday afternoon. They were almost everywhere welcomed with enthusiasm and hospitably showered upon them while in Chicago; they expressed themselves in enthusiastic terms of pleasure at the reception extended to them.

London.—The Times says the Spanish have found an advantage in their display of patriotism and national courage; they met an imagined affront with immediate defiance, though their threatened adversary is ten times more powerful than themselves. Sikes is manifestly alarmed at the result of his proceedings and has requested further instructions. Pending a reply from Washington he desires to withdraw his vote. If this is the actual position of the case, Spain owes it to her own fears, which may favor of us, or to her own desire, which may favor of us, to be brave, she has desired that she deliver to extremity she will fight, and no doubt she will. But for her own advantage by doing so it is out of the question. But as matters stand she will lose less by war than by a victory. America may fairly desire a victory on such onerous and partial terms. The people and government of Spain are resolved not to part with Cuba without a struggle, and a contest would only result in the annihilation of Cuba, coupled with another but slighter loss. Sikes expected no such resistance as his note has provoked, and possibly in the face of such opposition his proceedings may be qualified or repudiated. It is probable that Sikes has exceeded his authority, and America cannot be responsible for his act.

New York.—The Arizona brings Panama dates to the 13th. Commercial

depression continues in Panama. Several shocks of earthquakes have occurred along the Peruvian coast. On Aug. 15, at Africa, the shock was terribly severe. One account says that in Africa there were forty earthquakes on the 19th, all more or less strong, and the people, dreading another sea inundation, completely deserted the place, taking refuge at Tana and elsewhere. In Iquique a very strong shock was felt, causing the people to desert their beds and take to the surrounding pampas. The yellow fever had made its appearance at Piangua and Legones. Similar reports of earthquake have been received from Tacna and Arequipa.

Lansane.—Yesterday a banquet was given to the delegates of the Universal Peace Congress. Victor Hugo offered a toast to the Republic of the United States. He said he felt sure that in imitation of the example of America, Europe would eventually become a federative republic.

Madrid.—Gen. Prim has arrived. A Cabinet Council has resolved to use every effort to save Cuba and to dispatch more troops to the island. The Terragona affair was also discussed and strong measures proposed for its suppression. A republic under Prince Napoleon was mentioned, as mediate for the throne.

Madrid, 22.—A treaty of commerce between England and Spain, will soon be completed. The first subject for discussion before the Cortes will be the choice of a king; thus far the King of Portugal seems to be the favorite.

London.—The prospects of the cotton crop in India are favorable.

Madrid.—General Pierrat arrived at Talagona on Tuesday. The Republicans made a great demonstration in his honor; some disturbances occurred and one man was killed. Many persons were arrested. The Republican clubs were dispersed. An order has been issued for the arrest of Pierrat.

Paris.—The Journal Des Debats looks upon the religious situation as fraught with serious consequences. It is said that the coming Council at Rome will meet only to satisfy the decision of a most ultra-montane committee, but the attitude of certain German and American bishops, and the complaints of illustrious French ecclesiastics show that the labors of the Council will not be so easy and direct as was anticipated; and if the syllabus triumph it will be with a struggle, and the triumph can only be ephemeral.

Quebec.—Paltros, the murderer of Queller, was executed at Murray Bay, on Monday; he confessed his guilt.

Messrs. Goodly have discharged from their boot manufactory all the men belonging to the St. Crispin society.

A pastoral letter was read in the Catholic church condemning the St. Crispin association, refusing absolution to those members who belong to the Catholic church. The society is on strike in Montreal and Toronto.

London.—The Standard thinks the loss of Cuba; and perhaps of Porto Rico, would be the certain result of war with the United States. Here the mischief to Spain would end, but war would cause a serious interruption of the commerce of the United States, and it is not probable the American government will interfere to restore it.

The Telegraph estimates the declaration of Father Hyacinthe, as merely one of many manifestations revealing a commotion in the Catholic church, which promises to make the Ecumenical Council an occasion of anything but spiritual peace.

Paris.—Le Temps says the noble and courageous answer of Pere Hyacinthe will create immense effect; it is truly a sign of the times.

The Steele is of the opinion that the attitude of this eloquent and earnest preacher must exercise great influence in the present crisis of the church.

Evidence has been discovered leading to the belief that the woman and five children, recently discovered dead, were murdered by the husband and eldest son of the family.

Tarragona, 22.—Gen. Pierrat died of Valenencia, and it is reported, was arrested at Tarragona.

Madrid.—The Republican papers here, reprobate the violence committed at Tarragona.

Florence.—The government has sent a circular to the Italian ministers at foreign courts, pointing out the commercial and political interests of Italy in Egypt, and expressing a desire that the Porte will act in a conciliatory manner on the points yet unsettled with the Viceroy.

Constantinople.—The Porte persists in his demands on the Viceroy, with regard to the power of the latter to raise loans, and refuses to make any concession.

London, Ontario.—A large crowd visited this city yesterday, fully 30,000 strangers arrived by special trains. Addresses were presented to Governor General Young by the City Council and Board of Trade. At two o'clock Prince Arthur, with Governor General Young, rode to the international exhibition grounds, where addresses were presented by the agricultural societies. An enormous crowd was present. The American flag, which had been hung in the decorations, was pulled down and torn to pieces. Much excitement prevailed.

St. Johns, N. B.—Further investigation concerning the discovery of the skeletons of a woman and child, near Lock Lammond, leave no doubt that a double murder was committed by a man named Kane, now in custody, suspected of being the guilty party; the bodies are supposed to be those of his wife and child. The affair has caused great excitement in the community.

A terrific storm occurred at Yarmouth yesterday morning; the house of Joe Hamilton was struck by lightning, and Mr. Hamilton and wife were instantly killed and the house set on fire; a bed-ridden daughter perished in the flames.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

WHEREAS, judgment was rendered in the District Court of the third Judicial District of the Territory of Utah, on the 20th day of August, 1899, in favor of Himes, Dabier & Co., against George D. Watt, Robert G. Reed, and William Alexander, a sum of \$4,000 (four thousand dollars) and fifty cents (50¢) Dollars and eighteen cents (18¢) cents, I have sold upon the following conditions, to the County of Salt Lake and Utah, and will offer the same for sale at Public Auction, on Wednesday, the 23rd day of September, 1909, at 10 A. M., in the County of Salt Lake and Utah, at the Court House, in the City of Salt Lake, Utah, the following property, to-wit: Goods, Groceries, Crockery and other household and business furniture, including a variety of General Merchandise.

Die.
In this city, this morning, September 23, at 8 o'clock, of inflammation of the bowels, Julia, only child of William F. and Emma Berry; aged 1 year, 2 months and 29 days.
In this city, on Tuesday, Sept. 21st, of mountain fever, Frances Amelia, daughter of George E. and Frances L. Hill, aged 2 years, 8 months and 28 days.
Suffer little children to come unto me, for of such is the Kingdom of Heaven.—[Cox.]
In Plain City, Weber County, of tetanosis, September 5th, Owen Edwin James Carver, son of John and Mary Ann Carver; aged 7 months and 21 days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager, H. B. Clawson & J. T. Crane
Promoter, W. T. Harris. Treasurer, T. Williams
Leader of the Orchestra, Geo. Carless.
Last Night But Two
OF THE
THE GREAT ENGLISH TRAGEDIAN,
MR. NEIL
WARNER
Who will appear in his beautiful impersonation of
Matthew Elmore!
Miss ANNIE LOCKHART as Margaret
AND
THE FULL DRAMATIC COMPANY.

THIS EVENING,
THURSDAY, SEPT. 23,
Will be presented the beautiful play, in 5 Acts,
by Geo. Lovell, entitled,
Love's Sacrifice!
Matthew Elmore.....MR. NEIL WARNER
Margaret.....Miss ANNIE LOCKHART
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 7:30.

ON FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 24th,
FAREWELL BENEFIT OF
Mr. NEIL WARNER

ATTENTION!
A FEW FIRST-CLASS BOARDERS can find accommodations at No. 5 Fremont's Little's Buildings. 237-1w

JOE SIMMONS,
Proprietor of the Revere House Saloon.
IS DETERMINED to please everybody. He has just received an importation of BREWERS BEER & Co.'s celebrated ALE and PORTER, in addition to LAGER BEER, OYSTERS, CALVES TONGUE, PIGS FEET, CIGARS, &c. Serve Lunch at all hours. 617-1f

FOR SALE!
A FOUR-ROOMED ADOBIE HOUSE, with a cellar underneath and full City Lot planted with choicest fruit trees, situated in the 15th Ward, on the 2nd block west of Court House. Apply on the premises. 237-1w T. SIMPSON.

CAUTION!
I, SAMUEL E. NEWTON, caution the public, I, against receiving a Due-bill for \$100.00, issued by me on the 6th of July, 1899, payable to Mr. Joshua Midgley. I shall not be responsible. 237-1

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE!
HAVING purchased the property in the 12th Ward, lately owned by Dr. Samuel E. Newton, I now offer the same for sale. Enquire of JAMES L. NEWTON, 12th Ward. 237-1w

WHEN CHANGING WATER & DIET USE
Red Jacket Bitters
238-1f

HAZARD POWDER, RIFLE POWDER
Best in the Market.
BUY AT
Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution.
THEY ARE AGENTS.
235-1w 235-1w

\$5 REWARD! STRAYED OR STOLEN
A PAIR of Light Bay HORSES, one has a bald A. face, four white feet, saddle marked, light mane and tail, branded on left thigh, H. B. and one with white face, black mane and tail, two white feet; branded O with mark across, on left shoulder.
ORSON LOWDER,
At Wm. Player's, 10th Ward, S. L. City. 425-2

Queensware, Glassware
Etc., etc., CHEAPER THAN EVER.
At Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution.
235-1w 235-1w

DEER BEEF, BACON, SUGAR
CURED HAMS, First quality.
AT
Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution
235-1w 235-1w

PETER SCHUTTLE,
WAGON MANUFACTURER,
224 Randolph Street,
Office, Randolph Street,
Corner of Franklin, CHICAGO.
421-1f

SUGAR! SUGAR! SUGAR!
OF ALL GRADES,
AT
Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution.
235-1w 235-1w

H. B. CLAWSON,
GEN'L SUPT.
235-1

RETAIL
DRY GOODS
DEPARTMENT.

JUST RECEIVED

A Choice Assortment of
LADIES' FURS!
IN PRICES TO SUIT.

California Blankets!
AND FLANNELS.

THE NEWEST STYLES OF
Fall & Winter
DRESS GOODS

JUST RECEIVED.
A Lot of these very fine

DOUBLE WOOLLEN SHAWLS

200 pieces celebrated

Pique and Dark Fancy

DELAINES.

25c. per Yard.

IN A FEW DAYS

A large invoice of the

"STERLING" COTTON!

Which has been tested and

Pronounced "Superior."

DRESS FLANNEL GOODS

At very Low Figures.