

## BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

## AMERICAN.

CHICAGO, 12.—Special from Boston: Commissioner Fink will soon make an appeal to agents of different lines, both in Boston and Chicago, to put a stop to the practice of billing freight to Chicago and then reshipping it for California, but as the pecuniary interests lie in an opposite direction, this appeal will probably have little effect. The immediate difficulty would be obviated if the rate to California was reduced by the difference between the regular rate on Chicago freight and the amount allowed the roads for hauling freight to Chicago on its way to California. Such a change as this, however, could not well be made. Another source of complication is the different classifications of freight adopted on the Pacific roads as compared with that adopted on eastern roads. The Pacific roads get all they can for freight that must be shipped by rail from the east, and they offer favorable rates on freight that could as well be sent by sea, or not sent at all. This state of affairs would make it very difficult to adopt any other than the present system of dividing the receipts on through business. The practical cutting of rates said to have been inaugurated by the National Despatch line of course affects only higher classes of goods. On lower classes the 22 per cent. allowed eastern goods is nearly as much as they can get by billing their freight to Chicago and thence to California, and in some cases more. The efforts made by the Atchison and Southern Pacific roads to increase their business do not yield them any immediate revenue. All the Pacific roads are in a pool, and the object of the competition now is to increase their tonnage, so as to secure a large share of the total earnings of the roads when a new division is made. The Southern Pacific and Atchison roads prefer to receive freight at St. Louis rather than Chicago, because they lack any connection with Chicago, that is in the Iowa pool. The Pennsylvania road has lines to Chicago and also to St. Louis, and so far as its own interests are concerned, can as well send freight to one point as to the other. Vanderbilt roads prefer to send their freight by way of the Union Pacific road, although they do not refuse when it is asked, to bill it by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe. The Chicago & Alton road, which is one of the connecting lines between Chicago and St. Louis, is not in the Iowa pool. The Southern Pacific and Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe roads are intent upon securing in some way a fair share of California business, and if Commissioner Fink's effort to break up the practice of practically cutting rates are unsuccessful, those roads will probably take some decisive means of retaliating upon their rivals.

Amimikence or Little Thunder, a chief of the Chippewa Indians, who with his tribe was exhibiting on lake front their Indian dances, etc., died this morning at the Mercy Hospital, where he was taken yesterday to be treated for kidney troubles. He was over 60 years old, and was a good Indian, and was one of two survivors of the Custer massacre; he and a teamster having narrowly escaped from the Sioux. The body will be conveyed to Red Lake, Minn. for burial, his companions here daub their faces with black paint as a token of mourning.

NEW YORK, 13.—The *Herald's* Alexandria special says: Your correspondent had the following interview with Reouf Pasha, who arrived here yesterday from Cairo and from Arabi's camp. He was formerly governor of Soudan:

Correspondent.—When did you see Arabi?

Reouf.—Thursday, at Kafr El Dwar.

Correspondent.—Did he show any sign of the white feather?

Reouf.—No, he will fight till the last; the whole nation backs him. He told me,

"I have the moral support of France and Italy, the friendly advice of De Lesseps and the Italian consul, and I have friends in Baron De Ring and members of the Siam-boul Conference. I will fight till the English or my countrymen are exterminated."

LAREDO, 14.—For the 24 hour ending at 8 p.m. yesterday there were 23 new cases of fever and one death. In Matamoras, one case, eight deaths.

CHICAGO, 14.—There are 349 Chinese in Chicago, two only being women.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., 14.—This morning Alexander Wieber, a German saloon keeper, his wife and a son seven years old, were found murdered in their house. The father and mother were in bed and the boy in an adjoining room, evidently killed while attempting to escape. The heads of all were crushed with a hatchet and their throats cut and mangled in the most brutal manner. An infant of six months was found unharmed in its crib. The most intense excitement prevails, and vigorous efforts are being made to discover the perpetrators. The premises were ransacked, but nothing, apparently, was taken.

Leroy Lenhart, Chas. W. Carter, Phillip Volle and a disreputable young man named Joe Byrd have been arrested on suspicion.

About six years ago a man named Vrug was murdered on the premises, and Leroy Lenhart married his widow and wanted to occupy the premises, but Wieber had a long lease. Lenhart has been heard, it is said, to threaten to kill Wieber if he did not vacate.

DENNISON, Tex., 14.—United States Deputy Young was shot fatally by Jones and Randall, in the Choctaw nation, while executing a warrant at the ranch of Jones. The murderers are being pursued.

John E. Bradford, a well known hotel manager, and a lieutenant in the Signal Corps during the war, died yesterday at Providence, R. I.

LOUISVILLE 14.—George Edan, the keeper of a saloon on Shelby Street, near Pine, was shot and killed by some one who rode up to his door, fired, and then escaped. The murder is thought to be the result of a political quarrel.

Nashville, 14.—M. T. Bennett, a prominent manager at Lebanon, was murdered and robbed last night.

PHILADELPHIA, 14.—Albert Harrison, a worthless fellow, while intoxicated, stabbed his son William, inflicting a fatal wound. The son interposed to protect his sister being abused by the father.

CHICAGO, 14.—A few weeks ago Swedes named Wilding and Robinson, who were arrested in this city on a trivial charge, confessed that they murdered a woman named Sophia Dollberg, in Stockholm, seven years ago. The story was not fully believed, but the men were held pending an investigation. The Swedish consul here has received a report from the Chamber of Police of Stockholm, corroborating the statements of the prisoners as to circumstances which tends to the probability that the story is a fact. Wilding recognized a picture of a woman as Emilie Huldberg, who he says paid for having the murder committed.

PULLMAN, Ill., 14.—Patrick Meehan, an employe in the Pullman works, went to Chicago on Saturday night on business, leaving his two little girls, seven and nine years old, in his house. He missed the last train and had to remain in the city all night. On returning home this morning he discovered that the children had blown out the gas and were smothered to death.

NEW YORK, 14.—Jesse Hoyt, one of the most prominent business men of this city, died to-day. He has been largely interested in grain and railroad interests of the west and at the time of his death he was a director of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway.

NEWARK, N. J., 14.—Wm. H. Warner and wife have been occupying rooms in the house of Greenleaf D. Brown, at 203 Ward street. Warner becoming jealous, to-night shot his wife and Brown, both probably fatally.

SARATOGA, 14.—Judge William Schley, of New York, formerly of Savannah, died suddenly at the United States Hotel, to-day. Judge William M. Levy, of Louisiana, died at the Pinney House.

HILGERS CROSSING, O., 14.—A passenger and freight train on the Cleveland & Marietta railroad, collided here yesterday. Both engines are wrecked. Miss Susie Carn was killed and many passengers hurt.

PHILADELPHIA, 14.—The biennial association will soon forward a circular to the governors of the different States, inviting troops to visit the city and participate in a military display Oct. 27, on the biennial anniversary of the landing of Wm. Penn.

STUBENVILLE, O., 14.—Texas cattle fever prevails to a large extent here and in the neighboring counties in Ohio and West Virginia, among cattle recently brought from

the northwest. A large proportion of the animals have died.

A thunder squall to-day lasted half an hour, but no damages, and the physicians are apprehensive of a change in the weather.

MATAMORAS.—There were eight deaths for the week, ending at 9 a.m. Total deaths from fever are fifty.

LAREDO, Texas.—For the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. Aug. 12th, Brownsville had 25 new cases of yellow fever and one death. Matamoras had 23 new cases and eight deaths.

DENVER, 13.—The Utah extension of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway is completed to Cimarron, 330 miles from Denver and 407 from Salt Lake. As the company has now completed and in operation in Utah about 108 miles, extending eastward from Salt Lake, less than 300 remains to be built to complete the connection on this link. The grading is nearly finished and the preparations for rapid track laying indicate the opening of this new through line by December 31st.

BOSTON, 14.—The *Herald's* Montreal special says: The customs authorities have been tracing the destination of all American flour imported from the Western States under bond as shipments to Great Britain and New Foundland. The result has been a discovery of a gigantic fraud upon the revenue since the national hostility introduced four years ago. During the past twelve months, alone, as far as inquiries extend, it is found that Lord & Kann, Importers, at whose warehouse the late great seizure of flour was made, sold over 10,000 barrels of superior American flour to local bakers and that their warehouse bonds were cancelled for shipping Canadian flour as a substitute thus retaining a duty of fifty cents per barrel.

CINCINNATI, 14.—Stephen Alls, the Cincinnati manager of Hemingway & Co's fruit packing house at Baltimore, states that his book-keeper, Henry Muller, is a defaulter to the amount of from \$20,000 to \$22,000 and has absconded. The cause is gambling and fast women.

BROWNVILLE, Texas, 14.—There are 22 new cases of yellow fever, all Mexicans but one, an American. There has been one death. The northern mail is sent back from above, and there is more alarm at a distance than there is cause for yet.

CHICAGO, 15.—A Milwaukee special says: The completion of the Council Bluffs division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R. R., makes the entire length of the St. Paul system of roads 4,850 miles; by long odds the greatest system in the country. It is operated in 16 divisions.

An Erie, Ills., special says: The farmers are feeding their hogs rye, being cheaper than corn and more fattening.

DES MOINES, Ia., 15.—A special says: C. D. McCarty, asserts that the greenbackers of the eleventh district nominated him for Congress without his consent and he won't run.

CHICAGO, 15.—A Quincy special says: Gen. Singleton last evening consented to become an independent candidate for Congress, provided the republicans make no nominations at Whitehall on Wednesday, this will very likely result in the republicans supporting him as the district is securely democratic on a straight issue.

Yesterday morning's *News*, Ke-waunee, Ill., special says: This afternoon two men called at the First National Bank of this city and asked permission to leave a satchel a short time. At 6 o'clock, while Cashier Pratt and a lady assistant, Miss Palmer, were cashing up, the men knocked at the door and asked for the satchel. Miss Palmer opened the door, when one of the men grabbed her by the neck and knocked her nearly insensible. The other man rushed by her towards the vault, near which Pratt was standing, and struck him on the head with a revolver, knocking him senseless. Pratt and Miss Palmer were then forced into the vault. The men then secured about \$20,000 of which \$8,000 was in gold, and walked out of town. Pratt and Miss Palmer, after walking over an hour, succeeded in breaking the lock and released themselves. Both were badly injured. Parties were scouring the country in every direction with no result up to midnight.

A Pittsburg special says: There is no longer any doubt that the Camerons are negotiating for a transfer of the votes of the labor party to General Weaver. The headquarters of the movement are in Philadel-

phia, but some of the outcroppings are discernable in this part of the state. The plan is, after distributing a sufficient amount of money to influence all the leaders who may be susceptible to that sort of argument, to pack the convention to be held at Philadelphia with "rounders" and "healers" to outvote the real labor men and take such action in regard to a state ticket as will throw the labor party or as much of it as can be transferred into the arms of Cameron for Weaver's benefit.

Judge French, Acting Secretary of the Treasury, finds the new law prohibiting Chinese landing in this country, furnishes him a great deal of work in the way of making decisions interpreting the intention of Congress in connection with the law. He is continually in receipt of inquiries for the interpretation of the intention of Congress in connection with the law from the collectors of various ports, and asking for instructions. The most interesting case of this kind came from Port Townsend, W. T., to-day. The collector there asks what he shall do in a case where a Chinaman, who had enlisted in an American port as a sailor, and who, having served out his term of enlistment wants to land where he enlisted. Under the provisions of the new law the collector says, it is clear he shall not be allowed to land, but a conflict arises as between the new and the former law in regard to sailors under the shipping agreement with Chinamen. The captain of the vessel bound himself to land the Chinaman in an American port. If he fails to do so, he is subject to a fine under the maritime law. If he does land the Chinaman he will subject himself to a heavier fine under the new law regarding the Chinese. The collector asks what he shall do in the matter? Judge French says these cases are the most complex that have come to him, and difficulties are arising at every port. He intends to refer the entire matter to the next session of Congress. In the meantime he is not exactly certain what shall be done with the Chinaman. In this case, it is suggested by a Californian here that the difficulty in the matter can be got rid of by throwing the Chinaman overboard; but Judge French thinks this would only complicate the matter.

An intelligent gentleman connected with the Kansas City press, who has obtained official and other information relative to the corn and wheat crop in Kansas and Missouri was in the city to-day and said, the latest information obtained through the agricultural department of Kansas, shows that the extraordinary weight and quality of the wheat grain has increased the yield beyond all former calculation, and is now thought to be 35 millions of bushels. The corn shows even better. It will yield 190 millions of bushels. Missouri also shows 35 millions of bushels of wheat and will lead all others in corn. The most reliable estimate places the corn crop at 250 millions of bushels. These two States, Kansas and Missouri, help to make up the deficit of Iowa and Illinois in corn by supplying 440 millions of bushels.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., 15.—This city was quarantined against Pensacola, Fla., last night. There are numerous reports of fever there.

WASHINGTON, 15.—Minister Bingham, of Tokio, Japan, cables the State Department that Korean affairs are quiet.

LAFAYETTE, Ala., 15.—Bob Young and Charlie Griffin, negroes, for the murder of a white man named McCann, some months ago, were hanged by a mob last night. The case was still in the courts, and they protested their innocence to the last.

KEWANEE, Ill., 15.—The bank robbers were seen this morning near Mineral, Ills., and parties in pursuit with every prospect of arresting both men before night. Over 300 men are scouting in every direction. Mr. Pratt and Miss Palmer are in bad shape to-day. Miss Palmer is badly bruised, feverish and prostrated by the excitement. The business houses and shops are all closed and the owners joining in the chase.

WATERBURY, Vt., 15.—At the State Greenback Convention, two hundred were present, with L. S. Thompson chairman; nominations for Governor, C. C. Martin; Lieut. Gov., J. Jenner; Treasurer, Fletcher Tarbell; and Swanton for First District Congressman; Dr. Kidder, Second; H. D. Dunbar, Third.

The suicidal mania appears to be spreading over the country.

## FOREIGN.

ALEXANDRIA, 14.—Fires of considerable magnitude are visible to-day in the rear of the enemy's position at Kingo-man.

The steamer *Holland*, with the Household Cavalry, and troop-ship *Orontes* with the Cameron Highlanders and a battalion of the Derbyshire regiment have arrived.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 14.—Musselman jurists, whom the Sultan frequently consults, explain that Arabi Pasha, in so far as he obeyed the Caliph, is a rebel and may be unceremoniously treated as such, but in so far as he has been a defender of a Mohammedan country against the aggressive designs of Christians, he has merely fulfilled the duties of a good Mussulman, and consequently the Caliph cannot make common cause with England. The Sultan may punish Arabi Pasha, if some act of rebellion is proved against him, but he must not associate himself with those who wish to crush Arabi Pasha as the defender of Islam. The correspondent says this will greatly influence Turkish military action.

The strongest orders have been sent to the governors of Beyrout, Damascus and Aleppo to take exceptional care to secure public order and prevent an outbreak of the natives of Beyrout. The events of Egypt are greatly influencing the Syrian Mussulmans situation, and even such a trifling incident would suffice to set the whole province ablaze.

LONDON, 14.—King Cetewyo has arrived at Osborne. It is rumored that the Queen, at an interview to be granted him, will inform him of the decision of her government to restore him to his kingdom. It is stated that a British resident will be appointed to reside at Ulundi, the Zulu capital, in order to advise him on questions relative to external relations.

HAVANA, 12.—A dispatch from Jamaica says that Westgate, the self-confessed assassin of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Burke, arrived there, and the evidence implicating him in the crime is strong.

VIENNA, 11.—The *Presse* publishes, under reserve, a telegram from Czarnowitz, reporting the arrival there from Novoselitz of several respectable Russian merchants, who state that Gen. Ignatieff has been arrested at Kamentz, the capital of the government of Podolia, and sent under an escort to St. Petersburg.

ALEXANDRIA, 14.—It is reported that a party from the gunboat *Condor* went ashore Sunday and destroyed stores, gun cotton, etc., beyond the Meks forts, belonging to the enemy. The skirmish beyond Meks, reported in a previous dispatch, occurred on this occasion. Several of the enemy were killed.

Church services were held Sunday afternoon, in this city.

The enemy's main defenses appear finished. It is rumored that Arabi Pasha is sending away the laborers, to avoid the necessity of feeding them.

The Duke of Connaught applied to have the marines brigaded with the guards. This is taken as a compliment to the former.

News is just received of a skirmish to the west ward of Alexandria beyond the Meks Forts. The sailors and marines drove off a number of Arabs with the fire of a small field-piece. There was no loss on the English side.

For igners are beginning to grumble, and have formed a so called vigilance committee to watch the European interests.

LONDON, 14.—The army of occupation in Egypt will be reinforced by the third division of the First Army Corps.

A number of regiments are ordered in readiness for active service. The troop ship *Malabar* is at Portsmouth, under orders to take this week about 2,000 additional officers and men to strengthen the regiments already in Egypt, while further detachments of artillery will embark on the transport *Cheviot* at Woolwich.

SUEZ, 14.—Rebels in great force have taken up a position immediately threatening the canal.

The New York *Herald's* Alexandria correspondent had the following interview with the Khedive to-day in the Palace of Ras El Tin:

Correspondent.—Is it true that Arabi offers terms of surrender?

Khedive.—No, Arabi sent me a message that it was impossible to recognize me as the Khedive while the English troops were in Egypt, and that it would be better that all Egypt should be in ashes than in the hands of the English. Arabi