DESERET EVENING NEWS.

DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING COMPANY, LESSEES.

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Communications should be addressed to DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING CO.

Telephone 30.

ABUSE OF NATURALIZATION.

One of the surest signs of the near approach of a political contest at the polls is the great draft of voting recruits, who are hunted and harassed and hustled through the process of naturalization. The United States courts in this and adjacent districts have had an unusual amount of this business on hand during the past few days; and while the rush for the season may now be over, there is perhaps enough still to be done to warrant a few words of comment.

The manufacture of alien American citizens on the wholesale plan and under the auspices of politics, is a practice which patriotism cannot too strongly deprecate and condemn. We will not say the courts or their officers generally lend themselves willingly to the railroading process; but that they might throw greater safeguards than they do around the law of citizenship will hardly need argument. In the appearance of a large batch of applicants, the monotony of the questioning and the formality is apt to prove wearisome; and by common consent, under such circumstances, the plan too frequently is to "cut it short." Moreover, the applicants on such occasions are usually accompanied, at least into the lobby, by persons whom "everybody knows;" and it is presumed that such parties would not upon any consideration introduce and render aid to an unworthy person!

Alas, herein lies the very evil and danger we complain of. The naturalization managers are not human, after all; and as this part of their game is politics, they are in it for a winning. Why should they concern themselves, therefore, about the would-be voter's morals, honesty, patriotism and regard for American institutions? If accepted, he will be allowed to vote; if he votes, he will vote as they want him to, and his ballot will be as big and will count for as much as that of the oldest and noblest and best American in the district. Cannot any one see that the temptation of the "practical politicians" is great; that the abuse of a high privilege is easy; and that the need for reform is crying? If the matter of naturalization cannot be at once divorced and rescued from its unholy alliance with politics, why cannot the respective managers probe so closely the character and fitness of the applicants for citizenship brought forward by their opponents, as they do the identity and qualifications of their opponents on election day? An illegal vote is a fraud and a wrong; but it is infinitely less blighting than the placing in unworthy and unclean hands the precious gift of American citizenship. Just what party managers are good for has not yet been made clear to every citizen who has room for other than political and partisan thoughts. In the direction we have indicated they could win for themselves much credit, and, what is more to the purpose, do the country real service.

The fact that there are scandals and disgraces of the sort referred to is itself a proof that the boon sought is valuable. Men do not covet or counterfeit useless things. American citizenship is priceless and precious. And while it is made easy and given freely to each one who is desirous and deserving of it, it should be reserved for that kind only. We cannot too strongly urge that every foreign born resident, whose hopes and home and true affections are with the broad land of liberty and the institutions of the free, should avail himself of the leniency of the naturalization laws, and speedily become one of us. At the same time we cannot but deplore the fact that when men or parties have undertaken to throw the privilege aside they have heedlessly before unworthy creatures in the pool of politics, dignity, purity and decency have been made to blush at the farce and revolve indignantly at the infamy.

THE ALCOHOL TARIFF.

There has been much criticism of the paragraph of the new tariff bill which exempts from tax alcohol used in the arts and the first is now given that reasonable or too trouble-some regulations need be made by regulations under which importers may avail themselves of the exemption, the paragraph may be made inoperative through official delay in framing these regulations until Congress shall again meet, when it is hoped by opponents that the clause may be stricken out. Secretary Carlisle is said to have intimated, indeed, that he will be in favor of putting into executive hands a law bill which he regards as a poor shooter.

A part from the merits or demerits of the bill itself or any of its paragraphs, such action of the secretary would have to be regarded as wholly indefensible. He is not the one to choose which sections shall, and which shall not, be enforced; he is vested with no supreme authority to override the expressed wishes and policy of the two houses of Congress. The President himself declined to veto the bill on course which clearly indicates his desire to have the measure, unsatisfactory as he pronounced it in many respects, go to the people with all its imperfections on its head. With the course determined upon, the opportunity for amending or postponing the operation of the bill was passed; and now for the secretary of the treasury to threaten practically to nullify any portion of it—because in his positive and perhaps superior tariff opinion it is lawless—would be a stretch of power and a piece of presumption that can be justified neither by law nor precedent. Mr. Carlisle is normally too astute to make such a blunder, yet the Washington correspondence leads upon the utmost incredible story that such is his declared intention.

BE GENTLEMEN.

Howell's Hair is prominent as a political worker, in which capacity he visited Utah about three years ago. He knows how to be among politicians, and the following suggestions, made by him to Ignatius Donnelly, editor of a Populist paper in Minnesota, is worthy of note by political workers of all shades of opinion in the campaign now being waged in this Territory:

People may have honest differences in this world. They may make sarcastic remarks in modest and impressive language. Men of some sense object to rhetorical and telling sarcasm. They, however, never give a man the right to indulge in vulgar invectives. Men of good sense notice some decent limitations by descending into the mire.

Always there have been utterances of an undermining character made in public by men who should know better, and there may be more. But there never was the member of them or the cause he represents any good. A person whose language, either in a public address or written for publication, indicates that he lacks ordinary politeness, earns not much the respect of the public. No matter how cultivated or refined he may be, if he uses the language of a blackguard, decent and well informed people will classify him according to his vocabulary. Thinking people realize that epithets are not argumentic; they are seldom used except when their authors lack better material. A good rule for politicians as well as other people is to never speak, write or publish anything the second reading of which will make them ashamed of themselves. Whatever they attempt in this line, let the effort be governed by rules which are recognized as proper among all gentlemen.

REGULATING BICYCLISTS.

The discussion as to how to regulate the bicycles in the larger cities is getting to be pretty general. To some places East the feeling is very strong against the wheelmen, and in one case which came in court the judge had to point out in unmistakable language the fact that bicycles have rights that must be respected in the order of vehicles at least. In no instance, however, is the rule adopted giving to the wheelmen unrestricted use of the sidewalks, the principle generally recognized being that the bicycle is as well as the horseman is a mounted rider and belongs to the roadway, except where circumstances render it imperative for him to mount to the sidewalk in order to pursue his journey; and then his rights are secondary to those of pedestrians.

The bicyclists themselves are beginning to see the necessity of legal regulations regarding the wheel. The pedestrian does not want them on the sidewalk, and they realize that it is not a proper place for them. Nor do the drivers of carriages wish them to be on the street—this objection largely arising from the fact that foolish wheelmen insist on cutting as close as possible to carriage horses as they pass, and frequently frighten the animals, to the great alarm and sometimes injury of those in the conveyance. This has led to the shutting out of bicycles from some of the park roads where carriages are allowed. Because of this, the wheelmen in California have applied to the board of supervisors in San Francisco to pass an ordinance protecting and regulating the use of the wheel. The proposition made to the supervisors states that the wheelmen are willing to be ruled off the sidewalks, but with it made lawful "to ride one or more of a wheel along the public streets, and in all the parts where other wheeled vehicles may be lawfully driven." They are willing also to use a bell in the daytime and a lantern at night, and to submit to a penalty of $20 for all those found unfamiliar with the rules who fail to comply with the regulations.

In Germany, France and other European countries where bicycles are in use among the populace, there are regulations similar to those proposed, and which seem to answer their purpose fairly well. Berlin, however, is probably the most advanced of all the towns in its narrow regulations. The Berlin official sign is very frequently met and obeyed, whereupon quietly all the public thoroughfares, and thus preserve the equilibrium of all classes. To be sure, the bicycle is prohibited from riding on any street, or in fact anywhere a license, the cost of which is about $1. His name and address are entered upon the police register, and he is presented with a square piece of heavy leather, with his number in large figures of bright metal. This label he must have permanently affixed to the back of the cycle, so that it may be easily seen. Before he is granted the license, he must undergo an examination as to whether he can ride sufficiently well to avoid becoming a public danger. This examination consists in the description of a figure 8 set around two sticks, and he is obliged to do this to the satisfaction of the official examiners, one of whom is a wheelman. If then he is caught on the thoroughfare performing any antics that might constitute a public danger, his license is revoked, and he does not find it very easy to get a second one. As a result of this, all bicyclists in Berlin necessarily deem themselves on the streets so that they are not offensive to pedestrians or the occupants of wheeled vehicles drawn by animals, and while they enjoy every privilege that regulated wheelmen can desire, they also are a community from the constant complaints and nuisances that are directed against their brethren.

The carriage of some of the companies in the National Guard of Utah are said to be creating discontent among their men by ordering them out for drill on Sunday. A policy so late not to bound to prove timorous. The militia is popular, and deservedly popular, in Utah; but still more so, with the great majority, are the Ten Commandments.

He hasn't but six toes yet, but Charles Towne, who is now to jail, may sincerely be modestated to have no interest to only lies than that of Lewis Davis himself in the efforts being made to secure executive clemency for the condemned wife-murderer.

The Republicans have carried Vermont, and the Democrats have carried Arkansas; the Republicans have carried Maine, and the Democrats have taken Indiana. Here seems to be a season for political jubilation all round.

Vacations for the barbers are now in order, the bad-fall teams have gone into training.

A NOTE OF CAUTION.

Always exercise care in good health, and an absence of appetite is an indication of something wrong. The universal testimony given by those who have used Hood's Sarsaparilla, as to its merits in restoring the appetite, and as a purifier of the blood, constitutes the strongest recommendation that can be urged for any medicine.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headaches. 25c.

The direct line to Kansas City, St. Louis and Atlantic seaboard, is via the Missouri Pacific Railway, from Pueblo. Through sleeping and dining cars, and all connections made in Union depots in the day time. If you are going East and care for a daylight ride through the grandest scenery of the Rocky Mountains on rails, see that your ticket reads via Missouri Pacific Railway. Elegant chair cars positively free to holders of regular train tickets.

A. V. DUNCAN, C. P. & P. A., 21 Mollen B'k'g, Salt Lake City.

AN OPINION GIVEN.

Recently Mr. J. D. Thomas, of North Dakota, visited the Shenandoah Valley, Virginia, and after carefully examining the country located in Winchester, he writes to Mr. V. Hickson, Land and Immigration Agent, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, Baltimore, Maryland, as follows: "I have been in nearly every state and territory of the United States, and am back in my opinion that this valley surpasses all other sections in the Union. The lands are low in price, and richer or finer crops, I think you for directing me here, and solicit those seeking pleasant and profitable homes to look in this country."

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In barrels and bottles. Bottled at Distillery.

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In barrels and bottles. Bottled at Distillery. Call and sample at

THE KENTUCKY LIQUOR CO.,

11, 13 and 15 East Second South Street.

CALIFORNIA TABLE WINE, $1.00 per Gal.

Bonded Blanks for Relief Society Reports Now Ready at Deseret News Office. 25c. dozen.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Contains no Ammonia or Alum.

Wanted to Lease.

Two thousand acres, at 5 per cent. Must be fenced or cross. Conway & Donelan, rooms 18 to 20, Commercial block.

THE UNIVERSITY OF UTAH

Will open on the 17th of September. Thirteen courses leading to degrees offered in Liberal Arts, Letters and General Science, besides which the Normal School of Real Schools & Preparatory School types of qualified students over fifteen years of age are conducted under the direction of the University faculty. The Normal School comprises three courses—the leading to certificates qualifying the holder to teach for a term of years without further examination, and two advanced courses leading to degrees. Buildings, apparatus, and other material equipment of the University have been largely increased and extended. Tuition is virtually free to all departments.

For further information address JAMES E. TALMAGE, Pres., Salt Lake City.

Lyceum Theater.

T. R. CROSBY, Manager.

Week commencing Monday August 27, 1894.

College Chums.

PROFESSIONAL.

RICHARDS & RICHARDS, Attorneys at Law. Rooms 211 to 216 Templeton Block.

JAS. H. MOYLE, Attorney at Law, Rooms 103 to 105 Constitution Building, cor. E. C. M. I.

L. M. WARDELL & THOS ADAMS, Attorneys at Law and Land Attorneys, 117-119 McCornick Block, Salt Lake City.

YOUNG, YOUNG & MOYLE, Le Grande Young, Richard W. Young, Orsel W. Moyle. Attorneys at Law, Deseret Nat. Bank Bldg., Salt Lake City.

RICHARD R. SHEPARD, Lawyer. 37-38 Commercial Block.

J. F. GUERIN, PATENT ATTORNEY, Patents in Mechanical, Electrical, etc. Use Guerin's patent to secure. Office 220 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

CHAS. M. CANNON, Dentist, Rooms 108-7 Constitution Building.

DR. J. T. ALTSOR & BRO., Dentists, Rooms 2 and 3 Scott-Auerbach Building, 1st floor, 164 Main St.

DR. J. THOMAS, Surgeon Dentist, 16 Main St. All work guaranteed. Anesthetic Administered.

TAN REMOVED FREE!

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FREE TREATMENT FOR ONE WEEK.

One last treatment will be given all callers for this week. This free treatment will continue anyone when the results will be when a full course is taken.

BEAUTIFUL guaranteed to remove Tan and Freckles, $1.00 per box, for this week only, afterwards full price will be charged, $1.50 per box.

MUSKA, a wonderful cure for the deepest wrinkles, $1.00 per jar, for this week only, afterwards full price, $1.50 per jar. By mail or all druggists.

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NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Salt Lake Aqueduct Company will be held at the office of the company, 12 East Second South st., Salt Lake City, Utah, Tuesday, September 11, 1894, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing term, and the transaction of such other business as may legally come before said meeting.

H. A. CLAYTON, Sec'y.

NOTICE.

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF the stockholders of the Deseret News Publishing Company will be held at the office of said company, on the Monday of the second week in October, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a board of directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

GEO. Q. CANNON, Sec'y.

Salt Lake City, September 5th, 1894.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

FROM FORTY MILE PASTURE, ONE iron-gray mare, about 7 years old, branded V on left shoulder, and one bay mare, branded the same, but with no brand on shoulder. Information that will lead to her recovery will be liberally rewarded. A. H. Cannon, 36, Box office.

Z Our Buyers Have all Returned!

New Purchases in DRESS, DRY and FANCY GOODS, are now arriving, and when complete, our Stock will have all the LATEST NOVELTIES of the Season.

C

We count on a Good Trade after a Season of Enforced Economy, and would say that we will in every Department meet the necessities of today, both in Quantity, Quality and Price.

M

Our Friends are Invited to Call.

T. G. WEBBER, Superintendent. I

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A GIRL TO DO HOUSE WORK AT MRS. Osborn's, 65 South West Temple Street.

WANTED IN CHEMICAL RETAILERS IN every town in the state, also one manager in each town to handle superior article and responsible business; capital not required; we furnish everything; no peddling; no goods to carry or package. Opportunity for permanent and a big income. Address, Chemical Co., 16 N. Clinton Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

A FIRST CLASS NEW WHITE COW, fresh or shortly. Apply to Rich 24 Washington Avenue.

MCMAHAN'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, Room 23 and 24 Scanlan Block, 17 Main street, Salt Lake City, P. O. Box 1.

J. A. McMAHAN, Supt.

WANTED—LADY OR GENTLEMAN TO work in office. Must have good penmanship, be honest, and possess ambition. Address, stating age, etc., Box 1, Deseret News.

ERDORLESS SANITARY CO., 67 MAIN STREET.

CROSSPOOL, GARDNER, DEAD AND Wood sawed. Improved machinery of modern and leading machines.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD BARGAIN, SUMMER DRESS. Address A. M., this office.

LOST.

A RED COW, BLIND IN RIGHT EYE, branded V on hip. Finder will be rewarded by notifying Christopher Moore, Box 1, Moore, Jr., or Wm. Moore, Box 1.

LOST.

A LADIES' GOLD WATCH. LEAVE AT NEWS office. Reward.

School Will Soon Begin

Your boy needs a pair of Shoes. Perhaps your girl does, too. We have a line of

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That are Strong, Shapely, well Fitting, and above all, CHEAP. Remember, we give FREE with each pair of School Shoes, a Handsome PEN and PENCIL CASE. See them in our window.

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