DESERET EVENING NEWS.

DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING COMPANY, LESSEES.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1895.

The Deseret Evening News is published daily, Sunday excepted, at corner Main and South Temple Streets, Salt Lake City.

Usual Edition at 8:30 p. m. Regular Edition at 1 o'clock.

The Deseret Semi-Weekly News is published on Tuesday and Friday of each week.

The Deseret Weekly is designed here to be published every Saturday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily 12 Months	$10.00
Daily 6 Months	5.00
Daily 3 Months	2.50
Daily 1 Month	1.00
Daily 10 cts a Week	.10
Semi-Weekly Edition 12 Months	5.00
Semi-Weekly Edition 6 Months	2.50
Semi-Weekly 12 Months	3.00
Semi-Weekly 6 Months	1.50
Weekly 12 Months	2.00

Expiration for subscription always in advance.

Subscribers changing their place of residence should always give former as well as present address.

The News is on sale at the principal Hotels, News Stands and on all passenger trains leaving the city after 8 p. m. daily.

City subscribers will kindly notify P. T. Dowling, superintendent, of any irregularity in the delivery of their papers.

All communications should be addressed to DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING CO.

Telephone 526.

THE GREAT CONFLICT.

Two important questions are to be answered by the people of Utah on Tuesday of next week.

The first is: Shall the Constitution as framed by the people's representatives be ratified by popular vote; that is, shall Utah be redeemed from territorial bondage and invited to put on the fair habiliments of statehood?

We are aware that there are a few Republicans and Democrats, and perhaps Populists also, who will wish to answer, No! We sincerely hope, however, that these voices will be drowned and overwhelmed in a tremendous chorus of Yes! from the great majority of the legal voters of all the parties.

The second is: Shall Utah as a State be Republican, Democratic or Populist?

We hope sincerely this will be answered by the full, honest, thoughtful and unquestioned vote of those legally entitled to the suffrage. There should be no shirkers, no cowards, no fickle-minded weaklings, no mercenaries; the ballots should represent the honesty, courage, intelligence and liberty of the people. On each ticket before the electors are the names of many men of repute and ability; some of them will go down in the battle and others will be triumphant. It is unlikely, it is impossible, that all the good ones will be successful. We shall be satisfied if most of those who lose are the unworthier portion. Our hope is that those of the deserving ones who fail in defeat (which of itself is sometimes creditable) may yield only to force of numbers and be unstabbed by dishonor or self-reproach.

The result will have to be determined by the voters, and from their decision there is no appeal. We ask them, therefore, to consider well their responsibilities, and their duty to party and country; to be proof against the wiles and treachery that designing men may suggest; to stand fast for the right, unswerved by rumor or prejudice, to be brave in maintaining the right and fulfilling every pledge that an honest man could require or an honest man could give. If this is done the outcome will be victory, whichever side shall win, and Utah's name will be blessed for honor and integrity wherever politics shall be known.

THE UTAH CONSTITUTION.

There has been considerable discussion the past few days over circulars sent out to create a sentiment hostile to Statehood, on the ground that it will materially increase the burdens of the taxpayers. We believe that even if Statehood were to slightly augment the financial load that must be borne by the taxpayers in Utah, there is not one of these in whose bosom dwells the fire of patriotism who is not willing to bear the full share of any burden that honestly belongs to him under the American form of government. From the standpoint of the citizen, therefore, this anti-Statehood effort must be regarded as impolitic in an extreme degree, and as such should be condemned by every voter. If there is any man who possesses the elective franchise who would prefer a continuation of Territorial serfdom to that freedom of action in governmental affairs which is the full privilege of every American citizen, merely because of a legitimate added expense, such man is unworthy, by reason of his unwillingness to do his whole duty to the state and to his fellow citizens, of the boon of an elector in the Republic. The misery plea set forth in the main idea of the circular is an insult to the patriotism and independence of a freedom-loving people.

If, as the circular intimates, and which, by the way, is not true, resuming a territory would limit local expense below the figures attending a state administration, then there would not be even in this any good excuse for the taxpayers of Utah to refuse to assume the additional burdens attended. There is no honorable man who would deem it honest or praiseworthy to avail himself of circumstances in order to compel any other man, or a charitable institution, to support his family in part; it is an element of decent manhood for the husband and father to pay the bills of his family when the facility therefor is within his reach, though it may be attained only by extreme effort. So it is with respect to government. Utah, as an honest, honorable, independent commonwealth, cannot insist upon others bearing a financial burden which is her own and which she has the ability to carry. But there is no reason to assume that the financial load in a territory cannot be made heavier than in a state, and the people be measurably powerless to prevent it. This is evident in Utah's own experience; for in her capital today the aggregate rate of taxation is higher than it is in the other cities of some of the states. Under state rule the people are at greater liberty to reduce expenses than when they are subject to the legislative and administrative whims of the controlling power which may be exercised over the territories as at present constituted.

Besides being antagonistic to the spirit of patriotism which inspires every truly American heart, the circular under consideration contains another fatal defect in the inaccuracy of its statement of finances; and a cause which has to resort to this subterfuge for an argument must be essentially a bad one. It is stated in the circular that the present expense of the Territorial government to the people of Utah, exclusive of schools, is $189,740.05; and that the sum of $206,526 [illegible] expenses is now paid by the general government. In this statement there is a failure to include executive, judicial and other expenses now met by the Territory, and also a failure to include gains by the Constitutional provisions requiring fees, etc., to go to the State treasury, which would materially change the relation of the figures, and would actually show a gain on the side of Statehood. Besides all this, the circular wholly ignores the fact that by the change to a state, Utah will acquire more than seven million acres of land for school and other public purposes. Thus it may be seen that the statements of the circular are as untrustworthy as its motive is reprehensible.

The News will not argue that there may not be a necessity for increase of revenue to carry on the various departments of State government. But we do say that with the sources of income available to the State, and with the proper exercise of the power to adjust municipal, county and state finances which comes with full local self government, an economical administration may, in view of the advantages gained, reduce the aggregate burdens in the State below what it now is in the Territory to the taxpayer. Hence the cry of increased taxation, in comparison with present privileges, is a bugaboo which will not frighten the patriotic, intelligent voter on the Statehood proposition. In the matter of privileges and powers, with all attendant responsibilities, Statehood for Utah is a boon welcomed by all her people who delight in American freedom; as a matter of patriotism and independence, every voter who has a pride in the full liberty of the institutions of the Great Republic will glory in casting his ballot Yes on the Constitution which is to be Utah's charter as one of the American Union of States.

REVOLUTION IN ARMENIA.

The most alarming news yet received from Asiatic Turkey is that 20,000 armed Armenians are in open revolt against the government. This means that the oppressed people are on the eve of making a desperate struggle for liberty and commencing, if they can, a movement in which the interested European powers must take part in some way, either for or against Islam. It is impossible at present to foresee what proportions this insurrection may assume, but that the sultan considers it serious is evident from the fact that he has ordered out the reserve troops to meet the rebels, and it is tolerably certain that if the Armenians succeed in holding their own for some time, as they are more than likely to do in their inaccessible mountain fastnesses, they will receive aid from other sources. The Greeks, scattered all over Syria, the chief cities of Egypt and the islands of the eastern Mediterranean sea; the Christians in the interior of Asiatic Turkey, and the valiant people of Montenegro and Herzegovina and other principalities in Europe, however widely they may differ in traditions, religion and customs, meet on common ground in their sentiments against Turkish rule over Christian nations, and they would not hesitate to embrace a favorable opportunity of terminating it forever. That the situation is one of grave import may, further, be inferred from the fact that unusual activity is reported among the Russian troops along the southern border of the czar's empire.

In view of the facts it becomes interesting to note the actual present situation. When the European powers first took the Armenian question in hand, they made certain demands on Turkey regarding the reforms needed in Armenia. The sultan for a long time refused to comply, but finally, after the demands had been toned down considerably, he yielded. The reforms agreed upon amount to, first, this, that in six districts certain officers are to be Christians, and that Mohammedan governors are to have Christian vice governors. It took five months for Europe, in force, to get the sultan to sign this agreement, which is nothing more than a confirmation of the pledges given in 1874, which never have been kept, and even this small concession on the part of the sultan was rendered useless as a retreat to Turkish mistrust, by the proclamation of the government that it was not intended for the benefit of the Christian subjects but as an attempt at reform of the government of the empire generally.

Information is now leaking out that these unsatisfactory results are due to jealousy between England and her associates in the matter. Salisbury had to choose between an open rupture between Great Britain and the other countries, or the acceptance of their proposition to let the sultan down easy. England's premier accepted the latter alternative. The Armenian question, therefore, as formerly has been pointed out by the News, is as unsettled as ever, but after the acceptance by the sultan of the terms dictated, the great European powers no longer need to pretend to act in concert in the matter; their mission is temporarily concluded and each country is in a position to act on its own account in the new entanglements that seem about to ensue.

In this there are dangers for the peace of Europe. A correspondent from Constantinople to the New York Times says every London newspaper man in the sultan's capital presumes that there is to be a revolution in Turkey. Some time the Ottoman empire must cave in, owing to the flood of corruption that has been undermining its constitution for centuries. When this happens Europe will be forced to meet on the issue, and it is hardly conceivable that an amicable agreement can be reached as to the plane of reconstruction.

SENATORS AND PRESIDENTS.

It is a curious fact in American political history that no man has ever been elected to the presidency who was a senator at the time of his candidacy. The one who came nearest to making an exception to the rule was General Garfield, who was in fact senator-elect, though he would not have taken his seat in that body until the date when he actually took the oath as President. Senators Cullom, Allison, Sherman and others may therefore find it difficult to derive much comfort from precedent, although the first named lately declared that there were quite a number of our Presidents who had first been senators. The statement is true enough, but, as the Chicago Times-Herald somewhat crustily observes, Senator Cullom does not come within the historic range of his precedent, for such senators as were successful presidential candidates were out of the first office before they were named for and gained the second. In ten instances our Presidents had been at one time or another members of the upper house of Congress, these being James Monroe, John Quincy Adams, Andrew Jackson, Martin Vanburen, William Henry Harrison, John Tyler, Franklin Pierce, James Buchanan, Andrew Johnson and Benjamin Harrison. But to offset these ten, history names at least twelve who have been defeated either in convention or as candidates; and, as already stated, there is not a single case where the President was elected direct from the Senate and while his term in that body was still unexpired. No wonder Mr. Reed, Mr. McKinley, Mr. Campbell, Mr. Russell and others are not hurrying just now to get into the more vaulted congressional chamber.

It is easy to distinguish between a thief and a kleptomaniac, observes a medical journal. Of course it is—the distinction is in the position the offenders hold in "society."

AT LAST reports the prize fight had not been "called off," nor had it "come off," though it seemed to be completely "off."

The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Fraser, Alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physicians' prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgus, Keokuk, Iowa, writes "I have been a minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Local Cough Remedy now. Trial Bottles Free at Z. C. M. I. drug department.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Illinois, writes that he had a severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives absolute instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. At Z. C. M. I. drug department.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Z. C. M. I. drug department.

Subject to Attacks of Cholera Morbus

While staying in the Delta (Mississippi bottoms) last summer, E. T. Moss, representing Laudlow, Saylor, Wire Co., of St. Louis, suffered from malaria and became subject to attacks of cholera morbus. In every instance when attacked he was relieved as if by magic, by using Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He says: "I regard it as the 'one plus all' of medicines."

MUNYON

HAS NO USE FOR DEADLY DRUGS.

Gently Acting Remedies Make Positive Cures Where Dangerous Dosing Fails.

Mr. David J. Buckley, 247 East Forty-fifth street, New York city, says: "I have suffered agonies with rheumatic inflammation of the wrists, hands and feet. The soreness and swelling were so great I was almost helpless. Thanks to Munyon's great discovery I am now free from this dread disease. A few small bottles of Munyon's Rheumatism Cure banished every trace of pain, swelling and soreness."

Facts About Rheumatism.

The usual treatment for rheumatism consists of poisonous doses of potash, salicylic acid, cocaine and morphine, which destroy the stomach, irritate the kidneys, prostrate the nervous system and ruin the health. Professor Munyon's Rheumatism Cure is guaranteed to be absolutely harmless and a strong tonic in building up the weak and relaxed. It cures acute or muscular rheumatism in from one to five days. Sharp, shooting pains in any part of the body stopped by a few doses. A prompt, complete and permanent cure for lumbago, stiff back and all pains in hips and joints, chronic rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago or pain in the back are speedily cured.

The Munyon Remedies act promptly and cure the most obstinate diseases. A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists. 25 cents a bottle.

Personal advice in Medical Department, Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

The direct line to Kansas City, St. Louis and Atlantic seaboard, is via the Missouri Pacific Railway, from Pueblo. Through sleeping and chair cars, and all connections made in Union depots in the day time. If you are going East and care for a daylight ride through the grandest scenery of the Rocky Mountains en route, see that your ticket reads via Missouri Pacific Railway. Elegant chair cars positively free to holders of regular train tickets.

H. H. KOEHN, C. F. & P. A.,
21 Morlan Block, Salt Lake City.

Troubled With Periodical Dysentery.—Henry P. Silvera, of Lucea, Jamaica, West India Islands, says: "Since my recovery from an attack of dysentery, some ten years ago, it comes on suddenly at times and makes me very weak. A teaspoonful of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy taken in a little water gives me immediate relief. I could get a dozen testimonials from people in Jamaica who have been cured by this remedy."

Salt Lake Theater.

CHAS. S. PIXLEY, Manager.
Evenings at 8:15. Matinee at 2:15.

SATURDAY, NOV. 2. MATINEE AND NIGHT.

Return Engagement

A. M. Palmer's Stock Company,

Headed by MR. WILTON LAKAYE in

TRILBY.

Presented by the entire same cast as when seen here five weeks ago.

Prices: Night, $1.50, $1, 75c, 50 cents. Matinee and Night, $1. Matinee, $1, 75, 50, 25 cents. Box and Logia, $1.50. Sale of seats begins Thursday, October 31st.

NEXT ATTRACTIONS.

Week commencing November 4th

"Fast Mail"

De Wolf Hopper Opera Company.

Three nights and Saturday Matinee, commencing Thursday, November 7th.

A SOCIETY DRAMA.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Week Beginning MONDAY, October 28

J. E. ROGERS, Mgr.

THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE CO.,

In BARTLEY CAMPBELL'S World Renowned Play, the

Galley Slave!

A Celebrated Play by a Celebrated Man.

Regular prices, 25c, 50c, 75c. Matinee every Saturday; admission 25c. Evenings at 8:15. Regular Matinee at 2:15.

SPECIAL SCENERY and SCENIC EFFECTS.

New Lyceum Theater.

TONIGHT
TONIGHT
TONIGHT

The Ironmaster,

The Ironmaster,

The Ironmaster,

By GEORGES OHNET.

MR. CHAS. J. RICHMAN,
As Philippe Derlay.

MISS ADA DWYER, as Claire.

First Appearance of
MISS MAUDE WINTER.

Prices 50c, 40c, 30c. Matinee Saturday, 25c. Telephone 136.

The Time Has Come!

Z. C. M. I.

Is now amply prepared to PROTECT and COMFORT
It's Innumerable Patrons with

UNDERWEAR

Of Every Quality, Size and Price. Home Made Flannels and Woolen Goods, ARE A SPECIALTY
Coverlets, Bed Quilts, Eider Downs, Blankets, all colors, sizes and grades.

Keep Warm for Health. Keep Cool in Business.

Buy from a Complete Stock, where Prices and Quality go Together.

T. G. WEBBER, ... Supt

EVERY MOTHER SHOULD CONSIDER

Which are the best kind of Winter Goods to keep themselves and their children warm and free from cold, which bring on all other diseases. It is acknowledged that ALL WOOL goods are the best but there are immense quantities of imported goods that are sold for all wool, which save a big percentage of cotton in them. Provo Woolen Mills' Flannels, Cloths, and our Ladies, Misses' and Children's Stocking are ALL WOOL.

Our Boys' Suits ages 7 to 15 are all wool. Our Youth's Suits, ages 15 to 19, are all wool. Our Men's and Boys' Suitings are all wool. We make Men's all wool Suits to order, $14up. We make Men's all wool Pants to order, $4 up.

DON'T BUY ANYTHING BUT ALL WOOL GOODS.

Cutler Bros. Company,

AGENTS PROVO WOOLEN MILLS COMPANY

36 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

GOOD SCRAP IRON $10 TO $12 PER ton; also scrap copper and brass, copper 9 to 9c, steel brass 5 to 6c, paid in cash at F. Roberts, 124 West Second South.

DO YOU WANT YOUR STOVES REpaired or set up? Have convenient mechanics to do your work. Second hand goods taken in exchange for work. Two hundred stoves for sale cheap. 124 West Second South, opposite Postoffice.

EVERY ONE TO KNOW THAT WE ARE buying and selling more new and second hand goods than any other house in the West. M. Wyllie, 257-261 Main street.

HAVE YOUR SEAPOODLE, GREASE Spots, Water Stains and yards cleaned by the odorless sanitary company. All work done prior Saturday. OFFICE 57 MAIN STREET. TELEPHONE NO. 378.

SEVEN-ACCOUNT SYSTEM COLLEGE.

BOOK-KEEPING, SHORTHAND, SPELLing, arithmetic, etc. Constitution Bldg.

FOR RENT.

SUITE OF WELL FURNISHED ROOMS or whole house. 115 4th East. References required.

FURNITURE:

ON ACCOUNT OF OUR LARGE AND INcreasing trade we must have goods. Any thing in the furniture line you want, we sell we want. Come and see us before selling. R. Webber, 257, 259, 261 Main street.

MUST BE SOLD.

A NICE 8 ROOM BRICK ON NINTH East; a unique 8 room brick on East Temple, and other houses on city south near Main. All these properties have every convenience and are in splendid condition. They can be had for less than half their value and on easy terms. Main on to offer for them.

CHAS. E. ROGERS,
Room 10 Opera House Block.

SCAVENGER No. 5.

Cinders and Cesspools Cleaned.
N. J. SANDBERG,
Address: 328 East Second Avenue.
Office, 341 Main Street.

THE UTAH JUNK HOUSE

WILL PAY CASH FOR RAGS, BONES, scrap iron, metals, rubbers and all kinds of bottles. 65, 67 East Eighth South St.

MONEY TO LOAN.

6 PER CENT. MONEY TO LOAN ON IMproved residence property. Geo. M. Ottinger, Room 3, Opera House Block. Fire Insurance Co.

Electric Light and Power Plants, Telephones, Ceiling Fans and Heaters.

R. W. NICOL,
CONTRACTING ELECTRICIAN
Electrical Supplies and Construction.
47 MAIN STREET, SALT LAKE CITY.

THE WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM,

The Finest Flavored Gum on earth. Clark, Silvetzo & Co., Salt Lake City, June seventeenth & Nine Co., Agents, sole agents.

PROFESSIONAL.

RICHARDS & RICHARDS
Attorneys-at-Law.
Rooms 501 to 505 McCornick Block.

JAS. H. MOYLE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Rooms 261 to 263 Constitution Building.
Opp. Z. C. M. I.

ALEX McMASTER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Rooms, 43, 45, 47, 49, Commercial Block.

L. M. WADDELL & THOS. ADAMS,
Attorneys-at-Law and Land Attorneys,
317-318 McCornick Block, Salt Lake City.

J. F. GIBBS, PATENT ATTORNEY. Patents in America, Canada, etc. Patent drawings, models to order. Office all Main Street, Salt Lake City.

CHAS. M. CANNON,
Dentist.
Rooms 228 and 229 Constitution Bldg.

DR. E. M. KEYSOR,
Dentist.
Rooms 2 and 3 Zeigler-Auerbach Building, 2d floor, 26 Main St.

DR. J. THOMAS,
Surgeon Dentist.
26 Main St. Anæsthetics Administered.

Chicago Dental Parlors

Can extract teeth without pain—new method, harmless as water. Set of teeth, $5.00. Bridge work, per tooth, $5.00. Twenty-two k. gold crown, $5.00. Logan crown, $5.00. Gold filling, $1 up. Office, 20 Commercial Block. All work at modern prices. Come and be convinced. 78 State Street, Salt Lake City.

DR. J. R. KEYSOR,
Dentist.
Parlors in the new Lollin block,
240 Main Street,
First door north of Walker House.

ALL KINDS OF
CHINESE and JAPANESE TEAS
BAMBOO GOODS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Chinese and Japanese Lanterns and Chinese Goods. Prices lower than ever before.

SHANG HAI & CO.,
277 South Main.

WISCOMB & COMPANY,
Staple, Fancy and Green Groceries.
56 East, First South Street.

DR. J. B. KEYSOR

DENTAL PARLORS,
240 Main Street, First Door North of Walker House

Teeth Filled Without Pain.
Teeth Extracted Without Pain.
The Largest and Most Complete Dental Office in the City.
Parlors, 1-2-3-4 Lollin Block,
240 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

CHOICE SPICES FOR Pickling, Etc. AT JOHNSON-PRATT DRUG CO., 44 Main Street.

THE Inter-Mountain Electric Co.,
E. P. PENTON, Manager.
House Wiring, Connections and Electric Fixtures. Electric Bells. Incandescent Lamps.
20 East, First South Street Salt Lake City, Utah.

Why not bring in your Prescriptions? We can fill them—and our prices will please you.

BILL BROS.,
The TEMPLE PHARMACY,
Opposite Valley House.

DUNFORD'S
SHOEMAKER
Has opened a Shoe Repairing Shop in the Tabing Yard.
Shoes for deformed feet a specialty.