DESERET EVENING NEWS: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1901.



THE ORGANIST.

I wonder how the organist Can do so many things; He's getting ready long before The choir stands up and sings; He's pressing buttons, pushing stops; He's pulling here and there, And testing all the working parts While listening to the prayer.

He runs a mighty big machine, It's full of funny things; A mass of boxes, pipes and tutes, And sticks, and slats and strings; There's little whistles for a cent, In rows and rows and rows,

J'll bet there's twenty miles of tubes As large as garden hose.

There's scores, as round as stovepipes, and

There's lots so big and wide, That several little boys I know Could play around inside; From little bits of piccolos That hardly make a toot,

There's every size up to the great Big elevator chute.

The organist knows every one, And how they cught to go; He makes them rumble like a storm,

erywhere by a laugh, as the Jews were erywhere by a laugh, as the Jews were proceed by a pitar of fire. He went to London and wrote for Punch and lectured in the hall of Albert Smith. Hollow with consumption, he laughed Death sifly, and in his dying momen.s gravely bequeathed money and proper-ties, of which he was guiltless, to va-rious Englishmen who came to find them with crape on their hats, and raised the last laugh which shook the British world, like Excelsior's going up with a private echo: with a private echo:

And from the sky serene and fair A laugh fell like a falling star-"A. Ward! ho! ha!"

was "highly reprehensitive and un-wrong" Arnold used to smite Whittier's muse with.

"Of all sad words of tongue or of pen, The saddest are these. "It might, could, would, or should, have been.""

James Walter Smith writes from

I was privileged recently to have a few words with Memdouh Bey, the Turkish poet, who is now in London to establish a Turkish paper devoted to politics in general and the propoganda rkish party in p lar. Memdouh Bey ascribes the deca-dence of Turkish literature to the bale-ful reign of the present sultan, "No one," he says, "dares to publish a book ful reign of the present suitan, "No one," he says, "dares to publish a book of any literary value. Every writer is suspected of political motives, and is immediately subject to persecution about he attempt to write anything lut commonplaces. The result is that nothing appears except worthless pamphlets eulogizing the sultan and his system." The works of all the best authors are prohibited, and, in consequence, writers have either suffered persecution, or have been obliged to bepersecution, or have been obliged to be-come exiles in foreign lands. The sul-tan is particularly hostile to poets. Memdouh Bey is an active, intelligent man of striking personal appearance, and a pleasant talker. "I am finding considerable difficulty," he said, "in starting my paper. So far I have come across but one man in London who can set up Turkish type, and he does some-thing else for a living." It is impossible to accurately estimate the influences of heredity and early environment in the development of individuals, but it may be interesting to know the birthplaces of the living Eng-lish writers most before the public eye. Scotland claims a large number of fa-mous authors. Mr. J. M. Barrie, Mr. S. R. Crockett, Miss Annie Swan, Mr. Benjamin Swift, Mr. John Davidson, Rita, Mr. William Archer, and Dr. Con-an Doyle were all born north of the Tweed. Ian Maclaren, one of the typical kailyard novelists, was born in Es-sex; and Mrs. Flora Annie Steel, whose origin is pure Scotch, at Harrow. To Ireland belong Miss Jane Barlow, Mme. Sarah Grand, Mrs. Katherine Tynan Hinkson, Mr. Frankfort Moore, Mr. Bernard Shaw, Mr. W. B. Yeats, Mr. Justin McCarthy, and Mr. George Moore. Mr. Hall Saine was born at

Runcorn, Cheshire, and Liverpool claims Mr. Richard Le Gallienne and Mr. Augustine Birrell. Mr. Lawrence Binyon, Mr. John Morley, and Mr. George Gissing are also Lancastrians, while Mr. E. W. Hornung, Mr. Alfred Austin, and Mr. William Watson are Varkshiremon Yorkshiremen.

In the west Mr. Quiller Couch, Mr. Silas Hocking, Mr. Joseph Hocking and Mr. Arthur Symonds were born in Corn-wall: Mr. Baring-Gould and Miss Norah Mail, Mr. Baring-Gond and Miss Notah Hopper in Devonshire; Mr. A. B. Walk-ley and Mr. W. E. Henley in Gloucester-shire; Miss Helen Mathers in Somerset; and Mr. Thomas Hardy in Dorsetshire. Sir Lewis Morris is a Welshman.

Mr. George Mereditn and Lucas Malet were born in Hampshire; Mr. H. G. Wells, Mr. Maurice Hewlett, Mr. Rob-ert Hichens, and Sir Edwin Arnold in Kent; Miss Edna Lyall in Sessex; Mr. Stephen Phillips in Oxfordshire; and Mr. A. C. Benson in Berkshire. Miss Adeline Sergeant, Mr. Max Pemberton, and Mr. Jerome K. Jeroms are Midland-ers; and Mr. Rider Haggard and Ouida hall from East Anglia.

hall from East Anglia. Mr. Algernon Swinburne, Miss Brad-don, Mr. Percy White, Mr. Morley Rob-erts, Mr. Zangwill, Mr. Anthony Hope, Mr. Frank Bullen, Miss Beatrice Har-raden, Mr. Egerton Castle, Mr. Rolf Boldrewood, Mr. W. W. Jacobs, and Mr. William Le Queux are all Londoners. Mr. Rudyard Kipling and Mr. Eden Philpotts were born in India: Mr. Louis Becke in New South Wales: Mrs. Campbell Praed in Queensland; Mrs. Humphry Ward in Tasmania; Mr. Gil-bert Parker in Canada; Mr. Marion Crawford in Italy; Mrs. Craigie at Bos-ton; and Mr. Joseph Conrad in Poland.

Julian Ralph, in writing to his Ameri-can publisher, the Frederick A. Stokes company, tells of the Order of Friend-lies just founded by Kipling, and com-posed of the members of the staff of the Friend, a remarkable newspaper

LEAVES FROM OLD ALBUMS. ներկանություն անականականականական հայտնություն կանականականականություն հայտնություն է նախորհանություն հայտնությու Դուսիսի հայտնություն հայտնություն հայտնություն է հայտնություն հայտնություն հայտնություն հայտնություն հայտնությու

BLOOD HISTORY

homes, protection of neglected children, and the education of delinquents; and includes a chapter on present ten-dencies in "child-saving" work. A mg--ginal analysis will accompany the text, together with a full index. The book is one of a series of eight, the purpose of which is to make available for stu-dents and practical workers a cuncise statement of the experience so for gained in this country in the field of philanthropic effort. Born in bone marrow-dies in the liver. This is the bered blood that keeps us all alive. Blood history makes a fascinating story.

Scott's Emulsion often plays a most important part in blood history. At the very beginning -- that is where its influence is greatest.

Love Was Young," by Roy Rolfe Gil-son, who has written short stories in some of the magazines. The story fol-lows the course of a boy's loves from the "calf" period through his mature manhood, from country to city, and the disilu-tonments of the latter and his final marriags to one of his early sweethearts. The final novel complet-ing the series will be by Arthur Colton, who wrote "The Delectable Mountains." which appeared last senson. The title has not yet been determined. Scott's Emulsion is a blood food-a rich material for making new blood. Nothing better for bringing color to pale faces.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like. OTT & BOWNE, 400 Pearl street, New York.

the attention of art critics the update the attention of art critics the update America. The book has already met with wonderful success, and judging could have emerged. It has refine-ment if ever a book possessed it, and the style is the sonhisticated style of from the interest it has already occa-sloned and the demand for it as a holithe style is the sophisticated style of one familiar with the literatures of the world. It seems as though even the generations behind him must have known and sifted them before this special distinction could have been reached. The fancy which can produce a story day book, it is destined to become one of the successes of the year. The test of its genuine merit is the delight that children manifest in its pages. It is published by the Jamison Hig-

The fancy which can produce a story gins Co., Chicago. The Household has removed from Boston to 44 Times building, New York.

> The Arena (New York) will print at least one piece of fiction in each issue hereafter.

> > St. Nicholas announces that it will no longer have serial stories, but every other issue of the magazine will con-tain a long story complete in that one number.

MAGAZINES.

homes, protection of neglected children.

The November number of the Har-per's American Novel Series is "When Love Was Young," by Roy Rolfe Git-

has not yet been determined.

A charming book for juveniles is a

volume recently written by Grace Duf-fie Boylan entitled "Kids of Many Col-

ors," a delightful collection of verves descriptive of the children of all lands,

The Frederick A. Stokes company (New York) and the publishers of Les-lie's Monthly have formed an alliance for mutual interest.

"The Assassination of Kings and Presidents" is the subject of a paper in the November Century over the signa-ture of Rev. Dr. J. M. Buckley, who has made a special study of the mental phenomena of such crimes, and was called as an expert to examine Guiteau called as an expert to examine voluted after the shooting of Garfield. The secretary of the navy writes "Some Personal Characteristics of President McKinley," and there is a sonnet on President McKinley's last hours-"The Comfort of the Trees," by R. W. Gild-

The Federation of American Zionists now publish a monthly magazine of Jewish life and literature, called the Maccabaean, the first number being issued October 1. The Zionist movement and all efforts to build up the national Jewish spirit will receive especial at-tention. In addition, there will be es-says on matters of general Jewish interest, s'ori's poems, and book re-views. The endeavor will be to estab-lish a megazine that will be creditable to modern Jewish thought.

The New England Magazine is now published by the American company, and its editorial office is in New York, although the office in Park Square, Boston, is retained. Mr. Kellogg, who has published the magazine so long is pres-dent of the new company. Mr. Garland has succeeded Edwin D. Mead as editor.

SURGICAL OPERATIONS

Many of Them Unnecessary. Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Medicine Have Saved Many Women From the Surgeon's Knife.

Hospitals in our great cities are sad places to visit.

Three-fourths of the patients lying on those snow-white beds are women and girls. Why should this be the case?

Because they have neglected themselves.

Every one of these patients in the hospital beds had plenty of warning in that bearing down feeling, pain at the left or right of the womb, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back. All these things are indications of an unhealthy condition of the ovaries or womb.

What a terrifying thought ! these poor souls are lying there on those hospital beds awaiting a fearful operation.

Do not drag along at home or in your place of employment until you are obliged to go to the hospital and submit to an examination and possible operation. Build up the female system, cure the derangements which have signified themselves by danger signals, and remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has saved thousands of women from the hospital. Read the letter here published with the full consent of the writer, and see how she escaped the knife by a faithful reliance on Mrs. Pinkham's advice and treatment by her medicines.

If in doubt write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for free advice; her experience covers twenty years.



Here is Proof, Undeniable Proof, That Many Operations May Be Avoided.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM :- As I am a great sufferer of female trouble I thought I would write to you to see if you thought there was any positive help for me. I am very sore through my bowels, especially over the womb, and on the left side low down I will be taken with a dull sore pain, and in an hour will be so sore that I cannot move myself, and will have to be poulticed, and will be unable to wall: for two or three weeks. I have a bad discharge at times. The doctor says I will have to go through an operation and have the left ovary removed. If you can help me let me hear from you soon." --

We called him "Charley." His pri-

London:



eet and low times you think them very near: At times they're soaring high, Like angel voices, singing far Off, somewhere in the sky.

For he can take this structure that's big as any house,

And make it squeak as softly as A tiny little mouse;

And then he'll jerk out something with A movement of the hand, And make you think you're listening to A military band.

He plays it with his fingers and He plays it with his toes, And if he really wanted to He'd play it with his nose; He's sliding up and down the bench, He's working with his kne He's dancing round with both his feet

As lively as you please. I always like to take a seat Where I can see him go; He's better than a sermon, and He does me good, I know; I like the life and movement and I like to hear him play; He is the most exciting thing

In town on Sabbath day. -Toledo Times. LOVE LETTERS OF A SCHOOL BOY.

The grass is green, the sky is blue, Honey's sweet, and so are you.

I feel all throbby when I see You look across the room at me.

Oh how I like to sit all day And watch you while you teach away

The rose is nice and sweet to smell, My love for you no tongue can tell.

I wish that I was thirty-three, For ma says that's what you must be -Chic 1go Record-Herald.

NOTES.

Penn Steele writes very entertainingly in the November Era in answer to the question: "Who was Baron Mun-

This personage appeared in Halberstadt in the year 1702.

of his lately deceased father. Inciden-tally, however, he married there a lady of mature age and of some fortune, mamed Anne Margaret Heintz. She was dazzled not only by his title, and by the blue ribbon of the garter and other decorations, given him, as he averred, by reigning sovereigns, but by his stor-ies of fabuleus wealth that was even-tually to be his. Meanwhile he per-suaded her to sell off a few of her houses to defray running expenses. The Couple then made a trip to Jeyer, in couple then made a trip to Jeyer, in North German, where the high sheriff was a Munchhausen. They called upon the latter dignitary and the Baron easil persuaded him of his relationship, a distant one. The sheriff introduced the strangers to the best society in the place. Unfortunately the baron one day told the sherift's wife that his first consort had been a daughter of Ma-jor-General von Werder and had died in childbirth. Now the sheriff's wife knew the von Werders and knew also that there was only one daughter married to a Saxon centleman named Has-sler. She challenged the baron's story. He blushed furiously, and finally ad-mitted that he had been lying. Even yet, however, he was suspected only of braggadocio and prevarication.

Before the war, and during the war, many sketches were being published of Artumus Ward, the showman, among the publicans and sinners. He blossomed into a metropolitan humorist. A man named Dr. Carroll began a publication on purpose to down Artemus Ward, and therefore was unconsciously the pseudo-showman's butt.

Ward began to lecture with a pan-crama, the lecture a farce, the panor-ams nothing, but he was preceded ev-

chausen?" Of a fakir we read:

stadt in the year 1702. He gave out that he was Baron Karl Friedrich Munchhausen of that branch of the far ily which was set tied in Gourland. His mission in Hal-berstadt was to by a after certain prop-erties that formed part of the estate of his lately deceased father. Inciden-

strong in the only possible way-by nutrition



MRS. LOUISE FERGUSON.

The above picture is taken from a photograph of Mrs. Louise Ferguson, wife of James Ferguson of New York, the well known actor, who, as "Jimmie Harris," was so popularly known in Salt Lake in the late seventies. Mrs. Ferguson was formerly Miss Louise Young, daughter of President Brigham Young. She was one of the belles of the last generation, and is now living in New York, the mother of a handsome ramily.

conducted for Lord Roberts at Bloem- ; the streets. It is interesting to learn other writers, including generals and noblemen. Mr. Ralph's new book is to that this Englishman has practically become an American, and that his tal-ent is now introduced to the world for contain much new matter, with his rethe first time. markable letters from Pretoria to America, the correspondence having been remodeled and rearranged.

The announcement is made by Charles Frohman that the initial production of the play "Eben Holden" was given in Bridgeport, Conn., on Monday night, September 30, with E. M. Hol-land playing the character of Uncle Eb. The dramatization of Irving Bacheller's phenomenally successful book has been done by Edward E. Rose, and is said to be a very strong piece of work and to portray the story accurately. Mr. Bacheller's second success, "D'rl and I," has been for the past two weeks the best selling book in New York and oth-

his degradation and his triumphant es-cape from it is as pitiful as it is ro-

cape from it is as pititul as it is ro-mantic. Its counterpart in pictur-esqueness is found in the life of Els-worth Lawson, who is making his debut this spring through Herbert S. Stone & Co.'s publication of "Euphrosyne and Her Golden Book." He, too, sold papers on the streets

He, too, sold papers on the streets for a meager living, and though he escaped the opium, which almost si-lenced Mr. Thompson's talent, he never-theless passed through a flery furnace of a different sort. His father, like Simon of old, was a tanner, but a maa

Simon of old, was a tanner, but a man of such upright tastes and instincts as helped the son perhaps more than he knew. Yet it is an extraordinary thing that from such a background the spec-ial kind of book that is now appearing

The recent journey of Count Tolstoi to the Crimea took the form of a trito the Crimea took the form of a tri-umphal progress, although the Rus-sian government did its utmost to stifle all demonstrations. At nearly all the stations on the line Count Tolstoi re-ceived floral offwrings. All speeches and addresses were forbidden. The Russian government would not allow a direct line actions to Count Tolstoi or

single line referring to Count Tolstol or his journey to appear in any newspaper. The St. Petersburg "Kaja Gaseta," however, published a short note on the Crimean journey. The minister of the Interior promptly forbade all sales of the promptly forbade all sales of the paper in the streets for a month.

BOOKS.

"The Pines of Lory," by J. A. Mit-chell, the editor of Life, which has just finished its course as a serial in Scrib-ner's Magazine, has been brought out in handsome illustrated book form by Life Publishing company. Those, who remember Mr. Mitchell's charming story, "Amos Judd"--which, by the way, has just been republished in edition de luxe, by the Scribners-will wel-come "The Pines of Lory." It is a love story with a touch of the mysterious, and is brimful of Mr. Mitchell's genial

and always polite humor. Lovers of a Utopian, yet an up-to-date story, will greet it with pleasure. The old house above the hiding place of the treasure was subsequently burned to the ground, the forest sur-rounding it laid waste, the trees of the lawn used as breastworks for a fort erected on the site of the dwelling. A camp of Federal soldiers occupied the place, and had they but known of it nothing would have been easier than for the lounging troopers to occupy

both were confronted with direct and most unusual possibilities. They are in every respect real people of today, and are the kind of real people that we would like to meet. The plot is unusuar and the situations most unconventional.

The Care of Destitute, Neglected and Delinquent Children, by Homer Folks, the first volume to appear in a series of works on "American Philan-thropy of the Nineteenth Century" published by The Macmilian company. This volume will be a historical study

of the system employed in America for the care, by public authorities or pri-vate charities, of children who have been definitely separated from parental control and have become wards of the community. The book covers succinctly the historical evolution of private and public institutions for children, or placing out in families, temporary son, the poet, is perhaps the only Eng-lishman of letters of the present day who has done just this, and the tale of



. . . To condense in a paragraph the an-nouncement of The Youth's Companion for 1902 is not easy. Not only will nearly two hundred story writers contribute to the paper, but many of the most eminent of living statesmen, jurists, men of science, letters, scholars, sailors, soldiers and travellers, including three members of the President's cabinet.

In a delightful series of articles on military and naval topics the secretary of the navy will tell "How Jack Lives" Julian Ralph, the famous war corres pondent, will describe "How Men Feel in Battle," and Winston Spencer Churchill, M. P., whose daring escape from a Beer prison pen is well remempered, will describe some experiences 'On the Flank of the Army.

And this is but a beginning of the long list. A complete announcement will be sent to any address free. The publishers also announce that every new subscriber who sends \$1.75 for the 1902 volume now will receive all issues for the remaining weeks of 1991 free from the time of subscription; also The Companion Calendar for 1902-all in addition to the fifty-two issues of The Companion for 1902.

For seventy-five years The Youth's Companion has been published every week as a family paper. In these seventy-five years the paper's constancy to a high standard has won the confidence of the American people. It has kept pace with the growth of the country. Its stories, its special articles, its editorials, its selections represent all that is best in American life. For 1902 the foremost men and women of the English-speaking wor'd have been enlisted as contributors. The work of an unprecedented number of new and prom-ising writers has also been secured. Thus the constantly increasing demand for the best reading suited to all members of the intelligent American household will be fully met.



Send your orders to

TABLE AND DAIRY SALT.

MRS. M. G. SHIVELY, Upson, Wis. (Nov. 12, 1900.)

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM :- When I wrote to you last fall in regard to my health, death would have been a welcome visitor to me, but I followed your advice and am now well. I had tried everything I could hear of, went to every doctor far and near, spent a great deal of money and received no benefit. At the time I wrote you I was saving up money to go to Chicago to have an operation upon the womb and ovaries which the doctor said unless I had I would die, but thanks to your remedies, I avoided this. I have taken eight bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, two of your Blood Purifier, and used four packages of Sanative, and am a well woman. I advise every woman suffering as I did to take Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies." - MRS. M. G. SHIVELY, Upson, Wis. (March 20, 1901.)

S5000 REWARD. - We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, \$5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special per-Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.



RICHARD A. McCURDY, President,

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The bistory of the company has been an unbroken record of progress. Its excess of returns to p licy-holders has been almost six times as much as that of the next largest company and nearly ten times as much as that of the third in rank.

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The ascets of The Mutual Life are clean and well invested. The company refuses to take risks in countries where climatic conditions are at all dangerous, and it does not write insurance on subjects who are in any respect below standard.

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answer that question, Strength depends on nutrition. When the

In America it is not an uncommon thing for a map to make his appor-tunities,-to rise from the lowest levels to affluence and responsibility, but an stomach and other organs of digesticn and nutrition are diseased, the body fails to receive its full supply of nourishment and hence grows weak. That is why no Englishman who does this thing is much rarer specimen. Francis Thompman is stronger than his stomach.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and the allied organs of digestion and nutrition. The food eaten is then perfectly digested and assimilated and the body is made

"I was troubled with indigestion for about two years," writes Win. Bowker. Eag., of Juliaetta. Latah Co., Idaho. "I tried different doctors and remedies but to no avail, until I wrote to you and you tool me what to do. I suffered with a pain in my stomach and left side and thought that it would kill me. Now I am glad to write this and let you know that I am all right. I can do my work now without pain and I don't have that facility that I used to have. Five bot-thes of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and two vials of his 'Pleasant Pellets' cared me."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets stimulate the liver.

er cities.

Mrs. Burton Harrison has embodied in her story, "Winwood's Luck." pub-lished in a recent New Lippin-cott, one of the incidents of her childhood in Virginia at the outbreak of the Civil War. Two chests of old English silver, part of that brought by Lord Fairfax to the colony in 1762, were hastily buried by Mrs. Harrison's mother, aided by a young cousin of the family (killed afterward in the war) and an

