

Gold.

OTHER NOTABLE MINING DISTRICTS.

Silver.

THAT the mineral resources of Utah are only bounded by their own geographical lines will be readily seen by a glance at the stories of review and development, as shown by the districts which follow. It has been said that Utah produces almost every known mineral. The statement is a verity that cannot be successfully questioned. And while immense fortunes have already been extracted from her mines, it is also true that mining is yet in its infancy here. This is made evident by the fact that the mineral output grows larger every year. It is safe to say that greater fortunes await future mining men in this State than have been taken out of the ground hitherto. The following is a resume of the leading districts of the State not previously mentioned, and will be found to be very complete in its character.

FRISCO

The outlook in this district for 1901 is very flattering. Not for a decade has there been a year when more development work and prospecting has been done than has been prosecuted this year. And the most encouraging thing about it is the fact that a great deal of it has proved very profitable. The important disclosures in the Imperial and later in the Cactus and Hickory groups, are of a very encouraging nature. It will act as a stimulus to others who hold claims in the district, and so tend to make the next few years the banner years in the history of the old district, the home of the production of nearly \$40,000,000.

THE HORN SILVER.

The mine that has heretofore filled the public eye in looking toward the San Francisco district is the Horn Silver with its dividend record of nearly \$4,000,000. While there appears to be indications that one or two younger properties may occupy that position in the not distant future, the Horn Silver is far from being worked out as will be seen from the fact that during the first ten months of this year the company shipped 4,550,313 pounds of crude ore valued at \$80,285.02. The concentrates aggregated 5,900,015 pounds and were valued at \$44,537.23. The November and December shipments of crude ore are estimated at 4,000,000 pounds and valued at \$12,000. The concentrates will probably amount to 1,400,000 pounds and have a value of \$10,000. It will therefore be seen that the gross receipts for the year will run close to \$175,000. The company has paid one dividend of \$20,000 during the year and the remark of President Washington on his recent visit to this city encourages the belief that the company will pay another one of similar size for Christmas.

During the year 110 men have been employed at the mine and about thirty at the mill. All of the levels from the 100 down to the 600 have been drawn upon for the ore shipped. Nothing is being done at present below the 1,100. On that level the management is still drifting north in low grade ore. The mill concentration runs about five tons of crude into one ton of concentrates, having a value according to last year's report of about \$25.50 per ton. The first class crude ore averages about \$20 per ton while the copper ore runs between \$45 and \$50 per ton. In addition to its other mineral resources the Horn Silver has a mountain of zinc ore estimated to be worth \$10,000,000 or more. Some of this ore is as high as 70 per cent zinc and carries in addition, five to nine per cent lead and five to six ounces silver per ton. With the attention that is being given to the treatment of zinc ore by Mr. Sadler and others it is very probable that the company will not have to wait much longer before it will be able to turn its vast reserve of zinc ore to account. Taken as a whole the Horn Silver closes the year looking very well.

IMPERIAL COPPER COMPANY.

Of the "younger" properties in Beaver county the most interesting is that of the Imperial Copper company, which owns seventeen claims or 223½ acres, twenty-nine and a half of which is patented ground. It is a recent consolidation of the Imperial and Salomon groups with other mining claims. A force of twenty men has been employed all summer in the development of the property by tunnels and a very fine showing of high grade copper has been made. A few shipments have been made during the season of ore extracted in development work. The property of the company covers the 500 feet of the Horn Silver vein for over 1,000 feet. Gold, silver and copper are found in all samples taken from the veins. The ore carries as high as 40 per cent copper with twenty to forty-five ounces silver and \$10 to \$20 in gold per ton. Until the present year no systematic and thorough work has been done upon the property. For all that, however, the open cuts and short tunnels on the property show very good values. The property is situated on a development work by tunnels, and no expensive hoisting machinery will be required for years. The property is in the same zone as the great Horn Silver with its gross output of 20,000,000 tons is close to the railroad, and with its showing on the surface workings and that made this year in the lower tunnels, there can be no doubt that the property will give a good account of itself as a dividend payer in the near future.

THE CACTUS GROUP.

The incorporation of the Royal Copper Mining company means a great deal to Beaver county which, in the Horn Silver vein, its dividend record, has already shown itself to contain very rich mineral deposits. The property secured by the company is the old Cactus group in Copper Gulch near Frisco. The property was operated by a French company several years ago, but disagreements arising the mine was shut down, and since then the well-equipped mill and the reduction plant have lain idle. The territory controlled by the new company is about 700 acres of mineral land in one of the most promising sections of the State, and there is little doubt that with proper development the company will bring another dividend paying mine to the front. This property has a 400-foot tunnel already in. From this a number of cross-cuts have been run, making in all about 300 feet of workings. An upraise from the tunnel to the surface has been made in ore.

The new company has just started a triple-compartment shaft which will be pushed down 500 feet. At a depth of 12 feet in this shaft the mineral was encountered and the latest report is to the effect that there is a very good showing of high grade copper. The mill is fitted with a Newburg compound engine, a large Blake crusher, four Bradley mills and eighteen Frue banners. An electric plant is also on the property. Plenty of timber is found on the hills near by, and as a whole conditions are very favorable to the mine making a record for itself in the near future.

THE HICKORY GROUP.

Mr. A. B. Lewis has been working quite steadily at the Hickory group in

the North Star district near Milford during the past year with very good results. Two shafts have been put down a depth of 200 and 300 feet, and in both of them a good showing of silver-lead ore is reported. Considerable high-grade carbonate ore has recently been extracted from the Adella claim of the group.

A very fine showing of red oxide of copper with some native metal showing is reported to have been developed in the O. K. property during the past year. The incline on the vein is now down about 250 feet and the management is putting in a hoisting plant with which to secure greater depths.

THE BLACKBIRD GROUP.

The Blackbird Copper and Gold Mining company, which has large interests in Idaho, has also secured fourteen claims adjoining the Cactus mine in Copper Gulch near Frisco. Ten of these claims were recently surveyed for patent, and with its titles perfected, the company will enter upon a very extensive development. It is expected that the company has a good spring of water on its Copper Gulch property the location of which appears to be in the heart of the mineral zone of this district.

THE WASHINGTON.

On account of the scarcity of water work was stopped on the Washington last July, but it has been resumed this month with a force of six or eight men. The Washington is one of the most promising prospects in the Frisco district. An incline shaft has been sunk 240 feet on the vein, and for all that distance patches of good galena have been found. The management has drilled 150 feet through live looking quartz in the past month with bunches of good ore. At present the indications are very favorable to the finding of a good ore body before the drift is extended much farther.

HORN SILVER TUNNEL.

It is probable that some extensive work will be done at the Horn Silver Tunnel next year. The prospect was recently bonded to J. W. Vandel of Grady, Iowa, for something like \$50,000. The tunnel was developed by the tunnel which is said to be now in about 235 feet, 175 feet of this work being done this year. Some small samples of high-grade silver ore have been found in the tunnel, and it is probable that a body of pay ore will be found.

SOUTHERN UTAH

One of the most interesting things to the people of southern Utah is the record made by the Grand Gulch mine, located just over the border in northern Arizona. After various ups and downs the property appears to be in a fair way of becoming a big mine. It has produced about \$38,000 worth of ore during the past year and has about \$5,000 more in transit and notwithstanding that one-quarter of the above sum was swallowed up in freight charges, the mine has more than paid its way. Connected with this property is quite a history reaching to the early '70s and probably farther. The rich copper ore on the claim was first brought to the notice of white men by Indians, who showed it to Samuel L. Adams over thirty years ago. In 1874 a company was incorporated to develop the claims. The incorporators were S. L. Adams, Joseph Birch, Erasmus Snow, William H. Branch, A. R. Whitehead, Richard Bentley, Jacob Gates, Walter E. Dodge, James Pierce, Benjamin H. Paddock, Francis X. Loughery, Samuel Cunningham and John W. Crosby. The above named men were nearly all residents of St. George and they incorporated a company with 20,000 shares which has increased eight years after to 24,000 shares, which was further increased last year to 340,000 shares, at the same time the par value of the shares was reduced from \$25 to \$2.50.

Early in its history the property consisting of the Adams lode and eight other claims, was leased to Messrs. Hinman and Woodard who were assisted in the development of the property by George M. Scott, W. S. McCormick and others. A reversionary lease was built about twenty-three years ago, which was not a success. Later on Samuel Adams and brother secured a lease and tried to make it pay by working the property. Things continued this way for several years, when about eighteen years ago, Mr. William Jennings was compelled to take a large block of stock on a debt. He afterwards sent his son Thomas W. Jennings down to look at the property with the result that Mr. William Jennings concluded to purchase as much of the stock as was offered for sale, and let it be owned by the Jennings family. This was the situation when, a year ago, the Jennings family determined to develop the property. Since then they have taken out a great deal of high grade copper ore averaging 40 per cent, and shipped it to Salt Lake smelters with a profit in spite of the long wagon haul of 125 miles and the railroad haul of 25 miles. Since October 1st the mine has been working on a double compartment shaft has been sunk 200 feet and timbered with cross-sets every five feet. In a drift from the 100 level the ledge has been cut and the management has drilled 250 feet East and West on the vein. About 300 feet of stoping ground is nearly continuous in which the ore is nearly continuous. On the 200 level a nice body of ore was exposed and the property has now opened out into about eight inches of copper glance. About 1,000 tons of 20 per cent ore lies on the dump. Isaac Jennings is directing the work. S. W. Jennings, president; W. P. Jennings, vice president; and J. E. Jennings, secretary and treasurer.

DIXIE COPPER CO.

A very promising copper property is the Apex mine, or Dixie copper mine, located near St. George. Up to date it has produced \$50,000 in the red metal and is expected that \$25,000 more will be produced before the end of the year. A great deal of development work has been done since the Snyder crowd assumed control on the 16th of last August. Since that date about 600 feet of work has been done. At that time there was but little ore in sight, the mine having been pretty well exhausted of its reserves. The work of the Snyder crowd, however, has put the property in such shape that Mr. Snyder says a smaller run of at least twenty-five days a month is now assured. Beginning about December 1st the mine has been working on a double compartment shaft has been sunk 200 feet and timbered with cross-sets every five feet. In a drift from the 100 level the ledge has been cut and the management has drilled 250 feet East and West on the vein. About 300 feet of stoping ground is nearly continuous in which the ore is nearly continuous. On the 200 level a nice body of ore was exposed and the property has now opened out into about eight inches of copper glance. About 1,000 tons of 20 per cent ore lies on the dump. Isaac Jennings is directing the work. S. W. Jennings, president; W. P. Jennings, vice president; and J. E. Jennings, secretary and treasurer.

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grade ore of the mine. A tramway is also being considered, with which to transport the ore to the river, which is an ideal spot for a smelter. The present management is conducting things on business principles and the motto of old stockholders in the company are well pleased with the situation of affairs.

THE SAVANNAH.

The Savannah is a shipper of high grade copper ore. While the property of the company is located just over the Utah border in Mohave county, Arizona, it is controlled by Colonel H. L. Pickett and M. M. Miller of Salt Lake City. The company has shipped five cars of ore this year and the property is being systematically developed into a mine. Some of the ore shipped assays as high as 45 per cent copper. Most of the ore marketed this year has been taken from a cross-cut from the shaft at a depth of 75 feet. At the same time the management is employing a small force of men sinking the shaft to the 100-foot level where another cross-cut will be made. Like the Grand Gulch the Savannah has the disadvantage of a long wagon haul to contend with, so that only a high grade ore can be profitably marketed.

STAGELINE

The most promising property in Stargeline, judging by the high gold assays, is the Johnny mine which is principally owned by Frank Wilson, W. J. Dooley and C. O. Newell. The property has been developed by a shaft 170 feet deep and about 300 or 400 feet of other workings which have disclosed some very high grade ore assaying as high as \$3,400 per ton in gold and silver, the principal values being gold. One strange thing about the Johnny is the fact that it showed but few indications of its riches on the surface. It was at one time supposed to be practically worthless. Values of only a few dollars per ton were obtained near the surface, and further down the necessary assessment no special attention was paid to the claims until the third year after work was started. At that time the shaft reached the depth of 27 feet and encountered a very streak of ore carrying phenomenal values. Work was continued in the shaft until the depth of 150 feet was attained. Here water was encountered which, at the depth of a little over 120 feet, forced the company to shut down until such time as a pump could be secured. The management is also putting in a steam hoist and it is expected that everything will be in readiness to resume before the end of December. The company has done nothing but develop the property, the ore mined being trucked in running the drifts. It is estimated that there is now \$150,000 worth of ore in sight. The company has taken out about \$25,000 in development work during the past year.

The water question has heretofore been considered a serious one in the Stargeline district, but the flow at the Johnny will be utilized shortly in running a large mill at the mine. During the past year the company has been operating a small stamp mill about one mile from the mine, with which it has more than paid its way from the ore taken out in development. The condition of the Johnny and other Stargeline properties led to the thought of the mill, before long, rank as one of the most important camps in the State.

THE OPHIR.

A great deal of work has been done at the Ophir during the past year which promises important things for 1901. Some very important developments have already been made this year which must be reassuring to those who have tied their faith to Stargeline. An important strike was made on the west drift from the 100 level, where a body of high grade silver ore was opened up. This has now been extended to 170 feet. A small shipment of assorted ore from this find netted the company \$200 per ton. The mine is being opened up by an incline shaft on the vein. During the year the company has timbered and straightened up the old incline shaft and sunk it from the depth of 265 feet to its present depth of 300 feet. It is the intention to continue sinking 300 feet further. The company has done a great deal of work this year. Drifts have been run on the vein every 100 feet, the drift from the bottom of the shaft being some 182 feet west and 100 feet east. Some good ore has been encountered on the 300 level and it looks as if the Ophir, with more development, will disclose a big mine. The company is now figuring the erection of a mill next season, having a capacity of from fifty to one hundred tons per day. It will probably be a cyanide plant. No water has yet been found in the shaft, which is a good thing, but the management is developing a water elsewhere. The officers are Hamilton Carhart, of Detroit, Mich., president; F. C. Andrews, of the same place, vice president; and M. L. Ellinger, secretary.

THE SULPHIDES.

Five men are working at the Sulphide group which joins the Ophir. Senator McGraw, of Detroit, and other Michigan parties are largely furnishing the means for development. A shaft has been put down 120 feet and an 86-foot crosscut has been run which has opened up a very good grade of milling ore.

THE MARGARET.

The Margaret group consists of four claims which join the Johnny on the west. Where an extension of the Johnny vein appears. The company is sinking a shaft which is now down 60 feet. A cross-cut will be shortly run to tap the vein which, at that point, shows good surface cropings and appears to be quite large. About four feet of good milling ore was cut in the shaft.

THE WILLOWVALE.

Several men are engaged running a tunnel on the Willowvale claims which lie northwest from the Johnny. The tunnel, which is now in about 300 feet, is said to have encountered some good bodies of blende and the outlook is said to be very encouraging for next year.

OTHER PROPERTIES.

In addition to the above the Creole starts recently with a few men who are doing assessment work. The Burro group of five claims shows some good values in a cross-cut from the shaft which is said to be down 120 feet.

Some good quartz in which free gold appears, is being developed in the Aggie D. by its owners, John Erickson and Rice Bros. of Detroit, and appears to be down about 150 feet and some drifting is now being done.

BEAVER LAKE

A very good showing of copper ore is reported in the Ben Harrison property in Beaver Lake district. The group consists of eight claims, on which something like \$2,000 has been expended in development work during the past year.

In addition to driving a tunnel 170 feet long, the company has built a new blacksmith's shop and shaft house, and has also started to sink an incline shaft on the vein. The shaft is now down 40

feet in ore all the way, which is said to be the most interesting showing made in the district this year. In the bottom of the incline about 18 inches of copper ore is exposed, which will average 20 per cent, besides carrying about \$5 in runs quite high in copper. The outlook for the property at present is very encouraging. F. Eberhardt is president of the company, J. J. Trenam is vice president, G. H. Marley, treasurer, and J. T. Pierce, secretary.

THE GALENA.

The Galena Mining company of Beaver Lake has just started work on the two claims in that district. On the Galena claim a 200-foot incline shaft has been sunk and some drifting has been done which has disclosed patches of good ore. A seventy-five foot shaft was also put down on the Chloride claim, and from a drift from the bottom of this shaft some high grade lead-silver ore was shipped. At one time there was three feet of ore in sight, and the prospect is said to be good for another body being found. J. W. Dunn of Frisco is president of the company, S. J. Slaughter is vice president and John James of Frisco is secretary and treasurer.

COPPER MOUNTAIN.

C. H. Smith has been working the property of the Copper Mountain Mining company during the past year, and the company recently renewed the lease for another year. The incline shaft has been put down over 300 feet on the vein, and some ore has been taken out. The property indicates that the prospect is improving with depth. The bottom of the incline is now said to be in a very fair grade of sulphide ore. Some of it assays quite high in copper. During the year the company shipped a car of ore to test the grade of the ore, but it was not as satisfactory as could be wished. The ore taken out of the shaft now is being left on the dump.

THE SKYLARK.

The Skylark is said to be looking well. The property consists of five claims joining the Beaver Lake company. During the past year the company has shipped a car of ore, which gives now a depth of 200 feet on vein.

OTHER PROPERTIES.

It is rumored that the Klondike and Klondike Extension properties will soon form the basis of a new company. A bond has been given on the O. K., on which a shaft is down 250 feet. At the depth of a little over 120 feet, forced the company to shut down until such time as a pump could be secured. The management is also putting in a steam hoist and it is expected that everything will be in readiness to resume before the end of December. The company has done nothing but develop the property, the ore mined being trucked in running the drifts. It is estimated that there is now \$150,000 worth of ore in sight. The company has taken out about \$25,000 in development work during the past year.

GOLD MOUNTAIN

The Gold Mountain country district has taken great strides to the front during the past year. It now looks as if that camp will within the next two years take rank among the most important mining camps of the State. It is a good producing district and the extensive preparation now being made by the Kimberly-Huck people will result in much prestige being given the camp next year. A great deal of activity is seen on every hand, and it is extremely probable that the known riches of the Annie Laurie and Golden Star mines will be duplicated by other properties at no distant day.

THE ANNIE LAURIE.

During the year the Annie Laurie of Gold Mountain passed into the hands of the Kimberly-Huck syndicate, which has spent a small fortune in the development and equipment of the property. The purchase price included, in addition to the sum of \$210,000 for which the mine was bonded, the purchase of the Snyder Improvement company's property at something like \$100,000. As at present constituted the company's ground consists of eighty mining claims, of which over seventy were surveyed for patent during the year. About twenty men are at present employed in developing the property. An immense amount of ore, variously estimated at from two to three million dollars, is already blocked out in the mine, and is being added to daily by the lower tunnel now being run on the vein. The property is being opened up by six tunnels, two of which were run before the present crowd took hold of the property. At that time the lower tunnel was in about 700 feet on the vein and exposed good values. Since then No. 2 has been pushed in 400 feet farther and good values have been opened all the way. The vein is said to average ten feet wide in this tunnel. The third tunnel, which was started by the Kimberly-Huck crowd before the option expired, has been pushed on to a distance of something like 1,400 feet, which has revealed similar values to those exposed in No. 2 tunnel. The fourth or main working tunnel was recently started. It is now in 400 feet, but it will be necessary to push it in 1,500 feet farther to reach the vein owing to the fact that it is intended to open the vein 400 feet lower than No. 2. Two other tunnels have also been opened at other points on this great property.

In order to treat the vast amount of gold ore in this bonanza the management has almost completed a cyanide plant, having a capacity of 150 tons per day. The mill combines amalgamation also, in order to save the free gold. The ore will be cyanided first, after which the free gold will be saved on the plates. It is expected to be ready for use by February 1st.

The company is also building a big power plant on Fish Creek, about four miles from the mine. A \$10,000 foot flume has been built to convey the waters of Fish Creek to the plant where 400 horse-power is to be generated in electrical energy. This will eventually be the motive power for the mill machinery, but for the present the company has installed a steam plant, which will turn the wheels until the electric plant is completed next summer.

THE SEVIER.

The Sevier Gold Mine is practically owned by Charles Lammerdorf, who has employed five or six men during the summer in driving ahead in the lower tunnel, which is now in about 1,000 feet. An 18-foot body of ore has been exposed, and the end of the tunnel is now said to be within 75 feet of the back vein. The ore is of good milling grade showing an average value of about \$15 per ton. The property is now shut down for the winter.

PLUTE INVESTMENT CO.

The Plute Investment company owns twenty-four claims on Gold Mountain, joining the Annie Laurie on the west. For some time past the company has been employing about twelve men in driving a long crosscut tunnel to the vein. This tunnel is now in nearly 1,200 feet and it is expected that the vein will be tapped within the next 700 feet. A shaft has been put down on the vein a distance of 100 feet and a number of surface cuts have been made, all of which show an ore body similar in size and grade, to that of the Annie Laurie.

GOLDEN STAR.

Messrs. Kimberly and Huck of the Annie Laurie are also largely interested in the Golden Star, in which they hold 142,000 shares, the balance being held

by Patrick Ryan et al. During the summer the company crossed the vein with the lowest tunnel, and it has since been drifting on the vein in good ore. Two shipments of ore were made recently that showed the presence of from 12 to 14.50 ounces in gold per ton.

THE GALCONDA.

Joining the Century property is the Galconda group of claims, owned by Henry Cohn of this city and associates. The company has just driven a 400-foot tunnel on the property and crosscut two veins which show free gold. One of the veins is said to be 15 feet wide. The company is prospecting on the veins with very good success. Ore running between \$5 and \$15 per ton is being opened up, and the company is said to be contemplating the erection of a plant similar to the Century next year.

THE IOWA.

A force of four men has been gaged on this property until quite recently. It is owned by Salt Lake City men, who have sunk a shaft 100 feet deep on a vein showing white quartz, carrying silver-lead ore. A crosscut has been started from the bottom of the shaft. In addition to this the company has built a new cabin, as well as installed a new winch and otherwise prepared for an active campaign next season. Picked samples from the bottom of the shaft have assayed as high as 75.5 ounces silver, 55 ounces gold and 27.5 per cent lead per ton.

OTHER PROPERTIES.

The Buffalo company has run a crosscut tunnel to the vein as well as completed the surveys for patents on its four claims during the year. Some work has also been done on the El Amigo, where a long tunnel has crossed several streaks of good ore. A small force of men was employed early in the year, drifting and crosscutting at a point several hundred feet from the mouth of the lower tunnel.

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ASHBROOK

The Ashbrook mining district in Boxelder county, has not yet produced any big mines, but a number of very promising prospects are located in the district, which will, sooner or later, turn riches into the hands of their fortunate owners. Much of the work that has been done is merely surface work and while values are shown in many places, the work is not sufficient to show up the great possibilities of the district. A few men at the head of the Salt Lake Mining and Development company are, however, showing their faith in the camp by extensive work. Under the



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In Oil Property, Where There Are No Chances to Take, as the Live Oil is Before Your Eyes in Large Seepages, Flowing Down the Sides of the Mountain and in the Canyons, These Large Seepages Are Distributed Over the Tract for a Distance of Seven Miles in Length.

HIS CELEBRATED PROPERTY has been withheld from the market by its former owner, Senator Thomas R. Bard, on account of its great and unparalleled riches. But in August, 1900, being unable by means of other large interests to undertake its development himself, he was induced to sell it to its present owner, the Bard Oil and Asphalt Company; he, Senator Bard, taking one-seventh of the stock.

This property is known as the Ojal Rancho, covering the northern slope of the famous Sulphur Mountain and the Ojal Valley in Ventura County, and contains about 6,000 acres. No description of illustrations can do it justice; it must be seen in order to fully realize its richness and magnitude. There are twelve oil wells ranging in depth from 400 to 900 feet, now pumping, and some of them have been producing for over thirty years. Pipe lines of the Union Oil Company and the Capital Crude Company cross the territory, carrying the oil from these and adjoining wells to ocean transportation at Ventura, a distance of fifteen miles.

Good wagon roads run through the property to Ventura and the ocean, and to Santa Paula on the S. P. Railroad, six miles distant. Oil can be conducted by gravity through pipe lines from any point upon our property to ocean and rail. The great advantage of cheap and easy transportation thus afforded to all points on the Pacific Coast or off shore, and into the interior, is a very important feature and greatly enhances the value of the property. To this may be added what will be saved in cost of production by reason of shallow wells instead of deep ones. The oil from this district can be put in the market at as small cost and outlay of capital as from any other district on the Pacific Coast.

The territory embraced in this property is so large that one company cannot fully develop it; the Bard Oil and Asphalt Company has, therefore, decided to sell one-half of its property at a reasonable price, in parcels to suit buyers. And the company invites parties contemplating the purchase of good oil lands to examine its property and obtain its prices; every facility for complete examination will be afforded.

ADDRESS, BARD OIL & ASPHALT COMPANY, Rooms 2 and 4 Los Angeles Theatre Building, Los Angeles, Cal.