SECOND EDITION.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

Wednesday, August 31, 1892.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

THE Eleventh Ward Democrats held a large and enthusiastic meeting last night.

THE City Council will listen to the complaints of the protesting bankers tonight when leave not heretofore been heard.

A MARRIAGE license was granted today to Thomas H. Cartwright aged 22, and Elizabeth Smith aged 23, both of Salt Lake.

A DRAYMAN named Pitman was arrested today on a charge of disturbing the peace. He set up to secure his appearance in court.

THE property owners in Forest Dale held a meeting last night and voted unanimously for the erection of a $600 school building at that place. Work will commence immediately.

THE Third ward M. I. A. civil government class will meet in the meeting house tomorrow (Thursday) night at 8 o'clock. Philip Meyrosh will give a brief sketch of political rights. A short lecture on civil government will be given by Albert Andrews. Fergus Cosner will make a speech on parliamentary law. A full attendance is requested. James Asay, President.

A Daylight Burglary.

About 5 o'clock last evening the residence of Mr. John Dangerfield, No. 818 First street, was entered by a burglar through a side window during the absence of the family. Apparently every cook and drawer in the house was ransacked. A $25 silver watch was the only property stolen so far as known.

The police were notified and Captain Donovan went up to inspect the premises but obtained no clue that is likely to lead to the capture of the robber.

This Afternoon's Court News.

Manse H. Coffin has brought suit in the Third District court against Susan A. Campbell, A. F. Graves, Gus Matzen, E. G. Woolmanness, and Robert Corless, to recover an twenty-six promissory notes, each of the value of $20, at a per cent per annum interest.

E. R. Blasdell has brought suit against Emil O. Olsen et al., and the F. B. Hauck Clothing Co., to recover $2800 and interest at 10 per cent. per annum, on a promissory note.

Phebe J. Ellis has brought a suit for divorce against her husband, John Ellis, whom she accuses of habitual intoxication, cruel and violent conduct, and neglect to provide for her and the children the common necessaries of life. There are eight children living, their ages ranging from three to fifteen years. Seven of these reside with the plaintiff. The parties were married in this city in January, 1876, and plaintiff states that frequently on coming home intoxicated the defendant has forced her to rise from her bed and cook a meal for him in the middle of the night. He has several times when under the influence of liquor threatened to kill her, and during the whole of the present year he has furnished her with only $60 to keep house and provide for the family.

Rachael B. Hewitt has brought suit against Wm. M. Bisley, to recover $117 for professional services rendered to the defendant's wife, in the capacity of a nurse, being at the rate of $3 per day.

IN SEARCH OF A LAWYER.

A Young Woman Sadly Disappointed On the Day Fixed for Her Wedding.

A neatly attired but nervous and highly indignant young lady approached Patrolman Johnson on Main Street this afternoon and said:

"You are a policeman?"

"I have the honor of being one of th city's brave guardians, Madam."

"Well, can you tell me where I can find a lawyer?"

"I think I can accommodate you."

"Perhaps you will do just as well."

"Perhaps so," echoed Johnson.

"What do you wish to know?"

"Simply this" (in a low tone of voice) "I want to know what you can do to a man that refuses to marry you?"

"Not being familiar with the circumstances, I cannot say. But are you not too young?"

"I am seventeen years old, sir."

"And you sweetheart?"

"Is nineteen, if you please. He promised to marry me seven time ago. This was fixed as our wedding day, and my father and mother are coming from the south this evening with the intention of being present at the marriage ceremony. But Ralph refuses to keep his word. He says we will have to wait awhile and I don't want to. Our parents are all willing and it's a shame for him to disappoint me in this manner. Oh, I'll make him keep his promise."

Having thus confided her troubles to a policeman the angry bride-elect walked rapidly away.

Attention to Women.

A woman just home from London comments on the constantly increasing size of the American colony in that city. "I suppose it is because living is cheaper there than in New York." She says: "A man told me that he could live better there for $3,000 than he can here for $5,000. The person who stays there only a short time does not discover this, often fancies indeed that London is a very dear place, but after a residence of a few months one learns the ropes, or to speak, and finds out how to manage.

"Then it is possible to live in good style much cheaper than in New York. Domestics are important items that it fully a third lower and, by the way, I found several women over there, American, who are making a fair living teaching them some things they need in Anglo-American households. They find you an establishment according to your tastes and means in a suitable location, engage you servants, even some people and to look long, I know what and keep an eye on the household for three months, or until you are able to manage things for yourself—all for a due consideration in pounds, shillings and pence."—New York Times.

AGAINST HOME INDUSTRY.

The City Administration Perpetrate a Glaring Imposition Upon the People.

Editor Deseret News:

Dear Sir—Feeling sure that you at least are friendly to our homes and home interest, I am impelled to an appeal to you to make public a danger that I think will prove a serious loss if not a lasting disgrace to our community. In church and out of it you have persistently advocated home industry in whatever going it presents itself. What then can be your thoughts and that of your readers in the action taken yesterday by the board of public works regarding the awarding of a contract (my living an immense amount of money to people who are wholly without other interests in this Territory than the profit they will make out of our hardly earned money.

The opening of the bids revealed the fact that we have a local firm of contractors who appear to show that they are in every way able and worthy to receive the award. Although their bid was some thirty thousand dollars lower than the highest bidder and thirteen thousand lower than the next it was still substantially four thousand higher than the wealthy and powerful Barber Paving Company, to whom the contract was given; and this paltry amount which is scarce of our citizens would willingly donate to make good must be the excuse for sending a hundred thousand dollars entirely out of our county of ever handling again. More than this, with what kind of satisfaction can we work over our benches, our desks and our beds, earning hardly the special tax we are compelled to pay, and see in our mind's eye hundreds of laborers in far away Trinidad, South America, digging up asphaltum that is to go to New York for refining, and then comes here for us to wait and drive on. This in the face of the proven fact that we have a street in this city that has been constructed entirely of Utah material by home contractors and some labor that has passed the examination of its owners, and been accepted and paid for willingly by the city authorities. More than this I am people who own this street referred to, with some sixty or seventy others who will have to pay for this present award, have begged the city authorities by petition to give Utah a chance by adopting this material in all future road making and have signified their willingness to pay for it.

One year ago when Main street was to be paved a local bidder offered to do this work for some $2000 less than would pay our assessment. I am told that his was rejected for the reason their material was not known and the city did not wish to experiment with it. We paid big money for that experiment, and to overcome this objection these local payers have expended many thousands of dollars in experimental work, improvement of machinery, raise and plant, have executed to the avowed satisfaction of the city's engineer and other authorities, one whole block—five sixty thousand feet—of sidewalks—have convinced the citizens generally that they have and can do good work, and yet the lights are turned against them. The former objection must be removed. Their material is proven and still because they are asking a little more time, we who have to pay for it must submit to an experiment after all, for while it is known that the Barber company have done good work many times we also know a great deal of it has been condemned in other cities. If we are met by the argument that their work must ultimately be made good under their bond, can we not answer that this applies with equal force to the home contractors.

In a word, must we suffer this injustice without protest. For one, but I ten thousand voices, they should be heard loudly against this folly. I feel ashamed and mortified that greater considerations and greater charity is not bestowed at home.

Respectfully,

JAS. C. WATSON.

Cure for Cancer.

Two new remedies have recently been recommended for cancer, and should either can prove entirely successful the general opinion of reasons would be no longer necessary. The first remedy is electricity, which is in reality no new idea. There is an army of statistics showing that it has been used by physicians for many years in cancer, but the new application of electricity will probably produce different results. The injections of alcohol in cases of cancer is a remedy, however, that is only of recent use. The results of the evidence is that cancer is not a local disease, but a constitutional one, which causes some pain, unless cocaine can be administered first.

The alcohol is then injected and the operation repeated daily as the growth of the cancer comes to the cheek. It is a strange fact that alcohol is applied daily until beneficial results are obtained. Good results in checking the growth of cancer are obtained by both of these remedies, but it is uncertain yet how long the benefitting last.—Yankee Blade.

Bees as Detectives.

Some shiny money was recovered through a queer agency in Hallowell last week. When the loss of the bills was discovered the family at once started to look for the robbers. Two men were seen running down a lane across the farm just behind Mr. Gilman's house, into which they attempted to break. As they ran, one of the men was suddenly to pull out a bundle wrapped and beat it about his neck, where some of the bees had his partner had disturbed had alighted.

Judging from his antics, the little creatures got in some effective work. When the pursuers reached the spot at which the men had fled they found the bundle of bees were delighted to find the missing roll of bills, which the man had dropped.—Lewiston Journal.

Will Be Cut with a Scissors.

The Fall River butchers and grocers have accepted for the making of an ordinance to be carried in their possession six inches. It will weigh 2000 pounds and to 8 feet long, 4 feet wide and 2 feet thick. It will contain 500 pounds of beef, 400 of mutton, 300 of veal, 400 of pickings, and a barrel of flour will be used in making it.—Cincinnati Herald.

TODAY'S TELEGRAMS.

Summary of the Speech of Senator Allison, Opening the Republican Campaign in Iowa.

FROM CHOLERA INFECTED COUNTRIES.

The Whistler Mystery.—Stopped by the Police.—In the Claws of the Russian Bear.

By Telegraph to the News.

SENATOR ALLISON'S SPEECH.

Opening of the Republican Campaign in Iowa.

WAVERLY, Ia., Aug. 31.—The following is a summary of the speech delivered by Senator W. B. Allison at the opening of the Republican campaign this afternoon:

After brief reference to the candidates of the respective parties, Senator Allison said that he believed the Republican party would win in the coming contest, because its policies are such as to secure the confidence and support of the majority of the people of the United States, as substantially expressed, if only that majority can vote and be fairly counted.

The record of the present administration has inspired public confidence. Our complications with Chile were disposed of in a manner to reflect credit upon our country. The industrial arts of our citizens, and many new ones established. A secure internal commerce has grown beyond reasonable computation; our foreign commerce increased a new impetus under the recent legislation of Congress, supplemented by a friendly administration; our trade, foreign and domestic, is in a healthy condition; our finances are in a healthy condition, our currency ample in volume and uniform in value, as being specially recreated under the legislation of 1890. He entered in detail to the record of the Forty-first Congress, to the revision of the tariff, to the measures for internal improvement, the revision of revenue laws and continued the work of that Congress with the work of the Democratic House of Representatives in the last session.

The appropriations of the Republican House were compared with those of the Democratic House and the latter alleged much more extravagant. The Democratic party this year stands for free trade. There is no evasion or double dealing in its platform. It promises to repeal the McKinley law as one of the beneficial results of the Democratic victory. Not only this but that every dollar and tenfold of protection, incidental or otherwise, shall be torn up root and branch. The Republicans accept the issue thus presented.

The speaker denied that protection resulted in great private fortunes. Great fortunes are sometimes made, but they are the exception. It depended more on the individual than upon protection.

Referring to the money question, he said this country would see its power at once, if it opened its mints to free and unlimited coinage of silver. Free coinage would place us on a silver basis in Mexico on a silver standard, and gold would at once be at a premium. Our people favor the free use of both gold and silver. "All parties have so declared in their platforms and they only represent the public opinion, but public opinion also asks that parity be preserved, that neither gold nor silver shall be at a discount or at a premium. Upon this question, the Democratic platform is in sound substantially with the Republicans, except that the Democratic platform proposes the unconditional repeal of the law of 1890, which furnishes to commercial nations of legal tender per money of from fifty to sixty millions annually. They would substitute in its place State bank issues, by repealing ten per cent. of the tax on State bank circulation, thus providing forty-four different kinds of money under as many State laws. This means the resuscitation of the red dog, wild cat and all other pet names given to depreciated State currency, so familiar to the experience of our forty years ago.

Senator Allison concluded with brief reference to the Iowa candidates, State and congressional, and paid a glowing tribute to Congressman David B. Henderson, of the Third district, who, he felt confident, would be returned, despite all attempts made to defeat him by the combined forces of the enemy.

THE CHOLERA.

It Has Apparently Run Its Course in Persia.

TEHRAN, Aug. 31.—Cholera in this city has apparently run its course and is visibly decreasing. The death rate yesterday amounted to 200, a decrease of 600 compared with ten days ago.

PEOPLE IN ENGLAND APPREHENSIVE.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—People of England generally are beginning to be nervously apprehensive that, despite the quarantine regulations, the country is doomed to another siege of the cholera plague.

NOT EXCLUSIVELY A SCOURGE OF CONTAGION.

Prof. J. O. Affleck, Medical examiner of the University of Edinburg, has contributed a long article on cholera, that in general high death estimate favors the contagionist of the disease, but that some of the most severe epidemics are known to have raged with the greatest fury in the winter.

Three persons have been attacked with cholera disorder at Dover and one has died.

TOTAL NUMBER OF VICTIMS IN RUSSIA.

The dispatches say that up to the 224 of August the number of cholera deaths throughout the Russian empire were reported at 10,501. The Times-Petersburg correspondence says the authorities have accepted the assistance of the Red Cross Society, recently tendered, in the event of a cholera outbreak in Austria.

INDIGNATION IS LOADED.

There is deep indignation at the authorities for permitting passengers to land on Monday last from the steamer "Ivenigrad," from Hamburg. Three passengers, after examination, were allowed to land, with the result that they have introduced cholera into one of the most thickly populated quarters of Tarnow.

This morning one of the cholera patients died in the city cook shed.

The Brussels dispatch says two cases of cholera had appeared in Nostras, St. Pierre hospital lodge. One of the patients soon died. The news is spreading to different wards. All of the other patients wanted to be removed to other quarters. Much excitement is created throughout the city.

THE ASIATIC CHOLERA.

LITERPOOL, Aug. 31.—Physicians who have been watching the cases of four Russian emigrants arrived yesterday with suspense sickness while waiting to go on board the steamer for the United States, have declared the disease to be true Asiatic cholera. The announcement has created great excitement here and the authorities are doing all possible to prevent the spread of the disease. It is feared, however, that it will be impossible.

A Russian Note of Procedure.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 31.—The crew of the three Russian sealers and one American sealer seized by the Russian government, have arrived here. The sealers were sailing in Behring Sea thirty-five miles from the shore when the Russian gunboat seized them. The men were put ashore and were forbidden to return, that they were in Russian waters under pain of being sent to Siberia.

A STEAMER ARRIVES IN NEW YORK WITH THE SPECTRE OF CHOLERA.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—The steamship "Moravia" which arrived this afternoon from Hamburg, had cholera on board since sailing. The ship's doctor calls it choleric.

Twenty were children and two adults. Thirteen were natives of Poland, five of Prussia, three of Hesse and one of Austria. All were buried at sea. The first death took place on August 19 and the last death on August 26th. "Moravia" has been ordered down to the lower bay.

The steerage passengers on the "Moravia" were carefully inspected and all found to be in good health, except three children afflicted with measles.

The steamships "Friesland," "Obrgeania" and "Vendam" were still detained at quarantine this morning.

The steamer "Italia," with 287 steerage passengers from Genoa, arrived at quarantine last night.

The first and second passengers of the "Obrgeania" were taken off last night and brought to the city. The passage passengers are to be taken to Hoffman Island today and given a bath, after which they will be placed on the "Chicasia" and detained at the lower bay for several days.

Dr. Jenkins informed the people of the Red Star line that no cabin passengers could be taken off the "Friesland," when the steamboat went down to take them off.

The custom house inspector refused to let any of the passengers take away their handbags and only seventy-five of the passengers would leave without them.

The "Friesland" was released from quarantine this morning and came up to the dock at Hoboken, where all her passengers were landed.

The "Italia" was also released after the inspection, so her passengers did not come from a cholera infected port.

The White Star steamer "Teutonic" got into quarantine at 11 o'clock today and will undergo close inspection, because she came from Naples.

The Hamburg-American star steamer "Moravia" will be detained in the lower bay for several days.

Stopped by the Police.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 31.—The Castello-Gregjno fight was stopped by the police—the mockery of the end of the fifth round, when the referee declared the match a draw. Castello and his friends seem satisfied with the decision, but Gregjno thought the fight should have been awarded to him on the grounds that he had done most of the work. Report is to be written, the men have to appear of the local police.

THE MURDER OF McWHIRTER.

The Mystery Surrounding the Case Still Impenetrable.

FRESNO, Cal., Aug. 31.—The mystery surrounding the assassination of L. R. McWhirter is still impenetrable. No new developments have occurred and people are beginning to fear that the assassin will be able to baffle their search. The friends of the deceased determined to spare no expense in hunting down the assassins, and the reward first offered was hurriedly augmented by one thousand dollars. More contributions will be made. The rewards will probably aggregate $15,000. There is good reason to believe that a man with a gunshot wound in his hand was arrested on Monday night and is now in jail, though the statement is denied at the sheriff's office. The indignation of the people has not subsided and is ready to talk of organizing a vigilance committee to drive the criminal element out of town. The funeral of McWhirter will take place this morning and is expected to be a large one. Coroner's inquest this afternoon.

THE SULLIVAN-CORBETT FIGHT.

It Will Be a Short One, Says Dick Toxey.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—Dick Toxey, who is well known as a prominent pugilistic Echoes and hanger of game cocks and dogs, predicts that the Sullivan-Corbett fight will be a short one. He live at Sullivan's training quarters and Corbett's training quarters, and he has spent considerable time with the rival Californian, and is generally familiar with the training tactics and style of fighting. He said it was Corbett's intention to clinch right up and fight, and Corbett is of the opinion that he can fight just as fast as Sullivan, and the faster the big fellow fights, the better his will the it. Toxey thinks Corbett an exceptionally good man, but by no means fast enough to equal Sullivan when it comes to hitting power.

Frank Stevenson, who referred the Dempsey-Keegan fight and many other ring battles, said he and Sullivan have been on cuts over since the Sullivan-Kilrain fight, but that did not interfere with his friendship for Sullivan. He thinks Sullivan has "stuck" and will win in a canter. He thinks Sullivan is in better condition now than he was ever in before, and he knows all his fights, even his battle in Europe with Charley Mitchell. Sullivan is fighting his time fully twenty pounds lighter than at any previous battle, is quite active and can strike quicker and harder blows. He stood off men very thoroughly, and he knows that pierced his calibre. Sullivan's opinion stands ready to bet $100 to $60 the moment he can find a man willing to risk $60 on Corbett, or any fraction of that amount down to $10 or $5.

Re Did it Himself.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 31.—A special from Bedford, Pa., says: George W. Adams, the man who claimed to have saved a westbound New York and Chicago limited from being wrecked near Epes, on the night of August 26th, by removing a pile of ties from the track, has confessed to having himself placed the ties upon the track as a part of the scheme for obtaining a reward from the company. Adams, who is under arrest, it will be remembered, claimed to have found the ties on the track while on his way home a few minutes before the train was due and that while he was removing the obstruction footprints were dried as blue, one of which pierced his left and another entered his leg.

Harrison at Ophir Farm.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Aug. 31.—Whitelaw Reid says there will be no formal reception of the President at Ophir Farm, and that no special invitations had been issued. Platt is here and will call at Ophir Farm to pay his respects to the President. The President's train arrived at 6:30. He partly at once stepped into the waiting carriages and were driven to Ophir Farm.

World's Fair Notes.

CHICAGO, Aug. 31.—The Trans Continental Association, of which all extreme western railroads are members, have notified the traffic departments of the place a notice that they are willing to make half rate on perishable property on other articles which will not be returned. This is a concession in view of great interest to the departments of agriculture, horticulture, floriculture and mines and mining. In the matter of ordinary articles, former rates will be the tariff rates on the forward journey and free return still holds good.

Harrison Leaves for White Plains.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—President Harrison arrived in this city this morning and left immediately for White Plains. He was joined here in his special car by Russell Harrison and Chairman Carter of the national committee, and all proceeded to the house of Whitelaw Reid.

George Curtis is Dead.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—George W. Curtis is dead.

Mr. Curtis became ill about two mornings with indications of dropsy. Eminent physicians could give but little relief. He constantly suffered from pain and finally said he felt that opium would relieve him, but he decline to take opium. At the request of Mrs. Curtis, the homeopathic treatment was resorted to. Mr. Curtis said that time he has suffered less, but that three days ago began to sink gradually, finally dying at five which this morning.

He was conscious to the end.

A New Court General.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The President has recognized Joaquin Dos Duran as consul-general of Guatemala at San Francisco.

DEATHS.

ANDERSON.—In his residence, Salt Lake City, August 29th, after an illness of three weeks of cancer, Andrew Anderson, aged 72 years, 8 months and 11 days.

Funeral will take place at the residence, 236 N. North Temple street, tomorrow (Thursday) at 10 a. m. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

STEVENS.—On the 29th of August, in the North Ward, of the city, Ruth, new daughter of Jesse and Catherine Stevens, aged 3 months and 11 days. Her new name, Jane, shall be a blessing.

Funeral services will be held at the parents' residence, No. 58 E. Fifth South, tomorrow (Thursday) at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are invited.

BOWLES.—On the 30th of August, at Sugar House ward, of dysentery, in her 18th year, Mary Elizabeth, wife of William Wesman, born in Lincolnshire, England.

Funeral services will be held at 11:00 a. m. tomorrow at the Sugar House ward meeting house. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

Patrolman Julius Zeidler

Of the Brooklyn, N. Y., Police Force, gladly testifies to the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla. He says taken little headache and indigestion and he was soon cured. The children also like it very much. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a blood purifier and tonic for all.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

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MR. FRANK B. STEPHENS, A GOOD $3 gift for young housewife, in a small family. Call at 111 E. Second S., Salem, or 22 Tabernacle East Block.

A MAN TO TAKE AN OFFICE AND KEEP a vacant a commissioner. Pay weekly, good permanent position. Address, Mfg. Manufacturer, Box 76, West Acton, Mass.

1500 TO 2000 HEAD OF FIRST class cattle, three and four years, average eight pounds or over. Address E. C. Ross, Ogden, Utah.

500 TONS CLEAN SHAKY ALFALFA to R. S. Young, Room 20, Dooly Block, Salt Lake City.

LOST.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 25TH, ON SECOND East Street, between Second and Third South Streets, a Ladies' Gold Watch. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Mrs. Hoagland, 24 Third East Street, City, and no reward.

FOR SALE.

TWO FARMS, CONTAINING 20 ACRES for particulars apply to James Lorch, Farmington.

500 ACRE RANCH FOR SALE.

WE HAVE ONE OF THE GREAT RANCHES in Southern Utah, that is a bargain. Particulars sent on application. Address, Box 1, Salt Lake City, Utah.

MALE HELP WANTED.

$5 UP TO $20 PER DAY AT HOME SELLING our goods. Entirely new. Sample free. Address, Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass.

A MAN WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY TO WORK for us. Salary or commission. Address, Mfg. Manufacturer, Box 76, West Acton, Mass.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned, Board of Regents, for the Fire Proof Building, Agricultural College of Utah, Logan, Cache County, Utah, to be opened at 12 m. on the 10th day of September, 1892, at the office of the undersigned, in Logan, Cache County, Utah. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the undersigned, in Logan, Cache County, Utah. Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. By order of the Board.

E. R. ELLIOTT, President.

E. L. CHEESMAN, Secretary.

NOTICE.

THERE WILL BE AN ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of the Utah Lake and Irrigation Company, at the company's office, Provo City, Utah County, Utah, on the 10th day of September, 1892, at 10 a. m., for the purpose of electing a board of directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business of any legally come before the meeting. By order of the President.

JOHN A. BERRY, Secretary.

Salt Lake City, Utah, August 31, 1892.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Utah Lake and Jordan Canal Company will be held at the company's office, on Temple street, Provo City, Utah County, Utah, on the 10th day of September, 1892, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, and to attend to such other business as may legally come before the meeting. By order of the President.

JOHN A. BERRY, Secretary.

Salt Lake City, Utah, August 31, 1892.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Provo Reservoir Canal and Irrigation Company, for the ensuing year, and to attend to such other business as may legally come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, in Provo City, Utah County, Utah, on the 10th day of September, 1892, at 10 a. m. By order of the President.

J. W. WHITEHEAD, JR., Secretary.

PROFESSIONAL.

RICHARD W. YOUNG,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Third Floor, Constitution Building, opposite Z. C. M. I.

RICHARDS & HOYLE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Office in Constitution Bldg., Rooms 23 & 25, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

DANIEL HARRINGTON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office in Constitution Building, Rooms 21 & 23, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

S. W. DARKE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR.

Hooper Block, 74 S. Main St., Salt Lake City.

T. D. LEWIS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Rooms 217-219, Constitution Building.

A. E. PRATT,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Room 3, Hooper Building, 74 S. Main St., Salt Lake City.

DR. J. R. KEYSON & SON,

DENTISTS.

Rooms 4 and 5 Ball Block (Dooly Building), 2 S. Main, Cor. Main Street.

DR. J. THOMAS,

SURGEON DENTIST. NO. 10 MAIN ST.

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Chinese, Japanese and Oriental Fancy Goods. Crape Shawls, Silk Handkerchiefs, Finger Embroidered and Smoke, Porcelain Dresses, Silks.

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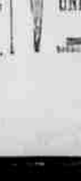

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THE THROUGH CAR LINE.

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Trains Arrive and Depart at Salt Lake City as follows:

ARRIVE.

From Ft. Fetterman, Douglas, Glenrock, Orin Junction, Shoshoni, Lander, Casper, Bridger, Evanston, Ft. Bridger, Green River, Kemmerer, Cheyenne, Denver, Omaha, Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis, Ogden, Salt Lake, Tooele, Ophir, Stockton, Bingham, Ely, Eureka, Milford, Modena, Lund, Caliente, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland, Ogden, Salt Lake, Provo, Ft. Duchesne, Vernal, Ouray