

Hunter—Edward Rushton.
 Pleasant Green—A. G. Adamson.
 FRANCIS ARMSTRONG,
 Chairman.
 P. L. WILLIAMS,
 J. R. LETOHER,
 M. GIBBONS.
 H. A. SMITH
 Secretary.

The report was adopted and the chair called for the

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON PERMANENT ORGANIZATION,

which was read as follows:

To the Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention:

Your committee on permanent organization and order of business beg leave to report as follows:

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

Chairman—Caleb W. West.
 First Vice-President—Hon. F. S. Richards.
 Second Vice-President—Hon. F. H. Dyer.
 Third Vice-President—Hon. H. C. Lett.
 Secretary—Hon. Elias A. Smith.
 Assistant Secretary—H. G. Whitney.
 Sergeant-at-Arms—H. A. Smith.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

1. Reports of committees.
2. Election of county central committee.
3. Miscellaneous business.
4. Adjournment.

(Signed) J. B. WALDEN,
 Chairman,
 J. H. MOYLE,
 J. B. TORONTO,
 JOHN W. SHARP,
 H. PEMBROKE,
 Committee.

Captain Middlemiss moved to amend the report by substituting the name of Frank H. Dyer for that of Caleb W. West, but Mr. Dyer firmly declined, and the report was adopted. The ex-governor then took the chair, being introduced by the retiring chairman. A brief introductory speech was made and the convention listened to the reading of the platform by Chairman Judd, as follows:

The Democratic party of Salt Lake county in convention assembled make the following declaration of principles:

1—We believe that the government of the United States is a national sovereignty supreme within its sphere as delegated and defined in the Constitution, and to that government our first allegiance is due; and we believe in a willing and loyal obedience to all its laws and a strict enforcement of the same.

2—We believe that the several States of the Union are sovereign within their sphere, and that upon the preservation of their autonomy depend the benefits of local self-government, the liberty of the citizens and the perpetuity of the Union.

3—We are opposed to the idea of a centralized or paternal government, believing that the best government is the one that governs least; and therefore we believe in the largest liberty to the individual citizen consistent with good government.

4—We are opposed to any legislation by the federal government which looks to or operates in levying taxes for the benefit of any one class at the expense of any other, but we believe that the primal idea of all taxes should be revenue, and that confined to the needs of the government economically administered.

5—We are opposed to any legislation tending to build up monopoly, as the result is to make rich the few to the hurt of the many, and we believe that the rule of the government should be the greatest good to the greatest number; special privileges to none; equality to all.

6—We are unalterably opposed to the

disfranchisement of any citizen except for crime, whereof he shall have been first duly convicted.

7—We are unalterably opposed to force and fraud in the conduct of elections, or to any interference with them by extraneous power or means. The Constitution of the United States should not be vitiated by makeshift legislation to facilitate party advantages.

We favor the full restoration of silver to the position it occupied in our national currency before its demonetization by the Republican party.

We invite all citizens of Salt Lake county who will subscribe to the foregoing declaration of principles to join with us in building up the Democratic party, whereby free government will be best secured.

J. W. JUDD, Chairman.
 J. L. RAWLINS,
 J. H. RUMEL, JR.,
 J. H. PAUL,
 THOMAS MARSHALL,
 M. F. ARNETT,
 D. O. RIDEOUT, JR.,
 JOHN T. CAINE,
 F. S. RICHARDS.

The paragraphs were each enthusiastically received, but that relating to silver created a genuine furore. An additional resolution endorsing the *Herald* as a Democratic organ was also adopted.

S. A. Kenner—Is this the proper time to hand in resolutions, or will there be another time?

The Chair—They may be read now and we can then determine what to do with them.

Two resolutions, one endorsing Grover Cleveland and the other upholding the cause of labor were then handed up to Secretary Smith, who read them amid applause.

Judge Judd—We adopted a rule declaring that all resolutions should go to the committee without debate, therefore these are entirely out of order.

Mr. Kenner—Has there been an opportunity to get them before the committee? As soon as appointed it went out and has just returned. I claim that this is the first opportunity I have had to present the resolutions and the Republican plan of "shutting out" should find no favor here.

Mr. Dyer—We want no gag law and will have none. This is a Democratic convention and every delegate has a right to be heard.

Finally the chair ruled that the resolutions might be taken up and disposed of when "miscellaneous business" was reached, and Mr. Dyer then moved that the county central committee consist of two members from each city precinct and one from each county precinct—a total of twenty-four, and that the committee be authorized to appoint from its number an executive or campaign committee of seven. This was carried, and a recess of five minutes was taken to allow each delegation to name its man. Upon reassembling, the following names were announced by the chairmen of the respective delegations:

First Precinct—LeGrand Young, A. T. Schroeder.

Second Precinct—J. H. Moyle, W. Van Cott.

Third Precinct—John H. Rumel, H. Pembroke.

Fourth Precinct—P. L. Williams, F. S. Richards.

Fifth Precinct—F. H. Dyer, F. Armstrong.

Farmers—O. Van Cott.

Sugarhouse—John R. Willson.

Mill Creek—H. C. Carlisle.

East Mill Creek—J. B. Fogg.
 South Cottonwood—C. G. Johnson.
 Big Cottonwood—S. A. Casto.
 Union—Jno. W. Sharp.
 Draper—D. O. Rideout, Jr.
 Bluff—Lewis Peterson.
 Riverton—Jas Blake.
 South Jordan—John Holt.
 West Jordan—Rupert Brown.
 North Jordan—John B. Bringhurst.
 Bingham—M. F. Arnett.
 Granger—William Bricker.
 Hunter—Edward Rushton.
 Pleasant Green—H. T. Spencer.

On motion Judge Smith and Governor West were added to the committee.

The chair then announced that miscellaneous business was in order and recognized Mr. Kenner as entitled to the floor, upon taking which he announced that the Cleveland resolution would be withdrawn by consent, for the reason that several gentlemen during recess had insisted upon this being done, not because they were opposed to it, but because at present they thought it seemed somewhat inconsistent with the silver plank in the platform—which the speaker did not concede—and it was premature. After defending his position at some length, the speaker said rather than embarrass the convention in the matter the resolution might go, which it did. It was as follows:

Resolved, By the Democrats of Salt Lake county, that we realize and recognize in Grover Cleveland an able man, an upright citizen, a matchless statesman and an honest politician—a man whose administration of the Presidency was able, purer and more patriotic than that of any other man since the term of Andrew Johnson—and therefore we would hail with delight his nomination for President in 1892.

The other resolution precipitated a lengthy and quite animated debate, which was participated in by Messrs. Dyer, P. L. Williams, Rawlins, Cassidy, Kenner, Bamberger, and others. The last named moved to refer it to the committee with power to revise, but this was lost. Finally, after one or two slight amendments, a vote was reached and the resolution was carried with a regular hurrah. It was as follows:

Resolved by the Democrats of Salt Lake county, that the Democratic party being naturally the friend of labor, we ask the working men of Utah to carefully consider which of the two great national parties is best calculated to promote their welfare and pledge to them on our own part all legitimate and proper assistance to further their well being. We are opposed to Chinese or imported contract labor, and opposed to the Republican plan in vogue in Pennsylvania of discharging workmen for striking against pauper wages.

Mr. Dyer presented the following, which after some more discussion, bordering at times on asperity, was adopted:

Resolved, That we are in favor of the eight hour per day law on all public works, and not less than the minimum rate of wages shall be paid to the various trades.

E. G. Woolley presented the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that the Democratic Territorial Central committee should take immediate action in assisting in the organization of the Democratic party in each county not in thorough working condition, and also, at an early day, issue a