

# THE DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1901. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

NUMBER 206

FIFTY-SECOND YEAR

## SCHLEY INQUIRY DRAWING TO A CLOSE

### The Testimony Covers Sixteen Hundred Printed Pages—Court Has Listened To It for Thirty-Six Days.

Washington, Nov. 1.—The Schley court of inquiry began its proceedings yesterday with the understanding that with the exception of some witnesses who will be recalled to correct their testimony on Monday next, the last testimony would be taken before adjournment. There were only two witnesses on the list for today and the understanding when the court opened was that after they should be heard the court would adjourn over until Monday.

The witnesses called for today were summoned by the department. John Hood, who commanded the Spanish fleet was summoned for the purpose of relating his version of his interview with Admiral Schley of Cienfuegos. Sylvester Scovill was called to answer questions concerning the message which Capt. Sigbee of the St. Paul is said to have megaphoned to the press at Somers N. Smith on May 28.

Photographer Hare testified that at the time Capt. Sigbee stated that the Spanish fleet was not in the harbor of Santiago, and gave the name of Mr. Scovill as one of the correspondents on the press boat with himself at that time.

Admiral Schley was in the courtroom for an hour before proceedings began, but he announced he would not be able to undertake the correction of his testimony before next week.

"There were five whole days of it," he said, "and to go over it and make the necessary corrections is no light matter."

It is probable that he will have something more to say concerning his interview on May 13, with Admiral Sampson relative to which Capt. Chadwick spoke yesterday.

### NO SUR-REBUTTAL WITNESSES.

It is not now intended to call any witnesses in sur-rebuttal and it is expected that the argument will begin again after Admiral Schley concludes the correction of his testimony. How long the court may take to consider the evidence is entirely problematical.

The members of the tribunal are evidently preparing to devote considerable time to the consideration of the testimony for they have taken rooms in the city for this purpose. The testimony covers 1,600 printed pages, and the court has thirty-six days in listening to it. With the additions yet to be made by the way of argument and documents the record probably will run over 1,700 pages.

### COUNSEL AGREE ON PLANS.

The court was six minutes late in entering the hall today, this being the first time that absolute promptness had been observed. Judge Advocate Lemly announced that counsel had agreed on the order of the speeches in closing the case, subject to the sanction of the court. Mr. Hanna was followed by Capt. Parker and Mr. Raynor for Admiral Schley and Judge-Advocate Lemly will close for the department. Admiral Dewey announced that his argument was satisfactory to the court.

### CHARACTER OF ARGUMENT.

Capt. Lemly then brought up the question of the character of the argument to be made, saying: "I would like for my own information to ask the instructions of the court as to whether or not we are expected in the closing argument to confine ourselves to the evidence and to the scope of the present case as defined by the court. I mean the arguments made both by counsel for the applicant and by my associate and myself."

Mr. Raynor—"We have to confine ourselves to the evidence but I do not want to be entirely restricted. We cannot go outside to any facts that are not in the evidence, but we will in making our argument do it very respectfully and with proper bounds."

Capt. Lemly—"I think that should be the general scope of the argument. The court has defined the scope of the present case, but of course, we could not understand the court won't undertake to restrict ourselves entirely. I assume, in stating just exactly the words and manner. That would be a question which at the time they would have to decide whether it was proper or not."

### WHAT COUNSEL EXPECT.

Mr. Raynor—"Of course, in making an argument we won't pretend to refer to anything not in the record. We are bound by that, but I do not want to place any more restrictions placed upon the argument than I would in any other case. I want the constitutional right to argue this case within proper bounds with great respect to everybody concerned, but to make criticisms as they appear proper to me, or to make an argument, if I should find for instance, that I believed a witness has not told the truth, I should not hesitate to say so."

Capt. Lemly—"That is right."

Admiral Dewey—"There won't be any trouble about that. When we come to that bridge we will cross it."

### SYLVESTER SCOVILL CALLED.

Sylvester Scovill was then called as the first witness of the day. He said that while on the press boat Somers N. Smith as a newspaper correspondent on May 28 or 29 it came up with the St. Paul of which Capt. Sigbee was in command of Santiago. There was a conversation with Capt. Sigbee through the megaphone and he himself had used the megaphone in conducting the interview.

The witness said the Somers N. Smith was about 75 or a hundred feet from the St. Paul during the conversation.

"Give us as nearly as you can the words of that conversation," said Capt. Lemly.

"We had been sent to find Commodore Schley and the first question, of course, was 'Where is Schley?' and the answer from Capt. Sigbee was 'You

will find him in the Yucatan passage," and then, inasmuch as our boat was very slow, I asked him to advise me whether he thought we could catch Commodore Schley if we followed him and he stated 'Yes.'"

The second question was 'Where is Cervantes?' and in answer to that Capt. Sigbee did not speak for a moment. He consulted with somebody on the bridge of the ship and then answered 'I am not sure, but we caught an English collier trying to sneak into the harbor this morning.' That was all the conversation I remember to have had with Capt. Sigbee personally. Other men on the boat had some conversation with him."

"Did Capt. Sigbee during any time of the conversation inform you that the Spanish squadron was not in Santiago?"

"He did not tell us that the Spaniards were not in there."

On cross-examination Mr. Scovill said that he had looked at the megaphone a part of the time. He could not say whether others on board the press boat had talked with Capt. Sigbee.

"Then," asked Mr. Raynor, "are you prepared to say on your oath that no one on your boat asked Capt. Sigbee whether Cervantes was not in the harbor at Santiago?"

"It is possible," was the reply, "that a conversation might have taken place on the part of some one else, but as the Spanish was a small boat and as conversation must necessarily be in a loud tone of voice I think I would have heard it if there had been any."

"Are you then prepared to say that the testimony of Mr. Hare in which he said that Capt. Sigbee had said that the Spaniards were not at Santiago is false?"

"No, I am not prepared to say that his statement is false, and that no such conversation took place, but I can say that nothing of the kind was said while I was conducting the conversation, and I conducted the principal part of it."

### CAPT. EATON.

Mr. Scovill was then excused and a number of the witnesses of yesterday were called for the purpose of making corrections to his testimony. While Capt. Eaton of the Resolute was on the stand for this purpose Capt. Lemly asked him: "Which way was the Brooklyn heading when you saw her guns appear out of the smoke to the southward as you stated yesterday?"

The witness replied: "About south-west, as I saw her nearly broadside on the starboard side when he saw the Brooklyn making her turn 'with comparative rapidity' the turn had been nearly completed."

### CAPT. CHADWICK.

Capt. Chadwick, while under recall, said in response to a question from Mr. Raynor that there had been a practical abolition by the navy department of the regulations which ordered the bombardment of Spanish shore batteries, in order to permit the bombardment of San Juan, Porto Rico. He added that in his opinion there had been a general abolition of the order but Mr. Raynor objected to the giving of opinions.

### LIENT. HOOD.

Capt. Chadwick was then excused and Lieut. John Hood, who commanded the Hawk during the Spanish war, was recalled. He was questioned on the testimony of Admiral Schley in which the commanding officer of the Dolphin had filed with the navy department a memorandum in which he said, speaking of Hood's report from his mission to Commodore Schley, while the latter lay off Cienfuegos, "Hood says a good many officers do not believe the Spaniards are the 'Cienfuegos' at all, but they can only surmise."

In reply to a question as to what report he had made on which such a memorandum could have been based the witness said: "I reported to the commanding officer of the Dolphin that I conversed with a number of officers and that I did not believe myself nor did many others that nothing was necessary, but I made out, that the Spaniards were there, that there was no reason for believing they were and I thought Commodore Schley had convinced himself they were there on very slender grounds."

Mr. Hanna—"Did you or not make any report to the commanding officer of the Dolphin which would warrant the use of language embodied in that memorandum?"

"I did make such a report, one warning in reference to that," said Mr. Hanna—"How did you get the notes in reference to boarding the Adula?"

### NEVER BOARDED THE ADULA.

"I never boarded the Adula. I returned to the flagship Brooklyn after collecting the mail under Commodore Schley's orders about 11 o'clock. Just as I came on board I met Lieut. Simpson of the Brooklyn who had boarded the Adula and had his written report. I asked him to let me see it, as there might be valuable information in it, which he did, then told him I wanted a copy of it to take back to the admiral, as there was, in my opinion, very valuable information in it. Simpson and myself went to the executive officer's office and he read the notes over. He had the executive officer's writer make a copy for me to take back to the admiral as valuable information. He had just come out from making his report to the commander of the flying squadron. That as quoted in the appendix is an exact copy of Simpson's report to the commander-in-chief of the flying squadron."

Lieut. Hood said in reply to a question from Mr. Raynor that he had not boarded the Adula, and that the notes which he had carried back to the Dolphin were those made by Lieut. Simpson; hence it was Lieut. Simpson and not himself who has boarded the British ship.

Lieut. Hood was then excused and a number of telegrams and official dispatches, which have heretofore been put in, were introduced at this point for the convenience of counsel.

Capt. Lemly then stated that he had one more witness whom he desired to call on Monday owing to the fact that he was to go ill to attend today, and it was also stated that Admiral Schley would again take the stand for the purpose of correcting his testimony. Mr. Raynor said he would have no

### more witnesses, except possibly the admiral himself.

### Kaiser Interested in Voyron Letters.

New York, Nov. 1.—The Rheinische Westfaelische Zeitung states that Count von Buelow's interview with the Kaiser at Liebenberg castle was in regard to Gen. Voyron's correspondence with Field Marshal von Waldersee, says the Herald's Berlin correspondent. In official circles the possibility that this is a correct statement is admitted, but the German government, it is declared, will not take any action in the matter.

### CALLAHAN'S TRIAL.

Defendant This Morning Gave Way To Nervous Strain.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 1.—James Callahan, on trial for perjury in the Cudahy kidnaping case, gave way this morning to the nervous strain under which he has labored and had to be removed from the courtroom and the session adjourned. The prisoner has lost considerably in flesh and the strain of the past ten months has brought his nervous system almost to a point of collapse.

Young Cudahy continued his narrative of the kidnaping today, going over the entire case. The defense, on cross examination, tried to show that the boy was addicted to excessive cigarette smoking, and was therefore unable to give a clear version of the kidnaping. Chief Donahue swore to Callahan's arrest and the statement that he could prove an alibi. Court then adjourned until 2 o'clock to await the result of Callahan's illness.

### Big Fire in Uniontown, Pa.

Uniontown, Pa., Nov. 1.—A fire which started in Friedman's livery stable, near Pittsburgh street, early today, destroyed ten buildings, covering two city blocks. One life is reported to have been lost and the property damage is estimated at \$250,000.

### TELEGRAMS TO PHILIPPINES.

Can Now Be Sent at \$1.00 Per Word From New York.

New York, Nov. 1.—The Commercial Cable Co. this morning sent out the following notice:

"We are advised that the following reduced rates on the Philippine islands go into effect on the 15th instant: Luzon islands, \$1.50 per word from New York; all other islands, \$1.75 per word from New York."

The Western Union Tel. Co., later sent out a similar notice.

The Commercial Cable company today issued the following notice: "Messages for Japan routed via Northern are now accepted without restriction."

### Bubonic Plague at Glasgow.

Glasgow, Nov. 1.—Another case of the bubonic plague has been certified to here. Large numbers of people who have been in contact with plague cases or suspects have been isolated. The authorities today are refusing to grant clean bills of health. A bar maid who was recently transferred from the central station hotel (which belongs to the Caledonian railway) to the station at Aldridge, is pronounced to be suffering from the plague.

### Must Inspect Ships.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—Ships leaving or entering the harbor of Batoum, on the Black Sea, have been ordered to be closely inspected owing to a death from the plague in the town.

### The Buford at Suez.

Suez, Nov. 1.—The United States transport Buford, from Manila, October 1, has arrived here.

### Carnegie Nominated Rector.

London, Nov. 1.—Andrew Carnegie today was formally nominated for the lord rectorship of St. Andrews university. Mr. Carnegie's election will be declared by the vice-chancellor Nov. 8.

### RANSOM OF MISS STONE.

Best Methods of Transmitting Money Being Considered.

Sofia, Nov. 1.—The best methods of transmitting the ransom demanded by the brigands for the release of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the abducted American missionary and for securing the safety of the captives, are engaging the attention of the Sanakow missionaries who are with the kidnapers. It is felt that unusual precautions are necessary, in order to safeguard Miss Stone and others, as there undoubtedly is danger that the captives will be murdered after the ransom is paid.

### Cecil Rhodes Repudiates Bills.

Capetown, Nov. 1.—The affidavits of Cecil Rhodes, repudiating bills aggregating £13,000, drawn in favor of the Princess Radwilly, of the German branch of the Radwilly family, and purporting to have been signed by Mr. Rhodes, have arrived here. The supreme court has issued a writ of imprisonment for the princess, on account of a minor debt of £118.

### A New Portuguese Minister.

Lisbon, Oct. 31.—Senhor Horta Michado has been appointed Portuguese minister at Washington.

### Black Troops Beaten and Eaten.

London, Nov. 1.—A special dispatch from Antwerp says that a detachment of black troops recently sent by the Congo authorities to quell a revolt at Balais in Kasai, was captured and five soldiers were murdered, roasted and eaten.

### The Gedney at Victoria.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 1.—The United States steamer Gedney is here from Alaska. She has been engaged during the summer in survey work in icy straits and Crows channel. Her officers report that there will be no radical changes in the chart as a result of the season's work.

### DUKE OF YORK'S RETURN.

Grand Naval Pageant in His Honor At Portsmouth.

Portsmouth, Eng., Nov. 1.—Today's naval pageant in honor of the return of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York was almost a reproduction of the ceremonial attending their depart-

men have been returned to the United States and about 13,000 have arrived in the Philippines, and that not a single serious complaint has been received concerning the food supply. There have been received at the Manila depot 116,554,830 pounds of ration articles and 62,444,986 pounds of sales stores. There have been shipped from this depot 11,771,599 pounds of ration articles and 57,622,571 pounds of sales stores. There has been some deterioration of stores due to poor storage and climatic conditions. Col. Woodruff refers to the charges against the subsistence department and takes occasion to say that such charges were greatly exaggerated and he reviews what has already been published concerning the losses by dishonest officers and commissary sergeants, together with the trials and convictions of those implicated. He denies any illegal purchases of champagne, and says that the purchases that were made were necessary for sick and debilitated troops who purchased it at 25 cents a pint.

### WASHINGTON SURPRISED.

Because European Papers Discuss Miss Stone's Case.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Some surprise is expressed here at the extent to which the question of indemnity in Miss Stone's case is being discussed in the European papers. The United States government, so far, has directed its efforts solely to the procurement of Miss Stone's release and there is good reason for the statement that all other questions connected with the case, including that of a possible claim for indemnity, have been regarded as secondary and laid aside for future discussion. This is almost necessarily the case owing to the fact that in its present light the state department cannot place the responsibility for Miss Stone's capture and detention; further evidence must be had on that point.

### HOODLUMS GREASE TRACK.

Boys in Nineteenth Ward Endanger Lives of Car Men.

There is retribution swift and sure in store for the gang of hoodlums in the Nineteenth ward unless the practice of greasing the street car tracks on the Center street is not stopped. The police have been notified regarding the matter and the first culprit caught red handed will be dealt with accordingly.

### Case of Miss Stone.

Constantinople, Nov. 1.—The negotiations with the captors of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary, appear to be going on so successfully that her release seems now to be only a matter of days. So far from there being any confirmation of the rumors of her death circulating in the Bulgarian border districts, it is said here that another letter, written two days ago, has been received from her.

### Porte Pays Officers.

Paris, Nov. 1.—A dispatch to the Temps from Constantinople says thirty officers of the navy recently mutinied on account of arrears of pay and proceeded to the palace to make a demonstration. The sultan then sent a detachment of cavalry to the palace of the money due them and the officers thereupon desisted.

### Negro Hanged to Telegraph Pole.

Jeffersonville, Ga., Nov. 1.—The negro who attempted to assassinate Mr. Daugherty, the wife of Representative Daugherty, was found hanging to a telegraph pole in the morning at the station at Aldridge, is pronounced to be suffering from the plague.

### York Arch Pulled Down.

Montreal, Nov. 1.—The big wood and stucco arch erected at the entrance to the McGill university grounds in honor of the Duke of Cornwall and York was pulled down last night by several hundred students. The arch was a reproduction of the Brandenburg gate in Berlin, and it was the intention to make it permanent at a future date. The students say that no offense was meant to the duke by the demolition of the arch.

### Afghans Invited to Return.

Simla, Nov. 1.—The ameer of Afghanistan, Habib Ulla Khan, has caused to be spread broadcast a proclamation informing all Afghans who have fled from their country because of extortion, oppression or fear of arrest on false charges, that they can return safely and that loans will be advanced for improvements on that a year's taxes will be remitted.

### SOLDIER'S LEG BROKEN.

Fell From a Wagon With Heavy Box On Him.

A new recruit at Fort Douglas had a narrow escape from a horrible death yesterday afternoon between 4:30 and 5 o'clock on Tenth East and First South streets.

The soldier and a number of companions were hauling some heavy boxes of goods to the fort. He was seated on top of one of the boxes and was about eighteen feet from the ground when the wagon gave a lurch and the box slipped from its fastenings. The soldier made an attempt to leap out of the way of danger but was caught by the falling box and thrown to the ground. The box fell across the prostrate man's body, breaking his right leg.

The injured man was carried into the residence of Detective Sheets, father, and the ambulance sent for. The poor fellow fainted several times before the doctor arrived. He was placed tenderly in the ambulance and taken to the fort, where his injuries were attended to by one of the army physicians. Inquiry at the fort this afternoon elicited the information that the man was resting as easily as possible under the circumstances.

### Z. C. M. I. BEGINS SUIT.

Action to Recover \$429.21 on Goods From Glenn Construction Co.

Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution commenced suit in the district court today to recover \$429.21, with interest from September 6, and costs, from N. P. Glenn Construction company for goods claimed to have been sold and delivered between the dates of July 1 and September 6, 1901.

### SUIT FOR DIVORCE.

Wife From Kansas Asks For Legal Separation From Her Husband.

Mary J. Davis today commenced divorce proceedings against her husband, James H. Davis, whom she charges with having deserted her eight years ago, leaving her to provide for herself. Mrs. Davis states that during this time she has had to canvass books to make a living for herself and that part of the time she has been dependent on the charity of friends. The marriage took place in Butler county, Kansas, on Sept. 15, 1892. There are no children.

### MARRIAGE LICENSE.

A marriage license was issued today to P. J. McDermott, 32, and Annie Anderson, 20, both of Salt Lake.

### PROPERTY SALES.

Kate E. Farrell and J. W. Farrell, her husband, today transferred 2143 acres of land at the northeast corner of Fourth East and Second South streets to Emma J. Earle, the consideration being \$5,000.

## REPORT OF THE SURVEYOR GENERAL

### Shows 30 Townships, Containing 632,052 Acres, and 482 Mining Claims Surveyed Last Year—Needs More Help.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., Nov. 1.—In the annual report of the commissioner of the land office, the following appears from the surveyor general of Utah:

There were surveyed 30 townships, containing 632,052 acres, 482 mining claims, including 10 mill sites and 1 placer claim.

Fifteen coal patents were issued, covering an area of 3,372 acres.

Of vacant public lands 10,830,242 acres were surveyed, 21,635,613 remaining unsurveyed.

Uncompleted contracts still pending in his office embrace surveys in various stages of progress from those contracted for in 1897 to the last new contracts and estimated total liability is \$59,536.

In the line of mineral work deposits for office work on mining surveys amounted to \$9,059 and he has issued

orders for the survey of 419 claims by his 57 mineral deputies.

The amount of cash deposits by railroad companies to pay for office work on surveys within their land grants is given as \$8,238.96 at the close of the year.

There were no disbursements from this fund during this period. The surveyor general declares the limited force of clerks and draftsmen in his office causes a delay in various work which should be remedied by an increase of funds applicable to that purpose. Work on agricultural surveys is some four months in arrears. But mining work is well provided for by large amount on deposit. He also calls attention to the general equipment of his office, lack of suitable furniture, cases, tables and instruments. A still more important cause of complaint is in the fact that there is no vault or safe in which to preserve even part of valuable papers and records.

## FRENCH SQUADRON DIDN'T RETURN

### Officials of Foreign Office Say Yesterday's Announcement of Its Departure Was Correct—It Was Admiral Maigret, Commandant of Mediterranean Fleet, Who Came Back to Toulon.

Paris, Nov. 1.—The officials of the foreign office today inform the Associated Press that the information set forth in the dispatches yesterday from Toulon of the return of Admiral Caillaud's division, which created a great sensation, emanated from the correspondent of a well known news agency. The announcement that Admiral Maigret, commandant of the Mediterranean fleet, returned to Toulon at 1 yesterday, with all his vessels

except those belonging to Admiral Caillaud's division. The correspondent of the news agency referred to confused the fleets, owing to the darkness. A correct list of Admiral Caillaud's ships is now published. The list published yesterday was that of his ordinary fleet division, but it appears that the squadron was formed, composed of battleships Gaulois and Charlemagne, the cruisers Admiral Pothu, Chansee and Galileo and two torpedo boat destroyers of the Hellabard type.

## SUGAR MEETING.

### Directors Receive Report and Fill a Vacancy.

The board of directors of the Utah Sugar company met this morning and filled the vacancy in its number caused by the death of President Snow by electing John C. Cutler to the position. Manager T. R. Cutler submitted a report on the operations of the factory where everything was running smoothly and prosperously. Mr. Cutler stated after the meeting that the company had turned out over 3,000,000 pounds of sugar to date and would run forty or fifty days longer. October had witnessed the sale of a big number of water rights in the Bear River valley due to the fact that the price for these water rights was advanced today, Nov. 1, five dollars an acre.

## AFTERNOON MINING CALL.

### Prices Were Firm, Though Stocks Were Not Very Active.

Prices were stronger on the mining exchange this afternoon though trading was light in all the stocks. Uncle Sam released about 2,000 shares. While Ajax was \$1.03 and \$1.02, while Ajax was released in up to 82%. Carisa was strong between \$1.17 and \$1.18. Daly-West was active between \$2.19 and \$2.00. May Day advanced to \$1.63, while South Swansea dropped 1/4 to \$1. Star Con. hung around \$3 and Tesora sold at \$2. Victor found purchases at \$6 and \$5.4, while Ben Butler released 4,000 at \$1. Burton sold at \$1. La Reine was active at \$5, while Tetro participated at \$3. Manhattan was active at \$4. Martha Washington sold at \$5.

## HALLOWEEN CELEBRATION

### Weird Occasion—Passes Without Anything Fatal—Small Boy Was Out.

Halloween was celebrated last night all over the city both in the houses and on the streets. Of course it was the small boy that occupied the streets while his big brother and sister engaged in more quiet at least more harmless observances of the day. This morning there were the usual abject fences, and anything else that a crowd of one-eighth house power boys could move. Some of the citizens were wise enough to take the job off the boys' hands and store their gates safely away in the barn against the hour that the youthful celebrators should come around to the front fence looking for detachable sections of it. Trees, telephone poles and roofs of houses were adorned with gates, chairs and baby carriages, indicating that the phantom spirits became real pranksome last night. The citizens who have been subjected to considerable trouble in locating their gates and the like have taken the matter philosophically and no complaints have been lodged against any one. Lots of pumpkins were sold which were converted into grotesque visages and almost on every street up till 11 o'clock these phantom-like vegetables could be seen flitting around and about in dark places, but the laughter of the young ghosts, which they could not suppress, made them appear too mortal to scare the unsuspecting passer-by very badly.

## A GALLANT DENVERITE.

### Lieut. Means a Courageous Soldier as Well as Fine Football Player.

Among the members of the Denver Wheel Club football team now here is Lieut. Means, of the First Colorado volunteers. Upon his arrival this morning he looked up Major B. W. Young and Capt. J. F. Critchlow and other members of the Utah artillery.

Lieut. Means was twice recommended for medals of honor for distinguished bravery in the Philippine campaigns. He accompanied Gen. Bell on his persistent and dangerous reconnoissance of the Spanish position at Manila and subsequently ventured into insurgent territory with four companions. The citizens who have been among the most prominent of the amateur athletes of Colorado.

He was a member of the University of Michigan football team and is a practicing law in Denver as a partner of ex-Governor Thomas.

## AMUSEMENTS.

Mrs. Le Moyne and her company have arrived and will make their appearance tonight at the Theater in the new play "The First Duchess of Marlborough." A strong interest is evinced in the engagement.

The halcyon days of the "Fireside Companion," "Saturday Night" and "The Chambermaid's Own" were thrillingly recalled at the Grand last night in a play full of sob, throbs and thrills. "A Home Spun Heart" though the "heart" might have just as well been designated as worsted or twilled, as far as anything in the play was concerned—is a story of forged papers, villainy so thick that it could be cut with a half-witted hero who still had sufficient flashes of intelligence to baffle the plans of the villain, with all the usual accompanying features of comedy side lights. The attendance was only fair, especially down stairs, but it was from here that all the tumultuous rejoicings, evening sparring, and the tea sent virtue to the ceiling and vice to the ground.

The same bill goes again for the remainder of the week, and as it appeals to a big gallery element, it will doubtless draw well.

The sale for "Shore Acres" opens at the Theater tomorrow morning.