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SALT LAKE CITY, - MARCH 16, 1905.

### GENERAL CONFERENCE

The Seventy-fifth annual Conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints will convene on Thursday, the 6th of April, and adjourn Friday afternoon until Sunday morning, and close Sunday afternoon.

A general Priesthood meeting will be held on Friday night, commencing at 7:30.

The special Priesthood meeting for the General and Presiding Authorities of the Church will be held in the Assembly Hall on Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock,

> JOSEPH F. SMITH, JOHN R. WINDER, ANTHON H. LUND, First Presidency.

## TREAT THE MATTER FAIRLY

Is it not about time that our local contemporaries cease their hot-air fulminations about the franchise for the Light & Rallway company? Why not some down to solid ground and treat the matter fairly and squarely? Why If they have been taking the right position, has it been necessary for them to repeat, constantly, allegations that are not true and which they cannot support by proof? If the company which has been the means of supplying this city, even to its extreme limits, with the electric light, and has also conducted the street railroad system so that every district of the city is furnished with speedy transportation, why not present the matter in its true form and quit assailing the company with epithets that are undeserved and that convey no real information?

The Deseret News has refrained from saying anything recently in relation to this matter, thinking that perhaps a comparison of the requests made of the ity council in the two propositions pro

granted in many of the cities of the Union for a period of one hundred years, and quite a number of them are made perpetual. To hear our neighbors on this matter, one who is not posted would be led to think that something novel, shameful, extraordinary and dishonest was in contemplation. They ought to know and probably do know that nothing of the kind was intended or is now in view. The company simply asks for what it wants, in trade for that which the city wants, and there is nothing in the nature of a "grab" on either side. If the city wants the propertles mentioned, it should be willing to pay for them. If it has not the money, then it can grant something that will be accepted in the place of cash. If the franchise extension asked for is considered by the city too much for the exchange, the city can state, without temper and without knuckling down to intemperate publications, threats, demands, and absurd intimidations, what is deemed fair compensation for the properties it wishes to icquire.

As to the value of those properties, the assailants of the company's proposition have varied from time to time, beginning at nothing, going on to \$5,000 and wobbling about from one set of figures to another. Now, the truth is, that the majority of the directors of the Light and Railway company placed the value of the two power sites at \$100,000 as a reasonable figure, while others declared they were worth at the least \$200,000 to the company, and since the agitation over it has occurred, a bona fide offer of \$100,-000 cash down has been made for them to the company. Whatever their actual value may be is perhaps open to argument, but that it is great and important there can be no rational dispute. It should be understood, further, that the company is giving and proposes to continue to give to the city, \$9,300 a year in lighting, and is also paying \$25 per annum for each street-car operated by the company. So that the charge that it is seeking to gain something for nothing is a positive falsehood, disgraceful to all who utter it. In view of these facts, how shame-

ful and ridiculous is the demand made by the opponents of the Light and Railway company, that a "bluff" proposition should be at once taken up and adopted by the city, in which the petitioner modestly asks for a fifty years franchise to establish a lighting plant

tendency" of the race as a myth, to take the cream of the business, without offering a solitary cent for the privilege! Some of the agitators have Indian, he says, in general is a complex claimed that the fifty years franchise being, not different fundamentally from extension asked by the Utah Light and the white man. Therefore he believes Railway company, in lieu of money for the younger generation should be disits properties that the city wants, is persed through the country and made worth \$5,000,000. If that is anything to become independent and self-suslike correct, how much is the frantaining as rapidly as possible. chise worth to the person or company that comes in now and asks for a new

Indian conditions. Prof. Farrand, of fifty years franchise? the Columbia university, says the ev-How consistent are our contempor idence tends to show that such mental aries in their queer position! The City differences as occur between Indians Council must not, on pain of deep and whites are "due to experience and damnation, grant a fifty years franenvironment rather than to innate difchise to a bona fide existing operating ferences of mental capacity." Morecompany, with lines extended to the over, the few cases in which an Indian utmost limits of the city, for which it has been removed from his home at an is willing to pay, in the properties menearly age and educated amid civilized ned and the lighting furnished and

thousand dead upon the field. That is cisco Chronicle is voicing this sentitoo thin. That claim would not pass ment. The Japs, we are told, are far even with a pension bureau. more alert than the Chinese. When they enter an industry the white men

have to leave it. An Alameda corre-

spondent is quoted who says that the

shoe repairing business in that city to

the exclusion of white men. The Japa-

nese, the Chronicle claims, can and does

do work at prices which get the trade,

and the white man is driven out. The

market gardening industry, we are fur-

ther told, has to some extent been oc-

cupled by Chinese, but in the main it

has been held by white men, mostly

Europeans, accustomed to spade cul-

ture, but having in them the making

of good American citizens. In some

places this is rapidly passing to the

Japanese, because their living expenses

The same argument is advanced

against all immigration of laborers. To

meet the demands of all interests, a

Chinese wall, it appears, must be erect-

ed against the invading "hordes" of

be done by a country committed to the

open-door policy in other parts of the

With regard to Japanese immigration,

we do not believe there is any imme-

diate necessity for the adoption, by

this country, of a policy that would

engender enmity in Japan. That coun.

try contemplates, it is given out, the

celonization of Corea and Manchuria.

The soldiers now on the Asiatic main-

land will be offered inducements to set-

tle there. If this report is true, the

Japanese people will be attracted to

Asia rather than America, and the

"peril" of a Japanese immigration here

would be small, indeed. And no one

can doubt that the Japanese govern-

ment contemplates the inundation of

keep it, actually, even if part of it is,

nominally, restored to China. In Man-

churia and Corea, Japan will find a

welcome outlet for her surplus popula-

tion, and there is not much danger from

Japanese immigration here, until those

vast stretches of land become over-

AS TO THE INDIANS.

are nominal.

world.

populated.

Speaker, IIII of the Missouri assembly says that he will even vote for a Democrat before the state shall go Japanese have taken possession of the without a senator. A very sensible conclusion. This standing by party to the hurt of all parties and the people is fol-

Senator Heyburn of Idaho favors the annexation of San Domingo, and advocated it in the Senate yesterday. Sen ator Heyburn would do at first what will probably be done at last if the United States ever undertakes the management of the Island's financial affairs. With Senator Heyburn it is foresight; with others it may prove to be hindsight.

We have received a copy of Parthenon, a weekly paper published in Boston in the Greek language, for the benefit of Greeks in this country. It is printed on heavy paper with clear allens. But that, we presume, cannot types, and has fine illustrations. The publication is issued in the interest of pan-Hellenism, and it should be liberally patronized. It appears at a time when important events may be looked for in the "near east."

## THE STANFORD MYSTERY. Sacramento Bee.

Sacramento Ese. The murder of Mrs. Stanford is one of the most cruel and atrocious ever committed. It is hard to believe that any one, and particularly any mem-ber of her own household, could be so heartless and so wicked as to do this deed. But all the facts and circum-stances preclude the idea of suicide. And recent developments as to the practice of grafting methods by cer-tain of her employes tend to furnish a possible motive for the crime. Bev-erly, a former butler of Mrs. Stanford, has confessed himself gulity of these practices, and has declared he shared his "commissions" with Miss Berner, her secretary. So it appears that had either of these persons been apprehen-sive of a disclosure to Mrs. Stanford of the facts, and feared discharge, or being cut out of her will as the result of such discovery on her part, there would have been a motive for murder. The murder of Mrs. Stanford is one the conquered territory, in order to

### Fresno Democrat.

People are becoming tired of the con-licting stories and dispatches about the late Mrs. Leland Stanford. If this good and great hearted woman was Montezuma, an educated Apache, is good and great hearted woman was poisoned, everyone will regret that her long life was so ruthlessly shortened, and if the perpetrator of the deed can be discovered and convicted he or she will receive no sympathy. But until something definite is known, these col-umns of household and neighborhood tattle dragged into print are disgust-ing. quoted as having taken exception to some popular notions about the Indians. He characterizes the alleged "fighting and denies that the educated Indian does, as a rule, relapse into semi-savagery on returning to the tribe. The



JONES & HAMMER, Mgrs





sented for its consideration, would modify the fierceness of the assaults made upon the existing company, and a little common sense would dissipate the vanorous effusions that have been sent forth to agitate the public mind.

Let us now look dispassionately at the facts in this case. Some time ago the city authorities found that in order to complete arrangements for bringing into the city the waters of the Cottonwoods in exchange for a canal supply, they needed two pieces of property belonging to the Litah Light & Raliway company, which it had purchased and held, at a large valuation. Application was made to the company for terms on which these properties could be acquired by the municipality. This was the beginning of the negotiations under consideration. This important factor in the sum of the case is kept back by the local press, and it is continually asserted that the company is endeavoring to make "a grab," a "graft" and to obtain "something for nothing." There is not a word of truth in the charge. The people of this city who have been stirred up to anxiety over the matter should understand this distinctly.

The city in the first place asked the company to convey those properties for a fair consideration. In the next place, it was admitted by the city authorities that the state of the exchequer did not permit the expenditure of money for this purpose. It was not stated, perhaps, what the city would be willing to give in the place of cash for that which it desired to acquire. It matters not which party suggested the idea of an extension of franchise or other privileges in exchange for those properties. The company took the matter under consideration, and having acquired by purchase at different times several franchises from different parties and operating under them, desired that one franchise covering them all should be obtained, and also that an extension of the time of those grants would be a fale equivalent in lieu of money which the city was not prepared to expend. In view of these circumstances, the ordinance and petition which have caused so many extravagant expletives were formulated and presented.

The notion that something new, and monstrous, and extortionate and unreasonable was asked by the Light and Railway company, was simply the invention of its excited opponents. Franchises have been granted to railway companies here for a period of one hundred years, without a note of disapprobation on the part of those shouters against the proposition of the company so reatly misrepresented. And further, those franchises were granted without any such equivalent as that which we have pointed out, and without any pecuniary or other valuable recompanse. We heard of no outery concorning those franchises, nor do we think any such furore was or is necessary. We merely speak of them in reference to the great blare of discordant trumpets which have recently rent the air from day to day.

Franchises for companies of the kind now operating in this city have been is feared, after the war. The San Fran- an attack by the Japanese, who left a Everybody invited. Good time for all.

other payments to the city, but it is urged to grant a fifty years franchise to an individual,"his heirs and assigns,"for nothing, that he is not to be required to use until some time in 1906!! There is in it no agreement or requirement that the remote districts of the city shall be lighted by this up-in-the-air company, nor intimation that it is to be operated in any other part but a few streets named, in the central portion of town. A grand idea, is it not? As to the cost to the consumer, it will be found on close investigation that, considering the extent of the service, with its poles, wires and appurtenances stretching out to long distances and the general supply to the users, the rates charged by the present company are moderate, will compare favorably with the rates charged in other cities where expenses are smaller than those in this locality, and that the howl that has been raised concerning them is without reason and without truth. It is false also to say that the company demands in its new franchise an increase of prices. The fact is that it provides for a decrease, as anybody may learn by reading the ordinance proposed. This is a matter that may be further and fully investigated by comparisons of figures for which we have not sufficient space just now to devote.

We ask our readers to ponder calmly and rationally on that which we have here presented. This article is, written on our own responsibility, without any request from the Light and Railway company or any one connected there with. Our sole desire is the welfare of the community. The City Council should not be swayed by the undue methods resorted to for the purpose of over-aweing the members and pandering to a senseless sentiment worked up by agitators. The people of Salt Lake City will support those councilmen who show that they are fair and consistent and willing to stand up for the right.

It is utterly untrue that 95 per cent of the citizens are against the company which is simply making a bargain that t believes to be fair and square. Many said have been deceived by the bold falsehoods of the enemies of the company, and some have no doubt expressed opinions arising from the rash ru-

mors and untruthful utterances concorning the entire measure. But that these have been widespread we emphatcally deny, and we are sure that the great body of the people of Salt Lake, when they understand the truth situation of affairs, will desire to do that which is just to all parties concerned. That is all we ask for, and we believe that the company expects nothing more, but is not likely to agree to any thing very much less. The city is not bound to give all that is demanded,

with its property for nothing. Let us be fair and reasonable in all things!

urroundings show "no particular inferlority in mental capacity," lieves that the destiny of the Indian is to be absorbed by the white race, and this he does not regard as undesirable for the half-bloods, he says, seem "well adapted to survive." Any deterioration such as sometimes appears he atributes to the "unfortunate social environment" and not to the physiological mixture of blood.

Similar views are held by students of

The facts upon which this reasoning is based must be considered as evidence of the unity of origin of the Red man and the White race. Were they essentially different, this would appear in mental capacity as well as in the color of the skin.



The commissioner of education's last report makes no mention of Coin's Financial School,

treating.

Cassie Chadwick wept when she was taken to her old home to say farewell. Tears, idle tears.

Kansas oil testing below thirty is not standard oil, so will not be refined by the Standard Oil company,

The Russian loan has been postponed. Which shows that in financial matters Russia cannot go at a loan,

The legislators cannot be blamed if they began to think that all work and no pay makes Jack a dull boy.

Hope of ratifying the San Dominge treaty has been abandoned for the present. A sort of not dead but sleepsth

case, The King of Italy is said to have the most valuable collection of coins in the world. They are so valuable that coin could not buy them.

Professor Giddings of Columbia says that divorce laws should be less strin gent than they are. How could they if they are to be at all?

Scientists have announced that radium is a sure cure for snake bite. This is good news, for being so cheap it is within the reach of all.

Should the Czar attempt a royal progress from St. Petersburg to Moscow it might turn out to be a wade through a slaughter house to an open grave.

Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholalevitch goes to the Far East to assume command of the Russian armies, and Kuropatkin makes his final retirement.

Services commemorative of the in auguration of President Roosevelt have been held in St. Joseph's church, Paris Would not services in memory of Alton B. Parker have been more appropriate?



PRICES: Matince. TONIGHTI He be Matinee Saturday at 2: Harry Corson Clarke Broadhurst's Screaming "WHY SMITH LEFT HOME." GEO.DPYPER HANAGER TONIGHT And Tomor-row Night. FRANK L PERLEY Presents The unrickisha is never used for re-MARGARET ANGLI (Supported by Frank Worthing) in ZIRA Drama in a Prologue and Three Acts by Henry Miller and J. Hartley manners. The play is founded upon certain incldents in a novel by the late Wilkle Col-Prices, 25c to \$1.50. Matinee Saturday at 2:15, NEXT ATTRACTION: Symphony Orchestra. Grand Opera First in Seventeen Years, AT THE SALT LAKE THEATER. Only Real Grand Opera Performances in Utah This Year, Beginning MONDAY, MARCH 27 By Henry W. Savage's Celebrated ENGLISH GRAND OPERA CO. 150 ARTISTS-ORCHESTR MON. Eve., Mar. 27, LOHENGRIN Tues, Eve., March CARMEN Wed, Matinee, TANNHAUSER Wed. Eve., March LA BOHEME PRICES-\$2.50, \$2.00, \$1.50, \$1.00, 50c. SEATS and boxes on sale Thursday, March 23. Mail and out of town orders filled in order of receipt. LARGEST AND FINEST DANCE FLOOR IN THE WEST. CHRISTENSEN'S FULL ORCHESTRA IN ATTENDANCE. DANCING Saturday, Evening March 18, 8:00 P.M. Special train of closed coaches, round trip. Dance Floor Inclosed.

the company is not compelled to part

THE JAPANESE PERIL. There is some alarm on the Pacific coast on account of a supposed Japa nese peril. Immigration on a large scale